

Case No. SCSL-2003-01-T

THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT

CHARLES GHANKAY TAYLOR

FRI DAY, 12 MARCH 2010 9.30 A.M. TRI AL

TRIAL CHAMBER II

Justice Julia Sebutinde, Presiding Justice Richard Lussick Before the Judges:

Justice Teresa Doherty

Justice El Hadji Malick Sow, Alternate

Ms Sidney Thompson Ms Doreen Kiggundu For Chambers:

Ms Rachel Irura For the Registry:

Ms Zainab Fofanah

For the Prosecution:

Mr Nicholas Koumjian Mr Mohamed A Bangura Ms Kathryn Howarth Ms Maya Ďimitrova

For the accused Charles Ghankay Mr Morris Anyah

Tayl or:

Mr Terry Munyard Mr Silas Chekera Ms Logan Hambrick

	1	Friday, 12 March 2010
	2	[Open session]
	3	[The accused present]
	4	[Upon commencing at 9.35 a.m.]
09:29:02	5	[In the absence of the witness]
	6	PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning. We will take appearances,
	7	pl ease.
	8	MR KOUMJIAN: Good morning, Madam President. Good morning,
	9	your Honours. Good morning, counsel opposite. For the
09:36:06	10	Prosecution this morning, Mohamed A Bangura, Kathryn Howarth,
	11	Maja Dimitrova and Nicholas Koumjian.
	12	MR MUNYARD: Good morning, Madam President, your Honours,
	13	counsel opposite. For the Defence there's myself, Terry Munyard,
	14	Silas Chekera, Morris Anyah and Logan Hambrick.
09:36:30	15	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Madam Court Officer, I am
	16	given to understand that there are some new interpreters waiting
	17	to be sworn.
	18	MS IRURA: Your Honour, that is the case.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: We will have them sworn before we
09:36:43	20	proceed.
	21	[Interpreters sworn]
	22	PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Now, before the witness is
	23	returned into the Court, that's witness 68, there is a ruling
	24	pending upon a Prosecution application, and this is the ruling:
09:38:25	25	The Prosecution applied to obtain from the Defence the
	26	witness statement or statements of Defence witness DCT-68 on the
	27	grounds that the witness's testimony in cross-examination
	28	contradicts the entry in the witness summary that states:
	29	"Witness will testify that he was with Sam Bockarie in

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2 Sam Bockarie while Sam Bockarie spoke on radio and claimed to be 3 in Freetown." 4 Counsel submitted that this entry contradicts the witness's testimony in cross-examination when he stated: 09:39:17 5 That he was in Bomaru during the 6 January invasion 6 7 where he thinks he stayed for less than a week before going to Buedu: 8 2. That he could not remember hearing Sam Bockarie speak on the radio. 09:39:37 10 Counsel submitted that those contradictions are critical, 11 12 and the witness's credibility can only be tested by examining his 13 statement. 14 The Defence opposed the application on the grounds firstly 09:39:56 15 that Prosecution application is premature. In this regard, Defence counsel submitted that the witness's answers, when put in 16 17 context, do not contradict the witness's summary. In particular, Defence counsel pointed out that the Freetown invasion was an 18 19 event that started on 6 January and went on for several days, 09:40:25 20 even weeks, before the rebels were driven out of Freetown. 21 Consequently, when the witness states that he was in Bomaru on 6 22 January and a few days later went to Buedu, this in fact does not 23 contradict the witness summary. 24 Counsel also points out that the Prosecution has not yet 09:40:48 25 asked the witness whether or not he was in fact with Sam Bockarie 26 when the latter spoke on a radio. 27 Secondly, the Defence argued that the witness raised - that 28 the issues raised by the Prosecution, namely, whether or not the

Buedu when the Freetown invasion occurred, and he was also with

witness was in Buedu or Bomaru on the day when the Freetown

	2	Bockarie when the latter spoke on the radio, are issues that do
	3	not go to any aspect in the indictment and are therefore marginal
	4	and cannot possibly be said to cause irreparable prejudice to the
09:41:33	5	Prosecution or to be in the interest of justice.
	6	Counsel asked the Trial Chamber to dismiss the application.
	7	Now, as we have stated before, there is no blanket right
	8	for the Prosecution to see the statement of a Defence witness.
	9	We have also stated that the Trial Chamber retains the discretion
09:41:54	10	to make a decision based on the particular circumstances of the
	11	case at hand upon a showing by the Prosecution that it will
	12	otherwise suffer irreparable prejudice and that such disclosure
	13	is in the interest of justice.
	14	In this case, we have considered the witness's testimony in
09:42:15	15	cross-examination as cited by Prosecution counsel in comparison
	16	with the excerpt at page 48 of the witness summary. We agree
	17	with the Defence that given that the Freetown invasion merely
	18	started on 6 January but lasted for several days until the rebels
	19	were driven out of Freetown, the witness's testimony that he was
09:42:40	20	in Bomaru on 6 January and a few days later moved to Buedu is not
	21	necessarily inconsistent with the summary, especially since the
	22	witness was not asked succinctly whether he was with Sam Bockarie
	23	when the Freetown invasion occurred. That question was not put
	24	to the witness.
09:43:01	25	Similarly, we note that when the witness testified that he
	26	could not remember what Sam Bockarie said on the radio, this does
	27	not necessarily signify a contradiction or inconsistency. In the
	28	premises, we agree with the Defence that the application is
	29	premature and that the Prosecution has not demonstrated

invasion began, or whether or not the witness was with Sam

1 irreparable prejudice and interest of justice. 2 We hasten to point out though that the issues raise by the 3 Prosecution have to do with the credibility of the witness and 4 need not be matters that were raised in the examination-in-chief of the witness, nor need they be central to the issues in the 09:43:42 5 indictment as stated by the Defence. 6 7 The application is denied. The witness may now be brought in. 8 [In the presence of the witness] PRESIDING JUDGE: Now, Mr Witness, we are going to continue 09:45:05 10 with your evidence this morning, but I would like to remind you 11 12 of the oath you took yesterday to tell the truth. You are still 13 bound by that oath today. 14 THE WITNESS: Thank you. And I will abide by it. 09:45:23 15 WITNESS: DCT-068 [On former affirmation] PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Mr Koumjian, please continue 16 17 with your cross-examination. MR KOUMJIAN: Madam President, yesterday we took - the 18 19 witness indicated at several points that he had information he 09:45:36 20 requested to only give in private session. I would now like to 21 go over that with him and also go over in some detail his 22 biography which may result in information that could identify 23 So I would like to go into private session. For the sake 24 of anyone listening or planning to listen, I would expect this 09:45:58 25 would take about 15 to 30 minutes. PRESIDING JUDGE: Do the Defence object to this 26 27 application? 28 MR MUNYARD: Not at all. PRESIDING JUDGE: Then for a few minutes on we will go into 29

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OPEN SESSION

	1	private session. What this means is that the people in the court
	2	will be able to hear what the witness is saying, but the people
	3	out in the gallery and the world at large will not be able to
	4	hear. This is for the protection of the security of the witness.
09:46:32	5	Madam Court Officer, please arrange that.
	6	[At this point in the proceedings, a portion of
	7	the transcript, pages 37163 to 37179, was
	8	extracted and sealed under separate cover, as
	9	the proceeding was heard in private session.]
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Α.

1 [Open session] 2 MS IRURA: Your Honour, we are in open session. 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please continue. Mr Witness, now 4 everything you are going to say will be heard by everybody. MR KOUMJIAN: 10:46:47 5 Q. Mr Witness, when you got - again, if your answer is going 6 7 to identify you, then you let us know and we can come back to it in a private session. But, sir, Mr Witness, when you got to Kono 8 in January 1999, was that the first time you had been to Kono the town of Kono? 10:47:07 10 Meaning time, the wartime or --11 Α. 12 Q. Yes, let's say the wartime. 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. Had you been there before the war? 10:47:22 15 Α. Yes. Sir, when you saw Kono in January '99, can you describe 16 17 what level of destruction you saw? 18 It was devastating. Α. 19 0. When you arrived, had the civilian population fled Kono 10:47:40 20 Town? 21 Yes, most of them, but there were few civilians among. Α. 22 But most of them were in the bush or had fled to ECOMOG 0. positions? 23 Not ECOMOG positions, because at that time ECOMOG was no 24 10:47:59 25 longer in Kono District. They know their location. 26 there are problems, they know where they go to seek refuge. 27 Q. And some had tried to make their way to Guinea, would you

- 1 Q. Sir, you talked about the ECOMOG position being devastated
- 2 by that successful attack in December, correct?
- 3 MR MUNYARD: I think he talked about the town being
- 4 devastated; I don't know about the ECOMOG position.
- 10:48:29 5 MR KOUMJIAN: Thank you:
 - 6 Q. You said that ECOMOG was no longer in Kono District after -
 - 7 when you arrived. Is it correct that the ECOMOG force that was
 - 8 there had been devastated? They had fled?
 - 9 A. They fled. They fled.
- 10:48:51 10 Q. And they left a lot of their equipment there, correct?
 - 11 A. Yes, there were equipments there.
 - 12 Q. So the RUF was able to capture some vehicles, correct?
 - 13 A. Well, I did not see any sign of ECOMOG vehicles. I only
 - 14 saw burnt tanks and trucks.
- 10:49:08 15 Q. By the time --
 - 16 A. Armoured cars.
 - 17 Q. Most of the RUF force that had taken Kono, by the time you
 - 18 arrived had already moved towards Makeni and Freetown, correct?
 - 19 A. Well, I cannot attest to that because I did not know the
- 10:49:43 20 man the strength of the manpower at that time, but there were
 - 21 RUF forces on the ground.
 - 22 Q. But Issa Sesay had moved on, correct?
 - 23 A. To?
 - 24 Q. He had left Kono. He had moved on to Makeni and further
- 10:50:01 25 on, correct, by the time you got to Kono?
 - 26 A. Well, the time I reached there he was in Kono, because he
 - 27 was shuffling between Kono and Makeni.
 - 28 Q. He was shuffling back and forth?
 - 29 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. And what about we talked before about we saw a list
- 2 with a Rambo who you said spoke with I believe you said he had
- 3 a Liberian accent. Does the name Boston Flomo mean anything to
- 4 you?
- 10:50:31 5 A. I have not heard of that name.
 - 6 Q. Was the Rambo that you knew the RUF Rambo commander that
 - 7 you knew, was he in Kono when you were there?
 - 8 A. I never saw him or even heard of him.
 - 9 Q. Sir, what does the word "vanguard" mean?
- 10:50:55 10 A. What?
 - 11 Q. Vanguard.
 - 12 A. Vanguard?
 - 13 Q. You have never heard the term vanguard?
 - 14 A. Vanguard?
- 10:51:00 15 Q. Yes, sir.
 - 16 A. Vanguard are those who actually started the struggle.
 - 17 Q. Where did they come from?
 - 18 A. That one I can't tell you. I just heard people being
 - 19 called vanguard. But to say I can tell you that they were coming
- 10:51:28 20 from any part, I saw them in Sierra Leone. I only heard of it in
 - 21 Sierra Leone. But to say I knew what specific areas vanguards
 - were coming from, no.
 - 23 Q. Sir, perhaps before we move on, the document that you did -
 - 24 we don't need to put it on the screen, it's confidential but if
- 10:51:49 25 you could just if that be brought to the witness to sign and
 - 26 date. I am helpfully reminded that I forgot to ask him to do
 - 27 that.
 - 28 Your Honour, may that document be marked for
 - 29 i denti fi cati on?

- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE: I am going to describe it in this way:
- 2 This is the document drawn by DCT-68 showing the locations and
- 3 dates where he was during the period December 1996 to January
- 4 2002, the positions he held at those locations, and the overall
- 10:53:04 5 commanders in charge of each location. That document is marked
 - 6 MFI -413.
 - 7 MR KOUMJIAN:
 - 8 Q. Sir, did you ever see RUF fighters with markings on their
 - 9 body?
- 10:53:32 10 A. Yes, I saw them.
 - 11 Q. What kind of markings would they have?
 - 12 A. It was on their hand.
 - 13 Q. Can you describe what you saw?
 - 14 A. Just marks, stripes. Stripes.
- 10:53:51 15 Q. And how were those marks put on their hand?
 - 16 A. That one I can't tell, because I was not there when it was
 - 17 done, so and it was not I did not participate in it.
 - 18 Q. Did you see RUF fighters with markings on their chest and
 - 19 shoul ders?
- 10:54:12 20 A. The ones I saw, it was only on the hand. I never saw ones
 - 21 on the chest.
 - 22 MR KOUMJIAN: Your Honour, the witness patted his right
 - shoulder as demonstrating when he said "the hand".
 - 24 THE WITNESS: But I can't be specific whether it was right
- 10:54:27 25 or left, but there were marks on this part of their arm.
 - 26 MR KOUMJIAN: Again, for the record, indicating the
 - 27 shoul der.
 - 28 JUDGE DOHERTY: I would have said that was more the upper
 - 29 arm than the shoulder. He didn't sort of turn the corner --

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1 THE WITNESS: Okay, let's put it that way: The upper arm. 2 MR KOUMJIAN: Above the bicep. Shoulder above the bicep the arm above the bicep: 3 Sir, did you ever see an herbalist, some kind of medicine 4 Q. man, come just before these offences in December 1998? 10:54:57 5 Α. No, I did not see. 6 7 Now, sir, talking about - you talked about listening to 0. Focus on Africa and hearing some interviews, and I want to go 8 over some documents with you to see if you recall hearing these. The first would be MFI-335, page 2. And if we perhaps just --10:55:21 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Koumjian, did you say MFI-332 or 335? 11 12 MR KOUMJIAN: 335, page 2. 13 0. But perhaps just to show what the document is, if we could 14 show page 1 briefly. We see this is an article. The dateline is 10:56:33 15 Freetown, September 7; byline, Lansana Fofana; headline "Politics-Sierra Leone: No rebel leader willing to defend the 16 17 Leader"? Then going to page 2, I am going to read only two 18 19 paragraphs, and I believe those would be the sixth and seventh 10:56:59 20 paragraphs beginning "Even as Sankoh". This article states that: 21 "Even as Sankoh was being whisked from the courtroom to an 22 undisclosed place of detention on September 4, RUF's second in 23 command, Colonel Sam Bockarie, alias Mosquito, threatened to wage a campaign of genocide, if the rebel leader was not immediately 24 10:57:25 25 rel eased. 26 'I will order my troops to kill every living thing, 27 including chickens, if our leader is not released,' he was quoted

as saying by a leading European radio station, monitored here."

Mr Witness, do you recall hearing Sam Bockarie threaten -

- 1 make various threats if Foday Sankoh was not released? That's my
- 2 question right now. Do you recall hearing Sam Bockarie make
- 3 various threats on the radio if Foday Sankoh was not released?
- 4 We are waiting for your answer.
- 10:58:20 5 A. I cannot recall this part of the statement.
 - 6 Q. Do you recall hearing Sam Bockarie make any threats that
 - 7 something would happen if Foday Sankoh was not released when he
 - 8 was speaking on the radio in late 1998?
 - 9 A. Well, the only threat was that he will enter Freetown, you
- 10:58:48 10 see, that I heard.
 - 11 Q. Well, let's just go over a couple. So this particular one,
 - 12 you do not recall hearing these words. Is that right?
 - 13 A. No, no.
 - 14 Q. Just that he threatened to enter Freetown, correct?
- 10:59:04 15 A. Yeah.
 - 16 Q. Let's try 334C, 19 November. Sir, so you know what this
 - 17 is, this is a compilation of news articles or media reports and
 - 18 under the date 19 November, the first paragraph, that's what I am
 - 19 going to read to you, it states:
- 10:59:50 20 "The Revolutionary United Front will destroy 'every living
 - 21 thing' if anything happens to their leader, Corporal Foday
 - 22 Sankoh, RUF commander Sam Maskita Bockarie told the newspaper For
 - 23 di People in a report published on Wednesday. Sankoh is
 - 24 currently being held at Pademba Road Prison in Freetown where he
- 11:00:17 25 is preparing an appeal against his conviction and death sentence
 - on treason charges. 'I am a ruthless commander,' Bockarie said
 - in a telephone interview. 'I am ready to damage but I am waiting
 - 28 until something happens to Sankoh. When I take Freetown I shall
 - 29 clear every living thing and building. To my God, I'll fight.

