

27

SCSL-2004-16-PT

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353

SPECIAL COURT FOR SIERRA LEONE

OFFICE OF THE PROSECUTOR

FREETOWN – SIERRA LEONE

Before: Judge Bankole Thompson
Judge Itoe
Judge Boutet

Registrar: Mr. Robin Vincent

Date filed: 1 March 2004

THE PROSECUTOR**Against**

**ALEX TAMBA BRIMA
BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA
SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU
(Case No. SCSL – 2004 – 16 – PT)**

INDICATION OF SPECIFIC CHANGES TO INDICTMENTS

Office of the Prosecutor:

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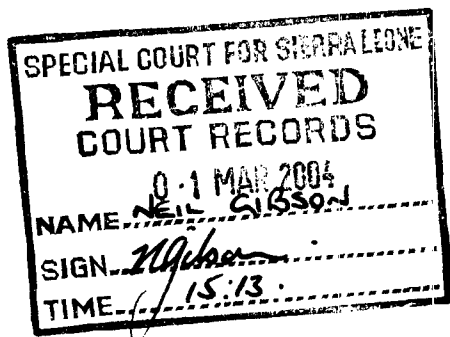
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SPECIAL COURT FOR SIERRA LEONE

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INDICATION OF SPECIFIC CHANGES TO INDICTMENTS

I. BACKGROUND

1. On 9 February 2004, the Prosecution filed a “Request for Leave to Amend the Indictment” (the “**Request**”) adding a new count of “other inhumane acts” a crime against humanity, punishable under Article 2(g) of the Special Court Statute for the act of “forced marriage” committed by the accused persons and/or his subordinates and making modifications to other areas of the Consolidated Indictment.
2. On 17 February 2004, the Defence for the Accused Kanu filed a response objecting to the Request. On 23 February 2004, the Prosecution filed a reply to the response filed on behalf of the Accused Kanu. On 26 February 2004, the Trial Chamber issued an Order for the Prosecution to file a “paragraph-by paragraph comparison” of the Consolidated Indictment with the original Indictment in narrative or chart-form and a track-change version of the Proposed Amended Indictment as compared to the Consolidated Indictment indicating deletions, modifications and additions of text.

II. DESCRIPTION OF SUBMISSIONS ATTACHED

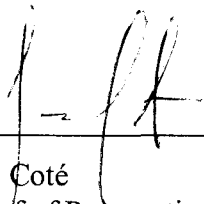
3. Pursuant to the Trial Chamber's Order of 26 February 2004, attached in chart form is a paragraph-by-paragraph comparison of the original Indictments, the Consolidated Indictment, and the Proposed Amended Indictment.
4. The Chart is organized into 5 columns. The first column contains the paragraph references of the original Indictments against Accused Brima. In instances where the Consolidated Indictment modified the contents of specific paragraphs in the original Indictment against the Accused Brima, the text of the paragraph in the original Indictment is reproduced in this column. Where the Consolidated Indictment included specific information on Districts not contained in the original Indictment against the Accused Brima, the column indicates the lack of specific reference to such a District.
5. The second column contains the paragraph references of the original Indictments against the individuals Accused Kanu and Kamara. In instances where the Consolidated Indictment modified the contents of specific paragraphs in the original Indictment against the Accused Kanu and Kamara, the text of the paragraph in the original Indictment is reproduced in this column. Where the Consolidated Indictment included specific information on Districts not contained in the original Indictment against the Accused Kanu and Kamara, the column indicates the lack of specific reference to such a District.
6. The third column indicates the areas of the Indictment for the Accused Kanu that were further particularized subsequent to the "Bill of Particulars" filed in the case of *The Prosecutor Against Kanu* and reproduces the text. Areas that were not particularized are also indicated.
7. The fourth column contains the specifications or alterations to the original Indictments made in the Consolidated Indictment. In the sections of this column captioned "The Accused" and "General Allegations" the source of each paragraph in the Consolidated Indictment is explained. In the section dealing with the counts in the Indictment, the sources of each paragraph correspond to the paragraphs in the three original Indictments

or the text from the Bill of Particulars contained in the third column, except where noted.
The changes to the original Indictments are italicized and underlined.

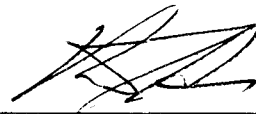
8. The fifth and final column indicates the proposed changes to the Consolidated Indictment that are contained in the Proposed Amended Indictment attached to the Prosecutor's Request. The changes to the Consolidated Indictment are italicized and underlined.
9. A track-change version of the proposed amended Indictment showing any deletions, modifications and additions to the original Consolidated Indictment is also attached.

Freetown, 1 March 2004

For the Prosecution,



Luc Côté
Chief of Prosecutions



Robert Petit
Senior Trial Attorney

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
THE ACCUSED	THE ACCUSED		THE ACCUSED	THE ACCUSED
Paragraph 1,2	Paragraph 1,2	No further particularization provided.	Paragraphs 1-6 combines paragraphs 1-2 of the three original Indictments.	Paragraphs 1-6 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.
GENERAL ALLEGATIONS	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS		GENERAL ALLEGATIONS	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS
Paragraphs 3-16	Paragraphs 3-16	No further particularization provided.	Paragraphs 7-20 are the same as paragraphs 3-16 of the three original Indictments.	Paragraphs 7-20 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.
INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY	INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY		INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY	INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY
Paragraphs 17-26	Paragraphs 17-26	No further particularization provided.	Paragraphs 21-36 combine paragraphs 17- 26 of the three original Indictments.	Paragraphs 21-36 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.
Paragraph 23	Paragraph 23		Paragraph 33	Paragraph 33
The AFRC, including the ACCUSED , and the RUF shared a common	The AFRC, including the ACCUSED , and the RUF shared a common	No further particularization provided.	The paragraph is the same as the original Indictments except that	No change to the Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
plan, purpose or design (joint criminal enterprise) which was to take any actions necessary to gain and exercise political power and control over the territory of Sierra Leone, in particular the diamond mining areas.	plan, purpose or design (joint criminal enterprise) which was to take any actions necessary to gain and exercise political power and control over the territory of Sierra Leone, in particular the diamond mining areas.		the names the three AFRC Accused and the Accused Sesay, Kallon and Gbao are inserted.	
CHARGES	CHARGES	CHARGES	CHARGES	CHARGES
<u>COUNTS 1-2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS</u>	<u>COUNTS 1-2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS</u>	<u>COUNTS 1-2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS</u>	<u>COUNTS 1-2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS</u>	<u>COUNTS 1-2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS</u>
			In the paragraph preceding Count One, the names of the three Accused are combined.	No change to the consolidated Indictment.
Paragraph 27	Paragraph 27	No further particularization provided	Paragraph 37 is the same as paragraph 27 in the three original Indictments.	Paragraph 37 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.

