

Case No. SCSL-2003-01-T

THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT CHARLES GHANKAY TAYLOR

TUESDAY, 23 MARCH 2010 9.00 A.M. TRI AL

TRIAL CHAMBER II

Justice Julia Sebutinde, Presiding Justice Richard Lussick Before the Judges:

Justice Teresa Doherty

Justice El Hadji Malick Sow, Alternate

For Chambers: Ms Erica Bussey

For the Registry: Ms Rachel Irura Ms Zainab Fofanah

For the Prosecution: Ms Brenda J Hollis Ms Maja Dimitrova

For the accused Charles Ghankay Mr Terry Munyard Taylor: Mr Silas Chekera Tayl or:

	1	Tuesday, 23 March 2010
	2	[Open session]
	3	[The accused present]
	4	[Upon commencing at 9.00 a.m.]
09:01:22	5	PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning. We'll take appearances,
	6	pl ease.
	7	MS HOLLIS: Good morning, Madam President, your Honours,
	8	opposing counsel. This morning for the Prosecution, our case
	9	manager, Maja Dimitrova and myself, Brenda J Hollis.
09:02:58	10	MR MUNYARD: Good morning, Madam President, your Honours,
	11	counsel opposite. For the Defence this morning myself, Terry
	12	Munyard, Silas Chekera and also with us is Michael Herz, who is
	13	an intern who has been in Court before but this is the first time
	14	he's been in Court since being called to the bar by Gray's Inn
09:03:23	15	two weeks ago I think it was.
	16	PRESIDING JUDGE: Well, Mr Herz is certainly welcome to the
	17	Court. Before witness DCT-146 continues with their testimony,
	18	good morning, Mr Ngebeh.
	19	THE WITNESS: Yes, good morning, ma'am.
09:03:42	20	PRESIDING JUDGE: Yesterday you took an oath to tell truth
	21	and that oath is still binding on you today. Do you understand
	22	that?
	23	THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord.
	24	WITNESS: DCT-146 [On former oath]
09:03:57	25	MR MUNYARD: May I indicate that apparently the problems
	26	with both the recording of what the interpreters were
	27	interpreting and indeed some of the beginning parts of my
	28	questions arose because I was jumping in too quickly with my
	29	questions, and so I'm going to try to take it more slowly today.

- 1 And if I fall into the same error, I would be grateful to be
- 2 corrected because apparently that was why some of the words were
- 3 missing at the beginning of some of the questions I asked. So I
- 4 would ask anyone not to hesitate to indicate if I'm doing it
- 5 agai n.
- 6 EXAMINATION-IN-CHIEF BY MR MUNYARD: [Cont]
- 7 Q. Good morning, Mr Ngebeh.
- 8 A. Yes, good morning, my Lord.
- 9 Q. We broke off yesterday when you were starting to tell us
- 09:04:51 10 about some of your your, the RUF's involvement in fighting
 - 11 with members of the CDF who you described as Donsos and Kapras.
 - 12 Can you tell us when the RUF were involved in fighting Donsos and
 - 13 Kapras? We're still talking about the year 1994 now.
 - 14 A. Yes, my Lord. 1994.
- 09:05:27 15 Q. Where was the RUF involved in fighting Donsos and Kapras?
 - 16 A. Kabala district.
 - 17 Q. Was there any particular place in Kabala district where
 - they were involved in fighting those CDF?
 - 19 A. It was in Kabala town itself.
- 09:05:53 20 Q. And as a result of fighting those CDF forces, did the RUF
 - 21 capture anything by way of arms or ammunition?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. What did they capture?
 - 24 A. Single barrel and some automatic rifles in Kabala.
- 09:06:24 25 Q. When you say single barrel, what are you talking about?
 - 26 A. The single barrel that is used to hunt in the bush. That
 - 27 was what they were using.
 - 28 Q. And is there another word for a single barrel that is used
 - 29 for hunting in the bush?

- 1 A. Well, that is what we usually call it in our local
- 2 language. That's the only name I know for it. I don't know any
- 3 other name.
- 4 Q. Now, what happened after that particular episode when the
- 09:07:07 5 RUF captured single barrels and other items from the CDF? Were
 - 6 you still you yourself and your group still in the mountains in
 - 7 Kangari Hills?
 - 8 A. Well, the reason that we fought the Kapras was that they
 - 9 attacked us at our base at the International Boko. After that
- 09:07:38 10 attack we experienced the Donsos as well. We captured single
 - 11 barrel and its cartridges from them. One was captured that day
 - 12 and he told us that they had come from Kabala and he said they
 - 13 were the Donsos. They had come from Kabala and they were the
 - 14 Civil Defence Forces. That was why we attacked their
- 09:08:09 15 headquarters in Kabala.
 - 16 Q. After that attack on their headquarters in Kabala, did you
 - 17 remain in the Kangari Hills, or did you go anywhere else?
 - 18 A. We were still there in 1994.
 - 19 Q. Did you get involved in any operations later on after the
- 09:08:34 20 ones you've just been describing with the CDF?
 - 21 A. Operations used to go on around that area, for instance in
 - 22 Matotoka. In that same 1994, we attacked there and we lost one
 - 23 of our commanders, CO Memuna, a Lady. She died in 1994 in
 - 24 Matotoka. We attacked Matotoka, but we were unable to take
- 09:09:04 25 there. We lost a lot of manpower and we retreated in '94.
 - 26 Q. And where did you retreat to?
 - 27 A. We went back to our base, the International Boko.
 - 28 Q. Did you attack any other towns from your base in
 - 29 International Boko in 1994?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Would you tell the Court about that, please?
- 3 A. Yes, my Lord. We went back to Yele. In Yele there were
- 4 the Donsos. We attacked Yele and were able to capture some
- 09:09:59 5 materials, single barreled barrels from the Donsos. On our way
 - 6 coming we encountered a military convoy. It was coming from
 - 7 Matotoka to Yele. They fell into our ambush. We captured GPMG,
 - 8 AK-47, RPG bomb and mortar. It was a single vehicle between Yele
 - 9 and Matotoka. We had to burn down the vehicle and take the
- 09:10:38 10 weapons and returned to our base. Thank you, my Lord.
 - 11 Q. And do we spell Yele Y-E-L-L-E [sic]? Do you know whether
 - 12 that's the correct spelling?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Thank you. Now, where was Foday Sankoh during this time?
- 09:11:05 15 You're in the Kangari Hills. You're conducting these various
 - operations that you've told us about. Where was the leader?
 - 17 A. In 1994 Pa Sankoh was still in Zogoda.
 - 18 Q. Did you receive any instructions from him as to how you
 - 19 were to carry on the war?
- 09:11:36 20 A. Yes.
 - 21 Q. What were those instructions?
 - 22 A. In that same 1994 Pa Sankoh instructed CO Mohamed that he
 - 23 has understood that the NPRC was getting arms and ammunition from
 - 24 Rutile. The ship was coming from overseas and basking at Rutile.
- 09:12:13 25 For that same reason he said we should carry out an attack on
 - 26 Rutile in that same 1994. From there he instructed CO Mohamed,
 - 27 Gibril Massaquoi to attack Mile 91 in that same 1994. The other
 - 28 group was to stay in Kangari Hills for further instructions.
 - 29 Those were the instructions we got from Foday Sankoh in 1994.

- 1 Yes, my Lord.
- 2 Q. And was Rutile attacked? And if it was, what happened?
- 3 A. Yes. CO Mohamed took his troops from Kangari Hills. He
- 4 collected some men from Bo Jungle. Pa Sankoh sent some men from
- 09:13:18 5 Zogoda and they met and attacked Rutile. They captured Rutile
 - 6 from the NPRC. They captured a lot of ammunition, weapons,
 - 7 AK-47s, RPG, GPMG, anti-aircraft. A lot of materials in that
 - 8 same 1994. We were going out towards 1995 when this attack was
 - 9 carried out.
- 09:13:51 10 Q. I'm just asking you at the moment about Rutile. Were you
 - 11 yourself part of that, part of the group that went to Rutile?
 - 12 A. CO Mohamed never took me along. He said because if he had
 - 13 taken me along Pa Sankoh would take me from him, so he left me
 - 14 with Gibril Massaquoi. He said he would go and take another
- 09:14:18 15 armourer at Zogoda but I should stay with Gibril Massaquoi. I
 - 16 did not go.
 - 17 Q. And so where did you stay with Gibril Massaquoi?
 - 18 A. We were at International Boko.
 - 19 Q. And did Gibril Massaquoi launch any attacks from there?
- 09:14:43 20 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 21 Q. As a result of those attacks, did the RUF obtain any more
 - 22 arms or ammunition?
 - 23 A. We captured ammunition by the attack carried out by Gibril
 - 24 Massaquoi at Mile 91, December 25, 1994.
- 09:15:10 25 Q. Just before we leave 1994, can you help us with this: You
 - 26 told us yesterday about an attack on Makali. Do you recall
 - 27 telling the learned judges about that attack yesterday?
 - 28 A. Repeat that question, my Lord.
 - 29 Q. Yesterday you told us about an attack on Makali in 1994 by