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1 I'll kill and kill, and the more they tell me to stop, the more 2 I'll kill. Only Sankoh can tell us to stop.' Bockarie rejected 3 a call by the United States special envoy to Africa 4 Reverend Jesse Jackson for the RUF to lay down its arms. '(The US is) a big hypocrite whose intention is to steal our national 5 resources rather than bring peace to the country, ' he said. 6 7 'America and the world should know that we shall not lay down our arms because only a defeated man can do so.'" 8 Mr Witness, do you ever recall hearing or reading Sam 11:01:28 10 Bockarie making these comments or comments of this type? Well, I can only recall the threat of entering Freetown. 11 Α. Let's look at 334D, page 6. Just so we get the date, if we 12 Q. 13 can show briefly page 5. So, Mr Witness, this is again a 14 compilation of news or media reports and I am going to read from the entry under 25 December that begins on page 5, but what I 11:02:29 15 want to read is on the next page, page 6, the very last paragraph 16 17 before 24 December: "RUF commander Sam 'Maskita' Bockarie threatened on Friday 18 19 to attack Freetown on New Year's Day, then moved up the deadline 11:03:03 20 claiming the arrival of ECOMOG reinforcements, unless the 21 government agreed to negotiate with the rebels. 'If Kabbah does 22 not agree to respond to our request to open dialogue, then in 48 23 to 72 hours we will enter Freetown, 'Bockarie told the Agence 24 France-Presse. 'We are going to march into Freetown on New

Year's Day unless the government agrees to our terms, 'Bockarie

said in a separate Reuters interview. 'We have the will and the

and were battling for Kenema. He also claimed to have captured

Waterloo, about 20 miles from southeast of Freetown, and nearby

Bockarie claimed that AFRC/RUF rebels had captured Makeni

- 1 Benguema, where he said rebel forces had seized the military
- 2 training barracks. There has been no independent confirmation of
- 3 his claims."
- 4 Sir, do you recall that specific interview either of
- 11:04:10 5 those? There's two mentioned.
 - 6 A. As I said, I only knew of I can only recall him saying,
 - 7 "We will enter Freetown if Sankoh is not released."
 - 8 Q. If we can now go to MFI-334E. Just so we know the date I
 - 9 am going to read from page 4 of 8, but the date appears on page 3
- 11:05:27 10 of 8. So we see at the bottom 27 December, that entry, and I
 - 11 want to read from the next page. So starting at the second line:
 - 12 "Makeni residents who reached Freetown on Saturday
 - 13 confirmed that ECOMOG was in control, although some reported that
 - 14 the rebels were in parts of the town or that ECOMOG was defending
- 11:06:05 15 the military barracks. RUF commander Sam Maskita Bockarie also
 - 16 made claims that his fighters had captured the town, saying
 - 17 Saturday that the rebels had killed 60 ECOMOG soldiers and
 - dragged their bodies through the streets 'as an example to
 - 19 everyone'. Bockarie, who has threatened an AFRC/RUF rebel
- 11:06:32 20 assault on Freetown, called on President Kabbah to resign.
 - 'Failure of Kabbah to resign, and we will start bombarding
 - 22 Freetown and we will not stop until victory is won,' Bockarie
 - 23 told the Associated Press."
 - 24 Do you recall this interview, Mr Witness?
- 11:06:53 25 A. No. I never heard of this particular script. This is my
 - 26 first time of --
 - 27 Q. Okay. Thank you. 334F, page 2 of 8. Sir, we see under
 - 28 December and I am only going to read the second paragraph:
 - 29 "RUF commander Sam 'Maskita' Bockarie claimed Friday to

- 1 have captured Waterloo and Benguema, 20 and 30 miles from
- 2 Freetown, respectively. ECOMOG commander Major General Timothy
- 3 Shelpidi denied the rebel claim, saying ECOMOG troops were 'in
- 4 control of the area.' In an interview on Sunday, Bockarie said
- 11:08:01 5 the rebels 'were no longer seeking dialogue,' adding it was 'too
 - 6 late now.'"
 - 7 Do you recall hearing that?
 - 8 A. No.
 - 9 Q. Sir, I have just one more to read to you and that's 334B,
- 11:08:21 10 page 1.
 - 11 MR MUNYARD: Can I just clarify one point on that last
 - 12 matter, and could it be put back on the screen for a moment. I
 - 13 just want to understand if my learned friend is suggesting that
 - 14 this was an interview on the radio, because he is asking the
- 11:08:41 15 witness about interviews he heard on the radio. It's not clear
 - 16 to me whether this particular paragraph purports to be an
 - 17 interview on the radio. I wonder if Mr Koumjian could clarify
 - 18 that.
 - 19 MR KOUMJIAN: Your Honour, the document is in evidence and
- 11:09:00 20 I don't think I need to give evidence on it.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, but what did you say to the witness
 - 22 when you were asking him?
 - 23 MR KOUMJIAN: I would have to check. I believe, "Do you
 - 24 recall that statement or interview?" I don't believe if I I
- 11:09:12 25 don't know if I specified radio or any source of media. I said,
 - 26 "Do you recall this interview, Mr Witness?"
 - THE WITNESS: No.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: You might have said, "Do you recall
 - 29 hearing?" Let me just check exactly. Because if that's what you

- 1 said, it presumes that this was a radio interview.
- 2 MR KOUMJIAN: Page 36, line 22 on my script, my question
- 3 was, "Do you recall this interview, Mr Witness?"
- 4 THE WITNESS: No. This is my first time of seeing it or
- 11:09:55 5 hearing about it.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Does that clarify matters?
 - 7 MR MUNYARD: That does. Thank you.
 - 8 MR KOUMJIAN:
- 9 Q. One more, Mr Witness, 334B, page 1. We see that this page
- 11:10:24 10 is dated 29 December and reading starting at the second
 - 11 paragraph, I am going to read a few sentences:
 - 12 "ECOMOG sent 300 troops towards Lunsar Tuesday as RUF
 - 13 commander Sam 'Maskita' Bockarie claimed his forces had captured
 - 14 the town. Bockarie said the rebels seized Lunsar on Tuesday
- 11:10:49 15 after heavy fighting with ECOMOG troops. 'We have captured
 - 16 Lunsar, and the ECOMOG soldiers are now on the run,' Bockarie
 - 17 sai d. "
 - Now I want to move down and, just to shorten things, go to
 - 19 the middle of that paragraph and picking it up eight lines from
- 11:11:14 20 the bottom just after "civilian movements from Lunsar", in the
 - 21 middle of that line:
 - 22 "Bockarie said his forces would continue to head towards
 - 23 Freetown. Despite calls by ECOWAS for negotiations. 'The issue
 - 24 is not laying down arms. The issue is dialogue and getting our
- 11:11:38 25 Leader Foday Sankoh released from prison, Bockarie said. 'This
 - 26 is our ultimatum. If a dialogue is not started we will have to
 - 27 invade Freetown. They have 48 hours.'"
 - 28 Do you recall hearing Sam Bockarie make such a threat or
 - 29 make such a statement, Mr Witness?

- 1 A. Well, this per se this particular time, I cannot say
- 2 anything in respect of it. But that had been the position, that
- 3 if Foday Sankoh is not released or no negotiation, we will enter
- 4 Freetown. Most of these scripts that you are coming with, the
- 11:12:29 5 dates that are being shown on them, I cannot recall.
 - 6 Q. Sir, I would now like to go back to the tape we wanted to
 - 7 play yesterday, and that's MFI-279. So I will take a moment to
 - 8 put the transcript up for you, and then we will play the tape.
 - 9 MS IRURA: Your Honour, I can confirm the tape was tested
- 11:14:25 10 this morning and it was working, but at this moment we are not
 - 11 getting the sound in the courtroom, so the AV booth is checking
 - 12 what the problem could be.
 - 13 MR KOUMJIAN: I will move on:
 - 14 Q. Mr Witness, I want to go back to the incident on Spur Road,
- 11:14:47 15 8 May 2000. That's the date; is that correct, sir?
 - 16 A. Yes.
 - 17 Q. And you said you fled from the house along with Foday
 - 18 Sankoh, correct?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 11:14:56 20 Q. Who else was with the group that left the house?
 - 21 A. If I can recall, at that time it was a tense situation.
 - 22 Everybody was in a confused state. People like there was a
 - 23 brother, Swarray, who was the CSO to Foday Sankoh.
 - 24 Q. Jackson Swarray?
- 11:15:42 25 A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. The Black Guard commander. Is that correct?
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. Also known as Ray Swarray?
 - 29 A. Yeah. Gibril Massaquoi. I think if my memory serves me

- 1 well, Eldred Collins was there also.
- 2 Q. Was Superman there?
- 3 A. Yes, Superman was there.
- 4 Q. So when you fled, did the group split up or were you all
- 11:16:27 5 together at some point? Explain that.
 - 6 A. No, we were in disarray at that time.
 - 7 Q. Were you with Sankoh?
 - 8 A. Yes.
 - 9 Q. And how long did you stay with Sankoh?
- 11:16:39 10 A. We left that house at approximately 1 p.m. I was with
 - 11 Sankoh till 8 p.m. in the evening, but we were now out of the
 - 12 house, finding our way up the hills.
 - 13 Q. Who was with the group besides you and Sankoh at that time?
 - 14 A. Which group?
- 11:17:09 15 Q. Well, you were with Sankoh. Was it just the two of you
 - 16 alone, or was there anyone else with you?
 - 17 A. Well, there were other bodyguards that were around, you
 - 18 see, but to say I can recall their names is not easy now.
 - 19 Q. Was Jackson Swarray with you?
- 11:17:23 20 A. Well, Jackson Swarray was only with us when we were in the
 - 21 compound that was trying to move Sankoh out of the compound.
 - 22 That was the last time I saw him.
 - 23 Q. Jackson Swarray was Liberian, correct?
 - 24 A. No.
- 11:17:38 25 Q. Did you know Jackson Swarray had been a bodyguard for
 - 26 Charles Taylor?
 - 27 A. Never. He has never been a bodyguard for Charles Taylor.
 - 28 Q. He served in the Executive Mansion guard for
 - 29 Charles Taylor, did you know that?

- 1 A. I have no idea in respect of that. I only knew Jackson
- 2 Swarray as the chief security officer of Foday Sankoh.
- 3 Q. When is the last time you saw Jackson Swarray?
- 4 A. Almost a year ago.
- 11:18:09 5 Q. What was he doing?
 - 6 A. Well, he is presently unemployed. I saw him in Freetown.
 - 7 Q. Did he tell you he was working for the Defence of
 - 8 Mr Taylor, Jackson Swarray?
 - 9 A. Well, I did not discuss any issue in respect of the Court
- 11:18:27 10 with him.
 - 11 Q. Sir --
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: What defence of Mr Taylor are you
 - 13 referring to? This Defence team?
 - 14 MR KOUMJIAN: I am asking if Jackson Swarray told him. I
- 11:18:39 15 am not making an allegation that he is on the official Defence
 - 16 team.
 - 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Because that word "defence of Mr Taylor"
 - is ambiguous.
 - 19 MR KOUMJIAN: Clearly, and that would have to be clarified
- 11:18:52 20 by what Mr Swarray says to people.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: But if you are putting a proposition to a
 - 22 witness, you have the duty to put a true proposition to the
 - 23 witness, not an ambiguous one. I, for instance, I do not know
 - 24 what you mean by "he is working for the Defence of Mr Taylor".
- 11:19:10 25 Is it for this team, or this other group that we have heard is in
 - 26 Liberia? Which is the question that you are putting to the
 - wi tness?
 - 28 MR KOUMJIAN: Well, what I am putting to the witness is
 - 29 that Jackson Swarray is identifying himself as working for the

- 1 defence of Taylor without specifying whether he works for any -
- 2 officially or unofficially. That's what I am putting to the
- 3 wi tness:
- 4 MR MUNYARD: Well, I am grateful, first of all, to my
- 11:19:42 5 learned friend for clarifying and I think it needs to be
 - 6 clarified in public that there is no suggestion that this
 - 7 person works for Mr Taylor's legal Defence team. None
 - 8 whatsoever.
 - 9 But, secondly, I think my learned friend has to be careful
- 11:19:57 10 to put questions rather than attempt himself to give evidence,
 - and the way in which that was first put to the witness came close
 - 12 to Mr Koumjian giving evidence about Mr Swarray.
 - 13 I don't need to say any more except one thing,
 - 14 your Honour. You did say you asked for clarification whether
- 11:20:18 15 Jackson Swarray was working for the Defence team, obviously
 - 16 referring to ourselves, or this other organisation in Liberia.
 - 17 It doesn't follow that there is only two groups, if you like,
 - 18 that anyone might align themselves with in order to give support
 - 19 to Mr Taylor's defence. It could be a much wider basis than
- 11:20:42 20 that, including on an individual basis he could be purporting to
 - be doing this.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Indeed. That only underlines my inquiry.
 - 23 But please proceed, Mr Koumjian.
 - MR KOUMJIAN:
- 11:20:55 25 Q. So, sir, what happened at 8 o'clock when you separated from
 - 26 Sankoh?
 - 27 A. They were shooting, you see. The soldiers were shooting.
 - 28 So there was he was I left him to go and call for other
 - 29 people to come around him, but the intensified shooting never

- 1 made me again to return, because the shooting was so tense at
- 2 that time. So we had to conceal in the bush, you see. We
- 3 spent we were in that bush finding Sankoh till 2 a.m. in the
- 4 morning, but we could not find him.
- 11:21:40 5 Q. So then --
 - 6 A. That was the time we left for Makeni.
 - 7 Q. And in the group when you went to Makeni, were you with a
 - 8 group, or by yourself?
 - 9 A. We were in a group.
- 11:21:52 10 Q. Was Superman in your group?
 - 11 A. Yes.
 - 12 Q. Was Gibril Massaquoi in your group?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Did Superman discuss what he would say to Issa Sesay when
- 11:22:02 15 he got to Makeni?
 - 16 A. I have no idea in respect of that.
 - 17 Q. Were you present when he reported to Issa Sesay?
 - 18 A. No. In fact, we did not arrive we had to disperse. It
 - 19 reached a stage in which we dispersed and then we took our own
- 11:22:21 20 way, they took their own way. But we were the first to arrive in
 - 21 Makeni, you see. Only I heard that they were in Lunsar at that
 - 22 time, himself and Gibril Massaquoi.
 - 23 Q. Superman and Gibril Massaguoi?
 - 24 A. Yes
- 11:22:35 25 Q. Now, what assignment after the arrest of Foday Sankoh,
 - 26 shortly after that, he was arrested about a week later, correct,
 - 27 after the May 8 incident?
 - 28 A. Yes.
 - 29 Q. What assignment did Superman get after that?

- 1 A. He was the field commander.
- 2 Q. Do you know where he was assigned?
- 3 A. No. A field commander has no specific base. Makeni was
- 4 the headquarters at that time.
- 11:23:07 5 Q. Do you mean battlefield commander?
 - 6 A. Yes, battlefield commander.
 - 7 Q. So he was number two in the RUF?
 - 8 A. Yes.
 - 9 Q. Reporting to who?
- 11:23:14 10 A. Issa Sesay.
 - 11 Q. Did or were you aware of the RUF after that time engaging
 - 12 in combat in Guinea?
 - 13 A. I have no idea in respect of --
 - 14 Q. Weren't you aware of RUF losing some soldiers in Guinea in
- 11:23:45 15 the year 2000, 2001?
 - 16 A. I said no idea. There were certain operations, if you were
 - 17 not a military man, you will never know anything about it.
 - 18 Q. Sir, you worked closely with Issa Sesay, correct?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 11:24:01 20 Q. Did you can you tell us what you know about Issa Sesay
 - 21 losing diamonds in Monrovia?
 - 22 A. I have no idea in respect of diamonds going to Monrovia.
 - 23 All the diamonds we had were in Kono.
 - 24 Q. Sir, you were in the RUF from 1992 to present?
- 11:24:23 **25** A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. Have you heard of Issa Sesay Iosing a large amount of
 - 27 diamonds in Monrovia?
 - 28 A. No i dea.
 - 29 Q. Have you ever heard of Issa Sesay Iosing diamonds?

- 1 A. Well, it was only in Makeni I heard that, you see, and that
- 2 was managed by Gibril Massaquoi. They say they came with
- 3 somebody who can double money, or something like that, you see.
- 4 So Issa had a chain that have, I think, about two or three carat
- 11:24:54 5 diamond and a gold chain with a lion locket which was, they said,
 - 6 given to that money doubler. That was the only incident that
 - 7 came to my notice in respect of --
 - 8 Q. Sir, what happened to Superman eventually?
 - 9 A. Well, I heard he was he died. But the circumstance, I
- 11:25:28 10 cannot explain.
 - 11 Q. Where was he when he died?
 - 12 A. I think it was around Kono or so.
 - 13 Q. Sir, in the time when Issa Sesay became the leader after
 - 14 Foday Sankoh's arrest in 2000, the you have talked about the
- 11:25:54 15 importance of diamonds. Diamond production was better organised
 - 16 at that time during the Issa Sesay time than any other period for
 - 17 the RUF, would you agree?
 - 18 A. It had always been organised. It has not been in any
 - 19 disarray. In the RUF, in fact, we have a policy. If you are not
- 11:26:15 20 part of the mining committee that was set up, you have no right
 - to be in possession of diamonds.
 - 22 Q. What happens if someone is caught with diamonds --
 - 23 A. Since the war started, in fact, when you take diamonds, you
 - 24 should report it to the highest authorities that are in charge of
- 11:26:35 25 that diamond. If you are caught with it and you don't have
 - 26 anything to do with it, you are liable to face the dreaded
 - 27 security panel for further investigation.
 - 28 Q. In fact, some individuals were accused of hiding diamonds
 - 29 and beaten, sometimes even beaten to death. Isn't that true?

- 1 A. Well, it was against the principles of the revolution.
- 2 That whatever you had in respect of diamonds, foreign exchange,
- 3 you need to surrender it to those who are in charge. So if you
- 4 are caught with you are caught hiding such, then definitely you
- 11:27:12 5 have to face a disciplinary measure. But in respect of people
 - 6 being beaten to death, I have no idea.
 - 7 Q. The diamond mining during the Sesay time was mechanised for
 - 8 the first time for the RUF, would you agree? Heavy equipment was
 - 9 brought in so that digging could be done in a more efficient
- 11:27:35 **10** manner?
 - 11 A. I want you to be specific in respect of heavy equipments.
 - 12 Q. Okay. It wasn't just shakers and shovels that they were
 - 13 using in the Issa Sesay time, correct?
 - 14 A. Shovels and shakers were used.
- 11:27:50 15 Q. It wasn't just shovels and shakers that were used?
 - 16 A. That's why I say, if you can be specific. The type of
 - 17 heavy equipments that were brought in, whether it were
 - 18 Caterpillars or bulldozers that came in, then I will be in a
 - 19 position to say, "Yes, we have this." But as far as I am
- 11:28:07 20 concerned, the only machines that were used were those Robin
 - 21 pumps to remove water in the diamond pits. Those days to even
 - 22 get a gallon of petrol was very, very expensive. So you cannot
 - 23 bring in heavy equipments to mine diamond. We were buying a
 - 24 gallon of petrol up to 80,000 leones at that time, a five gallon
- 11:28:42 25 container at that time. So how much did you need.
 - 26 Q. So during Issa Sesay's times, the pumps were brought in,
 - 27 correct?
 - 28 A. They were not brought in. We met them there, because
 - 29 people abandoned most of these properties, you see. So we cannot

- 1 see them and then we need them and then we just leave them like
- 2 that, you see. Hence we need them for what we want them for, we
- 3 have to use them, as I told you earlier when you asked in respect
- 4 of even food.
- 11:29:08 5 Q. And generators were brought in during Issa Sesay's time to
 - 6 the diamond mining areas, correct?
 - 7 A. No. Any machine that was used were those we met in Kono,
 - 8 which people were using, who were miners, because they cannot
 - 9 flee with those equipments. You cannot be fleeing for your life
- 11:29:31 10 and then you take heavy equipments on your head and then move
 - 11 with it, you see. So you just have to abandon them. If we come
 - 12 there and see them and we need them, we just have to use them.
 - 13 That one I will not hide that from you, that we took it back to
 - 14 them and gave it to them or we burnt them, no. Because we needed
- 11:29:48 15 them, you see, so we have to use them.
 - 16 Q. Sir, what do you know about the killing of Fonti Kanu?
 - 17 A. I have no idea.
 - 18 Q. You know who Fonti Kanu was, SLA officer?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 11:30:04 20 Q. Did you hear that he was one that helped arranged the
 - 21 Magburaka shipment, he came on the plane with the weapons, the
 - 22 ammuni ti on?
 - 23 A. I told you military secrets were not easily disclosed to
 - 24 civilians. Those issues were discussed among military men and I
- 11:30:22 25 was not part of the command structure in respect of military
 - 26 issues. I am a civilian and I was in the political wing of the
 - 27 RUF. That was my own assignment.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Koumjian, the tape has run out at this
 - 29 stage. I think we will have to pick up the evidence after the

2 [Break taken at 11.30 a.m.] [Upon resuming at 12.02 p.m.] 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Koumjian, please continue. 4 MR KOUMJIAN: Your Honour, the tape is now ready and I 12:01:49 5 would like to take advantage of that fact to play P-279. 6 7 [Audiotape played to the Court] MR MUNYARD: Your Honours, I don't want to interrupt the 8 flow of my learned friend's cross-examination, so I rise at this point just to draw attention on this transcript we've all been 12:11:49 10 looking at. On page 3 of 5 in the middle of the page there's a 11 12 two and a half line answer in the middle of page: "Sesay: I'm talking to you now the battle is going on but someone has 13 14 just told me that they have captured the main office. the" - and here we've got the "only room". I thought I heard 12:12:15 15 "orderly room" which would actually make far more sense. I would 16 17 just like that noted and hope that doesn't interfere with the flow of Mr Koumjian's cross-examination. 18 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: This is an existing or pre-existing MFI 12:12:37 20 that I think is subjudice for admission, no? 21 MR KOUMJIAN: This is an admitted Prosecution exhibit. 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: It's an admitted Prosecution exhibit. 23 MR KOUMJIAN: Of course the actual tape is the best evidence of what was said and if your Honours disagree with the 24 12:12:58 25 transcript, the tape is the best evidence: 26 Sir, what we just heard is Focus on Africa broadcast on 27 this historic day in Sierra Leone of 6 January 1999. Do you 28 recognise it as a broadcast you heard? 29 Yes. Α.

morning break. We will reconvene at 12 o'clock.