359

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<p>Paragraph 28</p> <p>At all times relevant to this Indictment, members of the RUF, AFRC, Junta and/or AFRC/RUF forces (AFRC/RUF), subordinate to and/or acting in concert with ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, conducted armed attacks throughout the territory of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited, to Bo, Kono, Kenema, Bombali and Kailahun Districts and Freetown.</p>	<p>Paragraph 28</p> <p>At all times relevant to this Indictment, members of the RUF, AFRC, Junta and/or AFRC/RUF forces (AFRC/RUF), subordinate to and/or acting in concert with [BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA (Kamara Indictment) [SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU (Kanu Indictment)], conducted armed attacks throughout the territory of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited, to Bo, Kono, Kenema, Bombali and Kailahun Districts and Freetown.</p>	<p>No further particularization provided</p>	<p>Paragraph 38</p> <p>At all times relevant to this Indictment, members of the RUF, AFRC, Junta and/or AFRC/RUF forces (AFRC/RUF), subordinate to and/or acting in concert with ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU, conducted armed attacks throughout the territory of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including Bo, Kono, Kenema, Koinadugu, Bombali and Kailahun and <i>Port Loko</i> Districts and the city of Freetown <i>and the Western Area</i>.</p>	<p>Paragraph 38</p> <p>No change to the Consolidated Indictment</p>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
Paragraphs 29-30	Paragraphs 29-30	No further particularization provided.	Paragraphs 39-40 are the same as paragraphs 29-30 of the three original Indictments.	Paragraphs 39-40 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.
<u>Paragraph 31</u> Members of the AFRC/RUF subordinate to and/or acting in concert with ALEX TAMBA BRIMA committed the crimes set forth below in paragraphs 32 through 57 and charged in Counts 3 through 13, as part of a campaign to terrorize the civilian population of the Republic of Sierra Leone, and did terrorize that population.	<u>Paragraph 31</u> Members of the AFRC/RUF subordinate to and/or acting in concert with [BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA (Kamara Indictment) [SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU (Kanu Indictment)] committed the crimes set forth below in paragraphs 32 through 57 and charged in Counts 3 through 13, as part of a campaign to terrorize the civilian population of the Republic of Sierra Leone, and did terrorize that population.	No further particularization provided.	<u>Paragraph 41</u> Members of the AFRC/RUF subordinate to and/or acting in concert with ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU , committed the crimes set forth below in paragraphs 42 through 79 and charged in Counts 3 through 13, as part of a campaign to terrorize the civilian population of the Republic of Sierra Leone, and did terrorize that population.	<u>Paragraph 41</u> Members of the AFRC/RUF subordinate to and/or acting in concert with ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU , committed the crimes set forth below in paragraphs 42 through 79 and charged in Counts 3 through <u>14</u> , as part of a campaign to terrorize the civilian population of the Republic of Sierra Leone, and did terrorize that population.

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>COUNTS 3-5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS</u> Paragraph 32	<u>COUNTS 3-5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS</u> Paragraph 32	<u>COUNTS 3-5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS</u>	<u>COUNTS 3-5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS</u> Paragraph 42 The phrases “ <i>included, but were not limited to</i> ” and “ <i>but not limited to these events</i> ” are removed from this section. The names of the three Accused are combined in the paragraph preceding Count 3.	<u>COUNTS 3-5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS</u> Paragraph 42
<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 33 Between 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF attacked Tikonko, Telu, Sembehun, Gerihun and Mamboma, unlawfully killing an unknown number of civilians	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 33 Between 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF attacked Tikonko, Telu, Sembehun, Gerihun and Mamboma, unlawfully killing an unknown number of civilians	<u>Bo District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 43 Between 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF attacked Tikonko, Telu, Sembehun, Gerihun and Mamboma, unlawfully killing an unknown number of civilians	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 43 Between <i>about</i> 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF attacked Tikonko, Telu, Sembehun, Gerihun and Mamboma, unlawfully killing an unknown number of civilians

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 34	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 34	<u>Kenema District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 44	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 44 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 35	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 35	<u>Kono District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 45	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 45 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 36 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, in locations including Karina, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 38 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, in locations including Karina, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;	<u>Bombali District</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>30 November</u> <u>1998</u> , in several locations <u>in Bombali</u> <u>District</u> , including <u>Bonyoyo (or Bornoya)</u> , <u>Karina, Mafabu,</u> <u>Mateboi, Pendembu, and</u> <u>Gbendembu</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 48 <u>Specification to all three</u> <u>original Indictments:</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>30 November</u> <u>1998</u> , in several locations <u>in Bombali</u> <u>District</u> , including <u>Bonyoyo (or Bornoya)</u> , <u>Karina, Mafabu,</u> <u>Mateboi, Pendembu, and</u> <u>Gbendembu</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 48 Between about 1 May 1998 and 30 November 1998, in several locations in Bombali District, including Bonyoyo (or Bornoya), Karina, Mafabu, Mateboi, and Gbendembu <u>(or</u> <u>Gbendubu or</u> <u>Pendembu)</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
			unknown number of civilians;	unknown number of civilians
<u>Kailahun District</u> No specific reference to the Kailahun District.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 36 Between about mid February 1998 and 30 June 1998, in locations including Kailahun town, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians	<u>Kailahun District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 46 Specification to Brima <u>Original Indictment:</u> <i>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, in locations including Kailahun town, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians</i>	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 46 No change to consolidated Indictment
<u>Koinadugu District</u> No specific reference to the Koinadugu District.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 37 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, in several locations including Heremakono, Kabala, Kumala (or Kamalu), Kurubonla, Katombo, Koinadugu,	<u>Koinadugu District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 47 Specification to Brima <u>Original Indictment:</u> <i>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, in several locations including Heremakono, Kabala, Kumala (or</i>	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 47 No change to consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
	Fadugu and Kamadugu, members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians		<i>Kamalu), Kurubonla, Katombo, Koinadugu, Fadugu and Kamadugu, members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians</i>	
<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 37 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF conducted armed attacks throughout the city of Freetown. These attacks included large scale unlawful killings of civilian men, women and children at locations throughout the city, including the State House, Parliament building, Connaught Hospital, and the Kissy, Fourah Bay, Upgun,	<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 39 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF conducted armed attacks throughout the city of Freetown. These attacks included large scale unlawful killings of civilian men, women and children at locations throughout the city, including the State House, Parliament building, Connaught Hospital, and the Kissy, Fourah Bay, Upgun,	<u>Freetown</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <i>28 February 1999</i> , AFRC/RUF conducted armed attacks throughout the city of Freetown <i>and the</i> <i>Western Area</i> . These attacks included large scale unlawful killings of civilian men, women and children at locations throughout the city <i>and</i> <i>the Western Area</i> , including Kissy, <i>Wellington</i> , and Calaba Town.	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 49 <u>Specification to all three original Indictments:</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <i>28 February 1999</i> , AFRC/RUF conducted armed attacks throughout the city of Freetown <i>and the</i> <i>Western Area</i> . These attacks included large scale unlawful killings of civilian men, women and children at locations throughout the city <i>and</i> <i>the Western Area</i> , including Kissy,	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 49 No change to Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
Calaba Town and Tower Hill areas of the city.	Calaba Town and Tower Hill areas of the city.		<i>Wellington</i> , and Calaba Town.	
<u>Port Loko District</u> No specific reference to the Port Loko District.	<u>Port Loko District</u> No specific reference to the Port Loko District.	<u>Port Loko District</u> <i>About the month of February 1999, members of the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between about February 1999 and April 1999, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Port Loko District, including Manaarma, Tendakum and Nonkoba</i>	<u>Port Loko District Paragraph 50</u> Specification to three original Indictments <i>About the month of February 1999, members of the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between about February 1999 and April 1999, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Port Loko District, including Manaarma, Tendakum and Nonkoba</i>	<u>Port Loko District Paragraph 50</u> No change to Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>COUNTS 6-8: SEXUAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 38	<u>COUNTS 6-8: SEXUAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 40	<u>COUNTS 6-8: SEXUAL VIOLENCE</u>	<u>COUNTS 6-8: SEXUAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 51 The phrases “ <i>included, but were not limited to</i> ” and “ <i>but not limited to these events</i> ” are removed from this section. All three Accused names are combined in the paragraph preceding Count 6.	<u>COUNTS 6-9: SEXUAL VIOLENCE</u> Insertion of new count, <u>Count 8: Other inhumane act, a CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY, punishable under Article 2.i. of the Statute</u> All other counts are the same, but numbered sequentially thereafter one higher than on Consolidated Indictment.
			Paragraph 51 Widespread sexual violence committed against civilian women and girls included brutal rapes, often by multiple rapists.	Paragraph 51 Widespread sexual violence committed against civilian women and girls included brutal rapes, often by multiple rapists, <u>and forced “marriages”</u> .