- 1 the RUF as a result of which you obtained more materials. Do you
- 2 recall telling the judges that yesterday?
- 3 A. I talked about Matotoka. Matotoka attack. Not Makali.
- 4 Q. Well, let me try the question in a different way then.
- 09:16:04 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. Did the RUF attack Makali at all in 1994?
 - 7 A. That was the second attack. After Masingbi it was Makali
 - 8 where we captured single barrel and the vehicle. Yes, Makali.
 - 9 After Masingbi it was Makali. That was the second target in 1994
- 09:16:26 10 where we captured a lot of materials.
 - 11 Q. Thank you.
 - 12 A. Yes.
 - 13 Q. Did you attack Makali just once in 1994 or more than once?
 - 14 A. The first attack in Makali, we were able to capture it.
- 09:16:48 15 But the second time around we were unable. Twice. We did it
 - 16 twice.
 - 17 Q. And when was the second time that you attacked Makali?
 - 18 A. The second attack in Makali was when a reinforcement came
 - 19 from Peyama. Who came with this reinforcement? It was CO Papa.
- 09:17:27 20 When he came he said he wanted to attack Makali. He led the
 - 21 attack but he couldn't succeed. He lost a lot of manpower.
 - 22 Q. Did he also lose any of your weaponry?
 - 23 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 24 Q. How many weapons did he lose in that attack?
- 09:17:56 25 A. We lost four AK-47s and one RPG mortar.
 - 26 MR MUNYARD: May I correct a spelling that I gave earlier.
 - 27 I think said, when I was spelling Yele, two Ls. I fear that it
 - 28 may just be one L, although I suspect it won't make any
 - 29 di fference:

- 1 Q. Now, Mr Ngebeh, we've reached December 1994. Were there
- 2 any other attacks that you can tell us about that the RUF took
- 3 part in In late 1994, December of that year? Or do we move then
- 4 into 1995?
- 09:18:48 5 A. In 1994 we had left Kailahun for Peyama. '94, that's the
 - 6 operation I've told you about. Let's go to '95.
 - 7 Q. You've told us that you were left by Foday Sankoh with
 - 8 Gibril Massaquoi at Mile 91. Did you stay there or did you go
 - 9 somewhere else?
- 09:19:15 10 A. Point of correction. It was not Foday Sankoh who left me
 - 11 with Gibril Massaquoi. CO Mohamed, he left me with CO Gibril
 - 12 Massaquoi to stay with him so that we can go on that attack
 - 13 December 23 to 25 at Mile 91, December 1994. It was not Pa
 - 14 Sankoh. It was CO Mohamed.
- 09:19:42 15 Q. Very well. I stand corrected. In any event, you were left
 - 16 with Gibril Massaquoi at Mile 91 towards the very end of 1994.
 - 17 Where did you go after that?
 - 18 A. After --
 - 19 JUDGE DOHERTY: I understood the attack went to Mile 91 and
- 09:20:05 20 he remained at International Boko.
 - 21 MR MUNYARD: I think your Honour is right and I'm --
 - 22 THE WI TNESS: No. No.
 - 23 MR MUNYARD:
 - 24 Q. Mr Ngebeh, you tell us, please, where were you based and
- 09:20:21 25 tell us about Mile 91 in December 1994?
 - 26 A. After CO Mohamed had received his order from Foday Sankoh
 - that he should go and attack Rutile, while Gibril Massaquoi
 - 28 should attack Mile 91, I was at International Boko with Gibril
 - 29 Massaquoi. CO Mohamed said I should stay with Gibril Massaquoi

- 1 in order to attack Mile 91. Since that day I was at
- 2 International Boko with Gibril Massaquoi. Gibril Massaquoi was
- 3 the commander for Mile 91 for the December attack. All of us
- 4 went to Mile 91. We left our base on 23 December. We attacked
- 09:21:16 5 Mile 91, 25 December, on Christmas Day. Thank you.
 - 6 Q. And did you succeed in your attack on Mile 91? Did you
 - 7 capture --
 - 8 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 9 Q. What were you able to capture at Mile 91?
- 09:21:43 10 A. We captured arms and ammunition, food. Enough things on
 - 11 that same day. But in that attack we did not even spend up to
 - 12 three hours in that town. You know that from Mile 91 that is the
 - 13 highway that leads to Freetown. It was that route that goes to
 - 14 Bo. That was an important place for the government. They never
- 09:22:08 15 allowed us to even stay up to three hours in that town. We were
 - 16 attacked on that same day. They dislodged us and the group was
 - 17 divided. The man who was with the communication, he took a
 - 18 different route. I and Gibril Massaquoi with some group took
 - 19 another route.
- 09:22:36 20 Q. Can I ask you to pause there for a moment.
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - 22 Q. You've said your group split up. Where did you and Gibril
 - 23 Massaguoi go to after the attack on Mile 91?
 - 24 A. We were fortunate to take the road that was going. We took
- 09:22:58 25 the route that was going towards Freetown. The other group used
 - 26 a route that we had used to come and attack Mile 91 going towards
 - 27 International Boko. That was how we were split.
 - 28 Q. So where was the next place that you attacked the group
 - 29 you were with, I should say?

- 1 A. Well, then Gibril Massaquoi said he would be unable to go
- 2 anywhere until he has a signaller. He said we should go in
- 3 search of his men. We were in the camp for two days. Luckily
- 4 for us we received the other group who joined us where we had
- 09:23:42 5 encamped. From that we left to go to Malal. That was on 27
 - 6 December. We left around the Mile 91 area to go to Malal.
 - 7 That's the chiefdom. It's under Mile 91. It is called Malal
 - 8 Chiefdom. That was where we went.
 - 9 Q. I'm going to ask you to pause there for a moment while I
- 09:24:14 10 give a spelling. My understanding is that it is M-A-L-A-L?
 - 11 A. Yes, sir.
 - 12 Q. Was there something at Malal that you were aiming for?
 - 13 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 14 Q. What was that place?
- 09:24:42 15 A. According to Foday Sankoh's instruction we were to be based
 - 16 at the Malal Hill.
 - 17 Q. Did you establish a base at the Malal Hill?
 - 18 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 19 Q. And from there where did you go?
- 09:25:15 20 A. Our first target at Malal was Kontobi that was where we
 - 21 attacked. This Kontobi was a small group of soldiers who formed
 - 22 a barracks. They were engaged in agriculture. They had a vast
 - 23 I and. That was where they were farming. We understood that
 - 24 soldiers were there. Gibril Massaquoi did not go on that
- 09:25:51 25 operation. He sent Komba Gbundema to attack Kontobi. Thank you.
 - 26 Q. The spelling of Kontobi is K-O-N-T-O-B-I and Komba Gbundema
 - 27 has been spelled I think many times during the course of the
 - 28 evidence so I won't repeat that.
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Did Komba Gbundema attack the base at Kontobi?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Was that attack by the RUF successful?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 09:26:41 5 Q. What did you capture, if anything, in the course of that
 - 6 attack?
 - 7 A. Combat, G3, LAR and ammunition. That was what Komba
 - 8 Gbundema captured at Kontobi at 1994 at the end of December.
 - 9 Q. I can't remember if we had LARs spelled out yesterday.
- 09:27:05 10 have a feeling we did, but just help us again. What do you mean
 - 11 by LARs, Mr Ngebeh?
 - 12 A. Light automatic rifle.
 - 13 Q. And by combats, what are you referring to again?
 - 14 A. Komba was the commander to attack Kontobi. That
- 09:27:37 15 instruction had come from Gibril Massaquoi.
 - 16 Q. I can understand where that misunderstanding has come from.
 - 17 Combats, not Komba Gbundema, I was asking you about. What are
 - 18 combats that you captured?
 - 19 A. Oh, okay. The clothes used by soldiers, that's what we
- 09:27:58 20 call combats. C-O-M-B-A-T. Yes.
 - 21 Q. You've described the army base there with a lot of farm
 - 22 I and. What happened to the soldiers there when the RUF attacked
 - 23 that base?
 - 24 A. They run away.
- 09:28:21 25 Q. And did the RUF do anything with the base once the soldiers
 - 26 had run away?
 - 27 A. No. They just took their weapons and left the place.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, when the witness said LLAR
 - 29 and ammunition, should we assume that this was one light what

- 1 did he call it? One rifle?
- 2 MR MUNYARD: Light automatic rifle.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: One?
- 4 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 09:28:57 5 MR MUNYARD: Would your Honour give me an opportunity to
 - 6 [microphone not activated].
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Just one.
 - 8 MR MUNYARD:
 - 9 Q. Mr Ngebeh, you started to tell us about that and I
- 09:29:06 10 interrupted you to ask you what an LAR was. How many LARs were
 - 11 captured in the course of that attack?
 - 12 A. Ten.
 - 13 Q. Where did you go from there?
 - 14 A. I was not with them, but they came back and met us at the
- 09:29:29 15 base at Malal Hill.
 - 16 Q. Right. They came back to the base. Did they bring the
 - 17 captured arms and ammunition back to the base to you as the
 - 18 armourer?
 - 19 A. Yes, my Lord. They presented everything to me for them to
- 09:29:51 **20** be checked.
 - 21 Q. And where did they go after that? Where was the next place
 - 22 that the RUF fighters attacked?
 - 23 A. Lunsar.
 - Q. Can you put a time on this now? Where are we? Are we
- 09:30:13 25 still in very late 1994, or have we gone over into 1995?
 - 26 A. '94 operation is finished. We are now in 1995. January of
 - 27 1995. That was the first month that we attacked Lunsar. 1995.
 - 28 January of 1995.
 - 29 Q. And did you succeed in capturing any materials in that