- 1 Q. This is the broadcast you heard that caused the soldiers
- that were with you to jubilate, correct?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Which broadcast caused your soldiers to jubilate?
- 12:13:38 5 A. It was only when we heard that Freetown had been taken
 - 6 over, but this interview was not the one.
 - 7 Q. Did you hear Freetown had been taken over from internal
 - 8 communications rather than commercial radio?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 12:13:56 10 Q. Thank you. Now, on this tape you hear the speaker. First
 - of all, that's not Issa Sesay's voice, correct?
 - 12 A. This is his voice.
 - 13 Q. Whose voice did you think that was?
 - 14 A. I said it is Issa Sesay's voice.
- 12:14:12 15 Q. You think that's Issa Sesay?
 - 16 A. Yes.
 - 17 Q. Have you ever heard of FAT Sesay?
 - 18 A. I don't --
 - 19 Q. An SLA officer, FAT Sesay.
- 12:14:30 20 A. Yes, I've heard of.
 - 21 Q. Do you know his voice?
 - 22 A. No.
 - 23 Q. Sir, in the broadcast it refers to the person in charge as
 - 24 TAB Yahya, PLO2. Do you recognise that person as Gullit?
- 12:14:48 25 A. I don't know that person.
 - 26 Q. Do you know who Gullit was?
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. Do you know who the PLO2 was during the junta time in
 - 29 Freetown?

- 1 A. Well, I cannot remember exactly.
- 2 Q. Sir, were you ever known by the radio code Mbadara?
- 3 A. No idea.
- 4 Q. You don't know if you were known by that code or not? Let
- 12:15:23 5 me spell it. Something like M-B-A-D-A-R-A.
 - 6 A. No idea about that code. This is my first time of hearing
 - 7 it.
 - 8 Q. Did you have a radio code?
 - 9 A. Myself sitting here?
- 12:15:38 10 Q. Yourself when you were during the war with the RUF, yes,
 - 11 you, sir.
 - 12 A. No, I don't have any code name or radio code name.
 - 13 Q. Did you ever transport ammunition on the orders of Issa
 - 14 Sesay?
- 12:15:55 15 A. I've told you earlier that I'm not a military man, so --
 - 16 Q. That doesn't answer the question, sir. Did you ever
 - 17 transport ammunition on the orders of Issa Sesay?
 - 18 A. Well, if somebody is not a military man, I don't see how
 - 19 they can give that person order to transport military equipment.
- 12:16:14 20 Q. Sir, you know that --
 - 21 A. That is restricted only to military people.
 - 22 Q. Sir, you know that even civilians were forced to carry
 - 23 ammunition boxes on footpaths, correct?
 - 24 A. Yes
- 12:16:29 25 Q. So you don't have to be a military person to transport
 - 26 ammunition, do you?
 - 27 A. Well, in my own case. I'm not saying in the case of
 - 28 civilians maybe who were on the side when areas are captured, you
 - 29 see.

- 1 Q. Sir, when did you demobilise?
- 2 A. Are you talking to me?
- 3 Q. Yes, sir.
- 4 A. I never participated in the DDR process.
- 12:16:58 5 Q. Have you ever spelled your name differently, sir?
 - 6 A. I've never.
 - 7 MR MUNYARD: Which part of his name?
 - 8 MR KOUMJIAN:
 - 9 Q. I think your family name, have you ever spelled that
- 12:17:08 10 differently, sir?
 - 11 A. I have never.
 - 12 Q. And is your name typical from Sierra Leone?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Sir, you know Joseph Brown?
- 12:17:27 15 A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. And what was his how do you know him?
 - 17 A. Well, I only came to know Joseph Brown when I was in Kono.
 - 18 That was in 2002.
 - 19 Q. What was his position then?
- 12:17:50 20 A. No, no, I don't know him I did not know his position at
 - 21 that time. I only saw him with Issa.
 - 22 Q. Issa Sesay?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. Sir, from the time that the Foday Sankoh was arrested,
- 12:18:13 25 the war continued for some time after that I'm talking about
 - 26 after the May 8, 2000 incident fighting continued between the
 - 27 RUF and Kamajors and sometimes ECOMOG, correct?
 - 28 A. Yes.
 - 29 Q. And when would you put it as the point when the fighting

- 1 actually completely stopped?
- 2 A. Well, I can't be quite specific because I was not
- 3 monitoring the radio sets or through which messages were
- 4 received that incidents do occur in certain parts of the country.
- 12:19:07 5 Q. Would you say that fighting continued until late 2001?
 - 6 A. Even during the peace process, the Kamajors attacked the
 - 7 RUF position in Kono, 2002.
 - 8 Q. And the RUF was defending those positions because Kono was
 - 9 the most strategic location because of its obvious value due to
- 12:19:30 10 the diamonds, correct?
 - 11 A. No, not for that reason. Any territory that you've held,
 - 12 if you are about to be pushed from that territory, you just have
 - 13 to defend it. Not because of diamonds or the wealth that is
 - 14 found on that land.
- 12:19:43 15 Q. Sir, Kono was, after Lome, the most strategic area for the
 - 16 RUF to hold on to, would you agree?
 - 17 A. No. We were in Makeni. We were in Kailahun, Tonkolili.
 - 18 Q. Sir, let's look at yesterday's transcript, please, for a
 - 19 moment, page 37137. I would like you to explain one of your
- 12:20:09 20 answers. If you recall, sir, yesterday afternoon, this is just
 - 21 before 4 o'clock, if you go to the top of the page, please, I was
 - 22 asking you you were talking about the incident of the diamond
 - 23 that was brought to Sankoh and Sankoh Leaving and you explained
 - 24 that the diamond was left in a briefcase. And you added this
- 12:21:05 25 comment, which I would like you to expand upon, and that was at
 - 26 line 10. You said this, sir:
 - 27 "We knew there are lots of diamond in Sierra Leone. The
 - 28 day power is in our hands, the diamonds are in our hands."
 - 29 Sir, when you said that, were you expressing the fact that

- 1 in Sierra Leone diamonds and power are interrelated? Those who
- 2 control the diamond will get power; those who are power will
- 3 control the diamonds.
- 4 A. Yes, because if you are if you are heading a country
- 12:21:57 5 maybe as a President or Head of State, the resources of that
 - 6 country belongs to the country and the people. So if you have
 - 7 power, the resources of any country, those in power, they control
 - 8 the resources because they negotiate who and who should come to
 - 9 work those resources.
- 12:22:18 10 Q. And in a country like Sierra Leone where diamonds form such
 - an important part of the economy, those that control the diamonds
 - 12 are likely to be those that control that have power, correct?
 - 13 A. Not necessarily. Because the seat of power was in
 - 14 Freetown, so we were only controlling Kono and we are not in
- 12:22:39 **15** Freetown.
 - 16 Q. The ultimate objective was, to really control the country,
 - 17 you had to control Freetown. Is that what you are saying?
 - 18 A. Yes.
 - 19 Q. Thank you. Sir, you mentioned yesterday Sam Bockarie's
- 12:22:55 20 wife. Her name was Hawa. Is that right?
 - 21 A. I don't think I made mention of Sam Bockarie's wife in any
 - 22 of my statements yesterday.
 - 23 Q. I think when we were talking about well, perhaps I'm
 - 24 wrong. But we were talking about commanders assigning women.
- 12:23:10 25 A. I was telling you about one Major Bala. You showed me a
 - 26 list and I was trying to pinpoint that here is Major Bala. The
 - 27 wife I knew for Major Bala is Massa. And on that document we saw
 - three female against Major Bala's name, not even indicating that
 - 29 they were wives or they were just civilians.

- 1 Q. Sir, I want to ask you about Hawa Bockarie. Did you know
- 2 her?
- 3 A. Yes, I know her.
- 4 Q. What happened to her?
- 12:23:43 5 A. No i dea.
 - 6 Q. Where is she?
 - 7 A. No idea.
 - 8 Q. How many children did Sam Bockarie and Hawa Bockarie have?
 - 9 A. If my memory serves me well, I only know one.
- 12:24:06 10 Q. A little boy?
 - 11 A. Yes, it was a boy.
 - 12 Q. Sir, Hawa Bockarie and all of Sam Bockarie's children were
 - 13 killed under the orders of Charles Taylor and you know that,
 - 14 don't you?
- 12:24:21 15 A. I have no idea in respect of what you are saying.
 - 16 Q. Do you know what happened to Hawa Bockarie and Sam
 - 17 Bockari e's children?
 - 18 A. No i dea.
 - 19 Q. You've heard nothing about it?
- 12:24:31 20 A. No.
 - 21 MR KOUMJIAN: Thank you very much. No further questions.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, you have some questions in
 - 23 re-examination?
 - 24 MR MUNYARD: Just a few points in re-examination,
- 12:24:46 25 your Honour, if I may.
 - 26 RE-EXAMINATION BY MR MUNYARD:
 - 27 Q. Just a few matters of clarification, please, Mr Witness.
 - 28 You mentioned today something about Issa Sesay having a gold
 - 29 chain and you mentioned this: You said that he had brought it

- 1 for a money doubler. Can you just tell us what is a money
- 2 doubler?
- 3 A. A money doubler is somebody who comes around and say if you
- 4 have \$1,000 I will make that \$1,000 rise up to \$10,000, \$15,000.
- 12:25:38 5 Q. I don't want to spend any great deal of time on it, but how
 - 6 is that done? Is it some sort of is it done by magic or by
 - 7 investment or by what?
 - 8 A. Well, to my own knowledge, in respect of what we are here
 - 9 for, they say it's magic, but I don't believe in such.
- 12:26:01 10 Q. Thank you. Going back to some of the questions that you
 - 11 were asked yesterday, you've just touched on a document. I'm not
 - 12 actually going to ask for it to be put up because I think we're
 - 13 familiar with it. It was exhibit P-51. It was the list of names
 - of officers on one side of the page and women's names on the
- 12:26:31 15 other side of the page, and I don't know if it was read out to
 - 16 you, but the heading on that page or those pages you were
 - 17 Looking at was "Officer in charge", and then it gave the
 - 18 officers. And you've just talked about Major Bala.
 - 19 A. Yeah.
- 12:26:45 20 Q. And various women whose names appeared against his name.
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - 22 Q. What did you understand "officer in charge of those women"
 - 23 to mean?
 - 24 A. Come again?
- 12:27:02 25 Q. Well, we saw the maybe it's best if we do put the list
 - on. P-51, please, Madam Court Officer. It's at page 25592 of
 - 27 that particular exhibit. Thank you. Now, look at that page,
 - 28 please, Mr Witness. The heading on the second line is "Name of
 - 29 civilian women" and that's the left-hand column, and "Officer in

- 1 charge", and that is over at the right-hand column. One entry
- 2 has been put in above the title on the page, it would appear on
- 3 the face of it, simply because somebody had written the heading
- 4 before they had put in all the names.
- 12:28:27 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. Just tell us, looking at that document, when it says
 - 7 "Officer in charge", what does that mean? What was the officer
 - 8 in what or who was the officer in charge of, and what was the
 - 9 purpose of the list?
- 12:28:50 10 A. Well, because this is my first time of seeing this list, so
 - 11 I cannot just see names of civilian women and I see "officers in
 - 12 charge" and exactly say why were these women attached to these
 - 13 officers.
 - 14 Q. Right. So --
- 12:29:08 15 A. Because it's just a list. It's not so explicit.
 - 16 Q. Quite. It isn't explicit at all. But, from your knowledge
 - 17 of the way systems operated, are you able to help us with what
 - 18 that actually means when it says "officer in charge" and "name of
 - 19 civilian women"?
- 12:29:31 20 A. Well, I can say maybe the area Major Bala was in, maybe
 - 21 these were the female civilians that were living in that
 - 22 particular area where he was in charge.
 - 23 Q. But are you saying that from knowledge, or are you guessing
 - that that's what this means?
- 12:29:51 25 A. I'm guessing. It's just a guess.
 - 26 Q. We don't want you to guess. We simply want to know if you
 - are able to help us from your own knowledge.
 - 28 A. I'm not able to help in this case.
 - 29 Q. Very well. Thank you very much. Thank you, I don't need

- 1 that on the screen any longer. Now just a few individual
- 2 matters. They are not necessarily connected with one another.
- 3 Starting towards the beginning of your cross-examination, you
- 4 talked about how when the war started in Sierra Leone you were
- 12:30:42 5 anxious about your own security and you eventually made your way
 - 6 to Zogoda in 1992?
 - 7 A. Yes.
 - 8 Q. Do you remember explaining that to my learned friend?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 12:30:56 10 Q. Just tell the judges what was happening in Sierra Leone to
 - 11 anyone who was suspected of being a rebel or associated with the
 - 12 rebels?
 - 13 A. Anybody known to have close connection was executed by the
 - 14 security forces, and I witnessed that in Kenema. Common
- 12:31:21 15 civilians mostly it was if you are not well dressed, because
 - 16 that is how they used to associate rebels. Anything clean is not
 - 17 part of the rebel. The worst in society is always what they
 - 18 associates with rebel. If you are in coat and tie you cannot be
 - 19 executed, but if you are wearing maybe a farmer coming from his
- 12:31:44 20 farm ragtag in that manner they just arrest you, bring you to
 - 21 Kenema and take you to the police station. In the morning they
 - just open the cell. Anybody they see they just say, "One, two,
 - 23 three, four, five, you come out." Then they take them to the
 - 24 cemetery and give them summary execution without going through
- 12:32:04 25 any judiciary process.
 - 26 Q. Right. And you say you saw that with your own eyes?
 - 27 A. Of course, in Kenema. Though I was not there when they
 - were being shot but after they were being shot we used to go to
 - 29 the cemetery, because I was staying very close to the cemetery,

- 1 and see the dead bodies. They can kill up to 10, 20, 15 at least
- 2 for the day. Hence the cell is jam packed. To reduce the number
- 3 of people in the cell they just come, you who will be standing in
- 4 front, they just call you, "Hey, you come out. You come out."
- 12:32:41 5 Summary execution. They take you to the grave site and execute
 - 6 you and then call civilians to bury.
 - 7 Q. Very well. Now a different document, please. This is
 - 8 MFI-227 that you were shown yesterday. If you could put the
 - 9 front cover on so we can identify it. This is "Footpaths to
- 12:33:25 10 Democracy." Could you turn, please, to page 5. Now, this is, I
 - 11 believe, part of the RUF anthem. If you look at the second block
 - 12 of what I will call bold typing rather than the chorus where it
 - 13 says, "Where are our diamonds Mr President? Where is our gold
 - 14 NPRC?" When did the NPRC come into power in Sierra Leone?
- 12:34:18 15 A. 27 April 19 no, 29 April 1992.
 - 16 Q. Right. So it would appear, would it, from just looking at
 - 17 those words, that this was written or published after the coming
 - into power of the NPRC?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 12:34:47 20 Q. It's a leading question --
 - 21 MR KOUMJIAN: It's leading and --
 - 22 MR MUNYARD: Complete commonsense.
 - 23 THE WITNESS: Yes.
 - MR MUNYARD:
- 12:34:53 25 Q. The document speaks for itself?
 - 26 A. Yes.
 - 27 Q. When did the NPRC go out of power?
 - 28 A. I think it was in January January '96.
 - 29 Q. So they were in power for almost four years, from what

- 1 you've just told us?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Could you have a look, please, at page 7. Yes, it's headed
- 4 "Forward." There's a quote from the basic document of the RUF/SL
- 12:35:38 5 that I don't want to take you to, and then the document the
 - 6 body of the forward starts, "We entered Sierra Leone through
 - 7 Liberia." Do you see that?
 - 8 A. Yes.
 - 9 Q. And had you seen this before?
- 12:35:52 10 A. Yes.
 - 11 Q. Yes. All right. Who wrote "Footpaths to Democracy"? Was
 - 12 it one person or was it, as sometimes happens, a committee of
 - 13 people?
 - 14 A. Well, it was a collection of ideas put together.
- 12:36:26 15 Q. By who?
 - 16 A. By, let me say I cannot actually be specific on who all
 - 17 those who placed these ideas together.
 - 18 Q. Did you yourself have any part in writing --
 - 19 A. No.
- 12:36:52 20 Q. -- "Footpaths to Democracy"?
 - 21 A. No, no, no.
 - 22 Q. Did it tell me if you understand what I'm asking. Did it
 - 23 have more than one edition? In other words, was it published
 - 24 more than once?
- 12:37:08 25 A. I have no idea in respect of that.
 - 26 Q. Very well. And I would like you please now to be shown the
 - 27 front cover again. If you pan out, we've got the cover there
 - 28 that we've now seen "Footpaths to Democracy, Towards a New Sierra
 - 29 Leone" and then it says, "Volume 1." Mr Witness, was there more

- 1 than one volume of this work?
- 2 A. The cover of the "Footpaths to Democracy" I knew had no
- 3 baby on it or a woman on it. It was men sitting, the cover I am
- 4 conversant with. That was why when initially this document was
- 12:38:02 5 placed before me I disputed that I did not know anything in
 - 6 respect of this. It was only when I browsed through that I
 - 7 started seeing what was written in there of the same context with
 - 8 the one I knew.
 - 9 Q. Very well. What I want to know is that says "Volume 1."
- 12:38:24 10 Were there even more volumes of this particular work?
 - 11 A. I can't --
 - 12 Q. Are you able to tell us?
 - 13 A. I can't. I can't tell you anything in respect of the
 - 14 volumes that were produced.
- 12:38:35 15 MR MUNYARD: Very well. Thank you. Do your Honours have
 - 16 any questions of the witness?
 - 17 JUDGE DOHERTY: Mr Witness, you mentioned that the document
 - 18 you saw had a different cover.
 - 19 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 12:39:05 20 JUDGE DOHERTY: Do you recall when you saw that document?
 - 21 THE WITNESS: I saw that document in 1993.
 - JUDGE DOHERTY: You see this document has a copyright sign
 - 23 on it dated 1995. So what you saw was a different document, was
 - 24 it?
- 12:39:28 25 THE WITNESS: Well, it was the cover but the contents -
 - 26 though I cannot I cannot say everything that is in the content
 - 27 the one I saw earlier, but they had similar contents. But the
 - one I saw exactly was not that type of picture on the cover.
 - 29 JUDGE DOHERTY: Those were my questions.

witness. I do notice, though, that one document was marked for 2 identification through this witness - just one document I think. 3 4 It was marked at the request of the Prosecution. MR KOUMJIAN: Yes, your Honour, and we would ask that to be 12:40:16 5 admitted and, given the personal information, confidentially. I 6 7 presume that's requested by the witness that it be admitted confidentially. 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, your response? MR MUNYARD: We're quite content with that. 12:40:36 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Madam Court Officer, what is the next 11 exhibit number in line? 12 13 MS IRURA: Your Honour, the next number is P-398. 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Then the document previously marked as MFI-413 is admitted as exhibit P-398 and will be marked 12:40:51 15 "Confi denti al ". 16 17 [Exhibit P-398 admitted] Mr Witness, thank you for your testimony. You are now free 18 19 to return and we wish you a good journey home. 12:41:11 20 THE WITNESS: Thank you very much. 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please escort the witness. 22 THE WITNESS: Excuse me, my Lord, am I allowed to ask questions or make suggestions? 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ask who questions? 24 12:41:33 25 THE WITNESS: Well, I don't know who my questions are going 26 to be referred to because you are in charge of this Court. 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: Do these questions relate to your 28 security or what? 29 THE WITNESS: No, no, no.