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<p><u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 39</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls at various locations throughout the District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Kissi-town (or Kissi Town), Foendor (or Foendu), Tomendeh, Fokoiya, Wondedu and AFRC/RUF camps such as "Superman camp" and Kissi-town (or Kissi Town) camp. An unknown number of women and girls were abducted from various locations within the District and used as sex slaves.</p>	<p><u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 41</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls at various locations throughout the District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Kissi-town (or Kissi Town), Foendor (or Foendu), Tomendeh, Fokoiya, Wondedu and AFRC/RUF camps such as "Superman camp" and Kissi-town (or Kissi Town) camp. An unknown number of women and girls were abducted from various locations within the District and used as sex slaves.</p>	<p><u>Kono District</u></p> <p>No further particularization provided.</p>	<p><u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 52</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls at various locations throughout the District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Kissi-town (or Kissi Town), Foendor (or Foendu), Tomendeh, Fokoiya, Wondedu and AFRC/RUF camps such as "Superman camp" and Kissi-town (or Kissi Town) camp. An unknown number of women and girls were abducted from various locations within the District and used as sex slaves.</p>	<p><u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 52</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls at various locations throughout the District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Kissi-town (or Kissi Town), Foendor (or Foendu), Tomendeh, Fokoiya, Wondedu and AFRC/RUF camps such as "Superman camp" and Kissi-town (or Kissi Town) camp. An unknown number of women and girls were abducted from various locations within the District and used as sex slaves <u>and/or forced into "marriages" and/or subjected to other forms</u></p>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
				<i>of sexual violence. The "wives" were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their "husbands."</i>
<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 40 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations such as Mandaha. In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves.	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 43 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations such as Mandaha. In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves.	<u>Bombali District</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations <u>in Bombali District</u> , including Mandaha <u>and Rosos (or Rosors or Rossos)</u> . In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves <u>and subjected to other forms of sexual violence</u>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 54 <u>Specification to three original indictments:</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations <u>in Bombali District</u> , including Mandaha <u>and Rosos (or Rosors or Rossos)</u> . In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves <u>and subjected to other forms of sexual violence</u>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 54 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998, members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations in Bombali District, including Mandaha and Rosos (or Rosors or Rossos). In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves <u>and/or forced into "marriages"</u> and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. <u>The "wives" were forced</u>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
				<i>to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”</i>
<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 41 At all times relevant to this Indictment, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to sexual violence. Many of these victims were captured in other areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, brought to AFRC/RUF camps in the District, and used as sex slaves.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 44 At all times relevant to this Indictment, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to sexual violence. Many of these victims were captured in other areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, brought to AFRC/RUF camps in the District, and used as sex slaves.	<u>Kailahun District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 55 At all times relevant to this Indictment, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to sexual violence. Many of these victims were captured in other areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, brought to AFRC/RUF camps in the District, and used as sex slaves.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 55 At all times relevant to this Indictment, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to sexual violence. Many of these victims were captured in other areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, brought to AFRC/RUF camps in the District, and used as sex slaves <i>and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under</i>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
				<i>coercion by their “husbands”</i>
<p><u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 42</p> <p>Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the Freetown area, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves</p>	<p><u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 45</p> <p>Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the Freetown area, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves</p>	<p><u>Freetown</u></p> <p>Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u>, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the City of Freetown <u>and the Western Area</u>, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves <u>and subjected to other forms of sexual violence</u></p>	<p><u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 56</p> <p><u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u>, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the City of Freetown <u>and the Western Area</u>, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves <u>and subjected to other forms of sexual violence</u></p>	<p><u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 56</p> <p>Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the City of Freetown and the Western Area, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves <u>and/or forced them into “marriages”</u> and/or subjected them to other forms of sexual violence. <u>The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”</u></p>

15
371

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<p><u>Koinadugu District</u></p> <p>No specific reference to the Koinadugu District</p>	<p><u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 42</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations such as Kabala, Koinadugu, Heremakono and Fadugu. In addition an unknown number of women and girls were abducted and used as sex slaves.</p>	<p><u>Koinadugu District</u></p> <p>No further particularization provided.</p>	<p><u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 53</p> <p><u>Specification to the original Indictments:</u> Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations <u>in Koinadugu District</u>, such as Kabala, Koinadugu, Heremakono and Fadugu. In addition an unknown number of women and girls were abducted and used as sex slaves <u>and subjected to other forms of sexual violence</u></p>	<p><u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 53</p> <p>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations in Koinadugu District, such as Kabala, Koinadugu, Heremakono and Fadugu. In addition an unknown number of women and girls were abducted and used as sex slaves <u>and/or forced into "marriages"</u> and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. <u>The "wives" were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their "husbands"</u></p>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p>No specific reference to the Port Loko District.</p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p>No specific reference to the Port Loko District.</p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p><i>About the month of February 1999, AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to other forms of sexual violence by members of the AFRC/RUF</i></p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 57</p> <p>Specification to three original Indictments: <i>About the month of February 1999, AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to other forms of sexual violence by members of the AFRC/RUF</i></p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 57</p> <p>About the month of February 1999, AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999, <i>members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District. In addition, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were used as sex slaves and/or forced into "marriages" and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence by members of the AFRC/RUF. The "wives" were forced to perform a number of</i></p>

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
				<i>conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”</i>
<u>COUNTS 9-10: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 43	<u>COUNTS 9-10: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 46	<u>COUNTS 9-10: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE</u>	<u>COUNTS 9-10: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 58 The phrases “ <i>included, but were not limited to</i> ” and “ <i>but not limited to these events</i> ” are removed from this section. All three names of the Accused are combined preceding Count 9.	<u>COUNTS 10-11: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE</u> Paragraph 58
<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 44	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 47	<u>Kono District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 59	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 59 No change to Consolidated Indictment

374

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 45 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilian men, women and children in various areas of Freetown, including the northern and eastern areas of the city, and the Kissy area, including the Kissy mental hospital. The mutilations included cutting off limbs	<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 49 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilian men, women and children in various areas of Freetown, including the northern and eastern areas of the city, and the Kissy area, including the Kissy mental hospital. The mutilations included cutting off limbs	<u>Freetown</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilian men, women and children in various areas of Freetown, <u>and the Western Area</u> , including Kissy, <u>Wellington and Calaba Town</u> . The mutilations included cutting off limbs	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 63 <u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u> , members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilian men, women and children in various areas of Freetown, <u>and the Western Area</u> , including Kissy, <u>Wellington and Calaba Town</u> . The mutilations included cutting off limbs.	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 63 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Koinadugu District</u> No specific reference to the Koinadugu District.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 48 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of	<u>Koinadugu District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 61 <u>Specification to the Brima Indictment:</u> <u>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998,</u> <u>members of the</u>	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 61 No change to Consolidated Indictment