- 1 attack on Lunsar?
- 2 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 3 Q. How much was captured at Lunsar?
- 4 A. Well, the ammunition, we captured AK-47s, RPG bombs,
- 09:31:11 5 mortars, and LMG, which was one, but most of the weapons which we
 - 6 captured, most of the boys did not present all of them to us.
 - 7 But after the mission they would say they had captured 10 or 15.
 - 8 They presented them to Gibril Massaquoi because in Lunsar all
 - 9 over the town there was soldiers. All over the town there were
- 09:31:46 10 soldiers, so they had enough arms and ammunition in 1994 sorry,
 - 11 5 January. Thank you.
 - 12 Q. Do you know where CO Mohamed was at that time, January
 - 13 1995?
 - 14 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 09:32:08 15 Q. Where was he?
 - 16 A. By then he was still in Rutile.
 - 17 Q. What did the group who had attacked Lunsar do after that
 - 18 attack?
 - 19 A. Well, after that attack the soldiers re-attacked us, so we
- 09:32:35 20 had to retreat to our base.
 - 21 Q. Is that still the base in the Malal Hills?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. Did the RUF continue to launch attacks from that base?
 - 24 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 09:32:59 25 Q. Where else did they attack from that base?
 - 26 A. They set an ambush between Lunsar and Feredugu. The
 - 27 Guineans fell in this ambush. We were able to capture one
 - 28 electronic missile. One electronic ground missile and three
 - 29 bombs and enough AK-47 ammunitions and G3 rounds. Thank you.

- 1 Q. I'm going to give you a spelling of Feredugu.
- 2 F-E-R-E-D-U-G-U?
- 3 A. Yes. Three miles from Lunsar.
- 4 Q. Who were these Guineans that fell into the ambush?
- 09:34:13 5 A. Yes, my Lord. These Guineans were the ECOMOG troops that
 - 6 had come to assist the Sierra Leone Army.
 - 7 Q. And did you know anything about the electronic missile that
 - 8 you captured from the Guineans? Was it a weapon that you were
 - 9 familiar with at all?
- 09:34:40 10 A. My Lord, that was my first day of seeing that weapon.
 - 11 There was nobody in the RUF who knew how to operate that
 - 12 electronic ground missile. It was I who only had the experience
 - 13 how to use it. I was the only person who knew how to use it.
 - 14 Q. So what was done with that electronic missile?
- 09:35:05 15 A. That electronic missile, it is a conventional weapon.
 - 16 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat. He
 - 17 is using a word that is not very clear to the interpreter.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. There's a word
 - 19 you used that the interpreter didn't get. Can you repeat your
- 09:35:25 20 answer, please?
 - 21 THE WITNESS: What is the question?
 - MR MUNYARD:
 - 23 Q. What happened to the electronic missile? What did you do
 - 24 with it?
- 09:35:40 25 A. We took the weapon with us and Left the bomb because we
 - 26 were unable to take it away.
 - 27 Q. Was the bomb the missile that would be used would be
 - 28 fired by the electronic weapon? When you say bomb, would it
 - 29 be --

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. [Microphone not activated]. So were you able to use the
- 3 electronic missile without the bomb?
- 4 A. We never used it in the first place. We left the bomb and
- 09:36:23 5 took away the weapon.
 - 6 Q. And what did you do with the weapon when you had taken it
 - 7 away?
 - 8 A. We had it for safekeeping. Maybe we will come to town and
 - 9 we will get a vehicle where we will be able to use it. But at
- 09:36:44 10 that time we were unable to use it. You can only use that weapon
 - 11 when you've got trucks. We kept it as record.
 - 12 Q. Did you did the RUF obtain anything else in the course of
 - 13 that attack apart from arms and ammunition?
 - 14 A. Yes, we got some Guinean combats. The uniforms used by
- 09:37:16 15 Guineans, we were able to capture some from the ambush, and some
 - 16 food, medicines. We got those from the ambush.
 - 17 Q. Thank you. Who was the commander of that particular
 - 18 mission?
 - 19 A. That ambush, it was CO Kpointeh, but he is deceased now.
- 09:37:40 20 He was Gibril Massaquoi's brother. His deputy was also, but we
 - 21 lost him.
 - 22 Q. Where was the next place that was attacked --
 - 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Are we going to get a spelling of this
 - 24 person?
- 09:38:01 25 MR MUNYARD: I'll ask the witness.
 - 26 THE WITNESS: CO Kpointeh. That was the nickname I knew
 - 27 for him. He had a real name, but that was the name we knew for
 - 28 hi m.
 - 29 MR MUNYARD:

- 1 Q. Are you able to help us with the spelling of the nickname?
- 2 A. The pronunciation is Kpointeh. You can take it that way
- 3 and spell it.
- 4 MR MUNYARD: Madam President, as a phonetic spelling, it
- 09:38:34 5 could be G-B-E-N-T-E, but that's the best we can do, I'm afraid.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Interpreter, might you know the
 - 7 spelling of this name?
 - 8 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honour, this is the first time I'm
 - 9 hearing of this name as well.
- 09:38:51 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: We'll take counsel's spelling.
 - 11 MR MUNYARD:
 - 12 Q. Now, you were talking about this attack in the area of
 - 13 Feredugu --
 - 14 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honour, the interpreters from the
- 09:39:07 15 Krio booth will want to help for the spelling.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated].
 - 17 THE INTERPRETER: K-P-0-I-N-T-E-H.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD: That's very helpful, thank you, and it's
- 09:39:20 20 completely different from what I was offering and I think that
 - that's obviously the more reliable:
 - 22 Q. Mr Ngebeh, after that attack that you've just been telling
 - 23 us about around Feredugu, where was the next place that was
 - 24 attacked?
- 09:39:42 25 A. After the Feredugu attack, everybody retreated to the Malal
 - 26 Hill. From there Gibril Massaquoi organised another group to set
 - 27 an ambush from Makeni to Lunsar. That was where the ambush was
 - 28 set. It was Tom Nyuma who fell into this ambush. Tom Nyuma was
 - 29 very fortunate on that day because he would have been captured

- 1 alive by the RUF, but he was blessed, so he escaped. In that
- 2 same 1995 we were able to capture some materials from that
- 3 ambush, but his personal vehicle he was able to escape with. But
- 4 some men and the other vehicles fell into the ambush. One
- 09:40:40 5 vehicle suffered in the ambush. We had GMG and all the
 - 6 ammunition for a GMG that was in that vehicle, together with
 - 7 AK-47 and its ammunition. They were in the single vehicle that
 - 8 we captured, but he was able to escape in 1995.
 - 9 Q. We'll come on to him and the spelling of his name in a
- 09:41:08 10 moment, but what happened to the vehicle?
 - 11 A. We burnt it. It was burnt.
 - 12 Q. And in addition to arms and ammunition, were you able to
 - 13 capture anything else in that particular ambush involving Tom
 - 14 Nyuma?
- 09:41:37 15 A. The ammunition and combat, because it was a military
 - 16 convoy.
 - 17 Q. Anything in addition to ammunition and combats?
 - 18 A. There were medicines as well.
 - 19 Q. Anything else in addition to medicines?
- 09:42:07 20 A. Arms. Arms and ammunition, medicines, combat. Those were
 - 21 the things that were in the convoy. It was a military escort.
 - 22 Q. Now, what was Tom Nyuma's position?
 - 23 A. Well, what we heard on the radio was that he was a strong
 - 24 man in the NPRC. They said he was one of the strong men. He was
- 09:42:34 25 a captain. He was the one who was really giving us hard time.
 - 26 So we were targeting him anywhere he was. He was giving us tough
 - 27 time in 1995.
 - 28 Q. Did he have a position in the government?
 - 29 A. He was a member of the Supreme Council of the NPRC.