PRESIDING JUDGE: There are no further questions for this

1 PRESIDING JUDGE: What do the questions concern? 2 THE WITNESS: Can I ask the question? PRESI DI NG JUDGE: Because you see, this is a trial. 3 4 not running a truth and reconciliation committee. It's a trial and we're keeping a record - a written record and we would like 12:42:04 5 to keep that record for the trial and the evidence. If you have 6 7 any other additional concerns, I'm sure that the Witness and Victims unit can handle those. But we do wish you a good journey 8 home. 12:42:23 10 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you. MR CHEKERA: Your Honours, I'll be leading the next 11 12 wi tness. PRESIDING JUDGE: Before the next witness is called, I'm 13 14 mindful of the adjournment given to the Prosecution in respect of 12:43:07 15 DCT-125. I'm also mindful of the sitting schedule. You know that we're not sitting when we adjourn at the close of the day 16 17 today until Tuesday afternoon, the day when DCT-125 is supposed to return in court. So I'm just wondering, this next witness, is 18 19 the witness going to be - is their testimony going to be brief 12:43:34 20 enough to be completed today? Or are we going to have two 21 witnesses outstanding on Tuesday? This question is for 22 Mr Munyard. In fact, your Honour, I think it's probably 23 MR MUNYARD: 24 best dealt with by Mr Chekera. He was been the person who has 12:43:54 25 been involved with the next witness. From what I know, and he 26 will correct me if I am wrong, I think it's extremely unlikely 27 that this witness could be finished even in chief in the 28 remaining time, but I will hand over to Mr Chekera, who is much 29 better informed on the subject.

2 MR CHEKERA: Only to confirm what my learned friend has sai d. 3 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: We are minded to proceed in this way, and I'm saying this in consultation with the parties, that when this 12:44:45 5 next witness is called, we allow the witness to complete their 6 7 testimony even if it runs over Tuesday before we call back DCT-125. That way we have at least only one witness, DCT-125, 8 whose testimony has been interrupted instead of two witnesses. So this is what we are minded to do. And it appears that the 12:45:11 10 parties do not object. Mr --11 12 MR CHEKERA: If I could take instructions briefly. We 13 agree to the proposal, your Honour. 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. The next witness is what number? 12:45:38 15 MR CHEKERA: DCT-025. PRESIDING JUDGE: That will testify in English? 16 17 MR CHEKERA: Liberian English. PRESIDING JUDGE: With interpretation? 18 19 MR CHEKERA: Yes. 12:45:49 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: And will testify openly? That was an issue I was going to raise because 21 MR CHEKERA: 22 I believe the witness is subject to protective measures pursuant to your pre-trial protective measures decision. 23 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. Allow me just to simply observe or 12:46:05 25 to say that DCT-125 will only be recalled after DCT-025 has 26 completed their testimony. 27 Mr Chekera, what were you going to say about the protective 28 measures for this witness? MR CHEKERA: That the witness is subject to protective 29

PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you, Mr Chekera.

2 protective measures decision which we submit is still valid for 3 the purposes of the trial and post the trial. PRESIDING JUDGE: You'll have to remind me of what those 4 I don't keep them in my head. 12:46:47 5 are. MR CHEKERA: Your decision of 27 May 2009, the operative 6 7 part, paragraphs A and B, in particular paragraph A, assign a pseudonym to the witness, and paragraph B states that - I'll 8 probably just read it out: "That the names or any other identifying information of 12:47:18 10 this witness shall not be disclosed to the public or the media 11 12 and this order shall remain in effect after the close - after the 13 conclusion of the proceedings." 14 And our submission is that paragraph B makes the pre-trial 12:47:36 15 protective measures applicable during the trial and post trial. PRESIDING JUDGE: So, in other words, the witness will 16 17 testify openly save for their names being on the public record. MR CHEKERA: Yes. And in due course we will seek to go 18 19 back and forth into private session for reasons that we'll 12:47:59 20 explain later. 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. The witness may be brought in now. 22 MR KOUMJIAN: Your Honour, Mr Bangura will be handling the witness, so if we can just be allowed to shuffle positions. 23 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Certainly. Mr Chekera, the dress code 12:49:40 25 for the court is that a person comes in dressed in such a way 26 that he can be identified by the people in court. Now, unless 27 there's some good reason why the witness is dressed with a cap, I 28 would like to hear MR CHEKERA: I do not have instructions on that matter. 29

measures granted by your Honours pursuant to a pre-trial

- 1 Actually, my learned colleague just remarked as to the hat
- 2 because when I saw the witness earlier on I didn't raise the
- 3 issue and we could quickly clarify with him whether he certainly
- 4 needs --
- 12:50:10 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Madam Court Officer, could you clarify
 - 6 why the witness is dressed in that manner?
 - 7 WI TNESS: DCT-025 [Sworn]
 - 8 EXAMINATION-IN-CHIEF BY MR CHEKERA:
 - 9 MR CHEKERA: Madam President, a housekeeping matter. Might
- 12:51:43 10 I inquire from the Court Management on what channel the English
 - 11 translation is.
 - MS IRURA: Your Honour, the English translation will be on
 - 13 channel 1.
 - 14 MR CHEKERA:
- 12:52:03 15 Q. Mr Witness, can you hear me?
 - 16 A. Yes.
 - 17 Q. Can we just quickly go through a few housekeeping matters
 - 18 before I proceed. Number one, when you address yourself, please
 - 19 address yourself to the judges right in front of you. Number
- 12:52:23 20 two, because of some protective measures that were granted to you
 - 21 relating to your identity, I will not be referring to you by your
 - 22 name. I will refer to you as Mr Witness. But whenever you
 - 23 answer, do not answer in a way that would disclose your name. Do
 - 24 you follow?
- 12:52:44 25 A. Okay.
 - 26 Q. Thank you. And I'm aware that you have security concerns
 - 27 relating to other issues that we'll get into later. We will at
 - 28 the appropriate time ask for the judges' permission to go into
 - 29 what we call private session, where we will discuss those

	2	of eliciting your personal details. Do you follow that?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	MR CHEKERA: Madam President, at this stage may I apply for
12:53:21	5	a brief closed session?
	6	PRESIDING JUDGE: What Language is the witness - we were
	7	told the witness was going to speak in Liberian English.
	8	MR CHEKERA: Yes, Liberian English. That is the
	9	instructions I have.
12:53:39	10	PRESIDING JUDGE: So for the members of the public sitting
	11	in the gallery, we are required, because this witness enjoys
	12	certain protective measures in relation to his personal data and
	13	his personal names, we are required to go into a brief - very
	14	brief private session to take down his names, and for his
12:54:02	15	security, you will not be able to hear the proceedings, but you
	16	may continue to look inside the court. We will revert back into
	17	public session in a few moments.
	18	MR CHEKERA: Unless my learned friend opposite objects, I'm
	19	just going to lead the witness as far as I can with respect to
12:54:25	20	the bio details to the extent that it's not controversial in any
	21	way.
	22	MR BANGURA: I cannot prejudge the situation in advance.
	23	It depends on questions that are asked, but naturally questions
	24	which are not controversial and may not - may be led, counsel may
12:54:44	25	lead the witness on those questions.
	26	[At this point in the proceedings, a portion of
	27	the transcript, pages 37218 to 37223, was
	28	extracted and sealed under separate cover, as
	29	the proceeding was heard in private session.]

matters, and I'll probably just start by doing that for purposes

27

28

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Q.

far.

MS IRURA: Your Honour, we're in open session. 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, please continue. 3 4 MR CHEKERA: Thank you: {Redacted} would you like - sorry, Mr Witness. May that 13:05:48 5 0. be redacted. That's a bad start, your Honour, I agree. 6 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please redact the name. For the members of the public who were sitting in the gallery, please do not 8 repeat that name outside of the Court. MR CHEKERA: May I proceed? And hopefully without any 13:06:14 10 false starts again. 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. 12 13 MR CHEKERA: Thank you: 14 Q. Mr Witness, would you like to state your educational 13:06:22 15 background? I went to school but not too far. 16 Α. 17 Q. How far did you go? 18 I stayed in the ninth grade. 19 0. And where was that? 13:06:41 20 I was in Palala. 21 0. And do you remember the time - the years that you were in 22 school? 23 Α. Since I was a small boy. Do you remember the year when you finished school, your 24 13:07:00 25 ninth grade? 26 Α. Yes. That was in 1989.

[Open session]

And what happened to you when you finished school?

I went back to the farm.

That was the time the war was in Liberia. I didn't go too

- 1 Q. The war. Which war are you talking about?
- 2 A. I'm talking about the NPFL war.
- 3 Q. And you're saying you went back to the farm. Which farm
- 4 did you go back to?
- 13:07:42 5 A. My farm. My father's farm in Palala. Behind Palala.
 - 6 Q. And did you remain on the farm?
 - 7 A. Yes, I was on the farm throughout.
 - 8 Q. Throughout up to what stage?
 - 9 A. I was on the farm doing some work throughout the time that
- 13:08:08 10 I was there during the war.
 - 11 Q. And did you leave the farm at any point to go anywhere
 - 12 el se?
 - 13 A. Yes, I left the farm to go to Gbarnga.
 - 14 Q. Do you remember the year you went to Gbarnga?
- 13:08:27 15 A. It was in 1990 that I went to Gbarnga.
 - 16 Q. And was there any particular reason you left the farm to go
 - 17 to Gbarnga?
 - 18 A. I had a house in Gbarnga. I had a family there, so I had
 - 19 to go there.
- 13:08:46 20 Q. Was that your house or your family house?
 - 21 A. That was my family house. My father built that house.
 - 22 Q. And you said you had your family there. I don't want you
 - 23 to mention the names, but could you be able to elaborate who you
 - 24 mean when you say family, without mentioning any names?
- 13:09:12 25 A. My mother was there and my other brothers.
 - 26 Q. All in all how many brothers do you have, and do not
 - 27 mention any names?
 - 28 A. I had three, but one of them died.
 - 29 Q. When did the one who died, die?

- 1 A. '79.
- 2 Q. And how many sisters?
- 3 A. I've got two sisters.
- 4 Q. So you moved to Gbarnga, and what were you doing when you
- 13:09:51 5 moved to Gbarnga?
 - 6 A. When I moved to Gbarnga, I went to the RUF base.
 - 7 Q. You went to the RUF base. Which base do you refer to when
 - 8 you say the RUF base?
 - 9 A. They had a base in Camp Naama.
- 13:10:16 10 Q. Now, how long did you stay in Gbarnga before you moved to
 - 11 the base in Naama?
 - 12 A. I spent three days in Gbarnga before going there.
 - 13 Q. And how did you get to the base in Gbarnga sorry, how did
 - 14 you get to the base in Naama? Did you go there by yourself?
- 13:10:41 15 A. No.
 - 16 Q. Can you explain what happened resulting in you getting to
 - 17 Naama?
 - 18 A. It was --
 - 19 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he repeat his answer
- 13:10:58 20 slowly.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, stop. Can you please repeat
 - 22 your answer slowly so the interpreter can get it. Please repeat
 - 23 your answer slowly. Perhaps repeat the question, Mr Chekera.
 - 24 MR CHEKERA: Yes, I will repeat the question but maybe
- 13:11:20 25 before I repeat the question let me just go backwards and ask one
 - 26 more question before I move to that question:
 - 27 Q. Mr Witness, ignore the question I previously asked. We
 - 28 will come back to it in a minute. The time that you went to
 - 29 Gbarnga you said the war in Liberia there was war in Liberia?

- 1 Is that correct? Did I sum up your evidence correctly?
- 2 A. Pardon me?
- 3 Q. You said when you went to Gbarnga there was already war in
- 4 Li beri a?
- 13:11:48 5 A. Yes. At that time the war had come down.
 - 6 Q. And who were the warring parties again?
 - 7 A. The NPFL was fighting against the government forces at that
 - 8 time, but at that time Gbarnga was under control by the NPFL.
 - 9 Q. Gbarnga was under the NPFL control. And do you know who
- 13:12:14 10 was the leader of the NPFL at the time?
 - 11 A. No.
 - 12 Q. Did you get to know who the leader of the NPFL was?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Who did you come to know as the Leader of the NPFL?
- 13:12:32 15 A. At that time we heard from the soldiers that they had a
 - 16 leader called Charles Ghankay Taylor.
 - 17 Q. And when you were in Gbarnga was Mr Taylor in Gbarnga?
 - 18 A. No, I did not see him.
 - 19 Q. Do you know where he was or did you get to learn to know
- 13:12:51 20 where he was?
 - 21 A. No, I only used to see him through pictures.
 - 22 Q. Now, we'll go back to the question we earlier asked where
 - 23 you were explaining how you got to Naama. Can you explain to us
 - 24 how you ended up in Naama from Gbarnga and if you could give a
- 13:13:17 25 so-called blow-by-blow account of that?
 - 26 A. Yes, it was on it was in August that I left my house to
 - 27 go on the road. Right at the Ganta parking area in Gbarnga --
 - 28 Q. Sorry, just pause there. August of which year?
 - 29 A. That was in 1990.

- 1 Q. Please proceed.
- 2 A. I said I left my house and I went to the Ganta parking
- 3 area.
- 4 Q. And where is the Ganta parking area?
- 13:13:57 5 A. It's a parking station somewhere right in Gbarnga going
 - 6 close to the centre area of Gbarnga.
 - 7 Q. So that is still in Gbarnga. And when you say Gbarnga,
 - 8 what is Gbarnga, just so that we are clear?
 - 9 A. Gbarnga is in Bong County.
- 13:14:20 10 Q. Is Gbarnga a village, is it a city, is it a what is it?
 - 11 A. Gbarnga is a city. It's a city in Bong County.
 - 12 Q. Please proceed. You went to Ganta parking in Gbarnga and
 - 13 what happened?
 - 14 A. When I went to the Ganta parking area I met a pick-up there
- 13:14:51 15 and I saw Foday Sankoh in that pick-up.
 - 16 Q. Just pause there. How did you know that this man you met
 - 17 was Foday Sankoh at that stage?
 - 18 A. By his name. Because there were other people in the
 - 19 pick-up calling out his name, but the name that they were calling
- 13:15:06 20 was different.
 - 21 Q. What name were they calling?
 - 22 A. They used to call him Pa Morlai.
 - ${\tt Q.}$ Do you remember who these other people you referred to
 - 24 were?
- 13:15:22 25 A. Yes, I saw some boys in the pick-up and they were the ones
 - that were calling him like Alfred Brown {redacted}.

- 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think that whole phrase you can
- 29 retain the name Alfred Brown, but everything else said after that

- 1 should be redacted, please.
- 2 MR CHEKERA: Thank you, your Honour:
- 3 Q. Mr Witness, if you can, as much as possible, refrain from
- 4 referring to your relations in a manner that would disclose their
- 13:16:21 5 identity. You met this gentleman Foday Sankoh who had the other
 - 6 name sorry. What name did you say he went by?
 - 7 A. They were calling him Pa Morlai.
 - 8 Q. And you said he had with him these other boys, including
 - 9 Alfred Brown {redacted}?
- 13:16:49 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated] I have just
 - 11 ordered a redaction of that comment.
 - 12 MR CHEKERA: There is another Alfred Brown, your Honour.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: No, no, no, no. I have just redacted a
 - 14 reference. If you were listening, I've just ordered a certain
- 13:17:06 15 redaction. Am I wasting my time?
 - Please, Madam Court Officer, if you look at page 84 where
 - 17 the where counsel is saying no, no, 83, where counsel has
 - 18 referred to Alfred Brown and then given some comments, please
 - 19 redact those comments after that name.
- 13:18:17 20 MR CHEKERA: My apology, your Honour. I now realise what
 - 21 you meant:
 - 22 Q. Foday Sankoh had other boys with him. Don't make any
 - 23 reference to any names. Did you say one of them was your friend?
 - 24 A. Yes.
- 13:18:40 25 Q. And what were they doing at Ganta parking?
 - 26 A. The car that they were in had one tyre deflated and that's
 - 27 the tyre they were trying to fix.
 - 28 Q. And can you just explain your encounter with Foday Sankoh
 - 29 and these boys, some of whom you know with a tyre puncture,

- 1 you're in Gbarnga, how do you end up together leaving to you
- 2 going to Naama? Can you tell us how exactly you ended up with
- 3 them?
- 4 A. Whilst they were fixing the tyre and I saw my friend we
- 13:19:22 5 were talking. Then he explained to me.
 - 6 Q. Prior to this encounter, did you know Foday Sankoh?
 - 7 A. Say that again.
 - 8 Q. Prior to this encounter this encounter that you are
 - 9 talking about did you know Foday Sankoh?
- 13:19:51 10 A. If I had met him before?
 - 11 Q. Yes. Or you know him, not necessarily meet him, but know
 - 12 him.
 - 13 A. No, I did not know him before that time.
 - 14 Q. Okay. Let's continue with your evidence. You were
- 13:20:07 15 explaining how you ended up with Foday Sankoh and the other boys.
 - 16 Would you like to pick up from where you left?
 - 17 A. When they had this punctured tyre, as they were fixing it,
 - 18 I was talking with my friend and then as we were talking, my
 - 19 friend told me that they were going to the base and I asked him
- 13:20:33 20 which of the bases and he said they had a base to go to which was
 - 21 the RUF base. And I told him I asked him how people can get
 - 22 there, and he said here is the pick-up. This is the man who is
 - in the pick-up that is going to take us along. Then I asked him.
 - 24 I asked him who was this man. And he said that his name was Pa
- 13:20:54 25 Morlai. That was the first name he told me. And then he heard
 - 26 us, I think he heard us and he called up, I went to him and he
 - 27 asked me if I don't mind to join them and they said okay.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, slowly, please. Don't run
 - 29 with your evidence. Somebody is trying to write down everything