375

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
	civilians in various locations in the District, including Kabala and Konkoba (or Kontoba). The mutilations included cutting off limbs and carving "AFRC" on the chests and foreheads of the civilians		<i>AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including Kabala and Konkoba (or Kontoba). The mutilations included cutting off limbs and carving "AFRC" on the chests and foreheads of the civilians</i>	
<u>Kenema District</u> No specific reference to the Kenema District.	<u>Kenema District</u> No specific reference to the Kenema District.	<u>Kenema District</u> <i>Between about 25 May 1997 and about 19 February 1998, in locations in Kenema District, including Kenema town, members of AFRC/RUF carried out beatings and ill-treatment of a number of civilians while in custody</i>	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 60 <u>Specification to the three original Indictments:</u> <i>Between about 25 May 1997 and about 19 February 1998, in locations in Kenema District, including Kenema town, members of AFRC/RUF carried out beatings and ill-treatment of a number of civilians while in custody</i>	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 60 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>Bombali District</u> No specific reference to the Bombali District	<u>Bombali District</u> No specific reference to the Bombali District.	<u>Bombali District</u> <i>Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Bombali District, including Lohondi, Malama, Mamaka, Rosos (or Rossos or Rosors). The mutilations included cutting off limbs on the bodies of the civilians</i>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 62 <u>Specification to the three original Indictments:</u> <u>Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Bombali District, including Lohondi, Malama, Mamaka, Rosos (or Rossos or Rosors). The mutilations included cutting off limbs.</u>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 62 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Bombali District, including Lohondi, Malama, Mamaka, Rosos (or Rossos or Rosors). The mutilations included cutting off limbs.
<u>Port Loko District</u> No specific reference to the Port Loko District.	<u>Port Loko District</u> No specific reference to the Port Loko District.	<u>Port Loko District</u> <i>About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between</i>	<u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 64 <u>Specification to the three original Indictments:</u> <u>About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various</u>	<u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 64 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
		<i>February 1999 and April 1999 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including cutting off limbs</i>	<i>locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including cutting off limbs</i>	
<u>COUNT 11: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS</u>	<u>COUNT 11: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS</u>	<u>COUNT 11: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS</u>	<u>COUNT 11: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS</u>	<u>COUNT 12: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS</u>
			All three names of the Accused are combined in the paragraph preceding Count 11.	
<u>Republic of Sierra Leone</u> Paragraph 46	<u>Republic of Sierra Leone</u> Paragraph 50	<u>Republic of Sierra Leone</u> No further particularization provided	<u>Republic of Sierra Leone</u> Paragraph 65	<u>Republic of Sierra Leone</u> Paragraph 65 No change to Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>COUNT 12:</u> <u>ABDUCTIONS AND</u> <u>FORCED LABOUR</u> Paragraph 47	<u>COUNT 12:</u> <u>ABDUCTIONS AND</u> <u>FORCED LABOUR</u> Paragraph 51	<u>COUNT 12:</u> <u>ABDUCTIONS AND</u> <u>FORCED LABOUR</u>	<u>COUNT 12:</u> <u>ABDUCTIONS AND</u> <u>FORCED LABOUR</u> Paragraph 66 The phrases “ <i>included, but were not limited to</i> ” and “ <i>but not limited to these events</i> ” are removed from this section. All three names of the Accused are combined preceding Count 12.	<u>COUNT 13:</u> <u>ABDUCTIONS AND</u> <u>FORCED LABOUR</u> Paragraph 66
<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 48	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 52	<u>Kenema District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 67	<u>Kenema District</u> Paragraph 67 No change to the Consolidated Indictment.
<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 49 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF forces abducted	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 53 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF forces abducted	<u>Kono District</u> No further particularization provided	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 68 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF forces abducted	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 68 Between about 14 February 1998 and <u>January 2000</u> , AFRC/RUF forces

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
hundreds of civilian men, women and children, and took them to various locations outside the District, or to locations within the District such as AFRC/RUF camps, Tombodu, Koidu, Wondedu, Tomendeh. At these locations the civilians were used as forced labour, including domestic labour and as diamond miners in the Tombodu area	hundreds of civilian men, women and children, and took them to various locations outside the District, or to locations within the District such as AFRC/RUF camps, Tombodu, Koidu, Wondedu, Tomendeh. At these locations the civilians were used as forced labour, including domestic labour and as diamond miners in the Tombodu area		hundreds of civilian men, women and children, and took them to various locations outside the District, or to locations within the District such as AFRC/RUF camps, Tombodu, Koidu, Wondedu, Tomendeh. At these locations the civilians were used as forced labour, including domestic labour and as diamond miners in the Tombodu area	abducted hundreds of civilian men, women and children, and took them to various locations outside the District, or to locations within the District such as AFRC/RUF camps, Tombodu, Koidu, Wondedu, Tomendeh. At these locations the civilians were used as forced labour, including domestic labour and as diamond miners in the Tombodu area
<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 50 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, in Bombali District, AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of civilians and used them as forced labour	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 55 Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 July 1998, in Bombali District, AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of civilians and used them as forced labour	<u>Bombali District</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , in Bombali District, <u>members of</u> the AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of civilians and used them as forced labour	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 70 <u>Specification to all three original indictments:</u> Between about 1 May 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , in Bombali District, members of the AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 70 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

085

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
			civilians and used them as forced labour	
<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 51	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 56	<u>Kailahun District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 71	<u>Kailahun District</u> Paragraph 71 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 52 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, in particular as the AFRC/RUF were being driven out of Freetown, the AFRC/RUF abducted hundreds of civilians, including a large number of children, from various areas within Freetown, including Peacock Farm and Calaba Town. These abducted civilians were used as forced	<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 57 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, in particular as the AFRC/RUF were being driven out of Freetown, the AFRC/RUF abducted hundreds of civilians, including a large number of children, from various areas within Freetown, including Peacock Farm and Calaba Town. These abducted civilians were used as forced	<u>Freetown</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <i>28 February 1999</i> , in particular as the AFRC/RUF were being driven out of Freetown <i>and the Western Area</i> , <i>members of</i> the AFRC/RUF abducted hundreds of civilians, including a large number of children, from various areas Freetown <i>and the</i> <i>Western Area</i> , including Peacock Farm, <i>Kissy</i> , and Calaba Town.	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 72 <u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <i>28 February 1999</i> , in particular as the AFRC/RUF were being driven out of Freetown <i>and the Western Area</i> , members of the AFRC/RUF abducted hundreds of civilians, including a large number of children, from various areas <i>in</i> Freetown <i>and</i> <i>the Western Area</i> ,	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 72 No change to Consolidated Indictment

185

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
labour	labour	These abducted civilians were used as forced labour	including Peacock Farm, <i>Kissy</i> , and Calaba Town. These abducted civilians were used as forced labour	
<u>Koinadugu District</u> No specific reference to the Koinadugu District.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 54 Between about 14 February 1998 and September 1998, at various locations including Heremakono, Kabala, Kumala (or Kamalu), Koinadugu, Kamadugu and Fadugu, members of the AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of men, women and children and used them as forced labour	<u>Koinadugu District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 69 <u>Specification to the Brima Indictment:</u> <u>Between about 14</u> <u>February 1998 and 30</u> <u>September 1998, at</u> <u>various locations</u> <u>including Heremakono,</u> <u>Kabala, Kumala (or</u> <u>Kamalu), Koinadugu,</u> <u>Kamadugu and Fadugu,</u> <u>members of the</u> <u>AFRC/RUF abducted an</u> <u>unknown number of men,</u> <u>women and children and</u> <u>used them as forced</u> <u>labour</u>	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 69 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p>No specific reference to the Port Loko District.</p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p>No specific reference to the Port Loko District.</p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u></p> <p><i>About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Members of the AFRC/RUF used civilians, including those that had been abducted from Freetown and the Western Area, as forced labour in various locations throughout the Port Loko District including Port Loko, Lunsar and Masiaka. AFRC/RUF forces also abducted and used as forced labour civilians from various locations the Port Loko district including Tendakum and Nonkoba.</i></p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 73</p> <p><u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> <i>About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Members of the AFRC/RUF used civilians, including those that had been abducted from Freetown and the Western Area, as forced labour in various locations throughout the Port Loko District including Port Loko, Lunsar and Masiaka. AFRC/RUF forces also abducted and used as forced labour civilians from various locations the Port Loko District, including Tendakum and Nonkoba</i></p>	<p><u>Port Loko District</u> Paragraph 73</p> <p>No change to the Consolidated Indictment</p>

