

Case No. SCSL-2003-01-T

THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT V.

CHARLES GHANKAY TAYLOR

MONDAY, 17 MAY 2010 9.33 A.M. TRI AL

TRIAL CHAMBER II

Before the Judges:

Justice Julia Sebutinde, Presiding Justice Richard Lussick Justice Teresa Doherty Justice El Hadji Malick Sow, Alternate

For Chambers:

Mr Simon Meisenberg Ms Erica Bussey

For the Registry:

Mr Gregory Townsend Ms Advera Nsiima Kamuzora Ms Rachel Irura Ms Zainab Fofanah

For the Prosecution:

Ms Brenda J Hollis Mr Nicholas Koumjian Mr Mohamed A Bangura Ms Kathryn Howarth Ms Maja Dimitrova

For the accused Charles Ghankay Mr Terry Munyard Taylor: Mr Morris Anyah Mr Silas Chekera

Mr James Supuwood

Monday, 17 May 2010 1 2 [Open session] [The accused present] 3 4 [Upon commencing at 9.33 a.m.] PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning. We'll take appearances 09:33:59 5 first, please. 6 7 MS HOWARTH: Good morning, Madam President. Good morning, 8 your Honours. Good morning, counsel opposite. For the 9 Prosecution this morning, myself Ms Kathryn Howarth, Mr Nicholas Koumjian, Mr Mohamed A Bangura and Ms Maja Dimitrova. 09:34:26 10 MR MUNYARD: Good morning, Madam President, your Honours, 11 12 counsel opposite. For the Defence this morning, myself Terry 13 Munyard, Morris Anyah, Silas Chekera, James Supuwood, and Hawi 14 Al ot. Madam President, I have asked for the current witness not 09:34:55 15 to come into court at the moment so that I can revisit with your 16 17 Honours a matter that we discussed in private session last Tuesday, and I wonder if we could go into private session briefly 18 19 to review the position. 09:35:21 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: What matter might this be? 21 MR MUNYARD: It's a matter that I can only disclose in 22 private session. It's the matter that we discussed in private 23 session on Tuesday last week as a result of which your Honours 24 made an order. 09:35:30 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: This is the matter that relates to the 26 accused and his privacy? 27 MR MUNYARD: Yes. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Because I need to state for the record 29 why we're going in private session, you see.

	1	MD MUNYADD: Vary well I will leave the form of words to
	1	MR MUNYARD: Very well. I will leave the form of words to
	2	you, Madam President.
	3	PRESIDING JUDGE: So we will go into a very brief private
	4	session where we'll cut the audio off from the public for the
09:35:51	5	protection of the privacy of Mr Taylor. Madam Court Manager,
	6	pl ease.
	7	[At this point in the proceedings, a portion of
	8	the transcript, pages 40930 to 40937, was
	9	extracted and sealed under separate cover, as
	10	the proceeding was heard in private session.]
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1 [Open session] MS IRURA: Your Honour, we're in open session. 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Morning, Mr Zaymay. This morning you are 3 4 going to continue your testimony in chief with questions from Mr Chekera, Defence counsel. I simply wish to remind you of the 09:54:17 5 oath that you took to tell the truth and that oath is still 6 7 binding on you today. MR CHEKERA: Madam President, just to correct that, we are 8 9 actually in cross. I would be happy to take the witness again. PRESIDING JUDGE: I do beg your pardon. It's 09:54:50 10 cross-examination. Yes, of course. I do beg your pardon, 11 12 Ms Howarth. Ms Howarth, do continue with your cross-examination. 13 MR CHEKERA: I'm sorry to interrupt. Just to say that 14 Mr Taylor would like some assistance with his LiveNote, Madam 09:55:14 15 President. WITNESS: DCT-226 [On former oath] 16 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS HOWARTH: [Continued] Good morning, Mr Witness. I want us to go back to where we 18 Q. 19 were on Wednesday afternoon. So if I could ask for the 09:55:33 20 transcript of 12 May 2010 at page 40925 to be pulled up, please. PRESIDING JUDGE: Madam Court Officer, which button should 21 22 we press? MS IRURA: Your Honour, the courtroom button on the 23 24 monitors. 09:57:23 25 MS HOWARTH: 26 Q. Sir, I'm looking at line 2. There's a question by myself: 27 "Q. Now, Mr Witness, are you aware that Elmer Glee Johnson 28 has acknowledged that although around 30 per cent of the weapons used by the NPFL were captured, that the rest were 29

	1	arms that had been supplied to Mr Taylor? Are you aware of
	2	that?
	3	A. No. I was in hospital when I heard that Elmer Glee
	4	Johnson fell in an ambush and was killed. I was not in
09:57:50	5	Liberia by then, so I don't know."
	6	Then later on, and this is the following pages at lines 23
	7	and 24, you said, "I don't know Elmer Glee Johnson, no."
	8	Now, Mr Witness, you've referred to being in hospital and
	9	that you were not in Liberia. Where were you in hospital?
09:58:14	10	A. I was in hospital in Burkina Faso.
	11	Q. And when was that?
	12	A. I think it was in April 1990. It was in April 1990 that I
	13	had the accident.
	14	Q. And what accident was that?
09:58:43	15	A. I fell off from a truck.
	16	Q. And what injury did you receive?
	17	A. I fell off from a truck and I dropped down on the stock of
	18	my rifle, so I
	19	THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
09:59:10	20	to repeat that last bit.
	21	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, could you please repeat your
	22	last bit of the evidence. You said you dropped off from the
	23	truck and then what happened?
	24	THE WITNESS: I had my arm slinged over me. And when I
09:59:37	25	dropped from the truck, I fell over on the arm and then it
	26	touched my jaw and part of my jaw I thought was broken. So that
	27	was how I got the accident.
	28	MS HOWARTH:
	29	Q. You told us you went to Burkina Faso for treatment. Why

	1	did you go to Burkina Faso?
	2	A. I don't know. I was sick and Mr Taylor took me there for
	3	treatment. I went there for treatment because I was sick.
	4	Q. Well, why all the way to Burkina Faso?
10:00:12	5	A. I don't know. I was sick and Mr Taylor took me there for
	6	treatment.
	7	JUDGE DOHERTY: Could I clarify, Ms Howarth, before you
	8	proceed? When the witness says, "I fell over on the arm," does
	9	he mean the arm of the rifle rather than his own arm?
10:00:37	10	MS HOWARTH:
	11	Q. Yes, Mr Zaymay, I think you heard the question from her
	12	Honour. Are you able to assist with that?
	13	A. I had my own arm strapped over me. And when I fell from
	14	the truck, I dropped on the rifle and the stock of the arm hit me
10:01:01	15	by my jaw.
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: The stock of the rifle? Did you say the
	17	stock of the rifle hit you on the jaw, Mr Witness?
	18	THE WITNESS: Yes.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: Please proceed, Ms Howarth.
10:01:39	20	MS HOWARTH:
	21	Q. Just to perhaps clarify that matter a little further, what
	22	injury did you receive?
	23	A. There was a combat medic in Gborplay. When they took me
	24	there the combat medic told me that my jawbone got cracked, so he
10:02:06	25	referred me for me to be taken to an advanced hospital, so my
	26	tooth was removed as a result of the accident.
	27	Q. You said, this is at line 18, "I was sick and Mr Taylor
	28	took me there for treatment." When you say Mr Taylor took you
	29	there, did he travel with you?

in the hospital, he left.

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Α.

3 Q. And from where to where did you travel? 4 Α. From Liberia to Ivory Coast. And from where in Liberia to where in Ivory Coast? 10:03:07 5 0. From Gborplay to Danane in Ivory Coast. Α. 6 7 How did you travel there? 0. From Gborplay to Danane by car. And when we crossed the 8 Α. 9 river, you'll go to the first town in Ivory Coast and you would take a car from there to Danane. From Danane we went to Man and 10:03:41 10 we took the airplane. There was a private plane in Man and we 11 12 took the plane from Man to Abidjan. From Abidjan we boarded a 13 plane from Abidjan to Burkina. How long after receiving your injury was it that you 14 Q. travelled to Burkina Faso? 10:04:12 15 Within five days I was there. 16 Α. 17 0. And when you were in Burkina Faso, what treatment did you 18 recei ve? 19 I am not a doctor to know the scientific names of the Α. drugs. It was the doctor who treated me, so that is all I know. 10:04:50 20 21 Mr Zaymay, I'm not asking you to give the names of the 0. 22 drugs, but can you tell us whether indeed you received any drugs or any other sort of treatment? 23 24 Α. I was treated in the hospital. 10:05:13 25 Q. My question is: How were you treated? Were you given 26 drugs? Were you bandaged? Were you x-rayed? What happened? 27 They x-rayed my whole head and the doctor informed me that Α. 28 my jawbone was cracked. So they told me that I needed not to be 29 talking too much. So my upper teeth and lower teeth, they

Yes, he travelled along with me. And when I was admitted

brought it together and tightened it so I will not be shaking my
 mouth. And I could not eat. They only used to grind meat. They
 would prepare that - like Quaker Oats and I will suck that. That
 was how I was treated.

10:06:17 5 Q. For how long were you in hospital?

6 /

A. I was in the hospital for two months, May and June.

7 Q. And how did you return from Burkina Faso to Liberia?

I was there when Mr Taylor called and I told him that I had 8 Α. 9 now recovered and I wanted to go back. So Elmer Glee Johnson and 10:07:15 10 I were there together because when I went I met Elmer Glee Johnson there. So Elmer and I moved together from Burkina to 11 12 Liberia. No, no, no, no. Please excuse me. I was there with 13 Mr Taylor's wife Agnes Taylor. Agnes Taylor. And then Agnes 14 Taylor said, "Okay, then you have to go." He said the war was 10:07:52 15 getting tough. He said, "I have already reported to Mr Taylor that you are feeling all right now, so you have to go." So she 16 17 put me on board the plane from Burkina to Abidjan. And from 18 Abidjan I rode on a bus, Tram Cavalli [phon], that is the bus 19 that runs from Abidjan to Danane. And from Danane to Liberia, 10:08:28 20 Gborpl ay. That was in July.

Q. Now, you've mentioned Elmer Glee Johnson. While you were
in Burkina Faso in April, May, June, did you meet any other

23 members of the NPFL?

24

A. No, I was there alone.

10:09:0325THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked26to at least speak in the mic and then raise up his voice a27little.

28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, the interpreter -29 THE INTERPRETER: And repeat the last bit, please.

1 PRESIDING JUDGE: The interpreters cannot quite hear you 2 clearly. If you could speak up a bit and repeat the last bit of your answer. You said you did not meet any other members of the 3 NPFL and then you said something else. What did you say after 4 10:09:33 5 that? THE WITNESS: I said, no, I was the only NPFL man in 6 7 Burkina at that time with Mrs Taylor, Agnes Taylor. MS HOWARTH: Madam President, might I just have one moment, 8 9 please. I'm most grateful. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you've just said, "I was the 10:10:22 10 only NPFL man in Burkina at that time with Mrs Taylor, Agnes 11 Taylor." But you also said previously that Elmer Glee Johnson 12 13 was with you in Burkina Faso. Is he not a member of the NPFL? 14 THE WITNESS: No, it was a slip of tongue. When I went to Burkina at that time - it was when I went to Burkina that I heard 10:10:52 15 about the death of Elmer Glee Johnson. He was not in Burkina at 16 17 that time. PRESIDING JUDGE: Thanks for the clarification. 18 19 Ms Howarth. 10:11:12 20 MS HOWARTH: I'm going to move to a different area. If I 21 could ask for the transcript of 11 May 2010 at page 40703 to be 22 pulled up, please. 23 Madam President, I'm just trying to negotiate a suitable 24 distance to the microphone so that I can be heard but away from 10:11:39 25 the microphone so I don't have too much feedback, so if I become 26 inaudible I would appreciate if it could be pointed out to me. MS IRURA: Your Honour, could counsel please repeat the 27 28 page, because that page doesn't seem to be on that transcript? 29 I'm so sorry, it's 7 May rather than 11 May. MS HOWARTH:

1 You're quite right: 2 Q. I'm looking at line 29, which is right at the bottom of the 3 Mr Witness, you said this: page. "Immediately I had received my order in April 1990 I moved 4 to Gbutuo. Within that same April 1990, Mr Taylor moved 10:13:21 5 and was based in Gborplay, April 1990." 6 7 Line 9: "0. And did you remain in Gbutuo? 8 9 Α. Yes, at that time I was in my command in Gbutuo. And for how long did you remain in Gbutuo? 10:13:47 10 Q. I remained in Gbutuo in command for one and a half 11 Α. months. 12 13 Q. From Gbutuo did you go anywhere else? From Gbutuo the old man, Mr Taylor, called me to report 14 Α. at Gborplay for my supply." 10:14:02 15 Now my question is this: When you said that Mr Taylor 16 17 called me to report at Gborplay for my supply, how did he call 18 you? 19 Α. At that time there was no communication. We used - we sent 10:14:36 20 messages by sending people, and he sent someone to tell me that I 21 should report to Gborplay. There was no communication by then. 22 So when you reported to Gborplay are you saying that the 0. 23 instruction was directly from Mr Taylor to yourself? 24 Α. Yes, at that time he was - yes. 10:15:19 25 Q. So there was a conversation between you and Mr Taylor at 26 that time in relation to that supply. Is that right? 27 Α. Yes. 28 MS HOWARTH: If I could ask for - in fact it's the same 29 transcript, but at page 40757.

	1	MS IRURA: Your Honour, could counsel please indicate the
	2	date? That page is not on that particular transcript. Indicate
	3	the date of the transcript. It's not on 7 May.
	4	MS HOWARTH: Sorry, that's 11 May.
10:17:28	5	PRESIDING JUDGE: We do have the transcript on the
	6	overhead.
	7	MS HOWARTH: I'm looking at line 26:
	8	Q. "Q. When you left Bomi where did you go?
	9	A. I was transferred to Maryland County.
10:17:56	10	Q. And when exactly was it that you got to Maryland?
	11	A. It might have been in March or February 1992.
	12	Q. And very briefly, why were you transferred, if you
	13	know?
	14	A. Mr Taylor told me that there were certain things going
10:18:16	15	on in Bomi and he did not want me to be killed. And he
	16	said he got information that I'm not part of it, so he said
	17	I should be transferred from there. Since there were too
	18	much of commandos at that one target, he said I should be
	19	transferred from there."
10:18:36	20	Again, Mr Witness, we're in March or February 1992. How is
	21	Mr Taylor communicating to you at this time?
	22	A. At that time there was signal communication system in the
	23	entire NPFL controlled areas.
	24	Q. Can you explain how that signal communication system
10:19:12	25	operated, please?
	26	A. I had a Yaesu radio. That was what I mean. I had Yaesu
	27	radio communications and the headquarters was in Bomi under my
	28	command. And that was where Mr Taylor used to send message for
	29	me and if there was a radio message from him he will tell the

	1	radio man to call me, the commander, so that he will get on to me
	2	and I will communicate with him through there at that time.
	3	Q. You've mentioned a radio man. What radio man are you
	4	referring to?
10:20:11	5	A. The communication man.
	6	Q. Are you referring to your own communication man?
	7	A. The radio - there were people assigned and who were trained
	8	with those radio communication systems and they were assigned to
	9	the various units. So I had my own chief of communication who
10:20:47	10	was assigned with me in the radio room in Bomi.
	11	Q. Who was that?
	12	A. He was called Joseph Dehmie.
	13	Q. Was he known by any other names?
	14	A. I have now forgotten his code name in communication but the
10:21:21	15	name I recall is Joseph Dehmie.
	16	Q. What nationality was he?
	17	A. A Gio from Nimba. He was a Liberian.
	18	Q. If you recall, what were the names of any other radio
	19	operators operating under your command at that time?
10:21:50	20	A. I don't remember, but he was the chief who was assigned
	21	with me straight by the office. He was the chief of signal.
	22	Q. I just want to look at the answer you gave at approximately
	23	line 21, although I have quite large type:
	24	"And that was where Mr Taylor used to send message for me
10:22:34	25	and if there was a radio message from him he will tell the radio
	26	man to call me, the commander, so that he will get on to me and I
	27	will communicate with him through there at that time."
	28	So how exactly would you then communicate with Mr Taylor?
	29	A. Sometimes when I went into the radio room there was also a

	1	radio operator assigned at the NPFL headquarters in Gbarnga. And
	2	that was assigned directly with Mr Taylor. They used to call
	3	that person Butterfly. That was the code name, Butterfly. So
	4	sometimes when I went and said, "Oh, I'm in the radio room," and
10:23:42	5	if it was required for Mr Taylor himself to talk to me he will
	6	come to the radio room and give me instruction. But sometimes
	7	when Mr Taylor was busy he would ask Butterfly to pass the
	8	instruction over to me, so that was how it used to go.
	9	Q. When you say so "it was required for Mr Taylor himself to
10:24:16	10	talk to me he will come to the radio room and give me
	11	instruction," do you mean there that you are talking - you and
	12	Mr Taylor are talking directly?
	13	A. Yes.
	14	Q. And then you went on to say, "But sometimes when Mr Taylor
10:24:41	15	was busy, he would ask Butterfly to pass the instruction over to
	16	me." So on those occasions where Mr Taylor was busy are you
	17	saying that Butterfly would talk directly to yourself?
	18	A. Yes, sometimes.
	19	Q. Can you tell me what gender Butterfly was?
10:25:11	20	A. Butterfly was a lady.
	21	Q. Do you know how old this lady was?
	22	A. At that time Butterfly was just a girl in the twenties.
	23	Q. Do you know whether Charles Taylor had a code name?
	24	A. Yes, we used to call him Ebony.
10:26:16	25	Q. I'm going to ask for - it's the same - it should be the
	26	same transcript, 11 May 2010, at page 40759. I'm moving on to a
	27	slightly different topic now. I'm at line 5. I'll put the
	28	question before that at line 3:
	29	"Q. My question is when ECOMOG entered did they remain in

	1	Li beri a?
	2	A. When ECOMOG entered and pushed us back, they set up
	3	their defences and then later they deployed in Maryland in
	4	1992.
10:27:23	5	Q. And when they were deployed in Maryland in 1992, did
	6	you have any dealings with ECOMOG?
	7	A. Yes, I was ordered to disarm ECOMOG.
	8	Q. Who ordered you to disarm ECOMOG?
	9	A. Mr Taylor."
10:27:44	10	How was that order from Mr Taylor communicated to you?
	11	A. At one time I was called to report to Gbarnga for my
	12	salary. So when I went, I met Mr Taylor himself. He told me
	13	that the ECOMOG - that the ECOMOG were planning to attack us, so
	14	he said he would want me to go back immediately and disarm the
10:28:44	15	ECOMOG. I met him one on one and he gave me the orders. So that
	16	was how I got it.
	17	Q. I wanted actually to stay on that transcript but just to
	18	skip down a couple of pages. So to the bottom of 40761, please.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: When the witness says, "I met him one on
10:29:10	20	one," Mr Witness, do you mean you met Mr Taylor personally - in
	21	person, that is? You met Mr Taylor in person to get the
	22	di recti ve?
	23	THE WITNESS: Yes.
	24	MS HOWARTH:
10:29:51	25	Q. Line 26:
	26	"Q. Now, when you got the order from Mr Taylor to disarm
	27	ECOMOG, did you execute the order?
	28	A. Successfully.
	29	Q. And how did the disarmament process go?