- 1 you say.
- 2 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: So please speak with less speed. So you
- 4 were saying continue where you said, "And then he heard us and
- 13:21:24 5 he called us up to go to him and he asked if I don't mind to join
 - 6 them and they said okay." So you can continue from there.
 - 7 THE WITNESS: Yes. He asked if I didn't mind to join them
 - 8 and I said yes. And he told me to board the pick-up. And I
 - 9 boarded the pick-up at the back and joined the other fellows.
- 13:21:55 10 MR CHEKERA:
 - 11 Q. Do you know what was happening at that base, or did they
 - 12 tell you at that point what was happening at the base?
 - 13 A. No, they did not tell me anything. I just got into the
 - 14 pick-up and we left.
- 13:22:08 15 Q. And when they invited you to join them, what were you
 - 16 joining them for? Or did they tell you what you were joining
 - 17 them for?
 - 18 A. They told me that we were going to the base. That was what
 - 19 they told me, and I said, okay, let me join you so that we can
- 13:22:27 20 go. That was how I jumped into the pick-up and we all went.
 - 21 Q. When you spoke with Foday Sankoh and Foday Sankoh addressed
 - 22 you, did he tell you what was going to happen at the base?
 - 23 A. No, he did not explain anything to me.
 - 24 Q. Maybe you would like to explain to us there is a man
- 13:22:54 25 called Foday Sankoh. He's got a group of boys with him. Some of
 - them you know them. They say let's go to the base and you just
 - 27 jump onto the truck. Was there any particular reason why you
 - joined them?
 - 29 A. Because I saw my friend with them and they said they were

- 1 going, so I decided to join them because I knew some of them.
- 2 Q. And then what happened when you joined them?
- 3 A. We took a long drive to Camp Naama and they took us to a
- 4 base where I met a whole lot of people.
- 13:23:40 5 Q. Now, besides yourself, how many other people were in the
 - 6 truck or in the car when you went to Naama?
 - 7 A. There was six plus me, seven.
 - 8 Q. Do you know whether the other people who were in the truck
 - 9 were with Foday Sankoh before or whether they joined him like you
- 13:24:07 10 did in Gbarnga?
 - 11 A. I met them in the pick-up. I did not know whether there
 - were other people there before.
 - 13 Q. Sorry. I'm not sure you understood my question. My
 - 14 question is: Do you know under what circumstances the other
- 13:24:24 15 people who were with Foday Sankoh got to be with Foday Sankoh on
 - 16 that particular day?
 - 17 A. No, I didn't know.
 - 18 Q. You get to Gbarnga. There are a whole lot of other people.
 - 19 Can you give an estimate of how many people you found at Gbarnga?
- 13:24:45 20 A. There were a whole lot of people in Gbarnga.
 - 21 MR BANGURA: I'm not sure whether counsel meant to refer to
 - 22 Gbarnga, but we are at Naama and counsel is talking about
 - 23 Gbarnga. It's a bit confusing.
 - 24 MR CHEKERA: Rightly so. I meant Naama and I think the
- 13:25:04 25 witness answered as if he meant Naama. Let me just --
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Do rephrase your question, please.
 - 27 MR CHEKERA: I was actually going to say let me rephrase
 - 28 the question:
 - 29 Q. When you got to Naama, how many people approximately did

- 1 you find at Naama?
- 2 A. I saw a whole lot of people at Naama. We were taken to a
- 3 special area.
- 4 Q. Before we get to the special area, can you give a rough
- 13:25:38 5 estimate of "a whole lot of people"? Are we talking hundreds?
 - 6 Are we talk thousands? Are we talking tens? Dozens? Can you
 - 7 give at least an estimation?
 - 8 A. There were plenty. I can't tell the number.
 - 9 Q. You said you were taken to a special area when you got to
- 13:26:06 10 Naama. What do you mean by special area?
 - 11 A. They took us down to a military barracks that was down the
 - 12 hill.
 - 13 Q. Before we go to that military barrack down the hill, when
 - 14 you say "they", who do you refer to?
- 13:26:27 15 A. The car that we were in. Foday Sankoh himself, because he
 - 16 was in the pick-up. They drove us down the hill.
 - 17 Q. Can you paint a picture of Naama for us, the military
 - 18 barrack that you referred to, and then describe the place you say
 - 19 is down the hill so that we have an idea of exactly what you are
- 13:26:54 20 talking about.
 - 21 A. Yes. The place looks like a hill and sloping down there
 - 22 was a valley. That was where they took us.
 - 23 Q. Can you describe the size of Naama barrack?
 - 24 A. Naama barracks is a big area. Very big.
- 13:27:28 25 Q. And in your estimation, from your knowledge of Naama, how
 - 26 many people can be camped at Naama at any point?
 - 27 A. I can't tell, because I didn't go all around Naama. We
 - 28 were restricted to a certain area.
 - 29 Q. Let's discuss the area that you were taken to. You said it

- 1 was down the hill?
- 2 A. Yes, it was down a hill.
- 3 Q. Was it separate or part of the military barrack Naama?
- 4 A. Yes, it was separate. It was down the hill. The military
- 13:28:13 5 barracks was up and the other area was down.
 - 6 Q. I just want to understand what you mean when you say down.
 - 7 When you say down in relation to the Naama barracks --
 - 8 A. Yes.
 - 9 Q. -- are the two visible of each other? If you are in Naama,
- 13:28:36 10 can you see the barracks? If you are in the barracks, can you
 - 11 see rather, sorry, if you are in Naama barracks, can you see
 - 12 the special place you talked about down the hill? And if you are
 - down the hill, can you see the military barracks up the hill?
 - 14 A. No, when you are down the hill you cannot see inside the
- 13:28:54 15 barracks itself, and when you are up the barracks, you cannot see
 - 16 down the hill except you walk down there.
 - 17 Q. Now, were there other people at Naama barracks?
 - 18 A. There were people there, but we were restricted not to go
 - 19 there.
- 13:29:16 20 Q. Do you know who those people were?
 - 21 A. No, I did not know them.
 - 22 Q. You said Naama barracks. Is Naama barracks a military
 - 23 barrack?
 - 24 A. I don't know, because we were not allowed to go that area.
- 13:29:39 25 Q. What is Naama barracks, in your understanding?
 - 26 A. It was a military base.
 - 27 Q. And the people who were at Naama when you got there, did
 - 28 you know whether they were military personnel or not?
 - 29 A. Well, I can't tell because I did not visit the area to see.

- 1 We were under restrictions.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, the time is up on us. We
- 3 will have to continue with this evidence after the lunch break.
- 4 We will resume Court at 2.30 this afternoon.
- 13:30:20 5 [Lunch break taken at 1.30 p.m.]
 - 6 [Upon resuming at 2.33 p.m.]
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good afternoon. Mr Chekera, please
 - 8 continue.
 - 9 MR CHEKERA: Thank you. Maybe before I proceed, Madam
- 14:34:18 10 President, I have been advised that my voice is particularly low
 - 11 and if I could up my tempo a little bit. If those behind the
 - 12 scenes are having problems understanding or hearing me I would
 - 13 appreciate it if they would make it known to the Court so that I
 - 14 can try to boost up my voice:
- 14:34:46 15 Q. Mr Witness, before we adjourned we were discussing the time
 - 16 that you arrived at Naama, if you recall. When you got to Naama
 - 17 you said there were a number of people. You said there were a
 - 18 lot of people at Naama. Do you know what was happening at Naama
 - 19 when you got there?
- 14:35:09 20 A. When we got up to Naama we took up to the military
 - 21 barracks, like I said, up the hill like I say.
 - THE INTERPRETER: The name of the place is not quite clear.
 - 23 Can he repeat it.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you repeat the name of
- 14:35:23 25 the place that you've just mentioned.
 - THE WITNESS: They took us down the hill called Crab Hole.
 - 27 That's the place they took us.
 - 28 MR CHEKERA:
 - 29 Q. Sorry, the name again I didn't get it quite clearly?

- 1 A. Crab Hole, Crab Hole. That's the name of the area. Crab
- 2 Hole, but they have a name for it called Sokoto.
- 3 Q. I could attempt a spelling but I'm not sure whether the
- 4 spelling would be the way it's been pronounced.
- 14:36:04 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can the witness spell? Can you spell
 - 6 this, this place this name.
 - 7 THE WITNESS: I can't spell that Crab Hole.
 - 8 The INTERPRETER: But, your Honours, my colleague tells me
 - 9 it is Crab Hole.
- 14:36:22 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Is it Crab Hole, Mr Witness?
 - 11 THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes.
 - 12 PRESI DI NG JUDGE: Okay.
 - 13 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, just for purposes of the record,
 - 14 I recall hearing the witness also mentioning another name for the
- 14:36:36 15 same place which is not shown on the record. Sokoto is the name
 - 16 I heard.
 - 17 MR CHEKERA: My Learned friend anticipated my next
 - 18 questi on:
 - 19 Q. Crab Hole had another name and you said the name is?
- 14:36:59 20 A. It was Sokoto. Sokoto.
 - 21 Q. And what was happening at Crab Hole?
 - 22 A. Crab Hole was where we used to train.
 - 23 Q. When you say "train", what do you mean? And when you say
 - 24 "we", who do you refer to? There are two questions there. Take
- 14:37:19 25 each one in turn.
 - 26 A. It was where we the RUF soldiers were doing our training.
 - 27 That is what I meant by "we".
 - 28 Q. We will talk about the training in a bit more detail.
 - 29 Let's just get the basics right. The people that you found at

- 1 Crab Hole when you got there, you said when you arrived there
- 2 were six of you and there were other people there already. After
- 3 you got to Crab Hole did any other people come to Crab Hole?
- 4 A. Those who were there, the first people who were there
- 14:38:07 5 during the training were the ones we met there.
 - 6 Q. And after you got there, did other people come after you?
 - 7 A. Yes, other people came and met us there. That was the last
 - 8 batch that met us there.
 - 9 Q. This last batch, do you know where they came from?
- 14:38:29 10 A. No, I only saw them in the pick-up.
 - 11 Q. What pick-up?
 - 12 A. The pick-up that Pa Morlai was using.
 - 13 Q. How did they get to Crab Hole? Do you know?
 - 14 A. He brought them there. He brought them there. It was Pa
- 14:38:51 15 Morlai who brought them there.
 - 16 Q. And do you remember some of those people?
 - 17 A. Yes, I can remember Sam Bockarie, who was Mosquito.
 - 18 Q. Anyone el se?
 - 19 A. There were many, but I can't remember all of them all of
- 14:39:18 20 their names now.
 - 21 Q. When you say many, do you refer to the number you've
 - 22 al ready stated?
 - 23 A. There were seven in number. The seven of them, but I can't
 - 24 remember all of their names.
- 14:39:32 25 Q. And you said that was the last group. What do you mean
 - 26 when you said that was the last group?
 - 27 A. Yeah. Yeah, that was the last group.
 - THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat the
 - 29 last part of his answer.

- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, please repeat your answer.
- 2 The interpreter didn't get what you said.
- 3 THE WITNESS: That was the last batch that I met out there
- 4 before we left the place.
- 14:40:03 5 MR CHEKERA:
 - 6 Q. We'll get to the time you left the place at a later stage?
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, did you have the spelling of
 - 8 Pa Morlai on the record? Did we have it before?
 - 9 MR CHEKERA: I did not attempt a spelling because the name,
- 14:40:16 10 if I remember well, is already on record.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: If you're sure it's on the record,
 - 12 continue please.
 - MR CHEKERA: Maybe not today but it's already been spelled
 - 14 before in these proceedings. I could attempt a spelling and I'm
- 14:40:41 15 sure I would just be adding to the glossary of wrong spellings.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: You can consult the witness and say is
 - 17 this how you spell it and he can tell you yes or no or he doesn't
 - 18 know.
 - 19 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, I think counsel is right about
- 14:40:55 20 this name having come up in earlier proceedings and I believe
 - 21 there must have been a spelling before.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: By prior proceedings you mean in this
 - 23 case?
 - 24 MR BANGURA: In this case, yes. We may be in danger of
- 14:41:08 25 having conflicting spellings of the same name, especially when
 - 26 counsel is not sure.
 - 27 MR CHEKERA: May I proceed? Or I could attempt --
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Proceed. This is your evidence.
 - 29 MR CHEKERA: Thank you:

- 1 Q. I've just lost my train. Just a minute. You were talking
- 2 about the last batch of people that came before you said you were
- 3 going to talk about the time you left. How many, if you
- 4 remember, were you after the last batch joined you at Naama?
- 14:42:00 5 A. There were seven in number. Seven.
 - 6 Q. Sorry, I'm not talking about the batch that arrived last.
 - 7 I'm talking about the total number of the people who were at
 - 8 Naama after this last batch arrived.
 - 9 A. I think the total was about 300.
- 14:42:23 10 Q. And of that 300, would you be able to breakdown
 - 11 demographically whether they were men, women, children? Would
 - 12 you be able to do that?
 - 13 A. Yes, we had men and women too.
 - 14 Q. Did you have children?
- 14:42:50 15 A. I didn't see children among the group. There were men and
 - 16 women. Even if there were children, I did not see them.
 - 17 Q. In your own estimation, how old would you say the youngest
 - 18 person was who was at Naama at that time in your group?
 - 19 A. They were about from 16 upwards.
- 14:43:21 20 Q. Do you know someone called Base Marine?
 - 21 A. Yes, I know Base Marine.
 - 22 Q. Was he training at Naama?
 - 23 A. Yes, I met Base Marine at the Naama base.
 - 24 Q. Before you met him at Naama, did you know Base Marine?
- 14:43:44 25 A. Yes, I knew Base Marine from Gbarnga.
 - 26 Q. How did you know him from Gbarnga? Can you explain.
 - 27 A. I knew him when we were all in Gbarnga. During the normal
 - 28 days even before the war in Liberia.
 - 29 Q. When you say "normal days", what do you mean?

- 1 A. That means when there was no war at the time.
- 2 Q. And you are referring to the NPFL war that you talked about
- 3 before?
- 4 A. Yes. At that time the NPFL had not brought the war yet.
- 14:44:25 5 Q. And when you met Base Marine at Naama, in you're
 - 6 estimation, how old was he?
 - 7 A. I did not know. I did not know his age, but they told us
 - 8 that they did not accept small children at the base. I did not
 - 9 know his age at that time.
- 14:44:45 10 Q. As part of that 300 people that you talked about at Naama,
 - 11 did you have a specific unit that was referred to as the SBU?
 - 12 A. No, I don't know about that.
 - 13 Q. And you say that you knew Base Marine from before, you said
 - 14 the Gbarnga peace time. In your estimation, when you met Base
- 14:45:15 15 Marine at Naama, was he below the age of 15?
 - 16 A. Well, I believe Base Marine was above 15.
 - 17 Q. And what's the basis of your belief?
 - 18 A. Because they told us that they did not take children at the
 - 19 base.
- 14:45:39 20 Q. Before you met Base Marine at Naama, you said you knew him
 - 21 in Gbarnga. For how long had you known him in Gbarnga before?
 - 22 A. I said I had known Base Marine before the war in Gbarnga.
 - 23 Before the war in Gbarnga, that was a long time.
 - 24 Q. And during that time, how long did you know him for?
- 14:46:05 25 A. I used to see him, but I can't tell you how long. Whether
 - 26 it was two, three, four, five years, I can't tell you now because
 - 27 that was a long time story.
 - 28 Q. You said there were women at Camp Naama. Can you
 - approximate a number?

- 1 A. With us?
- 2 Q. Yes.
- 3 A. I think there were about 15. If I'm not mistaken, there
- 4 were 15.
- 14:46:40 5 Q. Would you remember some of them by name?
 - 6 A. Yes, I can remember some of them by name, but not all of
 - 7 them.
 - 8 Q. Could we have the names?
 - 9 A. I knew one by the name of Memunatu Sesay. I knew another
- 14:47:08 10 one called Monica.
 - 11 Q. Anyone el se?
 - 12 A. I knew another one whom we used to call Krio Mammy, and I
 - 13 knew another one whom we used to call Narpam.
 - 14 Q. Continue with the names until you've run out, if you can.
- 14:47:41 15 A. I knew another by the name of Rebecca.
 - 16 Q. Did you know any one of those people or those women before
 - 17 you met them at Naama?
 - 18 A. Yes, I knew Monica.
 - 19 Q. Anyone el se?
- 14:48:03 20 A. Moni ca.
 - 21 Q. And how did you know Monica?
 - 22 A. I knew Monica because you pass through their community
 - 23 before you reach ours in Gbarnga.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause. I've noticed on the record
- 14:48:20 25 that part of the question that counsel asks never appears on the
 - 26 record. There must be a switch. I hear that somebody is
 - 27 switching channels. I can see that counsel is not switching on
 - and off his microphone, but parts of the question he asks are not
 - 29 captured on the record. And that could probably be that the

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MS IRURA: Your Honour, I'll confirm and get back to the 3 4 Court. Your Honour, I'm informed that there is no problem in the 14:49:58 5 6 booth. 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: So why are they not recording the full questions of counsel? Why is that? To give an example, at page 8 97, line 24, counsel asks after the witness said, "I knew Monica," counsel asked something that was completely missed and 14:50:34 10 then the witness answered "Monica" a second time. Then counsel 11 12 asked, "How did you know Monica," which appears as, "Did you know 13 Moni ca?" MS IRURA: Your Honour, perhaps we have got to the root of 14 14:50:53 15 the problem. The interpreters have kindly requested to switch off their microphone immediately they give an answer before 16 17 counsel speaks again because something happens - counsel's 18 subsequent question may be cut off if the interpreter's 19 microphone is still on when counsel speaks. 14:51:20 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: So are you saying that counsel should 21 wait after the interpretation? 22 MS IRURA: Your Honour, the burden lies with the 23 interpreters. They are requested to monitor their microphone and 24 switch it on and off as and when counsel is speaking. 14:51:37 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Anyway, Mr Chekera, continue. Some of 26 your answers are half. I don't know what to do. 27 MR CHEKERA: Maybe I could --28 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, on the question of spellings, I 29 think one of the names that the witness mentioned, I can't spell

people in the booth are not hearing what he is saying due to a

switch somewhere. What is going on?