383

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>COUNT 13:</u> <u>LOOTING AND</u> <u>BURNING</u> Paragraph 53	<u>COUNT 13:</u> <u>LOOTING AND</u> <u>BURNING</u> Paragraph 58	<u>COUNT 13:</u> <u>LOOTING AND</u> <u>BURNING</u>	<u>COUNT 13:</u> <u>LOOTING AND</u> <u>BURNING</u> Paragraph 74 The phrases “ <i>included, but was not limited to</i> ” and “ <i>but not limited to these events</i> ” are removed from this section. All three Accused names are combined in the paragraph preceding Count 13.	<u>COUNT 14:</u> <u>LOOTING AND</u> <u>BURNING</u> Paragraph 74
<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 54	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 59	<u>Bo District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 75	<u>Bo District</u> Paragraph 75 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 55	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 61	<u>Kono District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 77	<u>Kono District</u> Paragraph 77 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 56 Between 1 March 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF forces burned an unknown number of civilian buildings in locations such as Karina	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 62 Between 1 March 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF forces burned an unknown number of civilian buildings in locations such as Karina	<u>Bombali District</u> Between about 1 March 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , AFRC/RUF forces burnt an unknown number of civilian buildings <i>in locations in Bombali District</i> , such as Karina and <u>Mateboi</u>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 78 <u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> Between about 1 March 1998 and <u>31 November 1998</u> , AFRC/RUF forces burnt an unknown number of civilian buildings <i>in locations in Bombali District</i> , such as Karina and <u>Mateboi</u>	<u>Bombali District</u> Paragraph 78 No change to the Consolidated Indictment
<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 57 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning throughout Freetown. The majority of houses that were destroyed were in the areas of Kissy and eastern Freetown; other	<u>Freetown</u> Paragraph 63 Between 6 January 1999 and 31 January 1999, AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning throughout Freetown. The majority of houses that were destroyed were in the areas of Kissy and eastern Freetown; other	<u>Freetown</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u> AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning throughout Freetown <i>and the Western Area</i> . The majority of houses that were destroyed were in the areas of Kissy,	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 79 <u>Specification to three original Indictments:</u> Between 6 January 1999 and <u>28 February 1999</u> , AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning throughout Freetown and the Western Area. The majority of houses that	<u>Freetown and the Western Area</u> Paragraph 79 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

283

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
locations included the Fourah Bay, Upgun, State House and Pademba Road areas of the city	locations included the Fourah Bay, Upgun, State House and Pademba Road areas of the city	<i>Wellington and Calaba town</i> ; other locations included the Fourah Bay, Upgun, State House and Pademba Road areas of the city	were destroyed were in the areas of Kissy, <i>Wellington and Calaba town</i> ; other locations included the Fourah Bay, Upgun, State House and Pademba Road areas of the city	
<u>Koinadugu District</u> No specific reference to the Koinadugu District.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 60 Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning of civilian homes in various locations in the District, including Heremakono, Kabala, Kamadugu and Fadugu	<u>Koinadugu District</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 76 <u>Specification to the Brima Indictment:</u> <u>Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998,</u> <u>AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning of civilian homes in various locations in the District, including Heremakono, Kabala, Kamadugu and Fadugu</u>	<u>Koinadugu District</u> Paragraph 76 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

386

ORIGINAL INDICTMENT AGAINST ACCUSED BRIMA	ORIGINAL INDICTMENTS AGAINST INDIVIDUALS ACCUSED KAMARA, KANU	BILL OF PARTICULARS FOR ACCUSED KANU	CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT ACCUSED BRIMA, KAMARA, KANU	PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSOLIDATED INDICTMENT
<u>COUNTS 14-17:</u> <u>ATTACKS ON</u> <u>UNAMSIL</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u>	<u>COUNTS 14-17:</u> <u>ATTACKS ON</u> <u>UNAMSIL</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u>	<u>COUNTS 14-17:</u> <u>ATTACKS ON</u> <u>UNAMSIL</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u>	<u>COUNTS 14-17:</u> <u>ATTACKS ON</u> <u>UNAMSIL</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u> All three names of the Accused are combined preceding Count 14.	<u>COUNTS 15-18:</u> <u>ATTACKS ON</u> <u>UNAMSIL</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u>
<u>Bombali, Kailahun,</u> <u>Kambia, Port Loko, and</u> <u>Kono Districts</u> Paragraph 58	<u>Bombali, Kailahun,</u> <u>Kambia, Port Loko, and</u> <u>Kono Districts</u> Paragraph 64	<u>Bombali, Kailahun,</u> <u>Kambia, Port Loko, and</u> <u>Kono Districts</u> No further particularization provided.	<u>Bombali, Kailahun,</u> <u>Kambia, Port Loko, and</u> <u>Kono Districts</u> Paragraph 80	<u>Bombali, Kailahun,</u> <u>Kambia, Port Loko, and</u> <u>Kono Districts</u> Paragraph 80 No change to the Consolidated Indictment

THE SPECIAL COURT FOR SIERRA LEONE

CASE NO. SCSL – 2004-16-PT

THE PROSECUTOR

Against

ALEX TAMBA BRIMA also known as TAMBA ALEX BRIMA also known as
GULLIT

BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA also known as IBRAHIM BAZZY KAMARA
also known as ALHAJI IBRAHIM KAMARA

AND

SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU also known as 55 also known as
FIVE-FIVE also known as SANTIGIE KHANU also known as SANTIGIE KANU
also known as S. B. KHANU also known as S.B. KANU also known as SANTIGIE
BOBSON KANU also known as BORBOR SANTIGIE KANU

AMENDED INDICTMENT

The Prosecutor, Special Court for Sierra Leone, under Article 15 of the Statute of the
Special Court for Sierra Leone (the Statute) charges:

ALEX TAMBA BRIMA also known as (aka) TAMBA ALEX BRIMA aka GULLIT

BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA aka IBRAHIM BAZZY KAMARA aka ALHAJI
IBRAHIM KAMARA

and

SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU aka 55 aka
FIVE-FIVE aka SANTIGIE KHANU aka SANTIGIE KANU aka S. B. KHANU aka
S.B. KANU aka SANTIGIE BOBSON KANU aka BORBOR SANTIGIE KANU

with **CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY, VIOLATIONS OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II and OTHER SERIOUS VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW**, in violation of Articles 2, 3 and 4 of the Statute as set forth below:

THE ACCUSED

1. **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA aka TAMBA ALEX BRIMA aka GULLIT**
was born 23 November 1971 at Yaryah Village, Kono District, Republic of Sierra Leone.
2. He joined the Sierra Leone Army (SLA) in April 1985 and rose to the rank of Staff Sergeant.
3. **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA aka IBRAHIM BAZZY KAMARA aka ALHAJI IBRAHIM KAMARA** was born on 7 May 1968 at Wilberforce Village in the Western Area in the Republic of Sierra Leone.
4. He joined the Sierra Leone Army (SLA) on 20 May 1991 and rose to the rank of Staff Sergeant.
5. **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU aka 55 aka FIVE-FIVE aka SANTIGIE KHANU aka SANTIGIE KANU aka S. B. KHANU aka S.B. KANU aka SANTIGIE BOBSON KANU aka BORBOR SANTIGIE KANU** was born in March 1965 in Maforki Chieftdom, Port Loko District, Republic of Sierra Leone, or in Freetown in the Western Area of the Republic of Sierra Leone.
6. He joined the Sierra Leone Army (SLA) on 27 November 1990 and rose to the rank of Sergeant.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

7. At all times relevant to this Indictment, a state of armed conflict existed within Sierra Leone. For the purposes of this Indictment, organized armed factions involved in this conflict included the Revolutionary United Front (RUF), the Civil Defence Forces (CDF) and the Armed Forces Revolutionary Council (AFRC).
8. A nexus existed between the armed conflict and all acts or omissions charged herein as Violations of Article 3 common to the Geneva Conventions and of Additional Protocol II and as Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law.
9. The organized armed group that became known as the RUF, led by FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH aka POPAY aka PAPA aka PA, was founded about 1988 or 1989 in Libya. The RUF, under the leadership of FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH, began organized armed operations in Sierra Leone in March 1991. During the ensuing armed conflict, the RUF forces were also referred to as "RUF", "rebels" and "People's Army".
10. The CDF was comprised of Sierra Leonean traditional hunters, including the Kamajors, Gbethis, Kapras, Tamaboros and Donsos. The CDF fought against the RUF and AFRC.
11. On 30 November 1996, in Abidjan, Ivory Coast, FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH and Ahmed Tejan Kabbah, President of the Republic of Sierra Leone, signed a peace agreement which brought a temporary cessation to active hostilities. Thereafter, the active hostilities recommenced.
12. The AFRC was founded by members of the Armed Forces of Sierra Leone who seized power from the elected government of the Republic of Sierra Leone via a coup d'état on 25 May 1997. Soldiers of the Sierra Leone Army (SLA) comprised the majority of the AFRC membership. On that date JOHNNY PAUL KOROMA aka JPK became the leader and Chairman of the AFRC. The AFRC forces were also referred to as "Junta", "soldiers", "SLA", and "ex-SLA".

13. Shortly after the AFRC seized power, at the invitation of JOHNNY PAUL KOROMA, and upon the order of FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH, leader of the RUF, the RUF joined with the AFRC. The AFRC and RUF acted jointly thereafter. The AFRC/RUF Junta forces (Junta) were also referred to as “Junta”, “rebels”, “soldiers”, “SLA”, “ex-SLA” and “People’s Army”.
14. After the 25 May 1997 coup d’état, a governing body, the Supreme Council, was created within the Junta. The Supreme Council was the sole executive and legislative authority within Sierra Leone during the junta. The governing body included leaders of both the AFRC and RUF.
15. The Junta was forced from power by forces acting on behalf of the ousted government of President Kabbah about 14 February 1998. President Kabbah’s government returned in March 1998. After the Junta was removed from power the AFRC/RUF alliance continued.
16. On 7 July 1999, in Lomé, Togo, FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH and Ahmed Tejan Kabbah, President of the Republic of Sierra Leone, signed a peace agreement. However, active hostilities continued.
17. **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA, SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** and all members of the organized armed factions engaged in fighting within Sierra Leone were required to abide by International Humanitarian Law and the laws and customs governing the conduct of armed conflicts, including the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and Additional Protocol II to the Geneva Conventions, to which the Republic of Sierra Leone acceded on 21 October 1986.
18. All offences alleged herein were committed within the territory of Sierra Leone after 30 November 1996.
19. All acts and omissions charged herein as Crimes Against Humanity were committed as part of a widespread or systematic attack directed against the civilian population of Sierra Leone.

20. The words civilian or civilian population used in this Indictment refer to persons who took no active part in the hostilities, or who were no longer taking an active part in the hostilities.

INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL RESPONSIBILITY

21. Paragraphs 1 through 20 are incorporated by reference.
22. At all times relevant to this Indictment, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was a senior member of the AFRC, Junta and AFRC/RUF forces.
23. **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was a member of the group which staged the coup and ousted the government of President Kabbah. JOHNNY PAUL KOROMA, Chairman and leader of the AFRC, appointed **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** a Public Liaison Officer (PLO) within the AFRC. In addition, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was a member of the Junta governing body.
24. Between mid February 1998 and about 30 April 1998, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was in direct command of AFRC/RUF forces in the Kono District. In addition, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was in direct command of AFRC/RUF forces which conducted armed operations throughout the north eastern and central areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited to, attacks on civilians in Bombali District between about May 1998 and 31 July 1998. As of about 22 December 1998, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA** was in command of AFRC/RUF forces which attacked Freetown on 6 January 1999.
25. At all times relevant to this Indictment, **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a senior member of the AFRC, Junta and AFRC/RUF forces.
26. **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a member of the group which staged the coup and ousted the government of President Kabbah. JOHNNY PAUL KOROMA, Chairman and leader of the AFRC, appointed **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** a Public Liaison Officer (PLO) within the AFRC. In addition, **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a member of the Junta governing body.

27. Between about mid-February 1998 and 30 April 1998, **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a commander of AFRC/RUF forces based in Kono District. In addition, **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a commander of AFRC/RUF forces which conducted armed operations throughout the north, eastern and central areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited to, attacks on civilians in Koinadugu and Bombali Districts between about mid February 1998 and 31 December 1998. **BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA** was a commander of AFRC/RUF forces which attacked Freetown on 6 January 1999.
28. At all times relevant to this Indictment, **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** was a senior member of the AFRC, Junta and AFRC/RUF forces.
29. **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** was a member of the group of 17 soldiers which staged the coup and ousted the government of President Kabbah. In addition, **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** was a member of the Junta governing body, the AFRC Supreme Council.
30. Between mid February 1998 and 30 April 1998, **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** was a senior commander of AFRC/RUF forces in Kono District. In addition, **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU** was a commander of AFRC/RUF forces which conducted armed operations throughout the north, eastern and central areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited to, attacks on civilians in Koinadugu and Bombali Districts between about mid February 1998 and 31 December 1998. **SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, along with **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA and BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA**, was also one of three commanders of AFRC/RUF forces during the attack on Freetown on 6 January 1999.
31. In their respective positions referred to above, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, individually, or in concert with each other, **JOHNNY PAUL KOROMA** aka JPK, **FODAY SAYBANA SANKOH**, **SAM BOCKARIE** aka MOSQUITO aka MASKITA, **ISSA HASSAN SESAY** aka ISSA SESAY, **MORRIS KALLON** aka BILAI KARIM, **AUGUSTINE GBAO** aka AUGUSTINE BAO and/or other superiors in

the AFRC, Junta and AFRC/RUF forces, exercised authority, command and control over all subordinate members of the AFRC, Junta and AFRC/RUF forces.