1 A. I was ordered that all the - for all the three counties where my battalions were assigned, ECOMOG was assigned 2 there within the various battalions, so I should order all 3 my battalion commanders to call the ECOMOG commander in the 4 radio room in order to receive the instruction from 10:30:26 5 Mr Taylor first." 6 7 Again, how did you receive that order that you should order all of your battalion commanders to call the ECO commander in the 8 9 radio room? When I got at my base in Maryland. 10:30:49 10 Α. So was that an instruction that you received over the 11 Q. radi o? 12 13 The radio commander brought the radio message to me from Α. 14 Gbarnga, that here is the caption of the order that you should 10:31:23 15 contact all your commanders. Again, who was that radio commander with you in Maryland? 16 Q. 17 Α. I do not recall. 18 Was it the same or different from the person you mentioned Q. 19 earlier? 10:31:51 20 Α. No, that was a different person. I left Dehmie in Bomi. That was now a different person, but I do not recall that 21 22 person's name now. You said that the radio message had come from Gbarnga. 23 0. Do 24 you know who at that time was operating the radio in Gbarnga? 10:32:20 25 Α. Where? In Gbarnga? 26 Q. Yes, in Gbarnga. 27 It was the same Butterfly. Α. 28 Q. I'm going to continue with that transcript, please. In the extract that I read you said, "I should order all my battalion 29

1 commanders to call the ECOMOG commander in the radio room." When 2 you said "all my battalion commanders", what do you mean? I mean the various county commanders, the battalion 3 Α. 4 commanders who were under my command. There was a battalion commander at Grand Gedeh, there was a battalion commander in 10:33:23 5 Grand Kru and there was one at Sinoe. 6 7 Going back to that transcript, I'm going to repeat again 0. line 3: 8 9 "So I should order all my battalion commanders to call the ECOMOG commander in the radio room in order to receive the 10:33:46 10 instruction from Mr Taylor first. If we rushed on them it 11 12 would end up in firing and he didn't want any ECOMOG to be 13 killed. 14 Q. Who did not want any ECOMOG to be killed? 10:33:59 15 Α. Mr Taylor gave me the instruction. Yes, and what was ECOMOG's reaction, if any, to the 16 Q. 17 order to disarm? At first I was to deal with the commander that was with 18 Α. 19 me, commander to commander. I called him in my office. I 10:34:15 20 invited him to the radio room. I told him that there was a message from Mr Taylor for him to come and receive the 21 22 message. We went, but he refused. Mr Taylor told him to wait and not to endanger the rest of the ECOMOG's lives." 23 24 Now, Mr Zaymay, when you said, "We went, but he refused," 10:34:37 25 what did you mean? What did he refuse? 26 Α. He at first refused that he was not going to disarm. 27 Q. And when you said, "Mr Taylor told him to wait and not to 28 endanger the rest of the ECOMOG's lives," Mr Taylor told who? 29 He told the general commander for the ECOMOG. He told the Α.

1 general commander of the ECOMOG. 2 Q. How did he tell him? He told him that, "From where your position is, you don't 3 Α. 4 know the terrain. From Maryland to Monrovia would take you for about two to three days. So for the safety of your own men, your 10:35:36 5 own soldiers, I would not want you to put up resistance. 6 So 7 easily comply with the instruction and you will be brought to me in Gbarnga and I will send you to your headquarters in Monrovia," 8 9 and he accepted it. You told us what Mr Taylor said. Was he talking directly 10:36:00 10 Q. to the general commander of the ECOMOG when he said this? In 11 12 other words, was it Mr Taylor talking to the general commander of 13 the ECOMOG? 14 Α. Yes. And this was taking place over the radio. Is that right? 10:36:26 15 Q. 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. Just going back to that transcript for the sake of 18 completion. It continues: 19 "We went, but he refused. Mr Taylor told him to wait and 10:36:54 20 not to endanger the rest of the ECOMOG's lives. The distance 21 that he was from Maryland to Monrovia, it will take him two days. 22 So if he were to put up any violence, he wouldn't make it. He 23 wouldn't make it. He didn't know the terrain. He didn't know 24 where he was. So he told him to go and tell his commanders to 10:37:13 25 disarm, to turn the arms over to Commander Zaymay." 26 Mr Zaymay, is that what you were just explaining to us in 27 terms of what Mr Taylor told the ECOMOG commander? 28 Α. Yes. Mr Zaymay, you've mentioned in your testimony somebody 29 Q.

	1	called One Man One. I don't think we need to go to the
	2	reference, but you had briefly said One Man One was Alpha Company
	3	commander. He was assigned at Tiene and Bo Waterside, the border
	4	between Sierra Leone and Liberia. What tribe did One Man One
10:38:16	5	belong to?
	6	A. One Man One was a Gio man from Nimba County.
	7	Q. And who was it that appointed One Man One to this position
	8	that you say is Alpha Company commander?
	9	A. I assigned him.
10:38:39	10	Q. And can you tell me what happened to One Man One? Did he
	11	di e?
	12	A. Yes. I heard that One Man One died whilst I was in
	13	Maryl and.
	14	Q. When was that?
10:39:02	15	A. I heard it in '92.
	16	Q. Can you tell me One Man One, what was his real name, if you
	17	know?
	18	A. No, I don't know his real name. It was his fighter name
	19	that I knew, his popular name.
10:39:33	20	PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, you asked the witness what
	21	happened to One Man One and did he die. He answered one of your
	22	questions.
	23	MS HOWARTH:
	24	Q. If you know, how did One Man One die?
10:39:53	25	A. I don't know.
	26	Q. Why is it that you don't know?
	27	A. At that time I was no longer in command. I was far off in
	28	Maryland, which was a distance from Bomi. So I did not know how
	29	he di ed.

	1	Q. Was One Man One a Special Forces?
	2	A. No.
	3	Q. How did he come to join the NPFL?
	4	A. When I took over the command in Bomi Hills, I met him there
10:40:38	5	as one of the soldiers.
	6	Q. Do you know what other assignments One Man One had?
	7	A. When I took over the command, he was at the headquarters.
	8	Q. Just skipping backwards before I go forwards, you had
	9	mentioned Butterfly earlier and you said that she was a young
10:41:16	10	woman. Her name was Oretha Gweh, wasn't it?
	11	A. I don't know, but I only knew her code name Butterfly
	12	because I was not based in Gbarnga.
	13	Q. Very well. And a final question on One Man One. He was
	14	well known in the NPFL, wasn't he?
10:41:40	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. And he was someone who was well known because he was a
	17	brave fighter, was he not?
	18	A. Yes, he was a fighter.
	19	Q. Perhaps something was missed there, but the question was a
10:42:10	20	brave fighter. He was well known as a brave fighter, wasn't he?
	21	A. Yes.
	22	Q. Mr Zaymay, you had spoken about before the invasion of
	23	Liberia a rendezvous in Zongwe and you said that Charles Taylor
	24	gave a speech in Zongwe. That's right, isn't it?
10:42:44	25	A. He did not give a speech. He only came and dispatched us
	26	to go to our various targets. He did not give a speech.
	27	Q. Could I pull up the - ask can it be pulled up, the trial
	28	transcript of 7 May 2010 at 40654. Can we start at line 3. This
	29	is in the middle of your answer:

1 "Zongwe was the rallying point. The group in Danane came 2 That was from Bin-Houye came to Zongwe. to Zongwe. That was where we were when we met Mr Taylor. Then he started 3 planning again. He and Prince, they started planning again 4 how to finally enter into Liberia. 10:44:21 5 At this point did Prince have any position in the 6 Q. 7 organi sati on? 8 Yes, from the base Prince was the S3 planning and Α 9 trainina. And again maybe it would be easier if you refer to the 10:44:37 10 Q. base to refer to it by name so that the record is clear. 11 12 By base you mean which base? 13 A. Yes, at that time in Tajura where we trained Prince was one of the top brass for us. He was the planning and 14 10:44:57 15 training officer. He was charged with planning. Let's continue with the meeting in Zongwe where 16 Q. Mr Taylor was present. 17 So when Mr Taylor came after the other groups had come 18 Α. 19 and we were all together in Zongwe then Mr Taylor said, 10:45:16 20 'Gentlemen take courage. The training that you've had will Now your brothers have entered. Your 21 not go in vain. 22 brothers have entered. You people would go now to attack. You people would go in in groups. Group A.'" 23 24 So I'll stop there. Mr Zaymay, your testimony on 7 May is 10:45:39 25 describing a rendezvous in Zongwe where you say that Mr Taylor 26 addressed the men there, telling them to take courage. That's 27 your evidence, isn't it, or are you changing it today? 28 Α. You know he did not give a speech and you said he gave a 29 speech. He was not giving a speech. He only spoke to us that we

1 should be courageous. He said we - the training we underwent was 2 too advanced for the ordinary AFL training, so he asked us to take courage but he did not actually give a speech. That was all 3 4 he said. I might come back to that. Could I ask that the transcript 10:46:46 5 0. of 29 April 2010 at page 40319 be shown to the witness - sorry, 6 7 be presented to the Court. JUDGE LUSSICK: What was that date again, Ms Howarth? 8 9 MS HOWARTH: I'm sorry. It's 29 April 2010 at page 40319. This is the evidence of another witness in the case and I'm 10:47:41 10 Q. going to start at line 4: 11 12 "Q. Let's start again, Mr Witness. You mentioned the town 13 where you were divided into groups. What's the name of the 14 town? They called it Zongwe. It's an Ivorian town." 10:47:56 15 Α. Then there is some discussion about the spelling: 16 17 "Q. Did you eventually meet up with the other groups that came from Libya? 18 19 Those of us that came from Libya and crossed those Α. 10:48:13 20 were - repeat that. Yes, all the Liberians who trained in Libya, did you 21 Q. meet up in Zongwe? 22 Yes, we all met here in Zongwe. 23 Α. 24 Q. Was Mr Taylor in Zongwe at the time? 10:48:27 25 Α. No, he was never there from the beginning. lt was 26 Enoch Dogolea and Alfred --PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Chekera, the witness said something 27 28 about Enoch. That's what I'm trying to clarify. 29 MR CHEKERA:

1 Did you say Enoch Dogolea and Alfred? Q. 2 Α. I said Enoch Dogolea and Isaac Musa." Then there is more discussion about the spelling of 3 4 Dogol ea: "Q. Mr Mineh, when I asked you the question was Mr Taylor 10:48:51 5 there your answer was Mr Taylor was not there. Was Enoch 6 7 Dogolea and Alfred Musa the ones who - sorry, Isaac Musa, 8 were they the ones who were present? 9 A. They were the leaders. They were strategising our pl an. " 10:49:10 10 So, Mr Zaymay, yourself, you are explaining Mr Taylor as 11 12 being in Zongwe and if not giving a speech, then at least 13 addressing you in Zongwe. And another witness has come to Court 14 and taken an oath and he has sworn that Mr Taylor was never in 10:49:32 15 Zongwe. So please can you help us with this: Who is telling the truth? Is it you or the other witness? 16 17 My group - my group that entered Gbutuo, it was Mr Taylor Α. who dispatched us in Zongwe. My group that attacked Gbutuo, it 18 19 was Mr Taylor who briefed us, encouraged us to leave. He even 10:50:12 20 escorted us to the border. He wanted to cross. He wanted to 21 cross. But we told him, "No, you cannot enter with us in 22 Liberia. You'll have to wait whilst we go and then establish a safe zone for you and then we'll call you to come in." But he 23 24 wanted to enter with us but we told him no and he was at Zongwe. 10:50:38 25 That was what I said. 26 Q. But it wasn't just your group in Zongwe at that time, was 27 it? 28 Α. Some other groups had been dispatched. I did not see 29 Edward Mineh. I did not see Varney. He told me that, "Your

1 friends and the others have gone to their various targets. ALI 2 of you will meet in Liberia. So you who are here, your target is 3 Gbutuo so you have to move in." In the case of my group, Taylor 4 of course came and briefed my group before we left. I'm not talking about other groups. 10:51:18 5 Perhaps I'll come back to that in a moment. Now I want to Q. 6 7 skip to the invasion of Monrovia. You said this was the initial invasion in July 1990. Is that correct? 8 9 Α. Which, NPFL? NPFL entered Monrovia in July 1990. I want to know if you'll agree with this: Your base was 10:51:58 10 Q. the City Hall, wasn't it? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. And at this time Charles Taylor was based in the Coca-Cola factory, wasn't he? 14 He was not based at the Coca-Cola factory. In 1990 Charles 10:52:18 15 Α. Taylor was still in Gborplay. He only came to the front once in 16 17 a while, but he was based in Gborplay. 18 During the invasion of Monrovia in 1990, Charles Taylor was Q. 19 at the Coca-Cola factory, wasn't he? 10:52:54 20 Α. No. 21 So are you saying that during the July 1990 invasion of Q. 22 Monrovia, Charles Taylor was never at the Coca-Cola factory? 23 During the time the NPFL entered Monrovia, Charles Taylor Α. 24 was not at the Coca-Cola factory. He was in Gborplay. He came 10:53:24 25 to the Coca-Cola factory sometimes to talk to us. 26 Q. When was that? 27 I remember that in July 1990 he came once at the Coca-Cola Α. 28 factory and the battlefield commander, Sam Larto, called us and 29 told us that we should go to the Coca-Cola factory and that

	1	Mr Taylor was there who wanted to talk to us. So we went there.
	2	We met him there. He thanked us. He said, "I thank you people
	3	so much. Now we are in Monrovia. And you take good care of
	4	yourselves." He talked to us, he thanked us and he left and he
10:54:21	5	went back.
	6	Q. When in July 1990 was this?
	7	A. It was in July, but I do not recall the date.
	8	Q. What were you doing at this time in July 1990 at the time
	9	you visited Charles Taylor in the Coca-Cola factory?
10:54:44	10	A. What were we doing?
	11	Q. Yes, you, Mr Zaymay, what were you doing?
	12	A. I was a commander. I deployed my men in the defensive
	13	waiting for a supply to move on to the mansion.
	14	Q. And where were you based at the time you went to visit
10:55:13	15	Mr Taylor in the Coca-Cola factory?
	16	A. City Hall.
	17	Q. Now, it's right, isn't it, that your group at City Hall
	18	came together with Isaac Musa and Sam Larto initially with the
	19	intention of carrying out the mission to clear the city?
10:55:47	20	A. Yes, we planned to do that.
	21	Q. And at this time Isaac Musa was the battle group commander
	22	and he had been based in Kakata. Is that right?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. And Sam Larto, he was deputy to Isaac Musa and he was based
10:56:14	25	on the front line at Duport Road. Is that right?
	26	A. No. John Teah was a deputy to Isaac Musa. Sam Larto was
	27	the field commander.
	28	Q. What about where he is based? I mentioned Duport Road.
	29	That's where Sam Larto was based, wasn't it?

1 Α. Sam Larto was based in Monrovia at Duport Road. 2 Q. And it's right that Sam Larto in fact went to visit Charles Taylor in the Coca-Cola factory with the intention of obtaining 3 4 arms and ammunition from Mr Taylor. That occurred at one point, didn't it? 10:57:13 5 Yes, we were in defensive --Α. 6 7 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can the witness be requested to repeat his answer slowly. 8 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, please repeat your answer slowly. Please repeat your answer. 10:57:25 10 THE WITNESS: Yes. Commander Zaymay, deputy Zongoya [phon] 11 and the other Special Forces were all in the defensive. We were 12 13 awaiting supplies to move on to the mansion. We said we were 14 tired of sitting here looking at the mansion. We cannot leave 10:57:51 15 the jungle. Here is the seat of the President. We have to move on and take over at once. The battlefield commander was to go 16 17 for the supply. It was at that time that he left. It was at that time that he called Mr Taylor and Mr Taylor said, "Okay, I 18 19 will be there tomorrow. You wait for me. I am coming." It was 10:58:14 20 at that time that he came to Coca-Cola factory. 21 MS HOWARTH: 22 So you agree that Sam Larto went to the Coca-Cola factory 0. 23 to see Charles Taylor with the intention of obtaining arms and ammuni ti on? 24 10:58:38 25 Α. Yes. 26 And when Sam Larto returned, he brought an order from Q. 27 Charles Taylor, didn't he, that there should be a ceasefire? Is 28 that correct? 29 Α. Yes.

1 Q. If I could pull up a different transcript. This is 6 May 2 2010 at page 40596. I'm starting at line 14: 3 "0. Where was that that Godfather recruited you? Α. Godfather recruited me in Zongwe. 4 Yes. And when he recruited you, did he tell you for 11:00:21 0. 5 what purpose he was recruiting you? 6 We were already on stand-by expecting to come and wage 7 Α. war in Liberia. We were expecting anybody from Abidjan, 8 9 like all our heads, to come and take us anywhere for training. So when Godfather came, I knew that he had come 11:00:39 10 for training, that I was prepared for. 11 12 Q. Do you know whether Godfather is known by any other 13 name? 14 Α. Yes, they called him Alfred Mehn. 11:00:56 15 Q. What happened when Godfather approached you? When - Zongwe is a big city where we lived, so we left. 16 Α. And when we came back they said our friends have gone, 17 the first group has gone. Whilst we were waiting Godfather 18 19 came and he said he had come for the second group. He 11:01:15 20 said, 'Go and collect all your friends.'" Mr Zaymay, your evidence is that you were recruited by 21 22 somebody called Godfather who you say is named Alfred Mehn and that he recruited you in Zongwe. Is that right? 23 24 Α. Yes. 11:01:47 25 Q. And this is something you are guite sure about, is it? 26 Yes, I was recruited in Zongwe. Α. 27 Q. Now, Mr Zaymay, you have previously told us that you had 28 given evidence to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission. ls that correct? 29

	1	A. Yes.
	2	Q. And you gave that evidence on 4 February 2009, did you not?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. And when you gave that evidence, that evidence was on oath,
11:02:26	5	wasn't it?
	6	A. Yes.
	7	Q. And you understood that because you were testifying on oath
	8	it was important that you told the truth?
	9	A. Yes.
11:02:46	10	Q. And you told the truth to the Truth and Reconciliation
	11	Commission, didn't you?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. You told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission that it
	14	was Mr Taylor who came and recruited you, didn't you?
11:03:14	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. But you've told these judges that the Godfather, Edward
	17	Mineh, recruited you.
	18	PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. Yes,
	19	Mr Chekera?
11:03:36	20	MR CHEKERA: Yes, Madam President, if counsel is faithful
	21	to the transcript and to the witness's evidence, the same
	22	transcript that counsel referred to, the earlier answer by the
	23	witness to the same question was that, "Mr Taylor recruited us."
	24	The same transcript of 6 May 2010, the preceding discussion
11:03:56	25	before the reference to Godfather refers to Mr Taylor recruiting
	26	the witness. So if counsel is alleging any inconsistency, there
	27	is none.
	28	JUDGE LUSSICK: What's the transcript reference to that?
	29	MR CHEKERA: The same transcript of 6 May 2010, page 40596.

1 I remember this very well because I was chastised more than once 2 for leading on that particular issue. 3 JUDGE LUSSICK: Could you give us a line, please? 4 MR CHEKERA: Maybe you could start at line 3. Or maybe you could start at the preceding page, which is 40595. That's where 11:04:42 5 But at line 3, it's very clear, that is the discussion started. 6 7 how Mr Taylor came in. And then the discussion went further to discuss Godfather actually being the agent for Mr Taylor. 8 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, what is your response? MS HOWARTH: Well, it's not immediately clear to me from 11:05:11 10 what my learned friend has referred me to. However, I simply 11 submit that it's a matter that can be dealt with in 12 13 re-examination. PRESIDING JUDGE: But, in any event, the witness has given 14 11:05:24 15 two - or has pointed to two different persons as having recruited And certainly I would like to know which of the two people, 16 him. 17 Godfather and Mr Taylor, which of the two people actually recruited him. 18 19 MS HOWARTH: 11:05:47 20 0. Mr Zaymay, you've agreed that you told the Truth and 21 Reconciliation Commission that it was Mr Taylor who recruited 22 Now, I've cited a transcript reference to you where you you. 23 clearly tell this Court that it's the Godfather, Edward Mineh -24 Alfred Mehn. So sorry. The Godfather, Alfred Mehn, who 11:06:29 25 recruited you. Mr Chekera says that you said it was Mr Taylor. 26 Clearly you've at least told this Court that it was either 27 Mr Taylor or it was the Godfather or it was both. What is your 28 evidence on this? 29 As related to the recruitment I never saw Mr Taylor. Α. ١t

1 was Godfather who recruited us. When we entered at the base it was then that Mr Taylor came - Mr Taylor came in and said he was 2 3 the one who had sent for us. Mr Taylor was the one who ordered 4 Godfather to recruit. Mr Taylor never entered at the recruitment 11:07:21 5 ground. So you said, "When we entered at the base it was then that Q. 6 7 Mr Taylor came." Please help me with this: What base are you referring to? 8 9 Α. Godfather came and recruited us. When we went to the base in Tajura, it was at that time that Mr Taylor came in. He said 11:07:44 10 that he was the one that had sent for us. 11 12 Q. So in Ivory Coast it's the Godfather, Alfred Mehn, who 13 recruits you, correct? 14 Α. Yes. And you don't meet Mr Taylor until you get to the base? 11:08:11 15 Q. 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. And that's the base in Tajura? 18 Α. Yes. 19 So your lawyer's got that one wrong, hasn't he? 0. 11:08:37 20 Α. Maybe I made the error from the statement that I gave, but 21 Taylor never recruited us, but Godfather recruited us and turned 22 us over to Mr Taylor. If I said Mr Taylor recruited us, it could 23 be an error from me. 24 Q. Now, you agreed with me that you told the Truth and 11:09:00 25 Reconciliation Commission that it was Mr Taylor who recruited you 26 in Ivory Coast. Why are you telling the Truth and Reconciliation 27 Commission one thing and these judges something else? 28 Α. What I said to the TRC was an error. It was an error. 29 What I'm saying is that the recruitment was done by Godfather.