- 1 Q. I believe the spelling of his name is Tom N-Y-U-M-A?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And whereabouts was it that his convoy was ambushed?
- 4 A. It left Makeni heading for Freetown. It was between Lunsar
- 09:43:34 5 and Makeni. That was where he fell into that ambush in 1995,
 - 6 January.
 - 7 Q. Are you able to help us at all with a village that it was
 - 8 near to, the name of a village that this happened between Lunsar
 - 9 and Makeni?
- 09:44:04 10 A. Well, it was in that same Feredugu area.
 - 11 Q. What was the next operation that the RUF were involved in?
 - 12 A. From that, Gibril Massaquoi then decided to go and attack
 - 13 Kambia in that same 1995.
 - 14 Q. And where in Kambia? You've told us Gibril Massaquoi
- 09:45:54 15 wanted to Launch an attack in Kambia. Where in Kambia?
 - 16 A. Kambia is a district. When you come from Port Loko you go
 - 17 to Kambia. Kambia is in between Sierra Leone. It's a boundary
 - 18 between from Pamelap. It is between the boundary. From Kambia
 - 19 you go to the border towards Guinea, that is Pamelap. It's a
- 09:46:29 20 district.
 - 21 Q. Did he launch an attack in Kambia District?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. And where was attacked in Kambia District?
 - 24 A. The town itself. That is the district headquarters.
- 09:47:00 25 Q. Is that the town of Kambia you are talking about there?
 - 26 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 27 Q. What, if anything, was captured in the course of that
 - 28 attack?
 - 29 A. A lot of schoolchildren, including seven nuns. They were

- 1 white people, seven nuns. One was called Sister Agnes. She was
- 2 among the group that we captured.
- 3 Q. What happened to those nuns?
- 4 A. They brought them to Malal Hill.
- 09:47:49 5 Q. And what happened once these captured nuns had been brought
 - 6 to Malal Hill?
 - 7 A. Pa Sankoh was not happy about it. He even said to him that
 - 8 he had not given him command to capture those people. Why should
 - 9 he bring them to --
- 09:48:13 10 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat this
 - 11 part of his testimony.
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Pause, Mr Witness. Please repeat your
 - 13 answer. The interpreter didn't get what you said.
 - 14 THE WITNESS: Pa Sankoh was never happy when Gibril
- 09:48:33 15 Massaquoi captured the seven nuns from Kambia but since he had
 - 16 brought them he gave him order to take care of them, that they
 - 17 should be in safe custody, nobody should treat them badly. That
 - 18 instruction came from Foday Sankoh in Zogoda to Gibril Massaquoi.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD:
- 09:48:56 20 Q. What was the reaction of the government to the capture of
 - 21 these nuns?
 - 22 A. Oh, the government was not happy. It was not happy at all.
 - 23 Q. So what did they do?
 - 24 A. Captain Strasser mobilised his troops to rescue those
- 09:49:25 25 people from us. They formed combined forces. They took some
 - 26 mercenaries to take those people from us. Thank you.
 - 27 Q. And who were the mercenaries that the government brought
 - 28 i n?
 - 29 A. The Executive Outcomes and the Gurkhas. They combined.

- 1 MR MUNYARD: Madam President, I'll spell Gurkhas if I need
- 2 to but I have a feeling they have been spelled.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: You can see if it's correct on the
- 4 record.
- 09:50:11 5 MR MUNYARD: G-U-R-K-H-A.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you.
 - 7 MR MUNYARD:
 - 8 Q. Do you know who the commander of the mercenaries was?
 - 9 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 09:50:34 10 Q. Who was he?
 - 11 A. Colonel Maxwell. Colonel Maxwell. He was the commander.
 - 12 He was a colonel. I do not know the pronunciation. Maxwell,
 - 13 something like that. He was a white man.
 - 14 Q. Now, was that operation by the government successful?
- 09:51:09 15 A. They never succeeded. They lost a lot of men, including a
 - 16 captain who was the aide-de-camp to Strasser. He lost his life.
 - 17 A lot of officers lost their lives in that operation. They used
 - 18 helicopter gunships, jets, they used all sorts of sophisticated
 - 19 weapons to get those people but they never succeeded.
- 09:51:33 20 Q. Where were the government and mercenaries troops based for
 - 21 that attack on your base in the Malal Hills?
 - 22 A. They had come from Mile 91. The village where they settled
 - 23 to attack us in Malal, I do not know the name of that village but
 - 24 it was within that Malal Chiefdom where they were based to attack
- 09:52:07 25 us at the Malal Hill.
 - 26 Q. You said they didn't succeed in freeing the hostages. Did
 - 27 the RUF capture anything from the government and mercenary
 - 28 forces?
 - 29 A. Yes, my Lord.

- 1 Q. What was captured from them in that operation?
- 2 A. We captured, there's one grenade which was like a cream
- 3 bottle. That was my first time of seeing such a grenade. It was
- 4 with Colonel Maxwell. It was like blue in colour. When you see
- 09:52:55 5 it if you do not know that it's a weapon you would think that
 - 6 it's a kind of Vaseline. It was a different grenade. I had
 - 7 never seen it before. That was my first time of seeing that
 - 8 grenade, together with AK-47s, RPG bombs and their mortars,
 - 9 GPMGs. In fact, the soldiers and the mercenaries, all of them
- 09:53:17 10 who got up that hill, most of them couldn't return because our
 - 11 firing support was very strong. They were unable. Most of them
 - 12 died there including the colonel himself. He lost his life.
 - 13 Q. After that particular episode did you remain in the same
 - 14 base at Malal Hills?
- 09:53:44 15 A. We changed our location.
 - 16 Q. Where did you go to?
 - 17 A. We went to Malal 2. There were two of these hills there.
 - 18 We had Malal 1 and Malal 2. At first we were at Malal 1, but
 - 19 because they had seen that base if we had stayed there we
- 09:54:07 20 wouldn't have been safe so we changed our location to Malal 2.
 - 21 Q. And from Malal 2 did you engage in further operations?
 - 22 A. Well, at Malal 2 Foday Sankoh said we should release the
 - 23 nuns at all costs. Foday Sankoh said we should release them at
 - 24 all costs.
- 09:54:34 25 Q. And so did you?
 - 26 A. Yes. Yes.
 - 27 Q. After the nuns had been released did you stay at Malal 2 or
 - 28 did you go somewhere else?
 - 29 A. No, after we had left them, two days after that we left the

- 1 location.
- 2 Q. And where did you go to?
- 3 A. By then CO Mohamed too had left Rutile heading for Western
- 4 Area. He gave us instruction to meet for us to meet at one
- 09:55:20 5 village. CO Mohamed's convoy from Rutile and our own convoy from
 - 6 the Malal Hill, we met in one village going towards the Western
 - 7 Area. That is Waterloo. Thank you.
 - 8 Q. Do you remember the name of the village that you met in?
 - 9 A. Makoot? I can't recall the name of the village now.
- 09:56:04 10 Q. And what was decided when you all met together?
 - 11 A. Our mission was to enter Freetown in 1995.
 - 12 Q. When in '95 is this?
 - 13 A. I can say I can say around May to June. Yes. It was in
 - 14 1995, but the particular month. It was around May to June
- 09:56:56 15 anyway. That's what I'm thinking about.
 - 16 Q. And so where did you next attack?
 - 17 A. The first attack was at Waterloo.
 - 18 Q. Did you succeed in that attack?
 - 19 A. No.
- 09:57:22 20 Q. What happened to you in the course of that attack? When I
 - 21 say you, I'm talking about the RUF, not you personally.
 - 22 A. In that attack, because of the helicopter gunship, we it
 - 23 gave us no chance. The helicopter gunship was over us launching
 - 24 and doing all sorts of things. In that attack we lost men. The
- 09:57:52 25 best RPG man, that was where we lost him. Even I myself on that
 - 26 day I was injured by the helicopter gunship. Yes. With all of
 - 27 this, we were unable to succeed. They used all sorts of
 - 28 sophisticated weapons against us, armoured cars, war tanks. You
 - 29 know the Guineans were at Waterloo. They used all sorts of

- 1 forces against us that day. We were not able to make it. We
- 2 retreated.
- 3 Q. You've talked about your losses in terms of manpower. Did
- 4 you lose anything in terms of weapons in the course of the
- 09:58:44 5 Waterloo operation?
 - 6 A. As we were trying to retreat, we lost some materials
 - 7 because we all were carrying our materials on our head, our
 - 8 ammunition. Our wounded soldiers, wives, all of them were with
 - 9 us. Those who were carrying the weapons as well. We lost some
- 09:59:10 10 materials as well during that retreat. That was arms and
 - 11 ammunition.
 - 12 Q. Where did you retreat to?
 - 13 A. We went to one small village around --
 - 14 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can the witness kindly
- 09:59:29 15 repeat the names of the villages.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. Can you first
 - 17 repeat the names of the villages and then continue with your
 - 18 answer.
 - 19 THE WITNESS: Around the Songo and Fogbo. Songo and Fogbo,
- 09:59:48 20 that was within the four miles area. That was where we were
 - 21 based.
 - 22 MR MUNYARD: A spelling of Songo I think is S-0-N-G-0 and
 - then Fogbo I think has been spelled correctly no, I'm seeing
 - two lots of head shaking, so I think it must be wrong. But I'm
- 10:00:15 25 afraid on that particular village I'm not able to help myself.
 - 26 However, if there are those in Court who have a better knowledge
 - of the spelling of that place, I'm sure that it wouldn't be
 - objectionable even if it were to come from the Bench.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Interpreter, can you assist with the

- 1 spellings, please, or not?
- THE INTERPRETER: F-0-G-B-0, Fogbo.
- 3 MR MUNYARD: Thank you very much:
- 4 Q. Yes, you are now at those places. You are now in that area
- 10:00:52 5 around those villages where you were based. Did your base have a
 - 6 particular name there that you, the RUF, gave it?
 - 7 A. At this time we hadn't any base in the Western Area that
 - 8 had a name. We had just come there. We were looking for a place
 - 9 where we were to be based permanently. We were still moving
- 10:01:20 **10** around.
 - 11 Q. And so did you make a permanent base in the Western Area?
 - 12 A. Yes.
 - 13 Q. Where was that?
 - 14 A. Makoot. Makoot.
- 10:01:39 15 Q. M-A-K-O-U-T is the spelling I have. I've no way of knowing
 - 16 whether it's O-U-T or O-O-T. And, again, I suspect that it
 - 17 doesn't really make any difference. So you were based at Makoot.
 - 18 Did your base there have a was it given a name a nickname?
 - 19 A. We just said Boko.
- 10:02:22 20 Q. And what was at that base?
 - 21 A. It's a small hill. It was a small forest. It's up a hill,
 - 22 but the hill was not very high. The forest was not very thick.
 - 23 It was a young bush. That was where we were based. We called it
 - 24 Western Jungle. Western Jungle.
- 10:02:52 25 Q. From there did the RUF Launch any more attacks?
 - 26 A. Yes, sir.
 - 27 Q. And was any arms or ammunition captured in the course of
 - 28 those attacks?
 - 29 A. Yes, sir.