- 1 that and I dont think it's we have the spelling there that
- 2 doesn't seem to make sense. Narpam. I don't know whether
- 3 counsel might help.
- 4 MR CHEKERA:
- 14:52:06 5 Q. Mr Witness, would you be able to spell the name Narpam for
 - 6 us?
 - 7 A. Narpam is a traditional name. N-A-R-P-A-M.
 - 8 MR CHEKERA: I will endeavour to verify the spellings and
 - 9 have the spellings double-checked at a later stage. May
- 14:52:54 10 proceed?
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, please.
 - 12 MR CHEKERA:
 - 13 Q. You said one of the persons you knew from Gbarnga, one of
 - 14 the females who was at Naama you knew from Gbarnga was Monica.
- 14:53:07 15 You were explaining how you knew Monica. Could you proceed from
 - 16 there?
 - 17 A. I told you I knew Monica and that you go through their
 - 18 community before you get to ours. We lived close to one with
 - 19 another in the community and I knew her father who was a judge in
- 14:53:31 20 Liberia.
 - 21 Q. When you say you go through their community before you get
 - 22 to yours, what are you trying to explain? Going through their
 - 23 community coming from where?
 - 24 A. Coming from the Ganta parking area, you pass their own
- 14:53:55 25 house before you get to our area.
 - 26 Q. And that would be in which place or which town or which
 - 27 village?
 - 28 A. That is in Gbarnga city.
 - 29 Q. And for how long had you known Monica for before you met

- 1 her in Naama?
- 2 A. I had known her for long, because her father was one of the
- judges within Gbarnga, so everybody knew the whole family. I
- 4 knew the whole family.
- 14:54:37 5 Q. We will come back to that later. We've talked about the
 - 6 children who were training at Naama. We've talked about the
 - 7 women. Let's talk about the men who were training at Naama.
 - 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Did he say there were children training
 - 9 in Naama? I thought he said there weren't.
- 14:54:49 10 MR CHEKERA: I said we've talked about that subject,
 - 11 rather. Let me put it that way:
 - 12 Q. We've talked about the subject of children who were at
 - 13 Naama or not at Naama and women. Now let's move on and talk
 - 14 about the men. Can you remember some of the names of the men you
- 14:55:11 15 met at Naama or who were with you at Naama?
 - 16 A. Yes, we were plenty. I can remember some of the names.
 - 17 Q. Yes?
 - 18 A. I knew Sam Kolleh.
 - 19 Q. Sorry, could we get that name again?
- 14:55:36 20 A. Sam Kolleh.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: This is exactly what I was complaining of
 - 22 before. You see what has happened. We never used to have this
 - 23 problem before when we had interpreters.
 - 24 MS IRURA: Your Honour, I will check with the interpreters.
- 14:58:40 25 Your Honour, we hope to proceed more smoothly. Counsel is
 - 26 also requested to please wait for the English interpretation to
 - 27 finish before asking the next question, because the issue is he
 - could also not be on the English channel.
 - 29 MR CHEKERA: Through you, Madam President, might I once

- again confirm which channel is the English channel, because I
- 2 have channel 1?
- 3 MS IRURA: Your Honour, counsel is then on the English
- 4 channel. I have liaised with all concerned and we hope to
- 14:59:26 5 proceed more smoothly.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, I can hear within my
 - 7 headphones when something is being switched, as I'm sure you also
 - 8 can hear. So could you speak only when you hear the switch has
 - 9 been completed within your headphones.
- 14:59:44 10 MR CHEKERA: I can hear some what I would probably call
 - 11 interference and I don't mean to be rude in saying that. I will
 - 12 try to --
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: I apologise for these hitches, but
 - 14 continue, please.
- 14:59:57 15 MR CHEKERA: And once again, Madam President, let me say if
 - there is a problem on my part, if I'm not speaking up too loud, I
 - 17 would appreciate it if it's made known to me so that I can try to
 - 18 raise my voice so that we don't have these hitches:
 - 19 Q. You were giving us names of some of the men you were with
- 15:00:20 20 at Naama and you had mentioned a name I think you said Sam
 - 21 Kolleh. I will just let the witness finish with the names and
 - 22 then try to give spellings as much as I can. So if you may
 - 23 continue, Mr Witness, with the names you were giving us?
 - 24 A. I knew Issa Sesay. I knew Morris Kallon. I knew Augustine
- 15:01:18 25 Gbao. I knew Jonathan Kposowa. There were many. I can't recall
 - 26 all of their names now.
 - 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: Counsel, it seems to me all these are
 - 28 already on the record.
 - 29 MR CHEKERA: That is exactly what I was going to say so

- 1 maybe we could just proceed.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, do.
- 3 MR CHEKERA:
- 4 Q. Are you able to tell us the nationalities of all these
- 15:01:58 5 people you were with when you were at Naama? Not individually,
 - 6 but what nationalities constituted the group that was at Naama?
 - 7 A. Some of them were Sierra Leoneans and some of us were
 - 8 Li beri ans.
 - 9 Q. And in percentage terms, would you be able to say who
- 15:02:22 10 constituted what per cent?
 - 11 A. The Sierra Leoneans were plenty at the base.
 - 12 Q. Are you able to be more specific than just saying the word
 - 13 "plenty"? If not, tell us.
 - 14 A. No, I can't tell you now.
- 15:02:52 15 Q. Do you know how any one or more of the persons you met at
 - 16 Naama got to the base at Naama?
 - 17 A. No, I don't know.
 - 18 Q. Do you know how any of the Liberians, including the
 - 19 Liberians you know or knew from Gbarnga, how they got to Naama?
- 15:03:19 20 A. No.
 - 21 Q. You mentioned that you were training at Naama. Who was
 - 22 conducting the training?
 - 23 A. We had three training commanders adding to Pa Morlai,
 - 24 making it four.
- 15:03:43 25 Q. And who were the three?
 - 26 A. The first one was CO Mohamed Tarawalli.
 - 27 Q. Please continue to finish with the rest.
 - 28 A. The second one was CO Mike Lamin, the third one was CO
 - 29 Rashid and the fourth one was Pa Morlai himself.

- 1 Q. And what sort of training did you get?
- 2 A. CO Mohamed was training us in guerilla warfare and CO
- 3 Rashid CO Rashid was training us in --
- 4 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat the
- 15:04:51 5 training?
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Pause, Mr Witness. Please repeat for the
 - 7 interpreter CO Mohamed was training you in guerilla warfare and
 - 8 what else? Repeat from there.
 - 9 THE WITNESS: I said CO Mohamed was training us in guerilla
- 15:05:12 10 warfare and CO Rashid was training us in ideology and PT. And CO
 - 11 Mike Lamin was with CO Mohamed to train us in the same guerilla
 - 12 warfare. And Pa Morlai was also training us in ideology
 - 13 al ongsi de CO Rashi d.
 - 14 MR CHEKERA:
- 15:05:46 15 Q. Do you know the nationalities of these people who were
 - 16 training you?
 - 17 A. The four of them were from Sierra Leone.
 - 18 Q. Besides these four, did anyone else conduct any other
 - 19 training while you were at Naama?
- 15:06:17 20 A. No.
 - 21 Q. Do you know someone called Isaac Mongor?
 - 22 A. Yes, I know I saac Mongor.
 - 23 Q. How do you know I saac Mongor?
 - 24 A. I knew Issac Mongor. He was on the base. He was one of
- 15:06:40 25 those I met on the base. He was one of those fastest runners on
 - 26 the base.
 - 27 Q. Sorry, what do you mean by first runners on the base?
 - 28 A. I said he was one of the fastest runners on the base.
 - 29 Q. Fastest runners on the base?

- 1 A. Yes, when we go for PT. That means when we go jogging he
- 2 was one of those who run faster than all of the people who were
- 3 on the base along with Sam Kolleh.
- 4 Q. Was Isaac Mongor also training you what you call PT?
- 15:07:30 5 A. No, we were all training together.
 - 6 Q. While you were training, did you know what you were
 - 7 training for?
 - 8 A. No, they didn't tell us why we were training. But they
 - 9 told us we were training as military personnel.
- 15:07:58 10 Q. When you say they did not tell us, who do you refer to?
 - 11 A. Those who were training us.
 - 12 Q. The ones you've referred as COs and then you gave the
 - 13 names, are they the ones you are talking about when you say
 - 14 "they"?
- 15:08:15 **15** A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. And that CO, what does it stand for?
 - 17 A. Commanding officer.
 - 18 Q. Do you know how they got that title commanding officer?
 - 19 A. I don't know how they got that title, but that was how we -
- 15:08:41 20 all of us used to call them on the base.
 - 21 Q. Were they themselves trained, the commanding officers?
 - 22 A. Yes, they were trained. Because if they were not trained,
 - 23 they were not going to be able to train other people.
 - 24 Q. Do you know where they were trained?
- 15:09:09 25 A. No, I did not know where they were trained.
 - 26 Q. Now let's talk about your training. What sort of training
 - 27 did you receive?
 - 28 A. As for me in particular?
 - 29 Q. Let us start by your training in general, all of you.

- 1 A. We're doing ambushes. They were teaching us how to set
- 2 ambushes. They also taught us how to attack.
- 3 Q. To attack who? What do you mean "to attack"? Can you give
- 4 more detail?
- 15:10:05 5 A. Yes, that is when you are training, you have to be trained
 - 6 when we were training they taught us how to attack. That is
 - 7 the target we should hit and the target we should not hit. Those
 - 8 were the kinds of things they were talking about.
 - 9 Q. And what were the targets that you were supposed to hit
- 15:10:27 10 that you were taught during your training?
 - 11 A. Well, I cannot tell you the main targets. They only taught
 - 12 us how to attack and the target to hit. That's all.
 - 13 Q. What did they tell you about attacking civilians?
 - 14 A. No, they did not tell --
- 15:11:00 15 MR BANGURA: Counsel is leading. The question is clearly
 - 16 Leading.
 - 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, it is leading.
 - 18 MR CHEKERA: It is leading to the extent that it goes to
 - 19 the indictment and I'm putting the Prosecution's proposition to
- 15:11:09 20 the witness.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: No, you are not putting the proposition.
 - 22 That's not what you are saying.
 - 23 MR CHEKERA: I'll rephrase it then:
 - 24 Q. You talked of training in ideology. What sort of training
- 15:11:25 25 did you receive in ideology?
 - 26 A. What they taught us in the ideology was how to take care of
 - 27 civilians, how to take care of civilians and women and children
 - at any time that we went to the battlefront.
 - 29 Q. And how were you supposed to take care of women and

- 1 civilians and children?
- 2 A. By not molesting them or harassing them or intimidating
- 3 them.
- 4 Q. When you were studying about guerilla tactics and how to
- 15:12:15 5 attack targets, were you armed during the training process?
 - 6 A. No, we used to train with sticks. We had sticks with ropes
 - 7 tied on them and we hung it on our shoulders.
 - 8 Q. And in terms of food provisions, where were you getting
 - 9 your food when you were training at Naama?
- 15:12:49 10 A. We used to see foodstuff in pick-ups with a lady called
 - 11 Mammy Iye and another man called Pa Kallon, they were the people
 - 12 that used to bring food for us at the base, along with Sankoh -
 - 13 sorry, Pa Morlai himself.
 - 14 Q. I think Pa Kallon is properly spelled. Mammy Iye, I think
- 15:13:24 15 the "I", if I spell it correctly, subject to any future
 - 16 confirmation, is Iye. I think that is the spelling I've seen
 - 17 before. I ye would be Mammy I ye.
 - 18 So those were the ones that were providing you with food.
 - 19 How regularly would you see them?
- 15:13:57 20 A. Sometimes when they come it will take a long time before
 - 21 they come again. It will take a long time before they come.
 - 22 Q. Besides those two that you've mentioned, who came along
 - 23 with Sankoh, did you get any provisions from any other sources?
 - 24 A. No. Apart from the food that they used to bring to the
- 15:14:27 25 base, I did not see any food from any other person or see any
 - other person with food.
 - 27 Q. You mentioned to the place called Crab Hole that you were
 - 28 training in and you said it was also called Sokoto. Do you know
 - 29 where that name came from, Sokoto?

- 1 A. They told us to call that place Sokoto because they didn't
- 2 want people to know that we were there, because everybody knew
- 3 Crab Hole in Naama. So they told us to call the place Sokoto in
- 4 order to disguise the name of Crab Hole.
- 15:15:07 5 Q. Who told you to call the place Sokoto?
 - 6 A. It was Pa Morlai himself.
 - 7 Q. And who were you disguising your training from? Who did
 - 8 they say they didn't want them to know about the training?
 - 9 A. Well, they didn't disclose it to us. That is how they told
- 15:15:32 10 us.
 - 11 Q. Can you tell us how long you were at Naama for?
 - 12 A. As for me, I went to Naama on 28 August.
 - 13 Q. And when did you leave Naama, if you remember?
 - 14 A. I left Naama on 28 March 1991.
- 15:16:13 15 Q. And when you left Naama, where were you going?
 - 16 A. When I left Naama, we went to Koindu.
 - 17 Q. Between time that you arrived at Naama and the time that
 - 18 you left Naama for Koindu, did you at any point leave Naama to go
 - 19 anywhere el se?
- 15:16:40 20 A. No.
 - 21 Q. Were you allowed to go outside Naama?
 - 22 A. No. We were highly restricted not to go anywhere.
 - 23 Q. Do you know why you were restricted?
 - 24 A. I don't know. They only told us not to go anywhere.
- 15:17:07 25 Q. And all that time that you were at Naama, did you know why
 - 26 you were training, or did you get to know eventually why you were
 - 27 training?
 - 28 A. No, they did not tell us why we were training.
 - 29 Q. And by "they", you still refer to your trainers, the COs?

- 1 A. Yes, that was how they told us to call them.
- 2 Q. Describe and I want you to go very slowly because it has
- 3 to be translated the circumstances under which you left Naama.
- 4 A. The way we left Naama, it was on 28 March, late in the
- 15:18:06 5 evening late in the evening, when everybody was in bed.
 - 6 Q. Do you remember the exact time in the evening? When you
 - 7 say "late", what sort of hour are we talking about?
 - 8 A. I mean people were in bed. We ourselves were in bed at
 - 9 that time.
- 15:18:27 10 Q. Yes, please continue.
 - 11 A. And we heard a bell that was hanging within our formation
 - 12 ground where we used to assemble for discussions. And whenever
 - 13 they rang that bell, that meant all soldiers were to run there to
 - 14 assemble there as to find out why they were ringing the bell. So
- 15:18:53 15 when we were in bed they rang this bell and all of us ran there.
 - 16 When we got there, we saw a truck. It was parked close to the
 - 17 bell, and at that time the man who was the adjutant at that time
 - 18 was making a role call. When he called CO, he will jump into the
 - 19 truck. When he calls a name, they will jump into the truck.
- 15:19:27 20 That was how we left there.
 - 21 JUDGE DOHERTY: Mr Check, before you move off, I thought I
 - 22 heard the interpreter say 20 March on two occasions and it's been
 - 23 recorded and each time it's 28. I'm not sure which it should be.
 - 24 MR CHEKERA: Maybe I'll ask the witness to clarify:
- 15:19:52 25 Q. What date did you leave Naama?
 - 26 A. I said March 20. 2-0.
 - 27 Q. 2-0?
 - 28 A. March 20, 1991.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, is that 2-0 or 2-8? What are

- 1 you saying?
- THE WITNESS: March 20; 2-0.
- 3 MR CHEKERA:
- 4 Q. You say the bell was rung and you ran to it. What sort of
- 15:20:35 5 place is this that you referred to when you say you ran to this
 - 6 place?
 - 7 A. It was the formation grounds where each time we go for PT
 - 8 they ring that bell and all of us go out there in order to take
 - 9 off for jogging.
- 15:20:55 10 Q. And you say there was a truck that was parked there?
 - 11 A. There was a truck parked there.
 - 12 Q. What sort of truck was it?
 - 13 A. It was a big truck sealed at the top with a tarpaulin. It
 - 14 was a big truck. I can't give the name of the truck because I
- 15:21:18 15 didn't see the name of the truck.
 - 16 Q. And you said the adjutant was calling out names. Do you
 - 17 remember the name of the adjutant?
 - 18 A. Yes. The adjutant at that time was Daniel OK George. He
 - 19 was the first adjutant for the RUF.
- 15:21:49 20 Q. You said Daniel OK George. Is that it?
 - 21 A. Yes. Yes.
 - 22 Q. The middle name OK, are those initials or is that a word?
 - 23 A. That is how we used to call him and that was his name,
 - 24 Daniel OK George.
- 15:22:14 25 Q. Can you spell the OK for us?
 - 26 A. It was only OK. O period, K period before the judge.
 - 27 Q. Initials 0 and K?
 - 28 A. Yes.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, did the witness say he went

- 1 to Naama 28 August of which year?
- 2 MR CHEKERA: I thought the date is 28 sorry, 20 March,
- 3 but I could can clarify.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: That's when he left. That's when left.
- 15:22:53 5 I'm asking when did he go to Naama. Mr Witness, when did you go
 - 6 to Naama?
 - THE WITNESS: I said I went to Naama in August. August 20,
 - 8 I went to Naama. I left Naama March 20.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Of which year? August of which year?
- 15:23:16 10 THE WITNESS: 1990, I went to Naama, August 20.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you.
 - 12 THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.
 - 13 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, I'm a little confused about 20
 - 14 and 28 again. I heard earlier 28 August and now I get the
- 15:23:38 15 witness coming on 20.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: No. I think we'll take what the
 - 17 witness has now said. He has been very clear. 2-0 August.
 - 18 MR BANGURA: Thank you.
 - 19 MR CHEKERA:
- 15:23:59 20 Q. You were gathered in this ground where you fall in your
 - 21 adjutant is calling out names. There's a truck. What happens if
 - 22 your name is called?
 - 23 A. When they call out your name, they will tell you to get on
 - 24 board and you get into the truck.
- 15:24:18 25 Q. You said there were 300 of you eventually when you trained
 - 26 at Naama. Did all the 300 of you get on to this truck?
 - 27 A. No.
 - 28 Q. Do you know approximately how many got on to the truck?
 - 29 A. On the first day when I was called and I was on the truck,

- 1 we were about 150.
- 2 Q. And do you know what happened to the other 150, if we go by
- 3 your 300 total number?
- 4 A. I did not say 350.
- 15:25:07 5 Q. Let me rephrase the question. What happened to the rest of
 - 6 the group that was at Naama besides the 150 that got on to the
 - 7 truck?
 - 8 A. We left them there and we boarded and the truck went. When
 - 9 we got into the truck, they told the driver to move. That is how
- 15:25:33 10 we left. The other group that stayed that stayed behind, I did
 - 11 not know what happened to them at the time because we had already
 - 12 left the place.
 - 13 Q. Did you get to know eventually what happened to the group
 - 14 that you left behind?
- 15:25:52 15 A. I did not know until when we got to Koindu, when I heard
 - 16 over the BBC that some of the RUF members had entered through
 - 17 another area. I did not know whether they were the ones or not.
 - 18 JUDGE LUSSICK: I just want to clarify something.
 - 19 Mr Witness, did you say that 150 people got on the truck?
- 15:26:19 20 THE WITNESS: Yes, we were 150 that got on the first truck.
 - 21 MR CHEKERA:
 - 22 Q. You said you heard on the BBC that RUF members had entered
 - 23 through another area. When you say entered, where had they
 - 24 entered?
- 15:26:56 25 A. I heard about Pujehun.
 - 26 Q. Pujehun is where? Where is Pujehun? In which country is
 - 27 Puj ehun?
 - 28 A. Pujehun is in Sierra Leone.
 - 29 Q. Let's talk about your group, the 150 of you that got on to

- 1 the truck. Do you know where the truck came from?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 Q. And of the 150 of you that got on to the truck, did you
- 4 have any leader who was leading the group?
- 15:27:41 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. Sorry, continue.
 - 7 A. We had two persons who were leading the group. One was CO
 - 8 Mohamed and the other one was CO Kargbo.
 - 9 Q. CO Cargo, was he a trainee at the base when you were at
- 15:28:06 **10** Naama?
 - 11 A. Say that again.
 - 12 Q. The person you referred to as CO Cargo Madam President
 - 13 would it be necessary for me to spell Cargo or it's already on
 - 14 the record?
- 15:28:21 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Why are you saying Cargo? I thought the
 - 16 interpreter said Kargbo.
 - 17 MR CHEKERA: It might be my wrong pronunciation of the
 - 18 name.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: Unless if the name is Cargo I'm not sure
- 15:28:31 20 it's on the record.
 - 21 MR CHEKERA: I think I would go by what the interpreter
 - 22 said because they are familiar with the language. I would not
 - trust my own pronunciation of the name.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, what did you say?
- 15:28:48 25 Mr Witness, what did you say? What name did you say?
 - 26 THE WITNESS: Kargbo.
 - 27 MR CHEKERA: I will attempt to pronounce the name right.
 - 28 Kargbo.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: That one is already on the record.