	1	It was a recruitment team that did the recruitment, not Taylor
	2	himself. Later on at the base the men who were recruited were
	3	handed over to Mr Taylor as the boss. So automatically whatever
	4	was going on in relation to recruitment was for Mr Taylor.
11:10:09	5	Q. So you told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission the
	6	wrong thing. Is that what you're saying?
	7	A. Yes. He was not in the recruiting team. It was an error.
	8	Q. So you told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission the
	9	wrong thing. Is that what you're saying?
11:10:34	10	A. Not wrong. It's an error. It's not wrong. Anybody can
	11	make a mistake and mistakes are allowed to be made.
	12	Q. So when you told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission
	13	that Charles Taylor recruited you from the lvory Coast, you got
	14	that wrong, correct?
11:10:58	15	A. It is not wrong. It is an error. I'm repeating it. It's
	16	an error. It's a mistake.
	17	Q. So you're saying you made a mistake when giving evidence to
	18	the Truth and Reconciliation Commission?
	19	A. Yes.
11:11:16	20	Q. But, Mr Zaymay, you were giving evidence on oath, weren't
	21	you?
	22	A. Yes, I gave evidence on oath. A mistake is not a lie. A
	23	mistake is allowed to be made. Anybody can make a mistake. You
	24	take an oath to talk the truth, but you can make mistakes. It's
11:11:42	25	not lying.
	26	Q. Aren't you careful when you give evidence on oath,
	27	Mr Zaymay?
	28	A. But you are careful.
	29	MS HOWARTH: I want to refer to the first summary that was

1 provided by the Defence in relation to this witness: 2 Q. Mr Witness, to be fair to you I'm just going to explain 3 that before you give your evidence the Defence Lawyers provide us 4 with a summary or summaries of the topics that you will discuss Now, the summary that we were given by the 11:13:00 5 in your evidence. Defence - and I'm referring to the version 4 summary of 29 6 7 January 2010, however - this is the fourth summary for this witness that was filed. All four of them were the same. I'm 8 9 referring to the first sentence. Mr Zaymay, it says this: "W" - which is witness - "was an AFL soldier in the 11:13:32 10 Military Police in 1985, was exiled to the Ivory Coast where 11 12 Charles Taylor took him and others to Libya to be trained as 13 Special Forces." [Overlapping speakers] Mr Witness, if you could just wait 14 11:14:00 15 for the question. PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, could you wait for the 16 17 question, please, to be asked first. 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. 19 MS HOWARTH: 11:14:13 20 0. Why did you tell the Defence lawyers that Charles Taylor 21 took you to Libya to be trained as Special Forces? 22 Ask your question again. I didn't get it clearly. Α. 23 Why did you tell the Defence lawyers that Charles Taylor 0. 24 took you to Libya to be trained as Special Forces? 11:14:41 25 Α. Yes, because he staged the revolution. He was the head of 26 the revolution. He staged the revolution. He organised the movement and he arranged the base. So he was the boss who did 27 28 everything. That's what I'm saying. He took me. 29 Did you tell the lawyers that Charles Taylor took you from Q.

	1	the Ivory Coast, like you told the Truth and Reconciliation		
	2	Commission?		
	3	A. Godfather was the one who recruited me and took me from		
	4	Zongwe to Abidjan, from Abidjan to Burkina, from Burkina onward		
11:15:44	5	to Libya before I could see Charles Taylor.		
	6	Q. You have met someone called Edward Mineh while you've been		
	7	here in The Hague, haven't you?		
	8	A. Yes, I met Edward Mineh here.		
	9	Q. Please remind me, when was it you arrived in The Hague?		
11:16:14	10	A. I left Liberia on the 27th - no, I left Liberia on the		
	11	28th, on Wednesday, and I arrived here on the 29th, on Thursday.		
	12	Q. And when you arrived here, Edward Mineh was also here,		
	13	wasn't he?		
	14	A. Yes.		
11:16:49	15	Q. And he was also a witness for the Defence, wasn't he?		
	16	A. Yes.		
	17	Q. And you were sharing accommodation with Edward Mineh,		
	18	weren't you?		
	19	A. We were living in the same hotel.		
11:17:18	20	Q. Without naming any names, and please don't name any names,		
	21	was there anyone - any other witnesses with you in that hotel at		
	22	that time?		
	23	A. It was only Edward Mineh that I knew before		
	24	THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat the		
11:17:47	25	name of the person who came over.		
	26	PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, do you wish him to repeat the		
	27	name of the person who came over?		
	28	MS HOWARTH: [Microphone not activated].		
	29	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you should not name any		

	1	names. Just give an answer without naming any names, please.
	2	THE WITNESS: Yes.
	3	MS HOWARTH:
	4	Q. And when you say you knew him before, what do you mean?
11:18:23	5	A. Who? Edward Mineh?
	6	Q. Yes.
	7	A. I knew Edward Mineh as one of the NPFL fighters, as
	8	commander for the 1st Battalion.
	9	Q. So he is an old acquaintance of yours, isn't he?
11:18:55	10	A. Yes.
	11	Q. And an old friend of yours as well?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. And you are both of the same tribe; I'm right about that,
	14	aren't l?
11:19:21	15	A. Yes.
	16	Q. And you speak the same Language, correct?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. How many days did you share the accommodation in the hotel
	19	with Edward Mineh for?
11:19:39	20	A. Maybe six days.
	21	Q. And did you speak with Mr Mineh during those six days?
	22	A. Oh, yes. We used to talk. While we were in the video
	23	club, we used to talk.
	24	Q. What do you mean by the video club?
11:20:16	25	A. You know the place where we were staying, they have a video
	26	there. So when there was nothing to do, Edward having been here
	27	for long, he has had some friends, the Sierra Leonean group, so
	28	he used to go there to borrow video cassette discs and we would
	29	go and sit down and he would play it just to pass time.

1	Q.	So you passed time together and watched some videos. Did
2	you a	also share meals together?
3	а.	Yes, we used to eat in the same dining room.
4	Q.	And did you chat on those occasions too?
11:21:18 5	6 A.	What occasion?
6	Q.	When you were eating in the dining room together?
7	Α.	When you are eating you don't talk, so what would we be
8	di scu	ussing? I was concentrating on my mission here.
9	Q.	So you talked in the video room but not when you were
11:21:46 10) eatir	ng food, correct?
11	Α.	Yes, when we were eating we don't talk. After I have
12	finis	shed eating I would go to the video club.
13	Q.	Could the transcript for 29 April 2010 at page 40303 be
14	showr	n, please. I'm going to start from line 1. This is what
11:23:00 15	6 Mr Mi	neh had to say:
16)	"Q. And what happened when you were in Danane?
17	,	A. I was there; I built my house; I began to sell cassava.
18	8	Q. For how long did you remain in Danane?
19)	A. I cannot remember, but I stayed too long there.
11:23:18 20)	Q. Did you leave Danane to go anywhere else after that?
21		A. Yes. When I was in Danane, someone called for me and
22	2	carried me elsewhere.
23	5	Q. Who came for you?
24	Ļ	A. Godfather came for me and said, 'Let's go. There is
11:23:36 25	5	a place that I want to carry you. There is someone that
26)	has come to be our saviour, so let's go.'
27	,	Q. Godfather, did he have another name? Did you know him
28	8	by another name?
29)	A. His name is Alfred Mehn."

1 Then skipping to the next page at line 24: 2 "Q. Mr Witness, when Alfred Mehn approached you what did he say to you? 3 Α. What he told me, then I agreed, he came for me and told 4 me that because they are killing the Dan, to wherever you 11:24:14 5 go there, I will go. 6 7 Did he say he was going to take you to any particular 0. 8 pl ace? 9 Α. Yes. Q. Where he was going to take you? 11:24:27 10 He took me and carried me to Abidjan. From Abidjan we 11 Α. 12 went to Burkina Faso. Then we advanced to Libya. 13 Q. Did he tell you why he was taking you to Libya? 14 Α. Yes. 11:24:40 15 Q. Why was he taking you to Libya? He carried me to Libya for those who - for the Dan 16 Α. 17 tribe to regroup and take training to fight Doe, so I agreed." 18 19 So Mr Mineh is saying there that it's the Godfather Alfred 11:25:00 20 Mehn who recruits him from Ivory Coast, isn't he? 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, I don't know what kind of 22 question you want to put to the witness. Are you simply saying to him has he seen what the transcript says, or what is the 23 24 question? 11:25:35 25 MS HOWARTH: It's as simple as asking his agreement that 26 what I've just read reflects the fact that Mr Mineh said that 27 Alfred Mehn, the Godfather, recruited him from Ivory Coast: 28 Q. That's right, isn't it, Mr Witness? That's what Mr Mineh is saying there, that the Godfather recruited him from Ivory 29

1 Coast? Do you agree or disagree? Was that what he was saying? 2 Yes, I would agree with him because Godfather and Degbon Α. 3 were the recruiting team. They were recruiting us in the Ivory 4 Coast, but I was not in Edward Mineh's group to know whether it was Godfather who took him along. I was not in his group. 11:26:39 5 I would like to refer to the updated summary that was 0. 6 7 provided by the Defence, and this was the first of two. This was provided on 5 May 2010. Mr Witness, this updated summary 8 9 explains this: "Witness went into exile in the lvory Coast where Charles 11:27:25 10 Taylor's emissaries took him and others to Libya for military 11 training with a view to topple Doe." 12 13 Now, this is different from what is stated in the first 14 summary we were provided with and it's different from what you told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission. 11:27:48 15 My question is Did you and Mr Mineh put your heads together and discuss 16 this: 17 who it was who recruited you from the lvory Coast? Did you discuss the Godfather - Godfather, Alfred Mehn? 18 19 Discuss - ask your question again. You said I discussed Α. 11:28:19 20 what with Edward Mineh or Godfather? I did not get your question 21 clearly. 22 Did you discuss with Edward Mineh your recruitment in Ivory 0. 23 Coast by Edward Mineh, Godfather - Alfred Mehn, Godfather? 24 Α. I discussed with Edward Mineh where? 11:28:47 25 Q. While you've been sharing the hotel here in The Hague? 26 Α. I was strongly advised that I should not discuss my No. 27 testimony with anybody, so I never discussed anything with Edward 28 Mineh. 29 So you are saying it's just a coincidence that you've Q.

	1	changed your story from it being Charles Taylor who recruited
	2	you, which is what you told the TRC, to it being Alfred Mehn,
	3	Godfather?
	4	A. I said any movement of the NPFL that was done for
11:29:40	5	recruitment to attack Liberia was supervised Charles Taylor.
	6	Charles Taylor never came on the ground in Zongwe in Ivory Coast
	7	to recruit me. It was Godfather who recruited me. The
	8	recruitment team was Godfather and Degbon.
	9	When I was - I was recruited by Godfather and when I got to
11:30:03	10	Tripoli, that was the time Mr Taylor came in as the overall boss
	11	for our organisation. So automatically he recruited. He sent
	12	for the people, but he never came on the ground to recruit me. I
	13	continue to say this.
	14	MS HOWARTH: I don't know if this is a convenient point,
11:30:28	15	Madam President.
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, this is a convenient moment to take
	17	the midmorning break. We will reconvene at 12 o'clock.
	18	[Break taken at 11.30 a.m.]
	19	[Upon resuming 12.03 p.m.]
11:58:17	20	PRESIDING JUDGE: Right. Ms Howarth, please continue.
	21	MS HOWARTH: I am grateful:
	22	Q. Now, Mr Witness, we have spoken about your appearance
	23	before the Truth and Reconciliation Commission and the fact that
	24	you gave evidence before them. When you did so, am I right in
12:03:47	25	saying you gave evidence for about an hour and a half? Does that
	26	sound about right, or not?
	27	A. I can't remember the exact time. I was not having a watch.
	28	Q. Does it sound like a reasonable estimate? It doesn't have
	29	to be exact.

1 Α. I can't tell. 2 Q. Very well. You on that occasion told the Truth and 3 Reconciliation Commission your story about what happened during 4 the wars in Liberia, didn't you? Yes. 12:04:43 5 Α. And when you were telling them your story, you explained, Q. 6 7 as we have already mentioned this morning, that Charles Taylor 8 came and recruited you from the Ivory Coast, and after that you 9 told them about how you invaded Liberia and you entered with Prince Johnson in Gbutuo. That's correct, isn't it? 12:05:14 10 Α. Yes. 11 12 Q. You spent some time in your testimony to these judges in 13 this Court talking about your training in Libya, correct? 14 Α. Yes. 12:05:41 15 Q. But when you were relaying your story to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission, you didn't mention your training in 16 17 Libya at all, did you? Yes, I told them I was trained in Libya. 18 Α. 19 When it was the part of your testimony where you were 0. 12:06:10 20 relaying your story - not the part where you are being asked 21 questions, but the chance you had to tell your version of 22 events - you didn't mention Libya, did you? 23 I talked about Libya; that I was trained in Libya. Α. 24 Q. So you are saying when you told your story in your own 12:06:46 25 words your events, you told the Truth and Reconciliation 26 Commission about your training in Libya? 27 They asked me what had caused me to take arms against Α. Yes. 28 Samuel Kanyon Doe. I explained how I went to exile, how I left 29 and went for training, the type of training I took, how I

	1	entered. I explained everything.
	2	Q. Now, the format of the hearing before the Truth and
	3	Reconciliation Commission was this: You had an opportunity to
	4	explain your story to the commissioners uninterrupted for some
12:07:36	5	time, didn't you?
	6	A. Yes.
	7	Q. And then after that the commissioners were able to ask you
	8	questions, weren't they?
	9	A. Yes.
12:07:56	10	Q. And you very helpfully answered those questions, correct?
	11	A. Yes. Yes.
	12	Q. Now, in the part where you were telling the commissioners
	13	your story, your version of events, you didn't mention that you
	14	trained in Libya, did you?
12:08:25	15	A. I told them where I was trained and the type of training I
	16	undertook and how I entered Liberia. I explained to them. I did
	17	not jump from Ivory Coast to come to Liberia. I was trained, and
	18	I told them.
	19	Q. So you are saying that when you were giving your own
12:08:47	20	version of events you told them about the lvory Coast, and from
	21	the Ivory Coast you told them that you went to Libya to Tajura
	22	and was trained there by Charles Taylor? Is that what you are
	23	sayi ng?
	24	A. Yes.
12:09:06	25	Q. Mr Zaymay, that's not true, is it?
	26	A. What is not true?
	27	Q. It's not true that you when you were narrating your story,
	28	your version of events, that you told those commissioners about
	29	Libya. You didn't mention Libya at all, did you?

1 Well, maybe they made a mistake. Then how did I leave Α. 2 Ivory Coast to come and fight in Liberia? Where was I trained? 3 Then they made the mistake. 4 Q. Mr Zaymay, you didn't mention Libya to them at all until you were asked the question directly by one of the commissioners. 12:09:50 5 That's what happened, isn't it? 6 7 I explained where I was trained. If it is not mentioned Α. there, then that is their error. They asked me what had caused 8 9 me to join the NPFL, and I explained what had caused me to join the NPFL and where it was organised in Libya, and I explained 12:10:18 10 where I was trained. If it was not there, then they may have 11 12 made the mistake, not me. 13 Q. So are you saying you spoke twice about Libya? You spoke 14 once about Libya when you were relaying your story of events, and 12:10:36 15 then again when you were asked questions. Is that what you are sayi ng? 16 17 Α. Yes. 18 MS HOWARTH: Your Honour - Madam President, I would like to 19 refer the witness to his testimony before the Truth and 12:10:58 20 Reconciliation Commission. It's in a bundle. A copy has been provided to the Defence previously, and there are bundles for 21 22 your Honours. Yes, if Mr Zaymay could be shown the copy. 23 24 MS I RURA: There are two bundles. Could counsel indicate 12:12:32 25 which of the two. 26 MS HOWARTH: It should be one bundle with two tabs, tab 1 27 and tab 2. It's in tab 1. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you read the document on 29 the computer?

1 THE WITNESS: This one is not clear to me. My eyesights 2 are not good. 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: It's not clear to me either and I am 4 wearing glass. Perhaps the witness could be given the document directly, the paper copy for him to read. 12:13:22 5 MS HOWARTH: Madam President, there should be copies of the 6 7 bundles for your Honours. I don't know --PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, we do have copies. I was just 8 9 concerned that the witness, you know, should be shown a copy that's legible. 12:13:45 10 MS HOWARTH: 11 12 Q. Mr Witness, you have in your hands a copy of the testimony 13 that you gave before the Truth and Reconciliation Commission and 14 at the top it reads - the top of the first page it reads, "testimony before the Liberian Truth and Reconciliation 12:14:12 15 Commission." Then it says, "Montserrado County, February 4, 16 17 2009, Mr Edward T Zaymay." If I could turn to page 3. I am going to start where it says "that". It's in the middle of the 18 19 page. You said: 12:14:59 20 "That was how the old ma gave me US \$10 and I left with 21 tears in my eyes and I said to myself, 'I will return to this 22 country and revenge,' and that was what motivated some of us to 23 have taken arms against this Doe government. While it was sweet 24 to other people, it was bitter cola to some of us. And so I left 12:15:22 25 and make my way into exile and while there I met some soldiers, 26 Namibians, civilians and others in exile and decided that we 27 should remain there and rally and buy single barrel and enter 28 Liberia because we are all trained the same way. That was our plan but there was no leader. It was Prince Johnson, Isaac Musa 29

	1	and by then Podier was in Abidjan. We remained there and if it
	2	were Butterfly that came as a leader and said to us let go, we
	3	would have done it and we will take him to be God and remained
	4	committed to him like Taylor. So we were there until Taylor came
12:15:59	5	and recruited us and we pull out. Those day people in Nimba
	6	making their farms, citizens, killing them, there must be a stop
	7	to it. We were trained and we entered. I entered with Prince
	8	Johnson in Gbutuo with two single barrels and five stalks."
	9	Mr Zaymay, where in what I just read does the word "Libya"
12:16:28	10	occur?
	11	A. Excuse me. This statement, at first I was called to the
	12	TRC head office in Sinkor in Monrovia. That was where they
	13	recorded me when I explained everything. My statement was taken
	14	down and they told me that they were taking it to the TRC office.
12:17:01	15	So it may be the people's error when they did not mention Libya,
	16	but I did explain to the people where I took my training and the
	17	type of training I undertook and how I entered.
	18	MS HOWARTH: Madam President, may I just have a moment. I
	19	want to be fair to the witness and true to what he said to the
12:18:18	20	truth commission. I just want to find a reference I wasn't
	21	intending to refer to.
	22	I am grateful for the time. I have been unable to find
	23	what I am looking for. If I can locate it I will certainly come
	24	back to it:
12:20:26	25	Q. Mr Zaymay, this is not a copy of a witness statement. This
	26	is a copy of the testimony that you gave on 4 February 2009,
	27	isn't it?
	28	A. I was recorded when I gave my statement and when I entered
	29	into the hall, I explained the same thing. If the people - the

1 people were the ones who were taking the record. If they did not 2 mention if here, then they would have made the error. It was not How could - where would NPFL have come from to enter 3 me. 4 Liberia? Where was NPFL organised? I explained where I had come 12:21:11 5 from. Mr Zaymay, if you look at the document, the first page, it Q. 6 7 says "presenter" and from then onwards there is the record of your evidence that you gave and that's pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8 9 of 6 and then at page 6 we see questions from the commissioners and then the remaining pages are indeed those questions. Not so? 12:21:46 10 Yes, they asked me questions and I answered to them. 11 Α. 12 Q. So the format that it took was yourself giving your 13 testimony, your story, followed by the commissioners asking their 14 questions to you, correct? 12:22:17 15 Α. Yes. But in the statement that I read to you, when you were 16 Q. 17 giving your version of events, you don't mention Libya, do you? 18 I could remember explaining where I was trained. Where I Α. was trained. 19 12:22:41 20 0. You don't mention Tajura, do you? 21 I mentioned where I was trained. I was trained in Tajura Α. 22 in Libya. I mentioned it. That was where NPFL was organised. That was where I saw Taylor. I explained. 23 24 You didn't mention at all about Libya, Tajura, training as Q. Special Forces, when it was your turn to give your version of 12:23:05 25 events, did you? 26 27 I said I explained. It might be an error from the people, Α. 28 but not me. 29 Did you not mention Libya in your story because you were Q.