- 1 Q. What did you capture while you were based there?
- 2 A. The road from Masiaka to Mile 91, it was in that area that
- 3 we were searching for arms and ammunition. Pa Sankoh was
- 4 monitoring that. Pa Sankoh --
- 10:03:37 5 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat this
 - 6 area. He is not very clear.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, please repeat your answer
 - 8 going a bit more slowly.
 - 9 THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord. Pa Sankoh was very good in
- 10:03:52 10 communication. He was monitoring the movement of the soldiers
 - 11 from Mile 91 to Masiaka and he was giving information to
 - 12 CO Mohamed for us to set ambush. It was from those ambushes that
 - 13 we were getting arms and ammunition at that place through
 - 14 Foday Sankoh's communication.
- 10:04:16 15 MR MUNYARD:
 - 16 Q. Apart from arms and ammunition, did you get anything else
 - 17 that was brought to that base?
 - 18 A. Yes. The foodstuff and everything that we used we used to
 - 19 get from there. Food, materials and everything because it was
- 10:04:37 20 the highway leading to Freetown and there was the other one going
 - 21 towards Bo. Yes.
 - 22 Q. How did the RUF fighters travel in the when they were
 - 23 carrying out these attacks?
 - 24 A. We were coming from our base and we come to the highway and
- 10:05:01 25 set an ambush. We used to walk. We used bypasses behind the
 - 26 enemy and we set the ambush quietly. Thank you.
 - 27 Q. Did you have any vehicles available to you?
 - 28 A. Oh, no, no, no. Where we were it's not pliable by
 - 29 vehicles. It will go up to a point and stop. The rest you would

- 1 walk slow bush paths. It was not motorable.
- 2 Q. Did the RUF in that area, even if not at your particular
- 3 base in the bush, did they have any vehicles?
- 4 A. Repeat that question once more.
- 10:05:52 5 Q. You told us that where you were based in the bush it was -
 - 6 it wasn't possible to have vehicles, but did the RUF in the
 - 7 Western Area have vehicles anywhere else?
 - 8 A. That was the only base the RUF had. We had no other base
 - 9 and we had no vehicles in 1995.
- 10:06:14 10 Q. Right. Was there anything else that was captured by way of
 - 11 weapons or fighting equipment while you were at that base?
 - 12 A. Yes. Yes. We captured a helicopter gunship live. This
 - 13 helicopter gunship, it flew and stopped close to our base to
 - 14 attack us, but we were able to withstand the attack. It was
- 10:06:54 15 unable to enter our base. As we were chasing them, the pilot who
 - 16 was piloting the helicopter was scared because of the firing
 - 17 power. He was unable to go into the helicopter, so they
 - 18 abandoned it. We captured that helicopter live. It was with us
 - 19 for two days.
- 10:07:19 20 From there they called me for me to come and inspect the
 - 21 weapons, but I found out that all the weapons that it was using
 - 22 was electronics. Even if we took them out, we wouldn't be able
 - 23 to use them. It cannot be used manually. The GPMG was
 - 24 electronic. The one barrel was electronic. All the weapons that
- 10:07:44 25 it used was electronics, so we left it and we set it on fire and
 - 26 burnt it down. Later on they brought a helicopter and it was
 - 27 airlifted. They took it along. That's all.
 - 28 Q. You've talked about the highway this base was near Makoot
 - 29 and you talked about the highway between Freetown and Bo. Did

- 1 you conduct any operations on the highway?
- 2 A. Yes. That highway, that was where we used to get
- 3 everything. Every two weeks we used to go to the highway. In
- 4 fact, some areas they used to call Foday Sankoh Garage because
- 10:08:41 5 that area was very bad. That was where we used to set ambushes.
 - 6 We used to get arms, ammunition, food, whatever we wanted to use,
 - 7 that was where we got them from, that highway.
 - 8 Q. Why did you call it Foday Sankoh Garage?
 - 9 A. There was a massive ambush there. The ambush was very
- 10:09:09 10 terrible. About up to 100 vehicles fell into that ambush. Most
 - of those vehicles were burnt down. These vehicles had come from
 - 12 Freetown heading for Bo. They were escorted by a military convoy
 - 13 and they fell into our ambush. After the ambush, what the RUF
 - 14 had to take they took. We left the vehicles. Some people used
- 10:09:40 15 to come to loot those properties, so when they came they will
 - 16 | loot and burn some property and they will say it was the RUF
 - 17 because we had set the ambush. They would loot and some of the
 - 18 few things in there they would take away. Most of the things
 - 19 that we used we had to carry on our heads, so we left the
- 10:09:59 20 vehicles there. That was why they called that place Foday Sankoh
 - 21 Garage because if you go there now there are a series of scrap
 - vehicles there because of that ambush. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. When you talked about people looting properties, what do
 - you mean by properties?
- 10:10:17 25 A. Mmm, like food. Because whatever vehicles can carry.
 - 26 Food, clothes. The RUF had taken some and left some, so people
 - 27 would come around. Whatever they saw they would take. So it
 - 28 came to a time, some civilians came and lived on that highway.
 - 29 They wouldn't go far away. As soon as there was an ambush and

- 1 when we leave, they too will come out and take what they would
- 2 see. That was what was going on on that highway.
- 3 Q. Now, did you obtain any arms or ammunition from ambushes on
- 4 that highway at that time?
- 10:10:56 5 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 6 Q. [Microphone not activated] in particular that you can
 - 7 recall now?
 - 8 A. Yes, one tactical jeep. This tactical jeep was a small
 - 9 vehicle. Sometimes they would plant a single barrel gun on it.
- 10:11:15 10 It's an open vehicle used by the military. It was called a
 - 11 tactical jeep. We took it in that ambush together with some arms
 - 12 and ammunition. Any ambush that was successful in that area we
 - would get arms and ammunition, because by then there were no
 - 14 civilian vehicles from Freetown to Bo, only escorted vehicles.
- 10:11:39 15 It was the military who escorted those vehicles and they used to
 - 16 fall into that ambush. When we overcame them we would get
 - 17 ammunition from then.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: You are running again with your
 - 19 testimony. Slow down, please.
- 10:11:55 20 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he be kindly requested
 - 21 to wait for the Krio interpretation on the other side.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Also when you are testifying, Mr Witness,
 - 23 wait for the Krio interpreter to interpret to you before you
 - 24 answer. Even if you think you understand what the lawyer is
- 10:12:13 25 saying, listen first to the interpreter.
 - 26 MR MUNYARD:
 - 27 Q. Mr Ngebeh, we know that you do understand English quite
 - 28 well, but for your benefit the Court is interpreting all the
 - 29 questions put to you into Krio which is a language you are more

- 1 familiar with than English. So it's being done for your benefit
- 2 to ensure that you have accurate understanding of the questions
- 3 you are being asked. So just take it slowly, please.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 10:12:54 5 Q. You mentioned the tactical jeep. Did it have any arms or
 - 6 ammunition in it?
 - 7 A. Yes, there were arms in it. There were arms in it, yes,
 - 8 sir.
 - 9 O. What arms?
- 10:13:16 10 A. We captured one anti-aircraft that we called 50 calibre.
 - 11 50 calibre. It's an anti-aircraft weapon. And some arms like
 - 12 automatic rifles. When I say automatic rifles I mean LAR, BAR,
 - 13 G3. These are all automatic rifles.
 - 14 Q. What did you do with the jeep and with the anti-aircraft?
- 10:13:51 15 A. As an arms specialist for the RUF, I removed the weapon
 - 16 from the tactical jeep. That was my only duty that I carried
 - 17 out. Whichever weapons they captured, they will call me. After
 - 18 we had removed it I understood that they burnt it down.
 - 19 Q. Sorry, burnt down what?
- 10:14:18 20 A. The vehicle. The tactical jeep.
 - 21 Q. Right. What happened to the anti-aircraft 50 calibre?
 - 22 A. We took it to our base.
 - 23 Q. And were the RUF able to use it?
 - 24 A. Well, we mounted it at our location just in case of any air
- 10:14:51 25 raid we would use it against the helicopter.
 - 26 Q. Do you know if it was ever used?
 - 27 A. We used it in the Western Jungle. We used it.
 - 28 Q. Were you ever attacked at that base near Makoot?
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. How did you come to be attacked there?
- 2 A. Well, some civilians were escaping from us. They were the
- 3 ones who used to pass information on to the soldiers. At one
- 4 time soldiers came from RDF and they attacked us, but they did
- 10:15:50 5 not succeed. They attacked us several times. The helicopter
 - 6 used to attack us. The jet used to raid us. They had a
 - 7 helicopter called Radar. It's for demarcation. That used to
 - 8 give us a very tough time.
 - 9 Q. You mentioned RDF. What is the RDF?
- 10:16:17 10 A. This RDF, it was a military of combined forces. There were
 - 11 STLs in it, SLAs. It's a camp leading from Masiaka towards
 - 12 Waterloo. That was where the camp was located. RDF. They know
 - 13 what RDF means. I don't know. But it stands for a word.
 - 14 MR MUNYARD: Madam President, I don't want to give evidence
- 10:16:55 15 but I think that those initials have been spelled out before as
 - 16 to what they stand for. I won't say anything at the moment:
 - 17 Q. But can you just tell us when you say there were STLs in it
 - 18 and SLAs, the SLA we know is the Sierra Leone Army. What are the
 - 19 STLs?
- 10:17:24 20 A. The STLs were Liberians. They were called the STF. I
 - 21 don't know what is STF, but they were Liberians.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Interpreter, the witness is not saying
 - 23 STL. You are saying STL. The witness I think is --
 - 24 THE INTERPRETER: STF. Your Honour, I interpret what I
- 10:17:48 25 hear. First I heard STL and now he is saying STF. STF.
 - 26 MR MUNYARD: Very well:
 - 27 Q. Where is the RDF base?
 - 28 A. All these forces base they called the RDF, the combined
 - 29 forces where they were based, that's the name of the base. It is