- 1 MR CHEKERA:
- 2 Q. Was CO Kargbo training with you at Naama?
- 3 A. CO Kargbo, yes, he was on the Naama base. I saw him there.
- 4 Q. Was he a trainee as yourself and the other men and the
- 15:29:26 5 other group?
 - 6 A. No.
 - 7 Q. Anyone else who was leading the group besides the two?
 - 8 A. There was CO --
 - 9 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat these
- 15:29:48 10 names again?
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you speak clearly,
 - 12 please? The witness is somewhere else in another room the
 - 13 interpreter is trying to hear what you are saying. Please repeat
 - 14 the names and everything else you said. What did you just say?
- 15:30:08 15 THE WITNESS: I said CO Kargbo, CO Mohamed were the ones
 - 16 that took us along together with Pa Morlai himself.
 - 17 MR CHEKERA:
 - 18 Q. And where did you go when you left Naama?
 - 19 A. When we left Naama we went through Voinjama.
- 15:30:51 20 Q. Did you stop in Voinjama?
 - 21 A. No, we passed through Voinjama.
 - 22 Q. And from Voinjama where did you go?
 - 23 A. We passed through Kolahun.
 - 24 Q. Please continue until you tell us where you stopped.
- 15:31:17 25 A. Then we passed through Foya. We were heading for Mendekoma
 - 26 but before we got to Mendekoma there was a bridge. That was
 - 27 where we disembarked from the truck and took the road to --
 - THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat these
 - 29 place names. They are not very clear.

- PRESIDING JUDGE: Can you please repeat where you said you took the road to? We didn't hear what you said.
- 3 THE WITNESS: We took the bush road. Before getting to
- 4 Mendekoma there was a bush road. That was what we used. It goes
- 15:31:58 5 towards Guinea and Sierra Leone. There was a route there. That
 - 6 was where we headed. It was that was the bush we were
 - 7 encamped. There is some savannah grass within that area. That
 - 8 was where we encamped.
- 9 JUDGE LUSSICK: Mr Witness, didn't you just say that before 15:32:17 10 we got to Mendekoma there was a bridge and that is where we
 - 11 disembarked and now you are saying something different.
 - 12 THE WITNESS: I said there was a back road. A bypass
 - 13 before getting to Mendekoma and we got into the bush.
 - 14 JUDGE LUSSICK: So you didn't say bridge?
- 15:32:46 15 THE WITNESS: No, bush.
 - 16 JUDGE LUSSICK: I'm just quoting from the record, that's
 - 17 all. That's what the record says.
 - 18 MR BANGURA: Your Honour is not alone in hearing that. I
 - 19 heard bridge as well. Just before the bridge they disembarked.
- 15:33:00 20 JUDGE DOHERTY: It's recorded at line 20 of page 116 as
 - 21 bri dge.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, you better clarify this
 - 23 evi dence.
 - 24 MR CHEKERA: I'm actually trying to do that, your Honour,
- 15:33:13 25 if you could just give me a minute:
 - 26 Q. Mr Witness, let's go back to the time before you got to
 - 27 Mendekoma and if you could explain slowly and carefully and in as
 - 28 much detail as possible your movements and what mode of
 - 29 transportation you used. Let's go back to the time just before

- 1 you get to Mendekoma. What happens?
- 2 A. Okay. Before getting to Mendekoma, we took the bypass into
- 3 the bush. Then we went into the bush. That was where we were
- 4 encamped. That was between Sierra Leone and Guinea, in between
- 15:34:07 5 them in the bush.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, you have not solved the
 - 7 problem. You remember if you go back to page 116 where he says
 - 8 we passed through Foya, we were heading for Mendekoma but when we
 - 9 got to Mendekoma there was a bridge. Now, did he say there was a
- 15:34:27 10 bridge? Take the clarification from there. Because that's what
 - 11 the record says.
 - 12 MR CHEKERA:
 - 13 Q. Mr Witness, you've heard the question that the Learned
 - 14 justice has just asked. Before you got to Mendekoma you earlier
- 15:34:45 15 on mentioned a bridge. Is that correct?
 - 16 A. No, I said bush. In the bush. Not bridge. In the bush.
 - 17 Q. Okay. Let's go back again. Before you get to Mendekoma
 - 18 what happened?
 - 19 A. Before we got to Mendekoma, there was a bush road. That
- 15:35:12 20 was the road we used and got into the bush. That was where we
 - 21 were encamped in the bush.
 - 22 Q. And what happened to the truck?
 - 23 A. Well, I did not know about the truck at that time, but we
 - 24 disembarked from the truck. We didn't care what happened behind
- 15:35:31 **25** us.
 - 26 Q. At what point did you disembark from the truck?
 - 27 A. That was before getting to Mendekoma. That was the time
 - 28 that we disembarked from the truck.
 - 29 Q. So let's just get this clear. Before you get to Mendekoma

- 1 you disembark from the truck?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Was that before the bush?
- 4 A. We got down from the truck before going to the bush.
- 15:36:06 5 Q. Just a few more details on the truck and then we'll talk
 - 6 about the time you get into the bush. I remember I asked you the
 - 7 size and you were not quite able to give the size. Would you
 - 8 maybe give us the size by reference to the number of tyres
 - 9 approximately? We just want to have an idea of what sort of
- 15:36:28 10 truck this was.
 - 11 A. Yes, it was a long truck that was using ten tyres. A long
 - 12 truck.
 - 13 Q. Was it a civilian truck or a military truck, if you
 - 14 remember?
- 15:36:47 15 A. I can't tell, because it was just a truck that we were in.
 - 16 Q. Can you tell the difference between a civilian truck and a
 - 17 military truck?
 - 18 A. A military truck is a green truck. I used to see it
 - 19 sometimes. I used to see a truck with military people in. It
- 15:37:19 20 looked green. But the one that we boarded was just long.
 - 21 Q. Would you remember the colour?
 - 22 A. I can't really remember the colour now.
 - 23 Q. Okay. Let's move on from the time you disembarked from the
 - 24 truck and you get into the bush. You said you got into the bush
- 15:37:47 25 and what happened?
 - 26 A. When we got into the bush, we went to a place in between
 - 27 Sierra Leone and Guinea. That was where we were encamped.
 - 28 Q. How long were you encamped there for?
 - 29 A. We were there. In fact we got there on the 20th and we

- 1 were there for about one or two days.
- 2 Q. At this point --
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: 20th of what? Of when? Clarify, please.
- 4 MR CHEKERA:
- 15:38:30 5 Q. You said you were there on the 20th. The 20th of which
 - 6 month and which year?
 - 7 A. I said when we left on the 20th in that bush we were
 - 8 encamped. That I can say it was between the 21st and the 22nd
 - 9 that we stayed in that bush there.
- 15:39:00 10 Q. Of which month?
 - 11 A. That was March.
 - 12 Q. And which year, just to clarify the record?
 - 13 A. 1991.
 - 14 Q. At that point did you know where you were going?
- 15:39:19 15 A. At that time I did not actually know where we were going to
 - 16 because we were encamped in the bush at that time, but I did not
 - 17 actually know where we were to head to later.
 - 18 Q. The night you left Naama when you were called to the place
 - 19 where you said there was a bell where you used to assemble, were
- 15:39:51 20 you addressed by anyone?
 - 21 A. No. We were only called by our names and then we got on
 - 22 board.
 - 23 Q. You were not told why you were getting on board?
 - A. No, they did not explain anything to us. They only told us
- 15:40:17 25 to get on board. We were subject to orders at that time.
 - 26 Q. And when you were encamped in the bush, you said you stayed
 - 27 there until rather let me say did you eventually leave the
 - 28 bush?
 - 29 A. Yes, there was a first group that went ahead and then we

- 1 stayed behind.
- 2 Q. First group that went ahead. Firstly, who was in that
- 3 group, if you can remember?
- 4 A. It included CO Mohamed and CO Kargbo. They themselves took
- 15:41:25 5 the first group ahead and Pa Morlai himself stayed behind with
 - 6 just a few men.
 - 7 Q. Let's talk numbers before we talk about where they went
 - 8 ahead to. The group that went ahead, approximately, how many
 - 9 were they of the 150 of you?
- 15:41:44 10 A. They were about 100. Those of us who stayed behind were
 - 11 50. But whilst they were moving, Pa Morlai himself escorted
 - 12 them, but I did not actually know what they discussed before
 - 13 after which he returned.
 - 14 Q. Are you saying Pa Morlai went with the 100, the group that
- 15:42:11 15 you are talking about, and then later came back? Just explain
 - 16 that for us, if you may.
 - 17 A. Yes, I said he escorted them and then later he returned to
 - 18 us.
 - 19 Q. And where did that group go to?
- 15:42:34 20 A. According to him, the group was heading to Koindu. And it
 - 21 was on his return that he explained to us that the group that
 - 22 just left were going to Koindu so that they could conduct the
 - 23 first attack and get some materials for us to continue.
 - 24 Q. According to him, who do you refer to as "him"?
- 15:42:57 25 A. Pa Morlai himself.
 - 26 Q. You said they explained that they were going to Koindu so
 - 27 that they could conduct the first attack and get some material
 - 28 for us to continue. When you say "first attack", what do you
 - 29 mean in relation to attack? And, secondly, who was being

- 1 attacked? And if you can remember, thirdly, get what material?
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, the practice is to ask the
- 3 witness one thing at a time.
- 4 MR CHEKERA: I'm happy to adopt that practice,
- 15:43:41 5 Madam President. Thank you:
 - 6 Q. First question: Who were they going to attack?
 - 7 A. He told us that they were going to attack the soldiers.
 - 8 Q. And when you mean attack when you say "attack", what do
 - 9 you mean?
- 15:43:59 10 A. That means to fight them.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, the soldiers of where?
 - 12 Because they are sitting between two countries.
 - 13 MR CHEKERA: I am coming to that, Madam President. I just
 - 14 wanted to finish with my three questions before I proceed and
- 15:44:20 15 before I lose my train. Thank you for the reminder:
 - 16 Q. They were going to attack the soldiers in Koindu. Where is
 - 17 Koi ndu?
 - 18 A. Koinduis in Sierra Leone.
 - 19 Q. And why were they going to attack the soldiers in Koindu in
- 15:44:45 20 Si erra Leone?
 - 21 A. That was not explained to me, but according to him, we were
 - 22 trained for that.
 - 23 Q. Trained for what? And according to who, first of all?
 - 24 A. According to Pa Morlai himself. He said that we were going
- 15:45:11 25 to take over the military base in Sierra Leone.
 - 26 Q. And did he say for what purpose you were going to take over
 - 27 the military base in Sierra Leone?
 - 28 A. According to him, he said the way the people were treated
 - 29 in Sierra Leone was not right, so as a result we should go in.

- 1 So he said he was going to take the changes from there.
- 2 Q. Mr Witness, I want you to be very clear on this. Let me
- 3 take you back where you said the first group was going to attack
- 4 Koindu and get some material. What material were you talking
- 15:46:03 5 about?
 - 6 A. He told us about arms and ammunition.
 - 7 Q. And when they get that material, what would they do with
 - 8 it?
 - 9 A. They had a fighting force who were the 100 men that went.
- 15:46:25 10 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
 - 11 to repeat to kindly repeat the last bit of his statement.
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you repeat your answer?
 - 13 "They had a fighting force who were 100 men that went." Repeat
 - 14 from there.
- 15:46:43 15 THE WITNESS: He had a fighting force who were 100 men who
 - 16 went ahead. And the material they got from Koindu, they sent few
 - 17 of those back to us where we were based at that time where they
 - 18 had left us.
 - 19 MR CHEKERA:
- 15:47:01 20 Q. The 100 men that went ahead and left you in the bush, when
 - 21 they went ahead to attack Koindu, were they armed?
 - 22 A. No. They said they were going to get arms ahead, but where
 - 23 we were, they did not have arms there.
 - Q. Do you know how then they attacked Koindu?
- 15:47:30 25 A. No. I only saw the ammunitions that they brought back to
 - 26 us.
 - 27 Q. When they the ammunition that they brought back to you
 - 28 when they attacked Koindu; is that so?
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Now, I will take you back to the purpose for which you were
- 2 when I say "you" I refer to the collective group were
- 3 attacking Koindu. When you were in the bush and you said
- 4 Foday Sankoh explained to you about the attack, why were you
- 15:48:12 5 attacking Koindu in Sierra Leone? And I want you to explain this
 - 6 very carefully and slowly.
 - 7 A. He said that we were attacking Koindu because the whole of
 - 8 Sierra Leone because he said he wanted changes made in the
 - 9 country. That is what he told us. He said the people who were
- 15:48:39 10 presently there were not treating the Sierra Leoneans well, so he
 - 11 said they needed a change in the country.
 - 12 Q. Which people were not treating the Sierra Leoneans well?
 - 13 A. The people who were in power at that time, but I did not
 - 14 know them.
- 15:49:02 15 Q. And were those the people that you were fighting?
 - 16 A. Those were the soldiers, because the soldiers were the ones
 - 17 who were protecting them. So we were fighting against the
 - 18 soldiers first before getting to them.
 - 19 Q. Did he explain to you what would happen if you attacked
- 15:49:27 20 Koindu and acquired arms and ammunition from there, as you
 - 21 expl ai ned?
 - 22 A. Yes. He told us that when they attack Koindu they are
 - 23 going to proceed to the police station where they will get arms
 - 24 and ammunition. That was just what he told me. But I was not
- 15:49:51 25 there when the attack itself took place.
 - 26 Q. Are you able to tell us which location or which institution
 - in Koindu they attacked then?
 - 28 A. He told us that they attacked the police station. That was
 - 29 the first area he told us that they attacked before taking over

- 1 the whole of Koindu.
- 2 Q. And what is Koindu? You said before they took the whole of
- 3 Koindu. What is Koindu?
- 4 A. Koindu is a big town. It's a big town.
- 15:50:38 5 Q. So they attacked the police station. Is that where they
 - 6 got the material that you referred to that was brought back to
 - 7 you?
 - 8 A. That was what they told me.
 - 9 Q. Do you know the quantities that they captured, if I may use
- 15:50:55 10 that term?
 - 11 A. I did not know the quantity that they captured, but the
 - ones that they brought to us were about ten.
 - 13 Q. About ten what?
 - 14 A. About ten boxes. Because the box was of this size,
- 15:51:18 15 something like two in one, and they came with ten boxes.
 - 16 Q. Ten boxes of what, Mr Witness?
 - 17 A. Of ammunition.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Incidentally, Mr Chekera, the witness has
 - 19 consistently referred to ammunition that they brought back from
- 15:51:38 20 Koindu. You in your questions have referred to arms and
 - 21 ammunition. There's a difference.
 - 22 MR CHEKERA: Actually, I seem to have made that mistake and
 - 23 I was just hoping to take the chance to clarify that when the
 - 24 witness was talking about just now talking about ammunition, so
- 15:51:58 25 if I may, I could try to clarify that:
 - 26 Q. Mr Witness, you are talking of boxes of ammunition. What
 - were you going to use the ammunition for?
 - 28 A. According to Pa Morlai, the ammunition was sent purely for
 - 29 his security.

- 1 Q. Earlier on when I asked you whether you were armed when you
- were in the bush, you said you were not. Now, at this point,
- 3 were you armed?
- 4 A. Yes. After sending ammunition let's say before the
- 15:52:47 5 evening, they sent us nine AK-47 rifles.
 - 6 Q. Let's just get this clear. Which came first, the rifles or
 - 7 the ammunition?
 - 8 A. The ammunition came first, and late in the evening, the
 - 9 nine rifles came in for the protection of the leader.
- 15:53:19 10 Q. Are you saying is that the evening of the same day that
 - 11 they attacked Koindu?
 - 12 A. Yes, it was the same day.
 - 13 Q. Do you know whether they captured more than the nine rifles
 - 14 that were sent to you?
- 15:53:39 15 A. They told us that they captured much arms, but they did not
 - 16 actually tell us whether it was 100 or 200. They did not tell me
 - 17 that.
 - 18 Q. And at this point when you entered when the RUF when I
 - 19 say "you" I refer to the collective group of 150. When a part of
- 15:54:09 20 that group attacked Koindu, were there any other people other
 - 21 than the members of the RUF or a least a group thereof that had
 - 22 trained at Naama?
 - 23 A. I was not at the forefront. Where I was, the group that
 - 24 stayed there was the group that I was with.
- 15:54:36 25 Q. Do you know whether the group that went ahead was joined by
 - 26 any other group other than from your membership?
 - 27 A. I don't know.
 - 28 Q. Okay. What happens after the capture of Koindu? Firstly
 - 29 with respect to the group that went ahead.

- 1 A. They went ahead, and those of us who stayed behind later,
- 2 we moved to Koindu. But the first place we went to was Baidu.
- 3 There was a town called Baidu, but there was nobody living there.
- 4 The place was very quiet, and it was later that we took the main
- 15:55:28 5 road to Koindu.
 - 6 Q. When you say "we first went to Baidu", are you talking
 - 7 about your group or the advanced group that went to Koindu?
 - 8 Because my question was with respect to the group the 100 men
 - 9 that went to Koindu.
- 15:55:56 10 A. No, I am talking about my group. The 100 men who went to
 - 11 Koindu, they were moving ahead and we stayed behind.
 - 12 Q. And when you say moving ahead, do you know where they were
 - 13 heading?
 - 14 A. They had advanced as far as Dia Junction area.
- 15:56:22 15 Q. And your group, you say you went to Baidu and then you came
 - 16 to Koi ndu?
 - 17 A. Yes.
 - 18 Q. Do you know who was leading that group your group that
 - 19 went to Koindu?
- 15:56:39 20 A. It was Pa Morlai himself, because we were all walking
 - 21 behind him. We were all walking going.
 - 22 Q. Did he have any other senior personnel with him at this
 - 23 stage?
 - 24 A. Beside him, you mean? Because he was the most senior
- 15:57:11 25 person amongst us and we were all together.
 - 26 Q. When you say we were all together, who are you referring
 - 27 to?
 - 28 A. Those of us who stayed behind. He led us to go to Koindu.
 - 29 Q. And the advanced group that you referred to earlier on that

- 1 was led by CO Kargbo and Mohamed, is that the same group that you
- 2 are referring to that advanced as far as Dia Junction?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. You said Baidu was deserted when you got there. What do
- 15:57:55 5 you mean when you say deserted?
 - 6 A. I mean there were no people living there. The town was
 - 7 virtually empty.
 - 8 Q. What had happened to the people who lived there? Do you
 - 9 know?
- 15:58:17 10 A. No.
 - 11 Q. And did you stay there or did you just proceed to Buedu?
 - 12 A. We just proceeded to go ahead. We used the new road.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, we have on the record Buedu,
 - 14 we have Baidu, we have all sorts of spellings of this place on
- 15:58:45 15 the record. Also the location Dia Junction, I don't recall
 - 16 hearing that location before at all.
 - 17 MR CHEKERA: Dia Junction I could quickly spelling it.
 - 18 It's D-I-A junction. Baidu, I think there's a confusion between
 - 19 Baidu and Buedu. I myself I am prone to confusing the two so I
- 15:59:16 20 will just quickly check the spellings. If you may just bear with
 - 21 me for a second or a minute. I will spell Baidu and then I will
 - 22 ask the witness to clarify whether he's referred to two different
 - 23 locations or the same location. Baidu is spelled B-A-I-D-U:
 - 24 Q. Mr Witness, when you left the jungle, the bush that you
- 16:00:00 25 referred to, going toward Koindu, which place did you say you
 - 26 stopped by or passed through which was deserted?
 - 27 A. Bai du.
 - 28 Q. I would spell it B-A-I-D-U. Is it different from a place
 - 29 called Buedu, if you know?