	1	trying to protect Mr Taylor?
	2	A. I was trying to protect Mr Taylor? By what means?
	3	Q. Well, Mr Taylor didn't want people to know about him
	4	training Special Forces in Libya, did he? Do you remember that?
12:24:03	5	THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he repeat his answer
	6	slowly.
	7	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, whatever you said has not
	8	been captured by the interpreter. Please repeat your answer
	9	slowly.
12:24:15	10	THE WITNESS: I am repeating it. I said, if I intended to
	11	tell them in Liberia, then why could I come here in an
	12	international war crime court and admit it here? I protect him
	13	in Liberia and not in a war crime court?
	14	MS HOWARTH:
12:24:40	15	Q. There was a time, wasn't there, Mr Zaymay, when Mr Taylor
	16	didn't want people to know about training in Libya, wasn't there?
	17	A. There was no time that I know of.
	18	Q. So you are saying Mr Taylor has always said, 'Oh, yes, I
	19	was training Special Forces in Libya'? He has always been open
12:25:12	20	and honest about that, has he?
	21	A. He never told me. I was not close to Mr Taylor, but I knew
	22	where I was trained. It's not a secret. When NPFL entered
	23	Liberia, everybody knew where NPFL had come from. It was not in
	24	secret.
12:25:46	25	Q. Mr Zaymay, I am not sure that you have really answered my
	26	question so I am going to try again. Mr Taylor has not always
	27	been completely open and honest about training Special Forces in
	28	Li bya, has he?

29 A. No.

1 Q. So when you failed to mention Libya to the Truth and 2 Reconciliation Commission when you were telling your version of events, was that because you were trying to protect Mr Taylor? 3 4 Α. No. I was not protecting Mr Taylor. When NPFL entered Liberia, everybody knew where NPFL had come from. If I was 12:26:40 5 protecting Mr Taylor in a common country like Liberia, what about 6 7 here in an international court here? I want to be a hundred per cent complete in having listened 8 Q. 9 to what you have said to turn to page 7 of the testimony from the Truth and Reconciliation Commission. About halfway down the page 12:27:06 10 there is a question from Commissioner Konneh. He says: 11 12 "Mr Witness, we want to thank you for coming to testify in 13 what you know and what you did during the Liberian civil 14 war. For your general testimony, we gathered that you were 12:27:35 15 one of those who went to Libya for training. Is that 16 right? 17 Response: Yes. " Mr Witness that's all you told the Truth and Reconciliation 18 19 Commission about Libya, isn't it? 12:27:54 20 Α. Yes. They asked me this question, where I was trained, and 21 I toad them I was trained in Libya. If I did not mention Libya 22 in my testimony, how would they have asked this question? 23 I would like the witness to stay here where he is for a 0. 24 moment, because I am going to come back to the testimony. But if 12:28:17 25 it's possible for the transcript of 11 May 2010 at page 40790 to 26 be put on the screen, I would be grateful. I am at line 15, 27 Mr Zaymay. This is an extract from your testimony to this Court 28 during your evidence-in-chief at line 15: 29 "Q. Do you know anyone by the name Dr Manneh?

	1	A. I heard about Dr Manneh, but I never saw him. I did
	2	not even know what he looked like.
	3	Q. What did you hear about Dr Manneh?
	4	A. I heard from some of the Senegambians that was
12:29:43	5	assigned to Mr Taylor that their leader was called
	6	Dr Manneh, but I never saw him."
	7	Now, I would like you to - if we could all turn towards the
	8	end of the TRC transcript. It's page 21, right at the bottom.
	9	This is during the questions that are being asked to you.
12:30:21	10	"Question: What will you say about other mercenaries like
	11	Dr Manneh?
	12	Response: No, I don't know Dr Manneh.
	13	Question: Coko Samba Samel from the Gambia known in
	14	Liberia as Dr Manneh in the NPFL, you never heard about him
12:30:53	15	and you don't know him?
	16	Response: When we entered I got my instruction and I went
	17	straight to the front."
	18	Mr Zaymay, why, when you gave testimony before the Truth
	19	and Reconciliation Commission, did you say, "No, I don't know
12:31:16	20	Dr Manneh," but also on oath to these judges you explained that
	21	in fact you did know who Dr Manneh was because you had been told
	22	by the Gambians that he was their leader?
	23	A. Knowing somebody by name is different from hearing.
	24	Knowing somebody is different from hearing about somebody, okay?
12:31:57	25	You can tell me that this is my leader, meaning Dr Manneh. It
	26	does not mean that I saw him and I knew - I saw him in person and
	27	I knew him. The people from Senegambia told him that - tell me
	28	that he was their leader. I did not see him to even know him and
	29	how he looked. So knowing somebody is different from hearing

1 about somebody.

	I	about somebody.
	2	Q. Isn't it the case that you are telling one thing to the
	3	Truth and Reconciliation Commission and another thing to these
	4	judges?
12:32:38	5	A. The TRC asked me if I knew Dr Manneh and I said, "No, I
	6	don't know Dr Manneh." I did not even see him in person, but I
	7	heard about him. That was what I told the TRC, and that's the
	8	same thing I am saying here. I did not see Dr Manneh in person.
	9	I heard from some of the Gambian guys that Dr Manneh was their
12:33:02	10	leader.
	11	Q. If I could - and again please stay where you are for the
	12	moment. If I could refer to the trial transcript again at 11
	13	May, page 40785.
	14	PRESIDING JUDGE: We have the transcript.
12:34:06	15	MS HOWARTH: I am grateful. I will start from the top.
	16	Q. We are talking here about your testimony regarding the
	17	Roosevelt Johnson incident.
	18	"A. First in 1998 after the elections in 1997. When
	19	Charles Taylor was elected President, the first attack in
12:34:29	20	1998 by Roosevelt Johnson on Camp Johnson Road, September
	21	18.
	22	Q. What was the attack about? And again, just be very
	23	brief in your description of the attack?
	24	A. Roosevelt Johnson from the ULIMO-J, where he was living
12:34:49	25	at Camp Johnson Road was declared by him as the Executive
	26	Mansion for ULIMO-J. They established a roadblock there.
	27	Nobody could pass through. So Mr Taylor ordered the ECOMOG
	28	commander that was assigned with Mr Taylor to go and tell
	29	Roosevelt Johnson to come to him. Why should he put a

	1	roadblock in the city? Roosevelt Johnson refused, so his
	2	man opened fire on the ECOMOG. The ECOMOG executed the man
	3	who opened fire on Roosevelt Johnson - on ECOMOG from
	4	Roosevelt Johnson. Then Taylor ordered Roosevelt Johnson's
12:35:31	5	arrest. That was what brought the war, September 18.
	6	Q. And how did that war end?
	7	A. We fought the war. From the arrest, it turned into a
	8	war and we fought the war. Roosevelt Johnson escaped into
	9	the American embassy. That was where the war ended.
12:35:51	10	Q. And when you say 'we fought the war' were you involved
	11	in the fighting?
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. And which unit in the AFL were fighting under?
	14	A. We had a combined AFL now. I had taken over my
12:36:06	15	military police unit. All of us joined. The entire AFL,
	16	we attacked Roosevelt Johnson."
	17	Mr Zaymay, are you satisfied that that's a correct
	18	recollection of what happened on September 18?
	19	A. Yes.
12:36:32	20	Q. If I could refer to page 6 of the testimony from the Truth
	21	and Reconciliation Commission. Mr Zaymay, I am going to read
	22	what you told the Truth and Reconciliation Commission about the
	23	September 18 incident. I am at page 6. I am going to start
	24	where it says "That was where the incident". It's just above the
12:37:17	25	middle of the page:
	26	"That was the incident that brought September 18 when the
	27	chief of staff report to the President that when Roosevelt remain
	28	on Camp Johnson Road he will create problem for the army and the
	29	President ordered his arrest from Camp Johnson Road and that was

	1	what that brought, September 18. He called and asked me Zaymay,
	2	are you in BTC? Yes, sir, I answered. You will close the gate
	3	and nobody will enter and order the Light Alert Force to move to
	4	me to defence, and they exchanged fire and Roosevelt is on his
12:37:59	5	way to BTC, entered by the way of PHP and there was a heavy force
	6	of artillery headed by ATU from the mansion came by the way of
	7	Redemption Street and entered at the back of BTC fence with BZT
	8	and by then Roosevelt and his men were on the football field and
	9	when the heavy force came they all ran towards PHP. ATU took
12:38:26	10	complete control, they put me in control and they went to do
	11	house search and anybody we find will be consider enemy."
	12	First, Mr Zaymay, what's PHP?
	13	A. BHP - PHP is an area - it's an area by the BTC. It is an
	14	area where people live.
12:39:09	15	Q. You know what PHP stands for?
	16	A. No, I don't know what it stands for.
	17	Q. Now, when you testified about this incident to the Truth
	18	and Reconciliation Commission, you said that the reason for -
	19	that Charles Taylor ordered the arrest of Prince Johnson was that
12:39:39	20	he was going to cause a problem for the army, didn't you?
	21	A. Yes, for the army and the entire Liberian people - the
	22	entire Monrovia people.
	23	Q. But when you have given evidence about this incident before
	24	their Honours you have given a different version of events,
12:40:08	25	haven't you?
	26	A. What's the difference? Roosevelt Johnson declared himself
	27	President and placed a roadblock in the city. That was what
	28	brought the problem. What different statement that - have I
	29	made?

1 Q. The version that you have given to these judges is that there was a roadblock, first of all, something you didn't mention 2 3 to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission, and because of this 4 roadblock, Charles Taylor orders ECOMOG to tell Roosevelt Johnson to report to him. He refuses, and Roosevelt Johnson's men open 12:40:46 5 fire on the ECOMOG, and it's only then that Charles Taylor orders 6 7 his arrest. So it's as a result of Roosevelt Johnson's men opening fire on the ECOMOG that Charles Taylor orders the arrest. 8 9 That's what you are telling these judges. But you told the TRC that it was because a problem would be caused for the army. So 12:41:13 10 there is two different version of events there, aren't there, 11 12 Mr Zaymay? 13 Α. The issue of Roosevelt Johnson came about as a result of 14 the roadblock at Camp Johnson Road. And when he declared himself President, he said no other person can pass through that area. 12:41:40 15 That was what caused the problem. Roosevelt Johnson's issue came 16 17 about as a result of the roadblock. That's what caused the 18 problem. 19 When you gave your version of events to these judges, you 0. 12:41:57 20 spoke about the AFL, didn't you? Yes. 21 Α. 22 But when you gave your version of events to the Truth and 0. Reconciliation Commission, you talked about a heavy force of 23 24 artillery headed by the ATU from the mansion, didn't you? 12:42:28 25 Α. That was during the fighting now. At that time 26 Roosevelt Johnson had created the problem. It was during the 27 fighting. 28 Q. I don't believe that answers my question. When you talked about your version of events to the Truth and Reconciliation 29

	1	Commission, you talked about a heavy force of artillery headed by
	2	the ATU from the mansion, didn't you?
	3	A. Yes.
	4	Q. And you referred to them coming by way of Redemption Street
12:43:11	5	and entering the back of BTC fence with BZT, didn't you?
	6	A. Yes.
	7	Q. And you said that the heavy force came and they ran towards
	8	the PHP.
	9	A. Yes.
12:43:30	10	Q. And that the ATU took complete control.
	11	A. Of the barracks, yes.
	12	Q. Now, when you gave your version to the TRC, you also said,
	13	"They put me in control and they went to do house search and
	14	anybody we find we will consider enemy." You didn't mention that
12:43:57	15	to this tribunal, did you?
	16	A. If I did not mention it, then I forgot.
	17	Q. Mr Witness, you're again giving one version of events to
	18	this tribunal when you gave a different version of events to the
	19	Truth and Reconciliation Commission.
12:44:24	20	A. What different version?
	21	Q. We don't need to go round in circles. Mr Witness, if we
	22	could refer to the witness summary provided. It's the third
	23	summary that was given, which was the second updated summary on
	24	the same day.
12:44:58	25	A. Excuse me. I explained the September 18 incident. What
	26	caused the September 18 war, I explained. If I did not mention
	27	ATU, it means that I forgot.
	28	Q. Just returning for a second to the version of events you
	29	did give to the TRC, when you said, "They went to do house search

and anybody we find will be considered enemy, "what did you meanby that?

Because Roosevelt Johnson's first incident - Roosevelt 3 Α. 4 Johnson escaped and went to BTC, the military barracks. He called upon all the AFL to support him, and the AFL supported him 12:46:07 5 and we fought and he escaped. So during the second time, 6 7 September 18, when he went to the barracks - at that time I was 8 at the defence. He went to the barracks. It was at that time 9 that the chief of staff called me and said Roosevelt Johnson had gone to the barracks to look for manpower, because 12:46:35 10 Roosevelt Johnson was in a faction, he was a ULIMO-J from the 11 12 army, he had gone to the barracks to ask the army to join him. 13 That was the time I moved there.

14 When they met me they said, "Okay, we are going to do a 12:47:01 15 house to house search in the barracks. Any AFL man who is 16 discovered in any of the houses, it would mean that he was in 17 support of Roosevelt Johnson. Why has he not joined the AFL to 18 fight and he is in a house?" That was the reason they said they 19 were going to do a house to house search in the barracks against 12:47:23 20 the AFL who never took part in the war.

Q. Roosevelt Johnson was staying in a neighbourhood with manyKrahn people, wasn't he?

23 A. Yes, at that time he was still in the barracks.

24 Q. So it was the Krahn people who were considered the enemies, 12:47:50 25 wasn't it?

A. Not all Krahn people. Those who were loyal to Roosevelt
Johnson. There was ULIMO-J. It was not all Krahn people who
were members of ULIMO-J. Roosevelt Johnson's own faction group
was called the ULIMO-J. So you had few of the Krahn people who

1 were committed to him. It was not all the Krahn people that were 2 enemies. I want to refer to the third summary that was provided by 3 Q. 4 the Defence, which is in fact a second updated summary provided also on 5 May this year. Mr Zaymay, I am going to read the first 12:48:36 5 line of an additional summary that was provided by the Defence 6 about your expected testimony. It says this: 7 "W" - which is witness - "was MP commander in the AFL 8 9 during the Camp Johnson Road incident in Monrovia in 1997." Why did you tell the lawyers that the Camp Johnson Road 12:49:09 10 incident occurred in 1997? It occurs in 1998, doesn't it? 11 12 Α. The Camp Johnson Road incident occurred September 18, 13 1990 - '97. 14 MS HOWARTH: Very well. I am moving now to a different 12:50:03 15 area, so the witness can return to his usual seat, if he is more 16 comfortable there. 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: He is sitting in his usual --MS HOWARTH: [Microphone not activated]. 18 19 If I could pull up another transcript, please. It's from 7 Q. 12:50:40 20 May this time, page 40710. I am going to read at line 2: 21 Do you remember exactly when it was that you were "0. 22 transferred to Bomi Hills? I was transferred to Bomi Hills in February. Almost 23 Α. 24 the February ending. 12:51:36 25 Q. And what was your assignment in Bomi Hills? 26 To take over as the 6th Battalion commander in Bomi as Α. 27 battalion commander." 28 I am going to skip a bit and go down to line 25, please: "Q. 29 Mr Zaymay, when you retreated from Monrovia you went

	1	to Kakata. For how long did you stay in Kakata?
	2	A. I stayed in Kakata from August 1990 up to the time I
	3	was transferred in February 1991 to Bomi.
	4	Q. When you took over the command of the 6th Battalion in
12:52:13	5	Bomi, who were you taking over from?"
	6	A. I was succeeded by Oliver Varney.
	7	And then skip a bit again to page 40714.
	8	PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, it says he succeeded Oliver
	9	Varney. He was not succeeded by Oliver Varney.
12:52:35	10	MS HOWARTH: Thank you. I am most grateful:
	11	"Q. For how long did you remain in Bomi - sorry, in Cape
	12	Mount?
	13	A. On the fact-finding mission that we went on?
	14	Q. No, when you took over from Oliver Varney, for how long
12:53:08	15	were you in that assignment as commander?
	16	A. I remained there for - I cannot remember the exact time
	17	that I spent in command, but I remained there for a
	18	while. I can't give the exact figure."
	19	So, Mr Zaymay, this is your testimony on 7 May and you are
12:53:27	20	telling us that you were appointed 6th Battalion commander, that
	21	you get this appointment in February of 1991 and that you succeed
	22	Oliver Varney. Is that correct?
	23	A. Come again. Come again with your question.
	24	Q. I will break them down. You were appointed the 6th
12:53:56	25	Battalion commander, weren't you?
	26	A. Yes.
	27	Q. And you told us that you got this appointment in February
	28	1991?
	29	A. Which one? Which assignment?