32. At all times relevant to this Indictment, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, through their association with the RUF, acted in concert with CHARLES GHANKAY TAYLOR aka CHARLES MACARTHUR DAPKPANA TAYLOR.
33. The AFRC, including **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, and the RUF, including ISSA HASSAN SESAY, MORRIS KALLON and AUGUSTINE GBAO, shared a common plan, purpose or design (joint criminal enterprise) which was to take any actions necessary to gain and exercise political power and control over the territory of Sierra Leone, in particular the diamond mining areas. The natural resources of Sierra Leone, in particular the diamonds, were to be provided to persons outside Sierra Leone in return for assistance in carrying out the joint criminal enterprise.
34. The joint criminal enterprise included gaining and exercising control over the population of Sierra Leone in order to prevent or minimize resistance to their geographic control, and to use members of the population to provide support to the members of the joint criminal enterprise. The crimes alleged in this Indictment, including unlawful killings, abductions, forced labour, physical and sexual violence, use of child soldiers, looting and burning of civilian structures, were either actions within the joint criminal enterprise or were a reasonably foreseeable consequence of the joint criminal enterprise.
35. **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, by their acts or omissions, are individually criminally responsible pursuant to Article 6.1. of the Statute for the crimes referred to in Articles 2, 3 and 4 of the Statute as alleged in this Indictment, which crimes each of them planned, instigated, ordered, committed or in whose planning, preparation or execution each Accused otherwise aided and abetted, or which crimes were within a joint criminal enterprise in which each Accused participated or were a

reasonably foreseeable consequence of the joint criminal enterprise in which each Accused participated.

36. In addition, or alternatively, pursuant to Article 6.3. of the Statute, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, while holding positions of superior responsibility and exercising effective control over their subordinates, are each individually criminally responsible for the crimes referred to in Articles 2, 3 and 4 of the Statute. Each Accused is responsible for the criminal acts of his subordinates in that he knew or had reason to know that the subordinate was about to commit such acts or had done so and each Accused failed to take the necessary and reasonable measures to prevent such acts or to punish the perpetrators thereof.

CHARGES

37. Paragraphs 21 through 36 are incorporated by reference.
38. At all times relevant to this Indictment, members of the RUF, AFRC, Junta and/or AFRC/RUF forces (AFRC/RUF), subordinate to and/or acting in concert with **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, conducted armed attacks throughout the territory of the Republic of Sierra Leone, including Bo, Kono, Kenema, Koinadugu, Bombali and Kailahun and Port Loko Districts and the city of Freetown and the Western Area. Targets of the armed attacks included civilians and humanitarian assistance personnel and peacekeepers assigned to the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone (UNAMSIL), which had been created by United Nations Security Council Resolution 1270 (1999).
39. These attacks were carried out primarily to terrorize the civilian population, but also were used to punish the population for failing to provide sufficient support to the AFRC/RUF, or for allegedly providing support to the Kabbah government or to pro-government forces. The attacks included unlawful killings, physical and sexual violence against civilian men, women and children, abductions and looting

and destruction of civilian property. Many civilians saw these crimes committed; others returned to their homes or places of refuge to find the results of these crimes – dead bodies, mutilated victims and looted and burnt property.

40. As part of the campaign of terror and punishment the AFRC/RUF routinely captured and abducted members of the civilian population. Captured women and girls were raped; many of them were abducted and used as sex slaves and as forced labour. Some of these women and girls were held captive for years. Men and boys who were abducted were also used as forced labour; some of them were also held captive for years. Many abducted boys and girls were given combat training and used in active fighting. AFRC/RUF also physically mutilated men, women and children, including amputating their hands or feet and carving “AFRC” and “RUF” on their bodies.

COUNTS 1 – 2: TERRORIZING THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AND COLLECTIVE PUNISHMENTS

41. Members of the AFRC/RUF subordinate to and/or acting in concert with **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, committed the crimes set forth below in paragraphs 42 through 79 and charged in Counts 3 through 14, as part of a campaign to terrorize the civilian population of the Republic of Sierra Leone, and did terrorize that population. The AFRC/RUF also committed the crimes to punish the civilian population for allegedly supporting the elected government of President Ahmed Tejan Kabbah and factions aligned with that government, or for failing to provide sufficient support to the AFRC/RUF.

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By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 1: Acts of Terrorism, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.d. of the Statute;

And:

Count 2: Collective Punishments, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.b. of the Statute.

COUNTS 3 – 5: UNLAWFUL KILLINGS

42. Victims were routinely shot, hacked to death and burned to death. Unlawful killings included the following:

Bo District

43. Between about 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF attacked Tikonko, Telu, Sembehun, Gerihun and Mamboma, unlawfully killing an unknown number of civilians;

Kenema District

44. Between about 25 May 1997 and about 19 February 1998, in locations including Kenema town, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;

Kono District

45. About mid February 1998, AFRC/RUF fleeing from Freetown arrived in Kono District. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed several hundred civilians in various locations in Kono District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Foindu, Willifeh, Mortema and Biaya;

Kailahun District

46. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, in locations including Kailahun town, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;

Koinadugu District

47. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, in several locations including Heremakono, Kabala, Kumalu (or Kamalu), Kurubonla, Katombo, Koinadugu, Fadugu and Kamadugu, members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;

Bombali District

48. Between about 1 May 1998 and 30 November 1998, in several locations in Bombali District, including Bonyoyo (or Bornoya), Karina, Mafabu, Mateboi, Pendembu and Gbendembu (or Gbendubu or Pendembu), members of the AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians;

Freetown and the Western Area

49. Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, AFRC/RUF conducted armed attacks throughout the city of Freetown and the Western Area. These attacks included large scale unlawful killings of civilian men, women and children at locations throughout the city and the Western Area, including Kissy, Wellington, and Calaba Town;

Port Loko

50. About the month of February 1999, members of the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between about February 1999 and April 1999, members of AFRC/RUF unlawfully killed an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Port Loko District, including Manaarma, Tendakum and Nonkoba;

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to

Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 3: Extermination, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.b. of the Statute;

In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 4: Murder, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.a. of the Statute;

In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 5: Violence to life, health and physical or mental well-being of persons, in particular murder, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.a. of the Statute.

COUNTS 6 – 9: SEXUAL VIOLENCE

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51. Widespread sexual violence committed against civilian women and girls included brutal rapes, often by multiple rapists, and forced “marriages”. Acts of sexual violence included the following:

Kono District

52. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls at various locations throughout the District, including Koidu, Tombodu, Kissi-town (or Kissi Town), Foendor (or Foendu), Tomendeh, Fokoiya, Wondedu and AFRC/RUF camps such as “Superman camp” and Kissi-town (or Kissi Town) camp. An unknown number of women and girls were abducted from various locations within the District and used as sex slaves and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence.

The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

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Koinadugu District

53. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations in Koinadugu District, such as Kabala, Koinadugu, Heremakono and Fadugu. In addition an unknown number of women and girls were abducted and used as sex slaves and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

Bombali District

54. Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998, members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in locations in Bombali District, including Mandaha and Rosos (or Rosors or Rossos). In addition, an unknown number of abducted women and girls were used as sex slaves and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. The “wives were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

Kailahun District

55. At all times relevant to this Indictment, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were subjected to sexual violence. Many of these victims were captured in other areas of the Republic of Sierra Leone, brought to AFRC/RUF camps in the District, and used as sex slaves and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence. The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

Freetown and the Western Area

56. Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, members of AFRC/RUF raped hundreds of women and girls throughout the City of Freetown and the Western

Area, and abducted hundreds of women and girls and used them as sex slaves and/or forced them into “marriages” and/or subjected them to other forms of sexual violence. The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

Port Loko District

57. About the month of February 1999, AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999, members of the AFRC/RUF raped an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District. In addition, an unknown number of women and girls in various locations in the District were used as sex slaves and/or forced into “marriages” and/or subjected to other forms of sexual violence by members of the AFRC/RUF. The “wives” were forced to perform a number of conjugal duties under coercion by their “husbands”;

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 6: Rape, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.g. of the Statute;

And:

Count 7: Sexual slavery and any other form of sexual violence, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.g. of the Statute;

And

Count 8: Other inhumane act, a CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY, punishable under Article 2.i. of the Statute;

In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 9: Outrages upon personal dignity, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.e. of the Statute.