- 1 situated between Masiaka and Waterloo. It was based within that
- 2 area.
- 3 Q. How close to the highway is the RDF base?
- 4 A. It's on the main highway.
- 10:18:40 5 Q. So the soldiers came from the RDF. They attacked you but
 - 6 they didn't succeed in dislodging you. What happened as a result
 - of that particular attack on your base? Were you able to obtain
 - 8 any arms and ammunition from the soldiers who attacked you?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 10:19:02 10 Q. What kind of quantity were you able to obtain then?
 - 11 A. We captured RPG, the RPG bomb itself, and the mortar, LMG,
 - one, and all the magazine. Because the LMG ammunition used to
 - 13 come in magazines. We captured up to five of the magazines. We
 - 14 captured AK-47 and their ammunition. They were in boxes. And
- 10:19:42 15 some G3 ammunition. That was what we captured from the RDF
 - 16 forces when they attacked us.
 - 17 Q. Did you remain at that base after the attack?
 - 18 A. Well, we were still at that base until Maada Bio overthrew
 - 19 Strasser in 1995. Steven Maada Bio overthrew Strasser. That was
- 10:20:19 20 in 1995, we were still there.
 - 21 Q. Just tell us this: How was it that you learned that Maada
 - 22 Bio had overthrown Strasser?
 - 23 A. It was over the media.
 - 24 Q. What happened after Maada Bio overthrew Strasser? What
- 10:20:57 25 happened to you and your base?
 - 26 A. Well, after Maada Bio had overthrown Strasser he opened
 - 27 communication line between him and Foday Sankoh for us to
 - 28 establish peace.
 - 29 Q. Right. And what, if anything, did Foday Sankoh do in order

- 1 to discuss peace?
- 2 A. Well, it was in the same 1995 that Maada Bio was able to
- 3 convince Foday Sankoh when Foday Sankoh accepted for peace
- 4 discussion, and they decided on where to go and meet. In 1995
- 10:21:49 5 they started that arrangement and it was after that that the RUF
 - 6 could now move out of the bush. They met the soldiers and they
 - 7 held discussions, so we had such rapports at that time now in
 - 8 1995.
 - 9 Q. Right. Did anything positive come out of those peace talks
- 10:22:19 10 with Maada Bio?
 - 11 A. While the negotiation was going on in 1995 and '96, it was
 - 12 finally in 1996 that Foday Sankoh accepted to move out of the
 - 13 bush from Zogoda and meet with Maada Bio. And something very
 - 14 important about this thing is before Foday Sankoh left to go, Pa
- 10:22:48 15 Sankoh had a lady with him called Agnes Deen-Jalloh and
 - 16 Deen-Jalloh was the elder brother of Maada Bio and it was his
 - 17 wife that tried to establish this connection between Pa Sankoh
 - 18 and Maada Bio.
 - 19 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
- 10:23:09 **20** to slow down.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you are going to have to slow
 - 22 down again and repeat your answer for the interpreter.
 - THE WITNESS: Yes. Sister Agnes Deen-Jalloh was the one
 - 24 who facilitated peace between Foday Sankoh and Maada Bio. Maada
- 10:23:38 25 Bio was a brother to Sister Agnes and she was responsible for him
 - 26 before. And it was in 1991 that Agnes Deen-Jalloh was captured
 - 27 in Bunumbu. Her husband was a lecturer at the Bunumbu teachers
 - 28 college, Mr Deen-Jalloh, and Agnes was a teacher at a school
 - 29 called BSS.

- 1 MR MUNYARD:
- 2 Q. I'm going to stop you there because first of all we're
- 3 going backwards in time and, secondly, we don't need to go into
- 4 all this detail for the purposes of my questions. Just help us
- 10:24:18 5 with this: You've mentioned peace negotiations going on into
 - 6 1996. During 1996 in Sierra Leone was there an election?
 - 7 A. Yes, my lawyer. The area I'm trying to clarify to the
 - 8 Court, I know it's doubtful to you because I have never spoken
 - 9 about it in my statements, but this was one of the most important
- 10:24:53 10 things that led to the bringing of the Special Court in Sierra
 - 11 Leone, 1995/96. My Lord, if only you can give me chance --
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Ngebeh, I did ask you yesterday -
 - 13 listen. Stop interrupting. Okay. Just listen. I did ask you
 - 14 yesterday to listen carefully to the questions the lawyer is
- 10:25:18 15 asking you and to answer precisely the questions that the lawyer
 - 16 is asking you. Not to add in other things. The lawyer knows
 - 17 exactly why he is asking you the questions he is asking you and
 - 18 leaving out other things. Now please be so kind as to restrict
 - 19 your answers to the questions that you have been asked. Is that
- 10:25:45 **20** clear?
 - THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord.
 - 22 PRESI DI NG JUDGE: Thank you.
 - 23 MR MUNYARD:
 - 24 Q. Mr Ngebeh, who was elected as a result of that election in
- 10:25:57 25 1996?
 - 26 A. Yes, my Lord. You now know that Foday Sankoh Left Zogoda
 - 27 and gone to Ivory Coast and we are going step by step. Yes.
 - 28 MR MUNYARD: [Microphone not activated]:
 - 29 Q. Foday Sankoh goes to the Ivory Coast, but during 1996

- 1 you've told us that you know there was an election in Sierra
- 2 Leone. Who was elected as a result of that election?
- 3 A. After Pa Sankoh asked Maada Bio to Leave the country to the
- 4 civilians, he was supposed to conduct an election. Maada Bio
- 10:26:58 5 left Cote d'Ivoire in 1996. He went back to Freetown and he told
 - 6 Foday Sankoh that Foday Sankoh told him to hand over to
 - 7 civilian rule and he accepted. So when they came they went for
 - 8 Bintumani I, Bintumani II.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Pause. Were are you running with your
- 10:27:18 10 testimony? And with whom are you losing your temper? You seem
 - 11 to have lost your temper.
 - 12 THE WITNESS: No, my Lord.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Calm down and slow down and answer the
 - 14 questions asked precisely.
- 10:27:43 15 MR MUNYARD:
 - 16 Q. Just tell the judges who was elected in 1996.
 - 17 A. It was President Kabbah.
 - 18 Q. Thank you. Had a peace agreement already been reached and
 - 19 finalised by the time President Kabbah was elected, or were peace
- 10:28:05 20 negotiations still going on when he was elected?
 - 21 A. He did not work on the agreement that was signed between
 - 22 Maada Bio and Pa Sankoh. He decided to form the Kamajor group
 - against the RUF and the SLA. So this is the reason why I was
 - 24 talking about this. All the Special Court that came to Sierra
- 10:28:31 25 Leone, it was as a result of this reason, because he failed to
 - 26 take go according to the agreement signed between Maada Bio and
 - 27 Pa Sankoh.
 - 28 Q. Mr Ngebeh, did peace talks carry on --
 - 29 A. Yes, my Lord.