1 Q. The appointment as 6th Battalion commander in Bomi? 2 Α. Bomi - you mean 2nd Battalion is in Kakata to Monrovia No. 3 and Bomi is 2nd Battalion. 4 Q. So you are saying today that when you were - the appointment you received in February 1991 was to take control of 12:54:47 5 the 2nd Battalion in Bomi, or are you telling us you were 6 7 appointed 6th Battalion commander but not in Bomi? Please help if you can. 8 9 Α. I was assigned as commander to attack Monrovia in July 1990 in the 2nd Battalion. That is between Kakata to Monrovia. And 12:55:27 10 almost at the end of February, I was transferred to Bomi Hills in 11 12 '91 as the 6th Battalion commander. 2nd Battalion controlled 13 Kakata to Monrovia and 6th Battalion was located in Bomi Hills. 14 So I was transferred to Bomi Hills at the end of February in 1991 as the 6th Battalion commander. 12:55:55 15 So why a few minutes ago did you say, "Bomi - you mean the 16 Q. 17 2nd"? 18 No, in Bomi it was 6th Battalion and 2nd Battalion was Α. 19 Kakata to Monrovia. And Bomi Hills was 6th Battalion. Monrovia. 12:56:25 20 0. And when asked about the time period that you spent as the 6th Battalion commander, you initially said that you couldn't 21 22 remember the exact time but you remained there for a while, but 23 you couldn't give the exact figure, correct? PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. Pause. 24 12:56:56 25 Mr Chekera? 26 MR CHEKERA: If learned counsel is following up on the 27 transcript that was read, the answer related to his assignment in 28 Maryland, not in Bomi. PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, what's your comment? 29

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1 MS HOWARTH: Without taking a moment to look at the 2 transcript I am unable to immediately say. I didn't understand that to be the position. I obviously thought that he was 3 4 referring to his appointment in Bomi. But certainly I'm happy to go to page 40713 just prior to that to try and clarify it, or 12:57:27 5 otherwise it can be raised by my learned friend in his 6 re-examination. 7 Not to the extent that counsel is quoting the 8 MR CHEKERA: 9 wrong provisions in the transcript. That can addressed in 12:57:43 10 re-exam. What we are saying is counsel should remain faithful to the transcript and that's not an issue for re-exam. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, you should quote the 13 transcript accurately to the witness when asking him questions. 14 And try to look at the transcript that you want to refer to him 12:58:07 15 and quote accurately, please. MS HOWARTH: Yes. Well, perhaps the easiest thing is to go 16 17 back to that transcript. I certainly - my understanding was that that did refer to Bomi because of the discussion that goes on 18 19 before that at the previous page. So perhaps I can bring that 12:58:27 20 page up and we can clarify this matter. So it's 7 May 2010, 40713. I can't find a convenient point at 40713, but I might try 21 22 and do it by looking at 40714 and asking the witness what he was referring to himself: 23 24 Q. So, again, the question is: 13:00:28 25 "Q. For how long did you remain in Bomi - sorry, in Cape 26 Mount? 27 Α. On the fact-finding mission that we went on? 28 Q. No, when you took over from - when you took over from Oliver Varney, for how long were you in that assignment as 29

	1	commander?
	2	A. I remained there for - I cannot remember the exact time
	3	that I spent in command, but I remained there for awhile.
	4	I can't give the exact figure."
13:00:55	5	Now, the question there says when you took over from Oliver
	6	Varney, for how long were you in that assignment as commander.
	7	When you took over from Oliver Varney, which position did you
	8	occupy?
	9	A. I took over from him as battalion commander over the 6th
13:01:28	10	Battalion.
	11	Q. And where was that?
	12	A. In Bomi. Bomi.
	13	MS HOWARTH: Madam President, in relation to the earlier
	14	objection, I do believe that the question referred to his
13:01:46	15	appointment to 6th Battalion commander in Bomi from Oliver
	16	Varney. So I don't believe there was any misquoting of the
	17	transcript on my part there, but I will continue with the answer
	18	that's given:
	19	Q. You were then asked:
13:02:04	20	"Q. For how long were you in that assignment as commander?
	21	A. I remained there for - I cannot remember the exact time
	22	that I spent in command, but I remained there for a while.
	23	I can't give the exact figure."
	24	So, Mr Zaymay, when you were asked by your lawyer on 7 May
13:02:22	25	how long you occupied that position as 6th Battalion commander
	26	taking over from Oliver Varney, you couldn't recall how long you
	27	were in that position for, could you?
	28	A. Yes. I can't remember for how long I was in that position,
	29	but it was from February to the end of 1991.

	1	Q. February, which year?
	2	A. February 1991 to the end of 1991.
	3	Q. If I could please refer to the transcript of 11 May 2010,
	4	page 40742. I am looking at line 8. This is a transcript on
13:04:15	5	11 May. You are still being asked questions by your lawyer at
	6	this point. The question here is:
	7	"Q. Now, when you were in Bomi, where were you based?
	8	A. My headquarters was in Tubmanburg, the capital of Bomi
	9	County.
13:04:37	10	Q. For how long were you in Bomi?
	11	A. I was in Bomi from the end of February up to - I was in
	12	Bomi for a year up to the time ULIMO attacked.
	13	Q. Sorry, end of February of which year, if you can just
	14	remind us again?"
13:04:54	15	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Howarth, we don't seem to be reading
	16	from the same transcript.
	17	MS HOWARTH: Is it possible to pull the transcript back up
	18	so I can see what was on the screen, please. It should be the
	19	previous page, 40742. That's 40743. It should be line 8 I
13:05:31	20	referred to, beginning with "now, when you were in Bomi". I am
	21	so sorry if I was rushing ahead there:
	22	Q. So I will go back to line 8:
	23	"Now, when you were in Bomi, as you said you took over
	24	command from Oliver Varney of the 6th Battalion, which
13:05:59	25	areas were you in control of?
	26	A. The 6th Battalion that I served as commander for
	27	controlled lower Lofa now called Gbarpolu County, Bomi
	28	county and Cape Mount. Three counties.
	29	Q. Now, besides Bomi and Cape Mount, where you came from,

	1	was the NPFL in control of any other areas in Liberia?"
	2	A. Yes. NPFL was in
	3	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, this is not a question to
	4	you. Counsel is just reading a copy of the transcript. It's not
13:06:49	5	a question.
	6	THE WITNESS: Okay.
	7	MS HOWARTH: Yes, I think I have just discovered the
	8	problem that Madam President was alluding to earlier. If I could
	9	just have one moment to check my own transcript, I would be very
13:07:11	10	grateful. Perhaps I could continue reading from the transcript
	11	as it was on the screen, please:
	12	Q. So I had got as far as line 18:
	13	"Q. Now, who was in control of Lofa?
	14	A. Lofa was controlled by Anthony Mekunagbe.
13:08:09	15	Q. Now, when you were in Bomi, where were you based?
	16	A. My headquarters was in Tubmanburg, the capital of Bomi
	17	County.
	18	Q. For how long were you in Bomi?
	19	A. I was in Bomi from the end of February up to - I was in
13:08:24	20	Bomi for a year up to the time ULIMO attacked.
	21	Q. Sorry, end of February of which year? If you can just
	22	remind us again.
	23	A. February 1991.
	24	Q. Now, you mentioned an attack by ULIMO. The time that
13:08:40	25	you went to Bomi, was there any fighting going on in Bomi?
	26	A. No.
	27	Q. And you said when ULIMO attacked. Do you remember
	28	exactly when it was that ULIMO attacked?
	29	A. ULIMO attacked mid-May 1991."

	1	Now, Mr Witness, I am confused because earlier in answering
	2	questions today you said you were appointed in February 1991 up
	3	to the end of that year and in your testimony here you say you're
	4	appointed in February for a year, which would be till February
13:09:29	5	1992, and then again you say your appointment runs until ULIMO
	6	attacks, which you said is mid-May 1991. Mr Zaymay, you are not
	7	clear when you were appointed, for how long you were appointed
	8	6th Battalion commander, are you?
	9	A. What do you mean? I am not clear like how?
13:10:00	10	Q. Well, you have given three different versions of how long
	11	you held that position for. Haven't you?
	12	A. I was in Bomi for almost a year, almost a year. For almost
	13	a year. I cannot remember the exact month or the exact time,
	14	that I continue to say.
13:10:34	15	Q. Could I refer to a Prosecution exhibit and this is P-386.
	16	Mr Zaymay, are you able to see the document?
	17	A. Yes, I can see it.
	18	Q. Now, this is a diagram that is drawn by another Defence
	19	witness, somebody called Yanks Smythe. Do you know who he is?
13:12:12	20	A. I know Yanks, yes.
	21	Q. And how do you know him?
	22	A. I know Yanks to be one of the Senegambians.
	23	Q. And when did you get to know him?
	24	A. I got to know him in Liberia. They were all assigned with
13:12:46	25	Mr Taylor as special bodyguards.
	26	Q. And when was it that you got to know him?
	27	A. I got to know Yanks - I got to know Yanks after Taylor was
	28	elected President. I used to see him sometimes when he went to
	29	the mansion.

	1	Q. And you know, don't you, that he was later appointed
	2	ambassador to Libya?
	3	A. Not at my level. I was in the army. I did not know about
	4	ambassadors.
13:13:58	5	Q. I appreciate that, but you do know that he at one point
	6	held that position, don't you?
	7	A. I don't know.
	8	Q. Very well. Let's look at the diagram. Now, he was asked
	9	if he could draw a diagram of the NPFL command structure, and
13:14:29	10	that's written at the top left-hand corner, and just beneath that
	11	he has put the date and the date that is there is "March 1991".
	12	Do you agree?
	13	A. Read that. What? What company structure? I do not
	14	understand the handwriting.
13:14:59	15	Q. Okay. In the top left-hand corner is written "NPFL command
	16	structure, March 1991". Do you understand?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. And there is a box in - it's really in the middle of the
	19	page where the various battalions are listed. Can you see that?
13:15:32	20	There is 1st, 2nd, 6th?
	21	A. Yes, I can see 1st Battalion.
	22	Q. Next to that there's 2nd Battalion and next to that there
	23	is 6th Battalion?
	24	A. Yes.
13:16:00	25	Q. And underneath 6th Battalion he has written the name Oliver
	26	Varney?
	27	A. Yes.
	28	Q. And his evidence to this Court was that Oliver Varney was
	29	the 6th Battalion commander. Do you follow?

1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. So Yanks Smythe doesn't mention you as 6th Battalion 3 commander, does he? 4 Α. Yes, he did not mention me as 6th Battalion commander, but I was 6th Battalion commander in '91, to the end of '91. He 13:16:51 5 might not know. 6 7 Yanks Smythe has got this right, hasn't he? It was Oliver 0. Varney who was the 6th Battalion commander in March 1991 in Bomi 8 9 Hills, isn't it? No. Oliver Varney was - in 1990 Oliver Varney was sent 13:17:17 10 Α. from Buchanan to go and attack Bomi Hills and when he attacked 11 Bomi Hills in 1990, and I succeeded him in 1991. This is a 1990 12 13 break down that you see here. 14 Q. Are you saying Yanks Smythe lied to the Court when he said that Oliver Varney was a 6th Battalion commander in March 1991? 13:17:49 15 This is a mistake. It was in 1990 that Oliver Varney was 16 Α. 17 battalion commander. He might have forgotten. This is a 18 mistake. But I succeeded him in 1991. 19 0. Who was Oliver Varney's deputy? 13:18:17 20 Α. Morris Mayer. 21 0. So he has got that part right, hasn't he? 22 Α. You mean the Morris Mayer? 23 0. Yes. 24 Α. I cannot see anything. I can't understand the handwriting. 13:18:37 25 Q. Yes. If you just - where it says "6th Battalion, Oliver 26 Varney, Bomi Hills" there is a line that's drawn down from where 27 it says "Oliver Varney"? 28 Α. Yes. 29 It says "Deputy Morris Mayers". Q.

	1 A.	Yes.
	2 Q.	If we could refer to another trial transcript. This is the
	3 29 Ap	oril 2010 at page 40343. This is the testimony of Mr Mineh
	4 that	he gave to this Court earlier on. At line 2:
13:20:20	5	"A. I was in Harbel in 1990, at the end of 1990, then 1991
	6	I went to Gbarnga.
	7	Q. Did you stay long in Gbarnga?
	8	A. Yes, I was there for a while, yes.
	9	Q. And from Gbarnga did you go anywhere else?
13:20:36 1	0	A. After I left Gbarnga Mr Taylor sent me to Cape Mount
1	1	County.
1	2	Q. And if you recall, when were you sent to Cape Mount
1	3	County?
1	4	A. It was in '91 in the middle. I can't remember the day
13:20:52 1	5	because there was no rating document. It was in '91
1	6	ending. In fact, in the middle."
1	7	Skipping down to line 24:
1	8	"Q. And were you fighting under any battalion when you
1	9	went to Cape Mount?
13:21:07 2	0	A. The battalion I was was 6th Battalion.
2	1	Q. And who was leading the 6th Battalion?
2	2	A. The head was Degbon. He was the overall commander, but
2	3	my control area is Cape Mount.
2	4	Q. Was Degbon leading the 6th Battalion?
13:21:28 2	5	A. He was the head. He was the head of the Special
2	6	Forces.
2	7	Q. And was he in command of the 6th Battalion in Bomi?
2	8	A. Yes, he was the head of all of us."
2	9	Then skipping down to line 27 on the same page:

1	"Q. When you were fighting under the 6th Battalion in Cape
2	Mount, what was your position?
3	A. I was company commander. I got other people under me.
4	All of us, our leader, the head, was Degbon.
13:21:58 5	Q. And who else was above you beside Degbon?
6	A. Anthony Mekunagbe.
7	Q. Anyone el se?
8	A. Oliver Varney."
9	And then skipping down on the same page to line 22:
13:22:15 10	"Q. The question that I asked you and I want you to answer
11	directly if you can: What was Anthony Mekunagbe's
12	position?
13	A. He was dividing food and ammunition. That's what he
14	control s.
13:22:29 15	Q. And was he superior to you?
16	A. Yes. Yes, he was superior to me.
17	Q. And what was Oliver Varney's position?
18	A. Oliver Varney, he was one of the leaders, yes, there."
19	So, Mr Mineh doesn't mention you, 6th Battalion commander,
13:22:57 20	does he?
21	A. Mr Mineh, when I was there as commander Mr Mineh was not
22	there. Mr Mineh went there when I had been transferred. The
23	first commander who was in Cape Mount was Moses Mahn. He was a
24	Special Forces. Moses Mahn. He was the company commander in
13:23:30 25	Cape Mount County.
26	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Howarth, I note that the transcript is
27	referring to Mineh as $M-E-H-N$, which is also the name of somebody
28	else we have heard, but I think this Mehn is the one that
29	testified before the current witness, spelt M-I-N-E-H.

	1	MS HOWARTH: Yes, your Honour is quite right:
	2	Q. Mr Witness, Mr Mineh said it was the middle of 1991 that he
	3	was in Cape Mount. That's when you were there too, isn't it?
	4	A. Yes, I was in Cape Mount during the time for the ULIMO
13:24:29	5	attack.
	6	Q. So he puts you there at the same time, doesn't he?
	7	A. Yes.
	8	Q. But he doesn't know anything about you being the 6th
	9	Battalion commander because he is talking about Oliver Varney,
13:24:47	10	isn't he?
	11	A. Oliver Varney came there and met me there. All of them
	12	came as reinforcement.
	13	Q. We can have a look a bit more at what Mr Mineh says if we
	14	could please pull up the transcript of 3 May 2010, 40430.
13:25:59	15	MS IRURA: Your Honour, I have the text transcript. It
	16	will just take me one moment to get the PDF version. Thank you.
	17	MS HOWARTH:
	18	Q. Starting from the top of that page. Again this is
	19	Mr Mineh's testimony:
13:27:03	20	"Q. Mr Witness, when you were a company commander, you
	21	said it was in the 6th Battalion, who were you answerable
	22	to?
	23	A. I report to joint chief of staff, the head of the
	24	entire army.
13:27:16	25	Q. And who was that person at that time?
	26	A. The joint chief of staff was John Teah.
	27	Q. Mr Witness, as a company commander you were within a
	28	battalion of other companies, correct? You said you were a
	29	company commander of the 6th Battalion, so you were within

	1	your one company amongst three other companies that made up
	2	that battalion, right? Correct?
	3	A. Yes, go ahead. Yes.
	4	Q. And your battalion was based in Bomi, the 6th
13:27:47	5	Battalion, at the time you were company commander, wasn't
	6	it?
	7	A. Yes, in Bomi.
	8	Q. And you say who was the battalion commander at this
	9	time?
13:27:58	10	A. Cape Mount? Our head was - the overall head was Degbon
	11	Q. Was Degbon the battalion commander of the 6th
	12	Battalion?
	13	A. He was the head of Cape Mount control area.
	14	Q. Mr Witness, you are very much familiar with the
13:28:15	15	structure of battalions and companies. You have told this
	16	Court that you served as battalion commander, before you
	17	had served as a company commander, you had operated within
	18	the battalion as the combat officer. Now, if you were a
	19	company in the 6th Battalion then there would have been a
	20	battalion commander. Isn't that the case? Wouldn't it
	21	have been the case for the 6th Battalion?
	22	A. Yes, it has a commander.
	23	Q. So who was the battalion commander for the 6th
	24	Battalion?
13:28:41	25	A. 6th Battalion commander was Oliver Varney, but Degbon
	26	was the overall chief.
	27	Q. So Oliver Varney was answerable to Degbon. Is that
	28	what you are telling this Court?
	29	A. Yes.

1	Q.	Was Degbon based also in Bomi?
2	Α.	Yes. We all were there. They all were there. After
3	the	war was raging, then they came. Wangakor.
4	Q.	What was Degbon's position actually?
13:29:15 5	Α.	Degbon was the head, he was the overall chief.
6	Q.	Did his position have a name, a title?
7	Α.	Yes, he was the head.
8	Q.	Do you get the question right? You have talked
9	abou	t - we know of a company commander, a battalion
13:29:33 10	COMM	ander, but Degbon's position as your overall chief have
11	a ti	tle. If you don't know, say you don't know, but that's
12	the	questi on.
13	Α.	Yes, I cannot remember. But all I know is that he was
14	the	head battalion commander.
13:29:40 15	Q.	So from what you have told this Court, Degbon had
16	supe	rvision over everybody within the 6th Battalion, right?
17	Α.	Yeah, we were under him. Everything was being
18	admi	nistered by him.
19	Q.	Now, what about Anthony Mekunagbe?
13:29:54 20	Α.	Mekunagbe, he was there. He was one of the - he was
21	the	supply officer for the arms and ammunition. Oliver and
22	Degb	on. They were all the big brass."
23	Mr Z	aymay, you are not included by this witness as being in
24	the big br	ass, are you?
13:30:24 25	A. Inw	hat he said he did not make mention of me but I was
26	there. I	succeeded Oliver Varney in '91. After Oliver Varney
27	had gone t	o Maryland, I was sent there to serve as battalion
28	commander	for 6th Battalion when ULIMO attacked in Bomi.
29	PRES	IDING JUDGE: Mr Howarth, do you have any further

1 questions arising from that particular transcript? 2 No, I don't at this moment. Thank you. MS HOWARTH: PRESIDING JUDGE: Then, in view of the time, we will take 3 4 the luncheon break and reconvene at 2.30. [Lunch break taken at 1.31 p.m.] 13:31:44 5 [Upon resuming at 2.30 p.m.] 6 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good afternoon. Ms Howarth, you were continuing with your cross-examination. 8 9 MS HOWARTH: I'm grateful, Madam President. If I could just announce a change of appearance in the Prosecution Bench. 14:31:49 10 Mr Nicholas has left us and we're joined by Ms Brenda J Hollis: 11 12 Q. Now, Mr Zaymay, whilst giving evidence you have mentioned 13 that you had a number of face-to-face conversations between 14 yourself and Mr Taylor. Without going into great detail about each of those conversations, can you remind us, please, of the 14:32:18 15 occasions where you've spoken face-to-face with Mr Taylor? 16 17 Α. Where? In Liberia? The ones that you've spoken about in evidence here. 18 Q. So, 19 yes, some in Liberia and I believe also too in Danane in Ivory 14:32:56 20 Coast, Not Danane; Zongwe. I said in Zongwe before I left for 21 Α. 22 Liberia, I met Mr Taylor the last time when we retreated from 23 Guinea - when we were deported from Guinea, he came to Zongwe. 24 And the group that I was in - the group that I was in to attack 14:33:34 25 Liberia, he came to Zongwe and encouraged us. He spoke to us and 26 reinforced the SOP. He said Prince Johnson was to take the group 27 and his target was Gbutuo. That was the last time I saw him 28 before we entered Liberia. 29 Perhaps I need to short-circuit this, but other Q.

	1	conversations you've had with Mr Taylor included a conversation
	2	that took place in Danane in April 1990. This is just after you
	3	left Prince Johnson's group and you explained you spoke to
	4	Mr Taylor and he was lamenting about the progress of the war. Do
14:34:37	5	you recall telling the Court about that?
	6	A. Yes. When we broke away - when we escaped from Prince, he
	7	sent for T Zaymay, John Teah and Oliver Varney in Danane. When
	8	we went, he thanked us for the efforts we've made. He said we
	9	were to continue. Prince Johnson was alone. NPFL is the mother
14:35:19	10	unit. So, Zaymay, you were to go as commander to Gbutuo. This
	11	happened in Danane.
	12	Q. That conversation where he asked you to go as commander to
	13	Gbutuo, that happened the following day, did it not?
	14	A. Yes. After he had talked to us, we left that same day.
14:35:47	15	Q. And it was another conversation that you had with Mr Taylor
	16	in Gborplay in 1990 where he called for you to report for supply
	17	and following that you say you successfully captured Tappita.
	18	That's correct, isn't it?
	19	A. Yes.
14:36:14	20	Q. And another example is a conversation you have with
	21	Mr Taylor when you take over as commander, as you say, from
	22	Oliver Varney. Is that correct?
	23	A. It was a radio message to me that I should leave and
	24	transfer to Maryland.
14:36:52	25	Q. And, again, was that a direct communication between
	26	yourself and Mr Taylor speaking on the radio, or via radio
	27	operators?
	28	A. It was a radio communication. When I was in Maryland, we
	29	talked one to one and we had a direct contact on radio.