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COUNTS 10 – 11: PHYSICAL VIOLENCE

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58. Widespread physical violence, including mutilations, was committed against civilians. Victims were often brought to a central location where mutilations were carried out. These acts of physical violence included the following:

Kono District

59. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including Tombodu, Kaima (or Kayima) and Wonedu. The mutilations included cutting off limbs and carving “AFRC” and “RUF” on the bodies of the civilians;

Kenema District

60. Between about 25 May 1997 and about 19 February 1998, in locations in Kenema District, including Kenema town, members of AFRC/RUF carried out beatings and ill-treatment of a number of civilians who were in custody;

Koinadugu District

61. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including Kabala and Konkoba (or Kontoba). The mutilations included cutting off limbs and carving “AFRC” on the chests and foreheads of the civilians;

Bombali District

62. Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in Bombali

District, including Lohondi, Malama, Mamaka, Rosos (or Rossos or Rosors). The mutilations included cutting off limbs;

Freetown and the Western Area

63. Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilian men, women and children in various areas of Freetown, and the Western Area, including Kissy, Wellington and Calaba Town. The mutilations included cutting off limbs;

Port Loko

64. About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Between February 1999 and April 1999 members of the AFRC/RUF mutilated an unknown number of civilians in various locations in the District, including cutting off limbs;

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 10: Violence to life, health and physical or mental well-being of persons, in particular mutilation, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.a. of the Statute;

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In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 11: Other inhumane acts, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.i. of the Statute.

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COUNT 12: USE OF CHILD SOLDIERS

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65. At all times relevant to this Indictment, throughout the Republic of Sierra Leone, AFRC/RUF routinely conscripted, enlisted and/or used boys and girls under the age of 15 to participate in active hostilities. Many of these children were first abducted, then trained in AFRC/RUF camps in various locations throughout the country, and thereafter used as fighters.

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 12: Conscripting or enlisting children under the age of 15 years into armed forces or groups, or using them to participate actively in hostilities, an **OTHER SERIOUS VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW**, punishable under Article 4.c. of the Statute.

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COUNT 13: ABDUCTIONS AND FORCED LABOUR

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66. At all times relevant to this Indictment, AFRC/RUF engaged in widespread and large scale abductions of civilians and use of civilians as forced labour. Forced labour included domestic labour and use as diamond miners. The abductions and forced labour included the following:

Kenema District

67. Between about 1 August 1997 and about 31 January 1998, AFRC/RUF forced an unknown number of civilians living in the District to mine for diamonds at Cyborg Pit in Tongo Field;

Kono District

68. Between about 14 February 1998 and January 2000, AFRC/RUF forces abducted hundreds of civilian men, women and children, and took them to various locations outside the District, or to locations within the District such as AFRC/RUF camps, Tombodu, Koidu, Wondedu, Tomendeh. At these locations the civilians were used as forced labour, including domestic labour and as diamond miners in the Tombodu area;

Koinadugu District

69. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, at various locations including Heremakono, Kabala, Kumala (or Kamalu), Koinadugu, Kamadugu and Fadugu, members of the AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of men, women and children and used them as forced labour;

Bombali District

70. Between about 1 May 1998 and 31 November 1998, in Bombali District, members of the AFRC/RUF abducted an unknown number of civilians and used them as forced labour;

Kailahun District

71. At all times relevant to this Indictment, captured civilian men, women and children were brought to various locations within the District and used as forced labour;

Freetown and the Western Area

72. Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, in particular as the AFRC/RUF were being driven out of Freetown and the Western Area, members of the AFRC/RUF abducted hundreds of civilians, including a large number of children, from various areas in Freetown and the Western Area, including Peacock Farm, Kissy, and Calaba Town. These abducted civilians were used as forced labour;

Port Loko

73. About the month of February 1999, the AFRC/RUF fled from Freetown to various locations in the Port Loko District. Members of the AFRC/RUF used civilians, including those that had been abducted from Freetown and the Western Area, as forced labour in various locations throughout the Port Loko District including Port Loko, Lunsar and Masiaka. AFRC/RUF forces also abducted and used as forced labour civilians from various locations the Port Loko District, including Tendakum and Nonkoba;

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 13: Enslavement, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.c. of the Statute.

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COUNT 14: LOOTING AND BURNING

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74. At all times relevant to this Indictment, AFRC/RUF engaged in widespread unlawful taking and destruction by burning of civilian property. This looting and burning included the following:

Bo District

75. Between 1 June 1997 and 30 June 1997, AFRC/RUF forces looted and burned an unknown number of civilian houses in Telu, Sembehun, Mamboma and Tikonko;

Koinadugu District

76. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 September 1998, AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning of civilian homes in various locations in the District, including Heremakono, Kabala, Kamadugu and Fadugu;

Kono District

77. Between about 14 February 1998 and 30 June 1998, AFRC/RUF engaged in widespread looting and burning in various locations in the District, including Tombodu, Foindu and Yardu Sando, where virtually every home in the village was looted and burned;

Bombali District

78. Between about 1 March 1998 and 31 November 1998, AFRC/RUF forces burnt an unknown number of civilian buildings in locations in Bombali District, such as Karina and Mateboi;

Freetown and the Western Area

79. Between 6 January 1999 and 28 February 1999, AFRC/RUF forces engaged in widespread looting and burning throughout Freetown and the Western Area. The majority of houses that were destroyed were in the areas of Kissy, Wellington and Calaba town; other locations included the Fourah Bay, Upgun, State House and Pademba Road areas of the city;

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 14: Pillage, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.f. of the Statute.

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COUNTS 15 – 18: ATTACKS ON UNAMSIL PERSONNEL

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80. Between about 15 April 2000 and about 15 September 2000, AFRC/RUF engaged in widespread attacks against UNAMSIL peacekeepers and humanitarian

assistance workers within the Republic of Sierra Leone, including, but not limited to locations within Bombali, Kailahun, Kambia, Port Loko, and Kono Districts. These attacks included unlawful killing of UNAMSIL peacekeepers, and abducting hundreds of peacekeepers and humanitarian assistance workers who were then held hostage.

By their acts or omissions in relation to these events, **ALEX TAMBA BRIMA, BRIMA BAZZY KAMARA and SANTIGIE BORBOR KANU**, pursuant to Article 6.1. and, or alternatively, Article 6.3. of the Statute, are individually criminally responsible for the crimes alleged below:

Count 15: Intentionally directing attacks against personnel involved in a humanitarian assistance or peacekeeping mission, an **OTHER SERIOUS VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW**, punishable under Article 4.b. of the Statute;

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In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 16: For the unlawful killings, Murder, a **CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY**, punishable under Article 2.a. of the Statute;

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In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 17: Violence to life, health and physical or mental well-being of persons, in particular murder, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.a. of the Statute;

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In addition, or in the alternative:

Count 18: For the abductions and holding as hostage, taking of hostages, a **VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 3 COMMON TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS AND OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL II**, punishable under Article 3.c. of the Statute.

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Dated this — day of — 2004
Freetown, Sierra Leone

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David M. Crane
The Prosecutor