- 1 Q. -- after President Kabbah was elected, peace talks between
- 2 his government and Foday Sankoh for the RUF?
- 3 A. We had already signed for ceasefire. So whilst the peace
- 4 talk was going on, we --
- 10:29:11 5 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness please be
 - 6 asked to repeat that last bit.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause. You are going too fast
 - 8 again. You said while the peace talks were going on, what
 - 9 happened? Continue on from there.
- 10:29:24 10 THE WITNESS: After Maada Bio had signed for the ceasefire
 - and peace and we had ceased fire against the national army, the
 - 12 RUF and the national army were experiencing the ceasefire. But
 - 13 after the election, when Tejan Kabbah became President of the
 - 14 country, what did they do? The agreement that had been signed
- 10:29:49 15 between Foday Sankoh and Maada Bio about the peace was changed.
 - 16 They decided to give single barrels to civilians. Whilst the
 - 17 ceasefire was going on, the Kamajors started attacking us in
 - 18 1996. That led to our losing of so many lives in Zogoda.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD:
- 10:30:05 20 Q. Mr Ngebeh, stop there, please.
 - 21 A. I'm getting you, my Lord.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Ngebeh, can I ask you, why are you
 - 23 answering things you've not been asked? You are making life
 - 24 difficult for everybody who is trying to speak over you and you
- 10:30:22 25 are taking answers in directions that the lawyer is not asking
 - 26 you. Can you please make an effort to listen to the questions
 - 27 that you are asked and to confine your answers to the questions
 - 28 asked. We cannot listen to the entire story. You are not the
 - 29 only witness who has been in the court. There have been other

- 1 witnesses who have come and told their part of the story. So
- 2 please, out of respect for the lawyer and for everybody in the
- 3 court, just keep calm and answer the questions asked and go
- 4 slowly.
- 10:31:00 5 MR MUNYARD:
 - 6 Q. I just want you to say yes or no to this question: After
 - 7 President Kabbah was elected, was Foday Sankoh still in Abidjan
 - 8 discussing peace arrangements with the new government? Yes or
 - 9 no?
- 10:31:18 10 A. Yes.
 - 11 Q. Where were you at that stage?
 - 12 A. I was at Zogoda with CO Mohamed.
 - 13 Q. And when had you gone to Zogoda with CO Mohamed?
 - 14 A. At the time Pa Sankoh was leaving to go on the peace talks,
- 10:31:44 15 he instructed CO Mohamed to go and take over the RUF as the
 - 16 second leader. That was the reason why CO Mohamed took me to
 - 17 Zogoda. I was with him in '96.
 - 18 Q. Thank you.
 - 19 A. Thank you.
- 10:31:57 20 Q. You've mentioned several times that the RUF had agreed a
 - 21 ceasefire with Maada Bio. Once you had agreed that ceasefire
 - 22 with Maada Bio, did the RUF itself make any attacks anywhere in
 - 23 Si erra Leone?
 - 24 A. We were on the defensive. We did not conduct any attacks.
- 10:32:40 25 It's good like this. Yes.
 - 26 Q. You say you were on the defensive. Did anybody attack you
 - while the peace talks were carrying on?
 - 28 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 29 Q. Who was that who attacked the RUF?

- 1 A. Kamajors, 1996.
- 2 Q. Where did the Kamajors first attack the RUF after the
- 3 signing of the ceasefire?
- 4 A. At the Koribundu Jungle. It was dissolved.
- 10:33:27 5 Q. What happened to the fighters who had been at the Koribundu
 - 6 Jungle?
 - 7 A. Some ran to International Boko and some came to us at
 - 8 Zogoda.
 - 9 Q. And were the RUF able to hold on to the base at
- 10:33:52 10 International Boko?
 - 11 A. Yes. Our brothers were still there, 1996.
 - 12 Q. Now, you've told us that you had gone with CO Mohamed to
 - 13 Zogoda. Can you give us any rough estimation of when it was you
 - 14 arrived in Zogoda?
- 10:34:19 15 A. It was after the departure of Foday Sankoh. The month he
 - 16 left, it was that same month that we entered Zogoda and he took
 - over as the RUF Leader, the second Leader. I can't recall the
 - 18 exact month, but it was that same month that Pa Sankoh departed
 - 19 for Ivory Coast that we went there and he took over.
- 10:34:45 20 Q. [Microphone not activated] that?
 - 21 A. 1996.
 - 22 Q. Thank you. And did you remain at Zogoda?
 - 23 A. We used to trip to Bandawor, areas like Zundumi [phon], all
 - 24 the areas that were around us, we used to patrol those areas. We
- 10:35:13 25 would go to Bandawor, Zundumi. Zogoda was a very big place, a
 - 26 big place that Pa Sankoh had established. Yes.
 - 27 Q. How long did you stay based at Zogoda?
 - 28 A. I cannot guess the month that we entered Zogoda, but I can
 - 29 tell you the exact day that we left Zogoda, after the Kamajors

- 1 had finally pushed us. It was on November 12, 1996. November
- 2 12, 1996. That was the time we finally left Zogoda.
- 3 Q. And although you've already mentioned it, just tell us what
- 4 happened to cause you to Leave Zogoda on that date.
- 10:36:17 5 A. It was as a result of the persistent attacks from the
 - 6 Kamajors and we were on ceasefire. We were not ready to attack,
 - 7 and it was as a result of the attacks that we decided to leave.
 - 8 We had arms, but we did not have enough ammunition. In fact, we
 - 9 had run short of ammunitions. We had weapons with us, but no
- 10:36:37 10 ammunition.
 - 11 Q. Who was in charge of the Kamajors, as far as you were
 - 12 aware?
 - 13 A. Well, according to news that was filtering in --
 - 14 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
- 10:36:53 15 to repeat that name.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can you please repeat the name you just
 - 17 gave and continue your evidence.
 - 18 THE WITNESS: Chief Hinga Norman.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD:
- 10:37:05 20 Q. And what was his position in Sierra Leone at that time?
 - 21 A. Well, we heard at that time that he was the Deputy Defence
 - 22 Minister under the President Kabbah government.
 - 23 Q. Now, what was Foday Sankoh doing on November 12, 1996, and
 - 24 where was he?
- 10:37:35 25 A. He was still in the Ivory Coast.
 - 26 Q. Doing what?
 - 27 A. He was still on the same peace mission. He was trying to
 - 28 bring Pa Kabbah on board so that they will respect the ceasefire
 - 29 and then they will stop attacking our positions, that is, the

- 1 Kamaj ors.
- 2 Q. You say that you left Zogoda on that day. Did anybody
- 3 remain behind in Zogoda, or was the RUF base then completely
- 4 empti ed?
- 10:38:18 5 A. On 12 November, that particular base was finally deserted
 - 6 and it was deserted by the Kamajors November 1996.
 - 7 Q. Where did you go to from Zogoda?
 - 8 A. After we had crossed the highway and we jumped over the
 - 9 roads to the other side, we passed the night in a small bush on
- 10:38:54 10 our way to Kailahun District. That should be around the Kenema
 - 11 District. And we went to a small bush, that was on the 12th, and
 - 12 we passed the night there. And 13 November, that was the
 - 13 following morning, we went to Basala and Basala was a small
 - 14 village.
- 10:39:20 15 Q. Pause there for a moment. B-A-S-A-L-A. Why were you going
 - 16 to Kailahun District?
 - 17 A. Zogoda had fallen, so we have nowhere else to go to but to
 - 18 go back to Kailahun so that we'll decide what to do next, because
 - 19 we did not have anything to fight with. We never had ammunition,
- 10:39:57 20 so we were all trying to move out off from the streets.
 - 21 Q. Who was in Kailahun?
 - 22 A. At that time Sam Bockarie was the commander in Kailahun
 - 23 alias Mosquito, 1996.
 - 24 Q. Was Zino with you when you left Zogoda on 12 November?
- 10:40:23 25 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 26 Q. Was he going with you to Kailahun where Sam Bockarie was
 - the commander?
 - 28 A. That was what we expected to do, for us all to go to
 - 29 Kailahun. But unfortunately for us, it was at Basala that Zino

- 1 finally disappeared from the RUF after --
- THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
- 3 to repeat that last bit and slow down.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you said that unluckily for
- 10:40:59 5 you, can you continue from there?
 - 6 THE WITNESS: Unfortunately for us, unfortunately for us,
 - 7 we lost CO Mohamed, Zino.
 - 8 MR MUNYARD:
 - 9 Q. Was Zino planning to go to Kailahun where Sam Bockarie was
- 10:41:18 10 the commander?
 - 11 A. Yes. He had a plan, but he had some reservation in mind
 - 12 again because he knew who was Sam because he feared him. And it
 - 13 was as a result of that that Zogoda fell to the Kamajors, because
 - 14 Sam Bockarie had in mind to kill him and he had missed him so
- 10:41:44 15 many times, so he did not just want to go like that.
 - 16 Q. First of all you said that he had some reservations. Zinc
 - 17 had some reservations and Sam Bockarie had in mind to kill him.
 - 18 How did Zino know that Sam Bockarie had in mind to kill him?
 - 19 A. We'll go back to 1992 in that case. In 1992 --
- 10:42:24 20 Q. Just tell us in one sentence, please, how it was that in
 - 21 November 1996 Zino was worried that Sam Bockarie was going to
 - 22 kill him if he went to Kailahun. Just in one sentence,
 - 23 Mr Ngebeh?
 - 24 A. In 1992 at Sorokoro Bendu Sam Bockarie arrested CO Mohamed,
- 10:42:53 25 stripped him naked and tied him up. That was in 1992 Sorokoro
 - 26 Bendu. That was the reason why he was afraid.
 - 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: You are asked to slow down. You are
 - 28 asked to slow down. Mr Witness, I'm going to ask you to repeat
 - 29 your answer.