	1	Q. When you say, "We talked one to one and we had a direct
	2	contact on radio," what do you mean?
	3	A. I went to the radio station, and he told me how I was to
	4	disarm ECOMOG. That was what I meant by one to one.
14:37:46	5	Q. Very well. Now, you also explained earlier this morning
	6	that when you went to Burkina Faso, you travelled with Mr Taylor.
	7	I take it you also had a conversation - or perhaps several
	8	conversations with him on that occasion. Is that fair to say?
	9	A. He took me to Burkina Faso. I cannot go alone because I
14:38:18	10	had not been there. We travelled. I cannot go alone, so he took
	11	me there and handed me over to his wife and he went back to
	12	Li beri a.
	13	Q. Yes, I understand that from before. My question was simply
	14	whether any conversation took place between you and Mr Taylor on
14:38:39	15	that occasion.
	16	A. Yes. I was moving with him, so we were talking.
	17	Q. So you are somebody who has had conversations, one to one,
	18	with Mr Taylor on a number of occasions. That's fair to say,
	19	isn't it?
14:39:03	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. Now, before the break we were talking about your
	22	appointment as 6th Battalion commander. Do you recall?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. And we looked at a chart drawn by a Defence witness,
14:39:29	25	Mr Yanks Smythe, in which he identified in March 1991 Oliver
	26	Varney as being the 6th Battalion commander. Do you recall?
	27	A. Yes, I saw it here.
	28	Q. And then we looked at the evidence of Edward Mineh, and he
	29	also identified Oliver Varney as being the 6th Battalion

When

1 commander. Do you recall that? 2 Yes, I saw Edward's own. Α. 3 Now, I just want us to refer to the evidence that Mr Taylor Q. 4 has given in the case about yourself, Mr Zaymay. If I could ask for a transcript to be brought up, please. It's the transcript 14:40:20 5 of 20 January 2010, page 33697. Now, if I could just go down to 6 7 line 18, please. The question is this, and this is a transcript from Mr Taylor giving evidence: 8 9 "Q. Now, Mr Taylor, we've talked before about Benjamin Yeaten, we've talked about Joe Tuah. Who was Edward 14:41:28 10 Zaymay? 11 12 Α. Edward Zaymay is an Armed Forces of Liberia officer. 13 Q. And had he been a part of your NPFL previously? 14 A. Yes, Zaymay was one of the Special Forces." 14:41:57 15 Now, Mr Zaymay, in all of the weeks that Mr Taylor gave testimony, this is all he had to say about you. He doesn't 16 17 mention you as 6th Battalion commander. Another Defence witness, 18 Mr Yanks Smythe, doesn't mention you as 6th Battalion commander, 19 and your old acquaintance and friend Mr Mineh, he didn't mention 14:42:31 20 you as 6th Battalion commander. Were you really 6th Battalion 21 commander? 22 Oh, I will not tell lies. I served as a 6th Battalion Α. 23 commander from '91 to the ending to November, almost to the end of '91 and I was transferred to Bomi Hills. I was in Bomi Hills 24 14:43:01 25 when ULIMO - the first and second attack by ULIMO occurred. 26 ULIMO attacked Liberia, I was in command of the 6th Battalion in 27 Why should I tell lies? Bomi. 28 Q. Well, Mr Witness, this is yet again another end date to your appointment as 6th battalion commander. You've just told us 29

	1	from '91 to the ending to November. Where does November suddenly
	2	come from? Earlier on it was one year. Then it was May. Were
	3	you ever 6th Battalion commander or are you just confused about
	4	whether you were there or not?
14:43:48	5	A. I said - I am still repeating it - I was transferred from
	6	the 2nd Battalion to the 6th Battalion. From the 2nd Battalion
	7	to the 6th Battalion in Bomi Hills as commander for the 6th
	8	Battalion. I was in command of the 6th Battalion when ULIMO
	9	first attacked and when it attacked the second time. At the time
14:44:10	10	that ULIMO attacked, I was transferred to Maryland. I was
	11	commander for the 6th Battalion from February '91 to the ending
	12	of '91 in November. I was commander.
	13	Q. 1991 doesn't end in November, does it? It ends in
	14	December.
14:44:38	15	A. I said almost one year, from 1991, February, I took over
	16	the command up to November 1991 ending. Almost to the end.
	17	That's why I said I cannot tell the exact time that I spent in
	18	command.
	19	Q. This would have been a significant appointment, wouldn't
14:45:04	20	it, the appointment as 6th Battalion commander? Is that fair to
	21	say?
	22	A. Yes, I was 6th Battalion commander.
	23	Q. Then can you tell me this: When giving your story to the
	24	Truth and Reconciliation Commission, why did you not mention your
14:45:31	25	significant appointment as 6th Battalion commander?
	26	A. The TRC wrote me a letter saying that - and when I went,
	27	they told me to explain what the cause was for Liberia's civil
	28	crisis. I was to explain the cause of Liberia's civil crisis and
	29	I explained what I knew, what the cause was. They did not tell

1 me when I was a commander. TRC only asked me to explain what I knew about the Liberia war, what the cause was, what caused us to 2 take arms against a constituted government. And I explained. 3 4 They never asked me when I was a commander or when I was a commander or when I was a commander. 14:46:37 5 But you had the opportunity to tell your story to the Truth 0. 6 7 and Reconciliation Commission. Why wasn't this significant 8 appointment part of your story? 9 Α. The way they introduced the issue to me, the way they 14:47:07 10 introduced it, they never asked me to explain where I had commanded. They only asked me to explain the root cause of the 11 12 Liberian civil crisis. That was what they indicated in the 13 letter they sent to me. And when I went, they explained to me 14 that I should explain the cause of the Liberian war, and I 14:47:34 15 explained the cause of the war. They never asked me when I was in command, who was a commander, where I was in command, no. 16 17 Q. Did you not tell them because you never were 6th Battalion 18 commander? 19 I was not a 6th Battalion commander? I served as the 6th Α. 14:48:02 20 Battalion commander. 21 Did you not ask them because you didn't want them to know 0. 22 that you were 6th Battalion commander? I'm sorry. Did you not 23 tell them because you didn't want them to know you were 6th 24 Battalion commander? 14:48:20 25 Α. But if I were to tell them that I was the 6th Battalion 26 commander, what would have been the crime there? Would it have 27 been a crime? Would it have been a crime if I had said I was the 28 6th Battalion commander? Would I have been a failure? 29 Well, in their report they have recommended a number of Q.

1

people for Prosecution, haven't they? You're aware of that, 2 aren't you? Yes, I'm aware. 3 Α. 4 Q. Did you not tell them that you were a 6th Battalion commander so that they wouldn't consider you as one of the people 14:48:56 5 for potential Prosecution? 6 7 Oh, I entered with war. I entered with war and I attacked Α. the constituted President at that time. That cannot prosecute 8 9 me, except ---THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can the witness be kindly 14:49:24 10 requested to repeat his answer slowly. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you were running too quickly 13 with your testimony. Please repeat your answer slowly. 14 THE WITNESS: Okay, I repeat: I entered in Liberia with 14:49:47 15 war and attacked the Samuel Kanyon Doe constitutionally elected government. If I was a battalion commander, would I be 16 17 court-martialled? To fight in --18 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, the witness is still 19 speaking very fast. 14:50:09 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you are still speaking too 21 fast. I did ask you to slow down. Now, you're going to start 22 again where you said, "If I was a battalion commander, would I be court-martialled?" Now, continue from there slowly, please. 23 24 THE WITNESS: The question was like I was afraid because -14:50:37 25 I was afraid if I had said I was the 6th Battalion commander, I 26 would be court-martialled. So I said, what is the big deal 27 there? What is the crime there? I invaded Liberia. I attacked 28 the constituted President at that time. It's not anything big. 29 But if I said I was 6th Battalion commander, if I said I was 6th

	1	Battalion commander, then it will be big for me to attack the
	2	Liberian government at that time. And to be 6th Battalion
	3	commander, which would be bigger?
	4	MS HOWARTH:
14:51:19	5	Q. Now, you told us last week about your meetings with Mr Gray
	6	in Liberia. You said you met for two days and met for several
	7	hours on each of those days and that later on you were
	8	cross-examined on your statement by Silas and Logan. Can you
	9	tell me, on any of those occasions in Monrovia, did you - you
14:51:54	10	never mentioned, did you, that you were the 6th Battalion
	11	commander? That's correct, isn't it?
	12	A. I can't remember.
	13	Q. Please try to remember. On any of the occasions when you
	14	were talking to the lawyers in Monrovia, did you mention that you
14:52:21	15	were 6th Battalion commander?
	16	A. Yes.
	17	Q. Are you sure about that?
	18	A. It's in my testimony, yes. I told them.
	19	Q. Well, can you help me as to why it never appeared in a
14:52:49	20	summary of your evidence given to us by the Defence?
	21	A. I explained that I was 6th Battalion commander and there
	22	was a question about when and where I commanded. And I told them
	23	that - I told them wherever I had commanded, here and there, from
	24	2nd Battalion to 6th Battalion, from 6th Battalion to Maryland.
14:53:34	25	Q. And who asked that question?
	26	A. Mr Silas asked me this question.
	27	Q. And where was he when he asked that question?
	28	A. He asked me in Liberia and here.
	29	Q. Mr Zaymay, that's not true, is it? Because if you had said

	1	that to your lawyers, they would have put that in the summary for
	2	the Prosecution, wouldn't they?
	3	A. Oh, it's not in my testimony? It's not in my statement?
	4	It's not there?
14:54:37	5	Q. No. Now, let's move on to your position as 1st Battalion
	6	commander.
	7	Madam President, I don't know if it's possible, but my view
	8	of the witness is actually obscured at the moment because there's
	9	a sort of arm that's stuck up. I don't know if it's possible to
14:54:56	10	adjust it so that I can see him better, please.
	11	PRESIDING JUDGE: Is that better, Ms Howarth?
	12	MS HOWARTH: [Microphone not activated]:
	13	Q. Now, Mr Zaymay, you've also told this Court that you were
	14	appointed as 1st Battalion commander in 1990. When do you say
14:56:09	15	you were given that appointment?
	16	A. Early in 1990.
	17	Q. Can you assist with a month, please?
	18	A. It might be April.
	19	Q. And who appointed you?
14:56:40	20	A. Mr Taylor.
	21	Q. And for how long do you say you hold this position?
	22	A. About a month.
	23	Q. And during this April, what was the 1st Battalion's area of
	24	operation?
14:57:04	25	A. To deploy from Gborplay along the border line to Gbutuo.
	26	Q. Now, last week you were asked by the lawyer for the Defence
	27	to write down the command structure of the NPFL in 1990. And as
	28	was pointed out by Madam President, you did not write your own
	29	name down as 1st Battalion commander. Why was that?

1 Α. You asked me to write down the structure from 1990 to 1991. 2 From 1990 to 1991. So I did it in 1990 to 1991, because one month's assignment I did not consider it to be any assignment. 3 4 So I started from 1990, 1st Battalion upwards. This is your first assignment as a battalion commander, 14:58:36 5 0. wasn't it? 6 7 Α. Yes. You forgot to write it down on the piece of paper, didn't 8 Q. you? 9 I decided that a month's assignment is not anything, so I 14:58:56 10 Α. took it as a deployment. That was why I never wrote it down. I 11 12 went to the 2nd Battalion in 1990. 13 Q. This is your first significant appointment in the NPFL, 14 isn't it? 14:59:26 15 Α. Yes, that was my first assignment in the NPFL. You say you were assigned to this position by Mr Taylor? 16 Q. 17 Α. Yes. 18 But you're saying it wasn't important enough to write down. Q. 19 Is that your evidence? 14:59:57 20 Α. Yes, because the assignment only lasted for a month. 21 Well, let's have a look at what some other people say about 0. 22 the 1st Battalion commander. Again, if we could look at 23 Mr Mineh's evidence. If I could please refer to the trial transcript of 29 April 2010 and the page is 40326. 24 15:01:45 25 I'm sorry. May I just have a moment, because I don't think 26 my papers are quite in order. So sorry. Now, in relation to 27 your role as - I'm going to abandon that for the moment because I 28 haven't got the correct reference, so I'll come back to that, if 29 I am able to, later on.

1 Mr Zaymay, we've already referred to what Charles Taylor 2 had to say about you in this case. He never mentions you as 1st 3 Battalion commander. Again, is that because you never held this 4 position? 1st Battalion? I took it as a deployment. 15:03:17 5 Α. JUDGE DOHERTY: The witness has mentioned this word 6 7 "deployment" before when you asked him was that his first assignment. I'm afraid the subtleties of an assignment and of 8 9 deployment are somewhat lost on me. MS HOWARTH: 15:03:46 10 Mr Witness, you've heard the question from her Honour. 11 Q. Can 12 you explain the difference between a deployment and an 13 assignment? 14 Α. Yes. Deployment is to take a unit and put them in 15:04:11 15 position. An assignment is when you assign and command the unit. JUDGE DOHERTY: 16 Thank you. 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, so in that case who is assigned and who is deployed? 18 19 THE WITNESS: The instruction that was given to me to go to 15:04:44 20 Gbutuo, and I went there, it took me about a month and I was 21 called back to move to Tappita. So I took this assignment as a 22 deployment. That was why I never mentioned my command as --23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you've lost the question. We 24 are trying to understand the difference between assignment and 15:05:19 25 deployment. You've explained to us some things and I'm asking 26 Between the commander and the people he commands, who is you: 27 assigned and who is deployed? 28 THE WITNESS: Deployment means the subordinate whom a 29 commander takes and puts in a position. That is what we call

	1	deployment. Assignment is where a commander takes complete
	2	control of the men.
	3	PRESIDING JUDGE: I think that's clearer now. Ms Howarth,
	4	please continue.
15:06:10	5	MS HOWARTH: I'm grateful. I did manage to use that time
	6	to find the reference that I was attempting to refer to before,
	7	so perhaps we could go back to that. The date was correct. It's
	8	29 April 2010. The page should be 40328.
	9	PRESIDING JUDGE: We have the page in front of us.
15:06:52	10	MS HOWARTH: I'm grateful:
	11	Q. I'm at line 15. This is - Mr Zaymay, this is from
	12	Mr Mineh's testimony on 29 April:
	13	"Q. And when you were sent to Bassa, were you fighting in
	14	any battalion?
15:07:07	15	A. Yes. After I was sent to Bassa, the man called Titus
	16	was removed and I replaced him.
	17	Q. What's the name again? The name of the person you
	18	repl aced.
	19	A. Titus Menlee.
15:07:24	20	Q. Sorry, the name again. Titus who?
	21	A. Titus Menlee. It's a Dan tribal word."
	22	Then the spelling is given:
	23	"Q. And you replaced Titus Menlee as what?
	24	A. 1st Battalion commander.
15:07:39	25	Q. And was this still in 1990?
	26	A. Yes."
	27	Now, Mr Zaymay, Mr Mineh never mentions you as
	28	1st Battalion commander, does he?
	29	A. No.

1 Q. In this piece of testimony, Mr Mineh refers to his own 2 appointment as battalion commander, correct? 3 Yes. Α. 4 Q. And it was his name, Mr Mineh's name, that when you were asked to write down the name of battalion commanders, you wrote 15:08:27 5 his name down as 1st Battalion commander, didn't you? You got 6 7 that right. I - Mineh served as 1st Battalion commander. When I had 8 Α. 9 the accident and went to Burkina Faso, I returned in July. When I came back in July, there was an attack. It was only Monrovia 15:08:55 10 that was to be attacked, so I took over the 2nd Battalion command 11 12 to enter - to attack Monrovia with the men. Mineh was coming in 13 as a 1st Battalion commander to enter into Monrovia. 14 Q. But Mr Mineh says that he replaced Titus Menlee as 15:09:25 15 1st Battalion commander. He says that, doesn't he? He said - yes, I understand him saying that he replaced 16 Α. 17 Titus Menlee as 1st Battalion commander. I understand that. Meaning he took over as 1st Battalion commander. 18 19 So when you were asked to write down who was 1st Battalion 0. 15:09:53 20 commander in 1990, not only did you forget to write your own name 21 down, but you also forgot to write the name of Titus Menlee down, 22 didn't you? 23 If Titus Menlee took over the command as 1st Battalion Α. 24 commander, then at that time I was in hospital. Any time 15:10:23 25 Mr Taylor can make changes. If Titus Menlee was serving as the 26 1st Battalion commander, then I was in hospital. But when I 27 returned in July, from April - when I returned in July, Edward 28 Mineh - I was told that two commanders would enter Monrovia, 1st and 2nd battalions. So if we entered Monrovia - so if Edward 29

1 Mineh delayed then, the attack by the 1st Battalion of the AFL 2 would continue their target. So if Titus was in command, then at that time I was in hospital. I didn't know because I did not 3 know when Bassa was attacked. I was not involved in the Bassa 4 attack. At that time I was in hospital. 15:11:07 5 So what you're saying is there may have been appointments Q. 6 7 by Mr Taylor that you are simply not aware of. Is that right? 8 Α. Yes, when I was in hospital. 9 0. Now, again, in relation to what you say is your appointment as 1st Battalion commander, this isn't something that's mentioned 15:11:46 10 by Mr Taylor. Was that because you never had this appointment? 11 Oh, I was the first that took up assignment ordered by him 12 Α. 13 and it only lasted for a month, and I had an accident and went to 14 hospital. So I don't know why he doesn't talk about it. You never mentioned this to the Truth and Reconciliation 15:12:25 15 0. Commission either, did you? 16 17 Α. I can't tell whether I spoke about it or not. Would you like to have a look through the testimony of your 18 Q. 19 - the transcript of your testimony and see if you can find it? 15:13:00 20 Do you think it might be there? 21 If it is there, then I talked about it. If it's not there, Α. 22 then I didn't talk about it. 23 0. You didn't talk about it, did you? 24 Α. I can't be exact. I can't remember. 15:13:20 25 Q. I'll ask again. Would you like to have a look through and 26 see if you can see it? 27 It is not important to me. That's why I said if it is Α. 28 there, then I talked about it. If it is not there, then I didn't 29 talk about it. No need for me to look at it.