- 1 A. Yes, Buedu is far ahead. In fact, you would have to pass
- through places like Dia Junction before you go to Buedu.
- 3 Q. So at this stage we're only talking about Baidu?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 16:01:02 5 Q. Let's talk about the time you get to Koindu and, while
 - 6 you're at it, I want you to be careful about potentially
 - 7 disclosing your identity and the position that you earlier
 - 8 mentioned you got at that location. What happens when you get to
 - 9 Koi ndu?
- 16:01:30 10 A. When we got to Koindu, that was where we based initially
 - and the fighting force was ahead of us but we stayed there.
 - 12 Q. When you say "we stayed there", who do you refer to?
 - 13 A. I'm talking about Pa Morlai himself and a few men who
 - 14 stayed with him.
- 16:01:59 15 Q. And how many men are these, the ones you say a few men?
 - 16 A. We were 50 in number.
 - 17 Q. How long did you stay in Koindu for?
 - 18 A. We stayed in Koindu until our men had gone as far as
 - 19 Kailahun before we left there.
- 16:02:31 20 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
 - 21 again to repeat the last bit of his testimony.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, the interpreter did not get
 - 23 you when you were explaining how long you stayed in Koindu for.
 - 24 Please explain again.
- 16:02:47 25 THE WITNESS: I said we were in Koindu for a long time but
 - 26 I cannot recall how many months actually we spent there. But we
 - 27 were in Koindu until our men had gone as far as Kailahun before
 - 28 we moved from there.
 - 29 MR CHEKERA:

- 1 Q. In terms of time, can you estimate how long that was?
- 2 A. Well, that I can't tell now. It's a long time ago.
- 3 Q. I'm not asking for the date. I'm asking for possibly the
- 4 days, weeks, months, years that you stayed in this location, if
- 16:03:35 5 you do remember.
 - 6 JUDGE LUSSICK: He has already said, "I cannot recall how
 - 7 many months actually we spent there."
 - 8 MR CHEKERA: I apologise your Honour, I had not noticed
 - 9 that:
- 16:03:57 10 Q. This was the time, confirm for me, that you were appointed
 - 11 to that position we discussed earlier on in closed session?
 - 12 A. Yes.
 - 13 Q. Besides yourself, were any other persons appointed to that
 - 14 same position?
- 16:04:26 15 A. That was the time that he appointed CO Mohamed and the
 - 16 field commander.
 - 17 Q. I was going to come to the other appointments. What I
 - 18 wanted to find out from you is whether the position that you were
 - 19 appointed to was held only by one person, which is yourself, or
- 16:04:49 20 whether it was a position that was held by more than one person?
 - 21 A. No.
 - 22 Q. "No" meaning?
 - 23 A. That was a position that was given to me since we were in
 - 24 Koi ndu.
- 16:05:10 25 Q. And only to you?
 - 26 A. Yes, at that time.
 - 27 Q. Was it given to anyone else at any other point, and don't
 - 28 mention any names?
 - 29 A. Maybe, but maybe it could have happened but I might not

- 1 have been there at that time it was given to another person.
- 2 Q. You mentioned CO Mohamed. He was appointed to the position
- 3 of?
- 4 A. Like I said, field commander.
- 16:05:59 5 Q. Anyone else appointed to any other position?
 - 6 A. There were a whole lot of appointments, but I cannot recall
 - 7 all.
 - 8 Q. Let's just talk about the military exploits of the group
 - 9 that went ahead. You said they went to Dia Junction. What
- 16:06:33 10 happened, if you know, to the group that went to Dia Junction?
 - 11 A. According to them, they captured Dia Junction. They met
 - 12 soldiers there, they attacked them, they captured the area and
 - 13 then they captured some materials from them also, according to
 - 14 them.
- 16:06:54 15 Q. When you say materials, what do you refer to?
 - 16 A. I'm talking about arms and ammunition.
 - 17 Q. Do you know the quantities of the arms and ammunition?
 - 18 A. You know usually when the men at the battlefront capture
 - 19 materials they will not give you the rightful number of the
- 16:07:26 20 materials they captured, but they will just say we captured
 - 21 things. Sometimes they will say 300 of AK rounds and I think
 - 22 about 26 or six rifles, AK-47s.
 - 23 Q. That would be the arms. What about the ammunition?
 - 24 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, may I seek clarification here.
- 16:07:49 25 Is the witness saying that these were actually what were captured
 - or was he making a suggestion as to what might be captured or
 - 27 what might be reported? Because that's the way I thought I
 - 28 understood him coming up with these figures.
 - 29 MR CHEKERA: I'll seek clarification:

- 1 Q. On this particular occasion, Mr Witness, are you able to
- 2 say how much in terms of quantity of the arms were captured at
- 3 Dia Junction?
- 4 A. I said 26 rifles and also 300 boxes of ammunition.
- 16:08:35 5 Q. Do not tell me any names, but would you be able to tell us
 - 6 what happened to those arms and ammunition?
 - 7 A. The arms and ammunition, some were sent back to us to
 - 8 Koindu and they moved with the remaining to the front line.
 - 9 Q. And the arms that were sent back to Koindu and again do
- 16:09:08 10 not mention any names to which office or an officer holding
 - 11 what position would they be sent to or were they sent to?
 - 12 A. They sent the arms directly to the leader and the leader in
 - 13 turn sent them over to the G4.
 - 14 Q. What did the G4 do with those arms?
- 16:09:42 15 A. The arms were there and later the same leader instructed
 - 16 the G4 to supply the arms to the front line. And few also
 - 17 remained to increase on the security.
 - 18 Q. Did the same happen with the ammunition?
 - 19 A. Yes, some of the ammunition went back to the front line and
- 16:10:13 20 some stayed with us on the front on the base.
 - 21 Q. Maybe at this point you may just want to help us understand
 - 22 this military jargon. The position of G4, what are the functions
 - 23 of a G4? And what does G4 stand for, if you know?
 - 24 A. The G4 is there to take care of the arms and ammunition, to
- 16:10:45 25 look over them.
 - 26 Q. Look over them? What exactly do you mean when you say
 - 27 "look over them"?
 - 28 A. To look after them, to protect them where they are stored
 - 29 until you get further instructions.

- 1 Q. And when you were in Koindu and arms were being sent back -
- 2 we're talking of this consignment to the G4 do you know where
- 3 the G4 was storing these arms and ammunition?
- 4 A. Yes. The arms and ammunition were always kept in the bush
- 16:11:39 5 at the edge of the town in an unfinished building where nobody
 - 6 would even understand that materials were being kept there.
 - 7 Q. "In the bush at the edge of the town in an unfinished
 - 8 building", would you like to give more detail on that? In the
 - 9 bush, edge of town, unfinished building, is this in the bush
- 16:12:17 10 itself or in the town close to the bush? Please explain.
 - 11 A. That is to say, there are certain houses that will be built
 - 12 almost outside the town, and in that particular area they will
 - only have like one or two or three houses around there. Those
 - 14 are the areas that we normally kept the materials and we kept
- 16:12:48 15 guard on them. But they will not be in the heart of the town.
 - 16 For instance, you can go to a big town and then you keep the
 - 17 materials in the house in the middle of the town? No.
 - 18 Q. And was there any particular reason why you kept these arms
 - 19 and ammunition at the edge of the town or concealed in the bush?
- 16:13:09 20 A. Yes. To us, that was the only safe area. So that in case
 - of any attack that we cannot repel so easily, we'll be able to
 - 22 run and get there, re-arm ourselves and we come back and fight.
 - 23 We normally call it zoebush.
 - 24 Q. You said you had kept these arms concealed because if there
- 16:13:44 25 is "any attack that we cannot repel so easily, we'll be able to
 - 26 run and get there, re-arm ourselves and come back and fight."
 - 27 Would it not have been easier then to just keep the arms in the
 - 28 middle of the city where, I would presume, it's even more
 - 29 accessi bl e?

- 1 A. No. In guerilla warfare, we don't do that.
- 2 Q. You said zoebush. Would you like to explain a bit what you
- 3 mean by zoebush?
- 4 A. Zoebush is a secret area where we kept our things. Like
- 16:14:31 5 our arms and ammunition, that was what we called zoebush.
 - 6 Q. Let's just continue with the movements of the group that
 - 7 attacked Dia Junction and sent back material to you who were in
 - 8 Koindu. From Dia Junction, do you know where they went to next?
 - 9 A. According to them, they were divided into two groups. One
- 16:15:05 10 group went towards there going to Mana Sawadu and the other went
 - 11 through Kangama to Buedu.
 - 12 Q. Just pause there while I attempt a few spellings here. I
 - 13 think Mana Sawadu would be Mana as in M-A-N-A. Sawadu, I think
 - 14 it's S-A-W-A-D-U. I will endeavour to confirm the spellings at
- 16:15:40 15 the end of the day, but I think those are the spellings. And
 - 16 Kangama di d you say Kangama?
 - 17 A. Yes, Kangama.
 - 18 Q. I think Kangama is K-A-N-G-A-M-A. Going towards where?
 - 19 A. Buedu.
- 16:16:05 20 Q. I think Buedu is properly spelt.
 - 21 MR BANGURA: I'm not sure whether the record picks up the
 - 22 spellings that counsel was giving. I'm sure I heard him try to
 - 23 spell Mana Sawadu. The word comes up but not the spelling as he
 - 24 gave it. And I see Mana.
- 16:16:39 25 MR CHEKERA: I don't know how it works technically.
 - Normally we would see the spellings separately, but it would
 - 27 appear the spellings were incorporated into the body of the
 - 28 statement itself.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Definitely, the spelling is not included

- 1 in the record and it should be. I hope they pick it up.
- 2 MR CHEKERA:
- 3 Q. You said according to them they proceeded to these places.
- 4 Do you know what happened in these places? Maybe you could take
- 16:17:19 5 each place in turn.
 - 6 A. Yes. According to them, they captured the area. I was not
 - on the front lines, so I don't actually know what happened to
 - 8 them. But according to them, they captured the area. The area
 - 9 was captured at that time.
- 16:17:42 10 Q. Besides capturing the area, do you know whether they
 - 11 captured anything else?
 - 12 A. They captured materials, but those were not reported to us.
 - 13 They used it to advance.
 - 14 Q. When you say they were not reported to you, what do you
- 16:18:05 **15** mean?
 - 16 A. They told us the materials they captured were too small, so
 - 17 they wouldn't send them to us. So they said they were moving it
 - 18 to go ahead.
 - 19 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
- 16:18:23 20 to repeat that bit?
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, the interpreter didn't get
 - 22 you. They told us that they would send them, so they said we
 - 23 were to go ahead. Could you please proceed from there? What
 - 24 el se di d you say?
- 16:18:37 25 THE WITNESS: They captured the area, but they told us the
 - 26 material that they captured they didn't send some to us because -
 - 27 the material they captured, they wouldn't send some to us because
 - 28 there were not much. So the leader gave them the green light to
 - 29 go ahead.

- 1 MR CHEKERA:
- 2 Q. When you referred to a place as being captured, what
- 3 exactly do you mean?
- 4 A. That means the area was under their control.
- 16:19:21 5 Q. And do you know what happened to the civilians who were in
 - 6 those areas?
 - 7 A. No. But after everything, they sent someone and that was
 - 8 the how do they call them in fact? The PRO and that was Momoh
 - 9 Rogers, to go to all the liberated areas and get the civilians
- 16:19:49 10 back to their places.
 - 11 Q. Let's just clarify that. After everything, they sent
 - 12 someone, and that is Momoh Rogers. When you say "after
 - 13 everything", what do you mean?
 - 14 A. After they had captured Koindu, Dia Junction, Buedu and Dia
- 16:20:20 15 itself, they sent Momoh Rogers to go to the civilians.
 - 16 Q. And do what? Go to the civilians and?
 - 17 A. To talk to them. That was not my own area of work, so I
 - 18 did not know what he used to tell them because by then I was in
 - 19 my zoebush.
- 16:20:56 20 Q. Did Momoh Rogers have a position in the RUF?
 - 21 A. Yes. At that time they had appointed him as the PRO.
 - 22 Q. What does PRO stand for? Do you know?
 - 23 A. I don't actually know the meaning of PRO, but they used to
 - 24 call him PRO. They said he was responsible for the civilians.
- 16:21:28 25 They said he was the liaison between the civilians and the
 - 26 soldiers. And if a civilian had any problem with a soldier, they
 - 27 will call upon him and he will meet with them and settle it.
 - 28 Q. Your group that stayed behind at Koindu and the group that
 - 29 was advancing, I'll refer to it as the advance group, how were

- 1 you communicating?
- 2 A. In Koindu, they captured a radio there. They captured a
- 3 radio. They captured four radios. Three were functional and one
- 4 was not working. And the radio was programmed by Foday Sankoh.
- 16:22:25 5 One was given to CO Mohamed, one was given to the late CO Kargbo
 - 6 and one was also with him, Sankoh, to communicate with his men
 - 7 who were on the front line.
 - 8 Q. You referred to a radio and then you go on to give a
 - 9 number, more than one. Just to be clear, you are talking of more
- 16:22:53 10 than one radio?
 - 11 A. Yes, I said four. But three were in working condition and
 - 12 the one was not working.
 - 13 Q. At which point were these radios captured in Koindu?
 - 14 A. The radios were with the men on the front line, and the one
- 16:23:24 15 that was with Sankoh was with him where he was based. And they
 - 16 destroyed one the one that was spoiled was in the zoebush with
 - 17 us.
 - 18 Q. Let me repeat the question. You said these radios were
 - 19 captured in Koindu. My question was: At what point were they
- 16:23:45 20 captured in Koindu?
 - 21 A. You mean at what when?
 - 22 Q. Point, as in when were they captured in Koindu.
 - 23 A. It was the time they captured Koindu that they captured the
 - 24 four radios.
- 16:24:05 25 Q. Do you know whether any of the radios were captured at any
 - other place besides Koindu?
 - 27 A. Yes. According to them, wherever they captured, they
 - 28 captured mobile radios, the ones that the soldiers normally strap
 - on their backs.

- 1 Q. Let's maybe describe the radios that were captured at
- 2 Koindu first and then move on to the other radios that soldiers
- 3 strap on their back. The radios that were captured in Koindu,
- 4 what sort of radios were they?
- 16:24:43 5 A. It was a military radio. It is something that you can
 - 6 strap on your back with a long antenna.
 - 7 Q. Do you know how far those radios could go in terms of
 - 8 communication?
 - 9 A. No. I'm not a radio man, so I can't tell you that.
- 16:25:12 10 Q. And the other radios that were subsequently captured, were
 - 11 they different from the radios that were captured at Koindu?
 - 12 A. No. Those were the same military radios, ones that you can
 - 13 strap on your back with the long antenna.
 - 14 Q. You said they were programmed by Foday Sankoh and he kept
- 16:25:39 15 one and distributed the other two. Who was operating radios
 - the radio that Foday Sankoh kept?
 - 17 A. He trained a man by the name of Alfred Brown.
 - 18 Q. And --
 - 19 A. And also CO Mohamed, and he gave him his and CO Kargbo too.
- 16:26:15 20 Q. Do you know who was operating the radios that were given to
 - 21 CO Kargbo and CO Mohamed?
 - 22 A. They themselves had training on it. I did not know whether
 - 23 they had operators, but they themselves were trained on it. They
 - 24 were using it, and they had given them the radios.
- 16:26:48 25 Q. What was if you know Alfred Brown's position when he
 - 26 was trained by Foday Sankoh?
 - 27 A. He was the radio man for Foday Sankoh at that time.
 - 28 Q. Did he get any other position after that?
 - 29 A. No. If it's happened so, then it might be that I was not

- 1 there by then.
- 2 Q. Do you know for how long he remained Foday Sankoh's radio
- 3 man, as you put it?
- 4 A. Throughout the time we were there.
- 16:27:39 5 Q. "We" referring to who and "there" referring to what place?
 - 6 A. I mean I myself. At the time I was with the RUF I always
 - 7 knew Alfred to be the radio operator for Foday Sankoh.
 - 8 Q. When you were at Koindu, did Foday Sankoh have a call sign
 - 9 for the radio?
- 16:28:17 10 A. The only call sign that I knew was that at that time they
 - 11 used to call him Zulu. But that beside, I don't know any other
 - 12 call sign for him. Because I was not at the radio station, nor
 - 13 was I a radio operator. I was always where I was assigned.
 - 14 Q. And the call sign Zulu was the call sign that he used all
- 16:28:54 15 the while that he was in Koindu?
 - 16 A. That was all I used to hear, Zulu, Zulu. So I don't know
 - 17 whether he had a different call sign, because I was not with
 - 18 them.
 - 19 MR CHEKERA: Madam President, I propose --
- 16:29:15 20 THE WITNESS: I was not a radio man.
 - 21 MR CHEKERA: I would propose an adjournment at this stage.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you. Just to remind the parties
 - 23 that we will not be sitting on Monday according to the new ICC
 - 24 schedule handed down to us, and instead we will sit starting
- 16:29:37 25 Tuesday afternoon and we will sit afternoons only Tuesday,
 - 26 Wednesday and Thursday and a full day Friday.
 - 27 Mr Witness, your testimony will continue on Tuesday
 - 28 afternoon here, and I just --
 - 29 THE WITNESS: Thank you.

	1	PRESIDING JUDGE: would like to caution you that in the
	2	meantime you are not to discuss your evidence with anybody.
	3	THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.
	4	PRESIDING JUDGE: Is that clear?
16:30:07	5	THE WITNESS: Thank you. Yes, sir.
	6	PRESIDING JUDGE: Court adjourns to Tuesday, 16 March at 3
	7	o' cl ock.
	8	[Whereupon the hearing adjourned at 4.30 p.m.
	9	to be reconvened on Tuesday, 16 March 2010 at
16:30:28	10	3.00 p.m.]
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