1 Q. This is your first significant appointment in the NPFL. 2 What do you mean it's not important to you? It was important to you, wasn't it? 3 4 Α. I was appointed 1st Battalion commander and it lasted for a So to me, I did not consider it important. I took it as 15:14:04 5 month. a deployment. Just to go and put men in position and later on 6 7 That was how I took it to be. That's why I didn't mention move. it here. 8 9 0. Now, you've also given evidence about being 2nd Battalion commander, haven't you? 15:14:20 10 Yes. 11 Α. 12 Q. Would it surprise you to learn that Mr Taylor doesn't 13 mention that and neither have any other witnesses for the Defence 14 who have come here? 15:14:38 15 Α. Yes, it surprises me because from hospital I took over the command to move to Monrovia and I moved the troops to Monrovia, 16 17 and Sam Larto served as a battlefront commander. Would it surprise you to learn that you never mentioned 18 Q. 19 this to the TRC either? 15:15:12 20 I told you that the TRC only asked me what the root cause Α 21 of the war was that I know about and that was what I explained. 22 They did not ask me how many units I commanded. How would I talk 23 about it? What they asked me to talk about was what I talked 24 about. And when you met with Mr Gray for two days in Monrovia and 15:15:31 25 Q. 26 when you met again with Silas and Logan in Monrovia, not only did 27 you not mention that you were 6th Battalion commander; you didn't 28 mention about being 2nd Battalion commander and you didn't mention about being 1st Battalion commander either, did you? 29

1 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. 2 Yes, Mr Chekera. MR CHEKERA: I do not know where those allegations are 3 4 coming from. I would like to know before I make further submissions on the matter. 15:16:02 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think counsel is quite entitled to put 6 7 statements to the witness. I know that she doesn't have the statements of the witness, but she is guite entitled to put a 8 9 proposal to the witness and we would like to hear what the 15:16:19 10 witness has to say about it. Ms Howarth, perhaps you could repeat the question. 11 12 MS HOWARTH: Yes: 13 Q. Mr Zaymay, when you met with Mr Gray for two days in 14 Monrovia and when you met again with Silas and Logan in Monrovia, 15:16:37 15 not only did you not mention that you were 6th Battalion commander; you didn't mention about being 2nd Battalion commander 16 17 and you didn't mention about being 1st Battalion commander either, did you? 18 19 Oh, I explained everything. I explained everything and I Α. 15:17:03 20 was asked from this assignment where next did you go? From this 21 assignment, where did you go next, and I explained. 22 MS HOWARTH: Madam President, I would like to refer to the first summary that we were given by the Defence, please: 23 24 Q. Mr Zaymay, when you were giving evidence on Wednesday, you 15:17:34 25 explained that you met with Mr Gray in Monrovia for those two 26 days last year and also initially with Silas and Logan. Was that 27 also last year? 28 Α. Yes, last year. I can remember. 29 Now, I'm going to actually read out the summary that was Q.

provided to us, and this was most recently on 29 January 2010.
 It says this about you:

3 "W" - which is witness - "was an AFL soldier in the Military Police in 1985, was exiled to the lvory Coast where 4 Charles Taylor took him and others to Libya to be trained as 15:18:23 5 Special Forces. W" - witness - "was involved in the invasion of 6 7 Monrovia under Charles Taylor's instructions not to attack the City Hall until ECOMOG arrived. W" - witness - "will testify 8 9 that it was not in the AFL or NPFL standard operation procedure, SOP, to cut off the limbs of civilians; only to attack enemy 15:18:44 10 forces during the rebellion in Liberia. No NPFL soldiers cut off 11 12 any limbs. Only one time a boy got his hands blown off by a grenade. W" - witness - "will testify that they captured arms 13 14 from the Doe forces and also details, arms deals in Foya, as well as detailing acquisition of military supplies." 15:19:06 15

16 Mr Witness, that's all there is. Nowhere in that is any 17 mention made of your appointment as 6th Battalion commander, as 18 1st Battalion commander, as 2nd Battalion commander. You didn't 19 tell that to the Defence team, did you?

15:19:39 20 If it is not there, then I forgot to talk about it. If Α 21 it's not there. But I know that I took over - I was assigned 1st 22 Battalion commander among the entire Special Forces when we were called to Danane. Mr Taylor told me that he wanted - since 23 24 Prince Johnson has left the base, Prince Johnson might not be in 15:20:11 25 position to fight his way to Monrovia. So he might intend to 26 retreat to go to the Ivory Coast. So, Zaymay, you are going as a 27 1st Battalion commander. Organise your men. Go to the base and 28 select your men and move to Gbutuo and deploy from Gborplay to 29 Gbutuo along the riverbank and I did that.

	1	And Later, when I had the accident, when I returned, I took
	2	over the 2nd Battalion to enter Monrovia. From 2nd Battalion I
	3	was transferred to the 6th Battalion and I succeeded Oliver
	4	Varney at the 6th Battalion. I remained there during the ULIMO
15:20:56	5	first and second attacks before I was transferred to Maryland.
	6	It happened.
	7	Q. Mr Zaymay, you told us on Wednesday that you spent two days
	8	with Mr Gray, correct?
	9	A. Yes.
15:21:17	10	Q. You told us that you were there at 10 and that you left at
	11	2 each day.
	12	A. Yes.
	13	Q. You told us that they took a statement from you, correct?
	14	A. Yes.
15:21:36	15	Q. You told us that they recorded you while they were taking
	16	that statement, correct?
	17	A. Yes.
	18	Q. Then you told us that when Silas and Logan came to
	19	Monrovia, they cross-examined you on two occasions about your
15:21:57	20	statement?
	21	A. Yes. Yes.
	22	Q. So that's eight hours spent with Mr Gray, approximately.
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. And then several hours again spent with Silas and Logan,
15:22:26	25	correct?
	26	A. Yes.
	27	Q. And despite all of these hours, are you now telling us that
	28	you completely forgot to mention that you were either 6th
	29	Battalion commander, 2nd Battalion commander, or 1st Battalion

1 commander?

	2	A. Yes, I said I believe that I said it. Whatever is not
	3	there means I have - I forgot. This whole issue that came
	4	about
15:23:11	5	THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can the witness be kindly
	6	requested to repeat his answer slowly.
	7	PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. You have to
	8	repeat your answer slowly. The interpreter didn't get a word
	9	that you said. So repeat your answer, please, slowly.
15:23:28	10	THE WITNESS: Okay. I said during my statement the
	11	command, the assignment and assignment that you are talking about
	12	that it is not in my statement, that means I forgot. This whole
	13	issue here, the movement of the NPFL over 15 years back, it's not
	14	a kind of school where people go to take down notes. This is,
15:24:06	15	when they ask you question, you will say, yes, this for the 5th
	16	grade or it's for government exam, or it's for the 9th grade. It
	17	is something that you are doing off the record. It is hard to
	18	even remember everything. So if anything happened in time of
	19	combat, if you say it's not in my statement, then I forgot. But
15:24:28	20	it really happened.
	21	MS HOWARTH:
	22	Q. Now, another thing that you've told these judges about is
	23	being the Military Police providing security for Mr Taylor when
	24	he came to Tajura. Do you recall giving evidence about that?
15:24:51	25	A. Yes.
	26	Q. And is that - that's something else, isn't it, that you
	27	forgot to tell your lawyers when you met with them in Monrovia?
	28	A. It is not in my statement that on the base I served as a
	29	Military Police commander.

1 Q. Mr Zaymay, I read out a moment ago what was in the summary that had been provided and it wasn't there, but if you would like 2 3 me to re-read it, I'm happy to do so. Do you agree that it 4 wasn't in the summary that I read? I can't tell. 15:25:45 5 Α. Well, perhaps it is best for me to re-read it at the risk Q. 6 7 of repeating things. Mr Zaymay, the summary again says this: 8 "Witness was an AFL soldier in the Military Police. In 9 1985 was exiled to the Ivory Coast where Charles Taylor took him and others to Libya to be trained as Special Forces." 15:26:11 10 Then explains how you were involved in the invasion of 11 12 Monrovia. It then talks about standard operation procedures and 13 it then talks about the capture of arms from Doe forces, arms 14 deal, and about the acquisition of military supplies. So, 15:26:41 15 Mr Zaymay, nowhere in that summary does it say that you were the Military Police responsible for Charles Taylor's security in 16 17 Tajura, so I'll repeat the question: That's something that you failed to mention - another thing that you failed to mention to 18 19 your lawyers in Monrovia, isn't it. 15:27:07 20 Α. When the lawyer asked me, I never explained about my 21 Military Police function in Tajura. But he asked me that when 22 Taylor came to the base, does he talk to so many people? And I 23 said no. And he asked me how I knew. And I said, because I was providing security as Military Police during the training -24 15:27:46 25 during the training on the base. That was how I knew that nobody 26 could visit him in Tajura. 27 Mr Witness, the question was this: That's something you Q. 28 failed to mention to the lawyers when you were speaking to them 29 in Monrovia, isn't it?

1 Α. Yes, I never mentioned it. 2 Q. And, again, it's something that you never mentioned to the 3 Truth and Reconciliation Commission, isn't it? 4 Α. For the TRC, I can't remember. I'm sure if you did, then your lawyers will point it out 15:28:37 5 0. Would it surprise you that Mr Taylor never mentioned 6 later on. 7 your role as Military Police commander either? That's at Tajura, 8 just to be clear. That happened during the training - during the training. 9 Α. It was not an important issue. It happened during the training. 15:29:08 10 But I myself does not take it important, because when my lawyer 11 12 asked me how I knew that when Taylor came to the base he did not 13 interact with people, where did he normally go? That was how my 14 providing security came about. Your friend and acquaintance, Mr Mineh, he also gave 15:29:33 15 0. evidence about Tajura and about the training there. He didn't 16 17 mention you and your role there as Military Police providing 18 security to Mr Taylor either. Is that because you never had this 19 rol e? 15:30:03 20 Α. I never had the position where? 21 As Military Police in charge of Mr Taylor's security at 0. 22 Taj ura. 23 On the base I was Military Police commander. That was Α. 24 where Mr Taylor built confidence in me and said that, "You are a career Military Police. When we go to Liberia, when we succeed, 15:30:31 25 26 I'll make you Military Police commander for the AFL." That was 27 where my recommendation came from and that was where my 28 assignment came from. That was how my assignment came about. I 29 was Military Police commander on the base.

1 I just want to spend a moment taking about the 3rd Q. 2 Again, when you were asked to jot down who had the Battalion. roles as battalion commanders in 1990 and then later 1991, in 3 4 relation to the 3rd Battalion you named somebody called George K Do you recall giving that evidence? 15:31:21 Tokpah. 5 Yes. Α. 6 7 If I could ask for the transcript of 11 May at page - I'll 0. just get this right before I say it. Yes, I'm sorry. It's 8 9 actually 29 April 2010, and it's 40327, the bottom of that page, please. I'm sorry for the confusion. This is evidence given by 15:32:26 10 Mr Mineh, and I'm reading from line 27: 11 12 "Q. When you were advancing, Mr Mineh - when you were advancing and you went as far as Yekepa, were you fighting 13 14 under any battalion? A. I was in a battalion. I was in the 3rd Battalion. 15:33:11 15 The commander was George Karsuo and there I was until I was 16 called. 17 Q. Could we have the name of the commander again, the 18 19 commander of the 3rd Battalion? 15:33:27 20 That's what I said, his name is George Karsuo." Α. And then that's spelled K-A-R-S-U-O. Mr Zaymay, this is a 21 22 completely different person from the George K Tokpah that you named as 3rd Battalion commander, isn't it? 23 24 It is not different. George - the K-A-R-S-U-O that you see Α. 15:34:06 25 there stands for K. George K Tokpah. The K is the local name, 26 Karsuo. That's his middle name. It's George K Tokpah. It's the 27 same name. It's not different. 28 Q. So is Tokpah something else you've forgotten? George Karsuo - the Karsuo there, the K-A-R-S-U-O there is 29 Α.

1 the middle name, K. Tokpah, T-O-K-P-A-H. George K Tokpah. So 2 some people cut it short to say George Karsuo. George Karsuo. The last name is Tokpah. George Karsuo Tokpah. 3 If I could, again, ask 4 Q. Let's move to the 4th Battalion. for another transcript, please. It's from 11 May 2010, page 15:35:07 5 40819. It would be at line 28, when we get there. 6 7 Can counsel please repeat the page reference? MS I RURA: MS HOWARTH: It's 11 May 2010, 40819. If we could go to 8 9 line 28, please: This is from your own testimony, Mr Zaymay. I'll start 15:36:17 10 Q. with the question at line 26: 11 12 "Q. When you were commander of the 6th Battalion in Bomi, 13 what units fell under you? 14 Α. The 6th Battalion was a brigade. I was the commanding 15:36:37 15 general. Morris Mayer was the deputy commanding general to We had the 1st Battalion. We had the 2nd Battalion. 16 me. 17 We had the 3rd Battalion and we had the 4th Battalion. So all units reported to the deputy commanding general and the 18 19 deputy commanding general in turn reported to the 15:36:57 20 commanding general." Now, if we could just skip down. It's the same transcript 21 22 of 11 May, but it's at page 40775. I'm at line 9. This is in 23 response to a question to yourself from the Presiding Judge. The 24 question is: 15:37:57 25 "From the 3rd Battalion you had the 6th Battalion. 26 THE WITNESS: Yes, we did not have the 4th Battalion in 27 the NPFL. We did not have the 4th Battalion." 28 Can you explain to me please where the 4th battalion has 29 disappeared to? Because you had it in the first extract I read

1 to you. You say, "We had the 4th battalion." Suddenly it 2 disappears. Where's it gone? Where? In which of the areas? Within the brigade in Bomi 3 Α. 4 Hills or within the NPFL? Which one? Which one do you want to know? 15:38:47 5 Well, it's your evidence, Mr Zaymay. First of all, you are Q. 6 7 telling us you have a 4th battalion. Then later on in the day you are telling us there's no 4th battalion in the NPFL. What's 8 9 the situation? No, please try and get me clear. The entire military 15:39:09 10 Α. structure of the NPFL, starting from chairman joint chief of 11 12 staff down to the least, we had the 1st - we had 1st, 2nd, 3rd --THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked 13 14 to slow down and repeat that last bit. 15:39:34 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you are running again with your evidence. Please slow down. Now, you said you had the 3rd 16 17 Battalion and then what? THE WITNESS: In the structure - in the NPFL structure we 18 19 had the 1st, okay? In the field we had the 1st, 2nd, 3rd. And 15:40:01 20 then we go to the 6th battalion. There was no 4th Battalion in 21 the NPFL structure. But if you went as a commander, if your unit 22 was promoted to a brigade level, then you can create 4th Battalion within your command - within your command. What I'm 23 24 saying is that in the bigger structure of the NPFL there was no 15:40:34 25 4th battalion. That is what I'm trying to say. So that's the 26 answer. 27 MS HOWARTH: 28 Q. Now, during the time you say you were commander of the 6th 29 Battalion, where was the 1st Battalion headquarters based?

1 At first when I went there I was a colonel. It was a Α. 2 But when all units modified to a brigade, then the battalion. 6th Battalion was changed to a brigade. The 1st Battalion, Alpha 3 4 company, Alpha company was 1st Battalion and it was assigned on the Po River and Po River was a buffer zone. It was a boundary 15:41:53 5 between NPFL-controlled area in Bomi and that is between Bomi and 6 7 So Po River was where the Alpha company commander Monrovia. 8 Al oysi us Mende was assigned.

9 Q. What about the 2nd Battalion headquarters, where do you say 15:42:33 10 that is?

The 2nd Battalion headquarters was the Bravo company headed 11 Α. 12 by One Man One responsible for the entire Cape Mount County. ١t 13 was responsible for Cape Mount County, Robertsport itself. Cape 14 Mount County, the capital for there is Robertsport itself. No, 15:43:17 15 no, excuse me. The 2nd Battalion, One Man One was responsible for Cape Mount, but, you know, Cape Mount is divided. 16 We have 17 the capital city called Robertsport and then we have Tiene. It's also a district headquarters in Cape Mount that is on the 18 19 straight line going towards the border between Sierra Leone and 15:43:43 20 Liberia. So One Man One was responsible for Tiene and the straight route to Bo Waterside - and straight through to Bo 21 22 Waterside towards a certain part of the Lofa Bridge. 23 0. What about the 3rd Battalion headquarters, where was that based? 24 15:44:10 25 Α. The 3rd Battalion commander, Moses Mahn, a Special Forces, 26 was responsible for the Cape Mount city. Because he was there 27 for Robertsport, just for Robertsport because at Robertsport they

have a seaport.

29 Q. And your evidence is that all of these battalions were

1 responsible to you as 6th Battalion commander. 2 And one more. The 4th Battalion was responsible for Α. Yes. 3 Lower Lofa, Lower Lofa, now called Gbarpolu. They were all under 4 my command. And you are telling this Court that the 6th Battalion 15:45:06 5 0. wasn't in fact a battalion; it was a brigade. Is that your 6 7 evi dence? All battalions of the NPFL were later modified. All 8 Α. 9 battalions of the NPFL were modified into divisions. Divisions. Mr Zaymay, if a unit is a brigade, then it's called a 15:45:27 10 Q. brigade, isn't it? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 0. And if a unit is called a battalion, it's called a battalion, isn't it? 14 15:45:53 **15** Α. Yes. So it doesn't make any sense at all, does it, when you say 16 Q. 17 that the 6th Battalion was a brigade and that you were in charge 18 of all these battalions, does it? 19 Oh, I said that the 2nd Battalion, 1st Battalion, navy Α. 15:46:25 20 battalion, artillery battalion, 3rd Battalion, 6th Battalion, 21 that was the structure at first when the NPFL was moving in. All 22 those sectors were battalions and then it was later that the 23 battle group and the deputy battle group. Battle group was Isaac 24 Musa and the deputy was John Teah, but at last all of those units 15:46:57 25 were modified into divisions. All the battalions were modified 26 into divisions. And the battle group, Isaac Musa was the 27 chairman of the joint chiefs. And the deputy battle group to 28 Isaac Musa was John Teah, a two star general and deputy battle group. All battalion commanders were promoted to brigadier 29

generals and all battalions were then modified to divisions. The
 2nd Battalion became second division. And --

3 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
4 to repeat that one. It was not very clear.

15:47:40

5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Witness, pause. Pause. You are running 6 again. You said the 2nd Battalion was modified to second 7 division. Now, continue from there.

THE WITNESS: I said it was not just the 6th Battalion that 8 9 became a division. The whole military structure was changed. It 15:48:07 10 was generally changed. At first when we came we had the battle group commander and the deputy battle group commander. Isaac 11 12 Musa was battle group commander and John Teah was the deputy 13 battle group commander. Isaac Musa then later changed to the 14 chairman of the joint chiefs and John Teah was changed to Deputy 15:48:32 15 Chairman of the joint chiefs and he was a two star general. All other battalions from first to the last were all promoted into 16 17 becoming divisions.

18 At that time then the manpower had increased, so they were 19 no longer battalions. So the 2nd Battalion was then changed to 15:48:55 20 army division. And 1st Battalion was changed to first division. 21 Navy battalion was changed to navy division. And the Strike 22 Force - Strike Force Maryl and was changed to Strike Force 23 And the 6th Battalion was changed to a division. di vi si on. So 24 it was not just the 6th Battalion that was changed into a 15:49:29 25 di vi si on. All other units were changed into divisions and there 26 was no exception. So you cannot just take the 6th Battalion as a 27 specific case.

JUDGE LUSSICK: Mr Witness, we're trying to follow what
you're saying. You've gone now from battalion to division. What

1 happened to the brigades you were talking about earlier? 2 THE WITNESS: The brigade? The 6th brigade - all the 3 brigades fell under the chairman of the joint chief of staffs. 4 And --JUDGE LUSSICK: No, I did not ask you who was commanding. 15:50:15 5 You said earlier that the 6th Battalion became a brigade. Now 6 7 you are telling us that the battalions have all moved to So I'm asking you what happened to the brigades? 8 di vi si ons. 9 Have they been phased out of the hierarchy now? THE WITNESS: The brigade remained. The brigade 15:50:35 10 headquarters was stationed in Bomi. 11 12 JUDGE LUSSICK: Didn't you tell us that the battalions now 13 became divisions? You said that, didn't you? 14 THE WITNESS: Do not contradict me. I said - I said, you 15:51:16 15 know, the army cannot be running as a battalion and then you go and put someone over as chairman of the joint chief, because the 16 17 chairman of joint chiefs was a high rank. 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. 19 JUDGE LUSSICK: Mr Witness, you are getting off the point. 15:51:36 20 You said just a few moments ago that the battalions became 21 Now, a division is a bigger army unit than a brigade. di vi si ons. 22 I'm asking you: Did they move from battalion to division, as you just said, or what happened to the brigades that you are talking 23 24 about? And in future, I'll thank you to answer my questions and 15:51:58 25 not rebuke me for contradicting you. I want straight answers. 26 Now, what's the answer? 27 THE WITNESS: The answer is that the brigade stands. 28 JUDGE LUSSICK: I'll leave it in your capable hands. I'm confused with what this witness is saying. 29

1 MS HOWARTH: 2 Q. So, Mr Zaymay, is your evidence now this: That battalions became brigades and thereafter battalions are modified into 3 4 divisions? Is that what you're telling this Court? Yes. 15:52:39 5 Α. Perhaps we'll return to this later on. Q. 6 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: And before we leave it, could we have a time frame when these changes took place, Mr Witness? When were 8 9 these transformations? THE WITNESS: The changes were made in '91. '91, during 15:52:59 10 the first ceasefire. It was made in '91. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: And when was the first ceasefire, 13 exactly? 14 THE WITNESS: The first ceasefire took place in 1990 and later extended into '91 and '92. It extended to '91. 15:53:52 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you've totally lost me. I 16 17 asked you the question: When were these changes from battalions 18 to divisions? And your answer is: These changes were made in 19 1991 during the first ceasefire. I then asked you: In 1991, 15:54:30 20 when was this first ceasefire? And then you said to me: The 21 first ceasefire took place in 1990. Now, does that make sense to 22 you? THE WITNESS: The changes were made in 1991. 23 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, I understand that. And then I asked 15:54:54 25 you: When in 1991 were these changes made? THE WITNESS: Mmm, 1991. 26 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: I asked you: When in 1991 were these 28 changes taking place? When in 1991 did battalions become di vi si ons? 29

	1	THE WITNESS: I do not remember the exact month.
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: The reason I'm asking you, Mr Zaymay, is
	3	you have told us over and over again that you were commander of
	4	the 6th Battalion from February 1991 until November 1991. And
15:55:50	5	the name of the thing that you were commander of was
	6	6th Battalion, not 6th division. That is why I'm asking you:
	7	When did this 6th Battalion in 1991 suddenly turn into a
	8	di vi si on?
	9	THE WITNESS: I left and took over as battalion commander
15:56:21	10	early February - I mean, early '91, and I remained in command in
	11	that same '91 when the changes were made to - into brigades. I
	12	left that command area as a general.
	13	PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Howarth, I think you had better
	14	continue with your cross-examination.
15:56:51	15	MS HOWARTH: I'm grateful, Madam President:
	16	Q. Now, Mr Zaymay, the truth is that you don't remember these
	17	dates, do you?
	18	A. I do not recall the exact month, but it took place in '91.
	19	But I do not recall the exact month and the date.
15:57:15	20	Q. You are just guessing, aren't you, Mr Zaymay?
	21	A. Oh, why should I guess? I do not recall the month, but it
	22	happened in '91. What makes that a guess?
	23	Q. Mr Zaymay, you don't remember the years either, do you?
	24	A. What do you mean I do not remember?
15:57:40	25	Q. Let's move on. Could I ask for the transcript of 11 May
	26	2010 at page 40756. Just from line 12, please. Now, Mr Zaymay,
	27	you were asked this by your lawyer:
	28	"Q. What do you know about the RUF?
	29	A. Oh, in 1990 I heard over Network Africa that rebel

	1	forces had entered Sierra Leone called the RUF."
	2	Do you notice anything odd about your statement there?
	3	A. Whether I notice anything that is false in my statement?
	4	Q. Yes, that's the question.
15:59:29	5	A. I don't notice any falsity in my statement.
	6	Q. But you are talking about the invasion of Sierra Leone
	7	there, aren't you? You are saying that took place in 1990,
	8	aren't you?
	9	A. Yes, 1990.
15:59:54	10	Q. Mr Zaymay, the invasion of Sierra Leone did not take place
	11	in 1990. It took place in 1991. Do you follow?
	12	A. No.
	13	Q. Mr Zaymay, this is another example of where you are
	14	confused about dates, isn't it?
16:00:15	15	A. I'm not confused about dates. I'm not confused. If I do
	16	not remember, I will not force it. I will tell you I don't
	17	remember the dates. But I will remember the year.
	18	Q. Mr Witness, the invasion of Sierra Leone took place in
	19	1991. Many, many witnesses have come before this Court and said
16:00:44	20	that. That's another example of you getting the date wrong,
	21	isn't it?
	22	A. But I can - I remember 1990. That is what I know.
	23	Q. What about the other dates you've given us so far, are you
	24	as sure of them as you are sure of 1990?
16:01:17	25	A. Yes, to me.
	26	Q. While we're still in 1990, can you tell me, were you ever
	27	based in Lofa County in 1990?
	28	A. No.
	29	Q. Were you ever based in Lofa County in 1991?

	1	A. Part of Lofa County.
	2	Q. Which part?
	3	A. Lower Lofa, which is now called Gbarpolu. The Lower Lofa
	4	now called Gbarpolu County. It was part of the 6th Battalion
16:02:19	5	command.
	6	Q. In 1990, were you ever based in Camp Naama?
	7	A. No. I had never been to Camp Naama.
	8	Q. What about 1991, were you ever based in Camp Naama then?
	9	A. I have never been to many Camp Naama since my life.
16:02:47	10	Q. In 1990, were you ever based in Gbarnga?
	11	A. I was not based in Gbarnga. I was based in Kakata. I only
	12	used to go to Gbarnga during meetings.
	13	Q. What about 1991, were you ever based in Gbarnga then?
	14	A. No.
16:03:27	15	MS HOWARTH: Madam President, I'm moving to a slightly
	16	different area, but before I do so I'm helpfully reminded I
	17	should have asked earlier on that the transcript from the TRC
	18	please be given an MFL.
	19	PRESIDING JUDGE: Do you wish both tabs in 1 and 2 to be
16:03:47	20	marked, or just tab 1?
	21	MS HOWARTH: It's just tab 1 at the moment. I haven't yet
	22	- I don't believe I've yet reached tab 2, unless something has
	23	gone askew with
	24	PRESIDING JUDGE: The whole of tab 1?
16:04:01	25	MS HOWARTH: Yes, please.
	26	PRESIDING JUDGE: Madam Court Manager, are we down to
	27	MFI -1?
	28	MS IRURA: Your Honour, we are on MFI-1.
	29	PRESIDING JUDGE: In that case, the testimony - the

1 document entitled "Testimony before the Liberian Truth and Reconciliation Commission, Montserrado County, February 4, 2009, 2 3 by Edward T Zaymay" consisting of 12 pages - consisting of 22 4 page is marked MFI-1. MS HOWARTH: I'm most grateful: 16:05:03 5 Now, Mr Zaymay, you have said in your testimony that you Q. 6 7 know somebody by the name of Dopoe Menkarzon, correct? 8 Α. Yes. 9 0. And you explained to the Court that you trained with him as 16:05:24 10 a Special Forces and that he was someone who was a ground commander assigned to the mansion. That's right, isn't it? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 0. Now, do you know Dopoe Menkarzon to be the assistant 14 director of operations for an American international security company? 16:05:48 15 16 Α. No. 17 Q. Very well. Now, I want to ask you a question coming back to something you said earlier on today. You - in answer to 18 19 questions from me earlier today, you agreed that Sam Larto came 16:06:34 20 with instructions from Charles Taylor for a ceasefire and this is 21 during the July invasion of Monrovia. You agreed that Sam Larto 22 went for supplies of arms and ammunition to Mr Taylor at the Coca-Cola factory and came back with an instruction for a 23 24 ceasefi re. Do you recall that? 16:07:01 25 Α. Yes. 26 Q. But elsewhere in your evidence, Mr Zaymay, you've referred 27 to Isaac Mongor - Isaac Musa as coming with the instruction for a 28 ceasefi re. Do you recall giving that evidence? 29 Yes. Α.

1 Q. And that was on 7 May where you explained that our battle 2 group commander came with an instruction that the leader had been 3 told by the Americans that the war had been won and that there 4 should be a ceasefire. Do you recall that? Yes. 16:07:53 5 Α. So can you please tell us: Who was it who came with that Q. 6 7 instruction? Was it Sam Larto, as you told us this morning, or was it General Isaac Musa, as you told us earlier on? 8 9 Α. General Isaac Musa, chairman of the joint chiefs, received 16:08:24 10 instruction from Mr Taylor and he passed it on to us. We were all on the defensive at the City Hall, police headquarters, and 11 12 et cetera. I was battle - and our battlefield commander was told 13 and he told us. And then we told him that, "We are now here, so 14 you should go back for supplies so that we'll be able to accomplish our mission, the target." And he said, "Tomorrow I 16:08:59 15 will go to the Coca-Cola factory because Mr Taylor is coming 16 17 there. I will get the supplies from him." So he left for 18 Coca-Cola factory. 19 When he went, he met Isaac Musa and he said the instruction 16:09:21 20 was from the battle group. I did not go with him, with Sam 21 Larto, to the Coca-Cola factory. I remained at my point of 22 defensive. I remained on defensive and it was Sam Larto, the deputy battle group commander, who went to the rear and brought 23 24 instruction. And he said he got the instruction from the 16:09:49 25 chairman of the joint chiefs, from the battle group. 26 Q. So who brings the instruction? Is it Isaac Musa or Sam 27 Larto? 28 Α. For all I know it was Sam Larto who brought it to us in the Sam Larto brought it to us from the field - in the field 29 field.

1 and he said he got it from Coca-Cola factory. 2 Q. So why earlier on did you say it was Isaac Musa? Isaac Musa would not come to the front. Isaac Musa brought 3 Α. 4 the information - or rather the instruction, and Sam Larto received it and he brought it to us. So Isaac Musa brought it 16:10:37 5 from Gbarnga, and he passed it on to Sam Larto, and Sam Larto in 6 7 turn brought it to us in the field. Another question in relation to Isaac Musa. And if I could 8 Q. 9 please refer to the transcript of 12 May 2010 at 40912. I'm looking at line 15, please. Mr Zaymay, this is again an extract 16:11:49 10 from your own evidence. The question: 11 12 "Q. Yes, I'm just coming back. Who was the battle group 13 commander for Octopus - Operation Octopus? 14 Α. Octopus? Octopus Operation, at this time all the units 16:12:16 15 had been changed to different names. Battle group battlefront commander Isaac Musa was changed to chairman of 16 17 the joint chiefs. Battlefront commander Sam Larto had died, so there was no battle group commander. Or there was 18 19 only the chairman of the joint chiefs to supervise the 16:12:34 20 front." Now, if I could now turn to the transcript of 11 May, so 21 22 the day before, please, and that's at 40769. That's at line 17. The day before, Mr Zaymay, the following was said: 23 24 "Q. After you were summoned by Isaac Musa, did the NPFL 16:13:35 25 launch an attack on Monrovia? 26 Α. Yes. 27 Q. And which fighting units in the NPFL were involved? 28 Α. The entire NPFL. And who was in overall command during that attack? Q. 29

1 A. The overall chief was the battle group commander. 2 Q. And the attack on Monrovia, is that what you referred to as Operation Octopus? 3 Yes. " 4 Α. So Mr Zaymay, on 11 May you were telling us that there was 16:14:06 5 a battle group commander and that that battle group commander was 6 7 in charge of Operation Octopus. But by 12 May you are saying there was no battle group commander at the time of Operation 8 9 Octopus. What's the situation, Mr Zaymay: Was there one or 16:14:30 10 wasn't there one; or do you not remember? No, the battlefield commander was Sam Larto. When Sam 11 Α. 12 Larto died, no other person ever took that assignment again to my 13 knowl edge. So it was then changed to - the unit was then 14 modified. The battlefield commander Isaac Musa was promoted to 16:15:08 15 chairman of the joint chiefs, and John Teah was promoted to major general deputy chairman - deputy to the chairman of the joint 16 17 chi efs. Sam Larto had died, and there was no longer a battle 18 group established. 19 JUDGE DOHERTY: Ms Howarth, this is a very confused answer. 16:15:38 20 Your answer was - your question was directed to battle group 21 commanders. The answer starts talking about battlefield 22 commanders and goes on about battlefield commanders, and then at 23 the end it refers to battle group commanders being - was no 24 longer established. It seems uncoordinated to me. 16:16:04 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can I ask you to focus on the 26 questions that are being asked. Your mind seems to be wandering 27 away. Am I right? 28 THE WITNESS: No. PRESIDING JUDGE: Then please focus and focus on the 29

1 answers that you are giving. This is important evidence and it's 2 permanent evidence. So if you keep mixing your phrases, battle group meaning field commander or whatever, if you keep mixing it 3 4 up, that is going to be your fault. Now, you've described Sam Larto as being battlefield commander but also as being battle 16:16:39 5 group commander. That cannot be right. 6 7 Sam Larto - Sam Larto was the battlefield THE WITNESS: Sam Larto was the battlefield commander. When Sam 8 commander. 9 Larto died, no other person ever took up that assignment. It was only Isaac Musa and John Teah with whom we were dealing. 16:17:12 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: But what was the position of John Teah? 11 12 THE WITNESS: John Teah was the deputy to Isaac Musa. 13 MS HOWARTH: I'm not sure my original question was really answered, so I'm going to put it again. 14 16:17:55 15 Q. Mr Zaymay, on the --16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. On the 11th of May you were asked who was in overall command during Operation Octopus, and you explained that the 18 19 battle group commander was an overall command. Then on 12 May 16:18:18 20 you were asked again about Operation Octopus, and you said there 21 was no battle group commander. Now, what's the situation: Was 22 there or wasn't there a battle group commander at the time of 23 Operation Octopus? 24 There was a battle group commander: Isaac Musa, chairman Α. 16:18:48 25 of the joint chiefs; and deputy was John Teah; and Sam Larto was 26 battlefield commander. And after Sam Larto died, there was no 27 replacement for Sam Larto. 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: So, Mr Witness, the question asked to you 29 simply was this: Was there or wasn't there a battle group

1 commander at the time of Operation Octopus.

2 THE WITNESS: I've answered yes. I said Isaac Musa.

3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Of course, Operation Octopus happened in
4 which year?

16:20:03 5

THE WITNESS: 1992.

6 PRESIDING JUDGE: And you're saying that in 1992 there was 7 a battle group commander?

8 THE WI TNESS: Yes.

9 MS HOWARTH:

16:20:28 10 Q. And can you explain to me when I asked you about this on Wednesday afternoon - and I don't have to necessarily go there 11 12 but the reference is 12 May 2010, 40911 - why when I asked you 13 during Operation Octopus it's Isaac Musa who was the battle group 14 commander did you tell me that he was chairman of the joint 16:20:52 15 chiefs and say, no, he was not battle group commander? Isaac Musa's assignment was battle group commander and his 16 Α. 17 deputy was John Teah. So when Isaac Musa was promoted to chairman of the joint chiefs, we didn't used to call him battle 18 19 group. We used to call him chairman. We used to call him 16:21:28 20 chairman of the joint chiefs. When Sam Larto died, there was no 21 other replacement made for Sam Larto. So for Isaac Musa --22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Nobody has asked you about Sam Larto. 23 We're still on the issue of battle group. We're trying to understand this business of the battle group. 24 Nobody has asked 16:21:47 25 you about Sam Larto. 26 THE WITNESS: Isaac - we used to call Isaac Musa chairman 27 of the joint chiefs and the battle group was his former

assignment. So we still used to call him battle group. And wealso used to call him chairman of the joint chiefs.

1 MS HOWARTH: 2 Mr Witness, you just can't remember, can you, when I saac Q. Musa was battle group commander or battlefront commander? You 3 4 are just not sure about that, are you? Isaac Musa remained - Isaac Musa was battle group and from 16:22:25 5 Α. battle group to chairman. There was no replacement for battle 6 7 group. And he was performing both functions, so we used to call 8 him battle group and chairman. 9 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, the witness was so fast in his last bit. 16:22:54 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you repeat what you said, 11 12 that last bit that you said. 13 THE WITNESS: I said Isaac Musa, from battle group he went to chairman of the joint chiefs. So there was no replacement 14 16:23:22 15 made to the battle group. So he supervised. And even when I left Maryland, when I came he was the one that I reported to. 16 17 And he ordered me to go to the field. It was Isaac Musa. MS HOWARTH: 18 19 I'm going to move on from this now. I want to spend a 0. 16:23:44 20 moment in relation to Sam Tuah. I want us to have a look at your 21 evidence in relation to Sam Tuah. If I could please again ask 22 for some assistance in relation to the transcript of 11 May, and this is page 40795. I'm starting from line 2. The answer is as 23 24 follows: 16:24:42 25 "A. I knew Sam Tuah, but I did not know him to be a commander. But he died in 1990, and then Anthony Mekunagbe 26 27 took over the command. 28 Q. What was Sam Tuah's position, if you know, before Anthony Mekunagbe took over? 29

1 Sam Tuah was given a command before entering Monrovia Α. 2 with a group of NPFL. He was given a group of platoon that he moved with, and all of us entered Monrovia that same 3 day. He was heading a platoon that he attacked Monrovia 4 with on that same day." 16:25:18 5 So your evidence is that Sam Tuah died in 1990, correct? 6 7 Yes, I could remember Sam Tuah died in 1990. Α. If we could please refer to the transcript of 26 October 8 Q. 9 2009, and that's page 30240. I'm at line 20, please. This is testimony given by Mr Taylor, and it goes as follows: 16:26:31 10 "Q. Sam Tuah, you know him, don't you, Liberian? 11 A. Yes, I do. 12 0. What role did he have in Liberia? 13 14 Α. Sam Tuah was the commander of the special operations unit that I sent to the border with Sierra Leone in 1991." 16:26:57 15 Then just on to the next page at line 24: 16 "Q. But you do accept that, or do you accept that Sam Tuah 17 was the field commander for all the Liberians that crossed 18 19 into Sierra Leone?" 16:27:28 20 He goes on: "For all the Liberians that crossed into Sierra Leone, no. 21 22 He was the commander of the unit that I sent into Sierra Leone to fight ULIMO." 23 24 So Mr Taylor is saying there that he sends Sam Tuah in to Sierra Leone in 1991. But, Mr Zaymay, you've just told this 16:27:45 25 26 Court on oath that Sam Tuah died in 1990. Who is telling the 27 truth, please: You or Mr Taylor? 28 Α. Sam Tuah, I told you that I did not know him in person but I heard that Sam Tuah died in 1990. I did not know where he died 29

1 and I did not know how he died. I did not know him in person. I 2 am just quoting from information that reached to me. I was not 3 at the scene of his death. So you were guessing, were you? 4 Q. Yes. It was the information that was given to me and I'm 16:28:34 5 Α. quoting from that information. 6 7 And are you guessing about the other dates and other pieces 0. of information that you've told their Honours? 8 9 Α. The information - I am not guessing on the other dates. The information given to me about the individual by other people 16:28:58 10 is what I am quoting from that Sam Tuah died in 1990. I met him 11 But I did not know how he died and where he died, but I 12 once. 13 heard it from friends that he died in 1990. 14 Q. Is it because you are guessing that you are getting things 16:29:25 15 wrong? What is it that I'm getting wrong? I am guessing 16 Α. 17 specifically on this particular thing, and I said it was the information given to me by friends about the death of Sam Tuah. 18 19 That is what I am saying. 16:29:51 20 0. So are you suggesting that you have got it right and 21 Mr Taylor has got it wrong; that Mr Taylor was lying to this 22 Court when he said he sent Sam Tuah into Sierra Leone in 1991? 23 Α. I am guoting. I said I don't know where Sam Tuah died. It 24 was according to information that I got from a friend - from my 16:30:17 25 friend. That is what I am saying and I've said I was not at the 26 scene when Sam Tuah died. I don't know how he died. I was told 27 by my friend. That is what I'm saying. I am not saying 28 Mr Taylor is lying. 29 So you got it wrong? Q.

	1	A. The information given to me is what I'm saying, so I don't
	2	know if it's wrong.
	3	MS HOWARTH: Madam President, if that's a convenient point.
	4	PRESIDING JUDGE: Indeed. We've come to the end of the
16:30:47	5	day's proceedings. We will adjourn to tomorrow at 9.30 and,
	6	Mr Zaymay, as usual you are not to discuss your evidence with
	7	anyone. Court adjourned accordingly.
	8	[Whereupon the hearing adjourned at 4.30 p.m.
	9	to be reconvened on Tuesday, 18 May 2010 at
16:32:05	10	9.30 a.m.]
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