- 1 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Repeat your answer. In 1992 at Sorokoro
- 3 Bendu what happened, slowly?
- 4 THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord. In 1992 to 1993 at Sorokoro
- 10:43:31 5 Bendu Sam Bockarie arrested CO Mohamed and told him that he had
 - 6 betrayed. He said they were the ones who made us to retreat from
 - 7 Kailahun District. So as a result he said he wanted to kill him.
 - 8 It was Pa Sankoh who pleaded on his behalf. So for that reason
 - 9 he always feared Sam Bockarie. Thank you.
- 10:43:53 10 MR MUNYARD:
 - 11 Q. Thank you very much. Did you know what Sam Bockarie's
 - opinion was of the peace talks that Foday Sankoh was still
 - 13 conducting in Abidjan?
 - 14 A. Sam Bockarie's idea was that he wanted to be President in
- 10:44:18 15 that country, he wanted to be leader. Even the peace that Pa
 - 16 Sankoh was negotiating, Sam Bockarie had his own hidden agenda.
 - 17 Yes, thank you.
 - 18 Q. And at that point who was the deputy to Foday Sankoh on the
 - 19 ground in Sierra Leone?
- 10:44:41 20 A. Well, after CO Mohamed who was the former deputy to
 - 21 Foday Sankoh whom we lost at Basala, I had to find my way --
 - 22 Q. Pause there, please. I didn't make it entirely clear. I'm
 - 23 talking about before you lose Zino, CO Mohamed, who was the
 - 24 number two to Foday Sankoh?
- 10:45:14 25 A. CO Mohamed was the number two man. He was second in
 - command.
 - 27 Q. Do you know what Sam Bockarie's attitude to Zino being the
 - 28 number two was?
 - 29 A. Repeat that question once more.

- 1 Q. How did Sam Bockarie feel about CO Mohamed being the number
- 2 two to Foday Sankoh?
- 3 A. Yes, my Lord. Sam Bockarie knew that CO Mohamed, since he
- 4 was the second in command, should CO Mohamed be moved from that
- 10:46:04 5 position, he was going to automatically take over. So that was
 - 6 the reason why he feared him and CO Mohamed was conscious of
 - 7 that.
 - 8 Q. In any event, you told us that you lost CO Mohamed at that
 - 9 point. You were just telling us what happened at Basala when I
- 10:46:30 10 asked you those questions about Sam Bockarie's opinions. Tell us
 - 11 what did happen at Basala?
 - 12 A. On 13 November at Basala Kamajors attacked us. We had our
 - 13 children with us, our wives, some of our wounded soldiers that we
 - 14 had moved with from Zogoda and some of our materials. It was at
- 10:47:02 15 that point that we lost everything. That was where we lost CO
 - 16 Mohamed. So everybody tried now to save his own head whether you
 - 17 could make it to get to Kailahun or not. It was then that I
 - 18 alone took my own route.
 - 19 Q. And did you eventually get to Kailahun?
- 10:47:22 20 A. Yes.
 - 21 Q. How did you manage to get there?
 - 22 A. Through the jungle. I was walking in the jungle.
 - 23 Q. [Microphone not activated] dressed on your journey from
 - 24 Basala to Kailahun?
- 10:47:46 25 A. I disquised myself.
 - 26 Q. In what way?
 - 27 A. I used civilian clothing and I never used to travel during
 - 28 the day. I used to travel at night.
 - 29 Q. Now, when you got there, how was your health?

- A. It was very bad with me because it had taken two weeks
- 2 without eating. I had taken two weeks without eating. I was
- 3 seriously sick. My body pulled down.
- 4 Q. And so did you get any medical treatment when you got to
- 10:48:33 5 Kailahun?
 - 6 A. Yes.
 - 7 Q. Where in Kailahun did you get medical treatment?
 - 8 A. Buedu.
 - 9 Q. At that time, late 1996, did the RUF have any hospitals or
- 10:48:53 10 medical centres in Kailahun?
 - 11 A. Yes.
 - 12 Q. And where was it that you got your medical treatment?
 - 13 A. Buedu.
 - 14 Q. How long were you being treated for your condition once you
- 10:49:14 15 arrived there?
 - 16 A. I was under medical for three weeks.
 - 17 Q. And did you recover by the end of that three weeks?
 - 18 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 19 Q. And what happened to you after that?
- 10:49:37 20 A. I joined Sam Bockarie.
 - 21 Q. In what role?
 - 22 A. The same position I held as overall armourer commander.
 - 23 Q. Did the RUF have any arms and ammunition stored there in
 - 24 Buedu?
- 10:50:01 25 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 26 Q. Where were the stores?
 - 27 A. We had two areas. There was one area going towards the
 - 28 Liberian route. That was where my own office was, there the G4
 - 29 and the armourers. That was where we had our own ammo dump. And

- 1 Sam Bockarie had his own personal ammo dump at his house where he
- 2 was based.
- 3 Q. When you say there was an area going towards the Liberian
- 4 route, can you be a little bit more specific? Are you talking
- 10:50:47 5 about somewhere in the town or outside of the town?
 - 6 A. Yes. If we had a map of Buedu in here I would be able to
 - 7 describe where I mean. In Buedu Town there are two routes I
 - 8 can say almost three routes. There is one route where Sam
 - 9 Bockarie resided, it also goes towards Liberia. But the one I'm
- 10:51:14 10 talking about is the main road going straight towards Liberia.
 - 11 That is at the outskirts of the town. But it's also part of the
 - 12 town. But as you move from our house the ammo dump is very close
 - 13 to there. That was where we were based. That is still in Buedu.
 - 14 Q. What quantity of arms and ammunition did the RUF have there
- 10:51:41 15 in Buedu?
 - 16 A. At that time we had some artillery weapons and some
 - 17 materials. We had things like twin barrels, 102 mortar gun. We
 - 18 did not have enough AK-47 material and RPG bombs but we had heavy
 - 19 weapon materials, a lot of them. Because for those we did not
- 10:52:14 20 often use them, so we had them. But we were short of AK-47
 - 21 ammunition, RPG bombs and GPMG ammunition. We did not have
 - 22 enough of those. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. Where were you getting these arms and ammunition from at
 - 24 this stage?
- 10:52:35 25 A. Yes, my Lord. Before the falling of Zogoda in the hands of
 - the Kamajors in 1996, Sam Bockarie had been in Buedu and he had
 - 27 established a relationship with ULIMO. It was by then that the
 - 28 ULIMO were conducting disarmament in Liberia in 1996, '97. He
 - 29 had established friendship with them around Foya. And he used to

- 1 get ammunition from Foya. Sam Bockarie used to get ammunition
- 2 from Foya and the Guinea side.
- 3 Q. Who was it who actually went to get these materials from
- 4 ULI MO?
- 10:53:29 5 A. It was Sam Bockarie himself who went with some officers.
 - 6 He did the negotiation with the ULIMO.
 - 7 Q. When he had done the negotiations did he also bring back
 - 8 materials, or was that left with somebody else to do?
 - 9 A. It was he himself who travelled with them and brought them
- 10:53:59 10 to Buedu, he and the officers who normally went on the patrol in
 - 11 1996.
 - 12 Q. Now you mentioned that Sam Bockarie used to get ammunition
 - 13 from Foya and the Guinea side. I'm going to deal with the Guinea
 - 14 side in a moment. But staying with Foya at the moment, who is it
- 10:54:18 15 that he is getting materials from in Foya?
 - 16 A. The ULIMO commander who was based in Foya. I don't know
 - 17 his name, but he was ULIMO. Because after their negotiation had
 - 18 been established they too used to visit Buedu, but they were
 - 19 ULIMO. It was from ULIMO that he obtained those arms. That was
- 10:54:44 20 in 1996.
 - 21 Q. When did you first arrive in Buedu? Do you remember the
 - 22 date now?
 - 23 A. I crossed the Moa River on 2 December 1996. That same week
 - 24 I was moved to Buedu. That was within the same December that I'm
- 10:55:13 **25** talking about.
 - 26 Q. And then you had medical treatment you told us for three
 - 27 weeks, so that would bring us to almost the end of December 1996?
 - 28 A. Yes, my Lord. Yes, my Lord.
 - 29 Q. You've talked about Sam Bockarie dealing with ULIMO and

- 1 some ULIMO commanders visiting Buedu. Did you see those ULIMO
- 2 commanders visiting Buedu?
- 3 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 4 Q. So what year was that?
- 10:55:50 5 A. 1996.
 - 6 Q. Were you having medical treatment then, or had you
 - 7 recovered?
 - 8 A. By then I was still in the hospital. I recovered in
 - 9 January.
- 10:56:10 10 Q. Did you see any commanders from ULIMO in January or any
 - 11 other time in 1997?
 - 12 A. I used to see them, but I did not have much dealings with
 - 13 them.
 - 14 Q. So did you see them in 1997?
- 10:56:34 15 A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. Do you know how it was that Sam Bockarie was paying for
 - 17 these materials from ULIMO?
 - 18 A. It was a barter system that we embarked on, goods,
 - 19 sometimes money, but mostly it was exchange for goods. We will
- 10:57:01 20 give them single barrels, then they give us ammunition.
 - 21 Sometimes we give them we give them --
 - 22 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, the last thing that the
 - 23 witness referred to did not come out clearly to the interpreter.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, repeat the last part of your
- 10:57:16 25 answer after you said, "Sometimes we give them single barrels",
 - and then we didn't hear what you said after that.
 - 27 THE WITNESS: Single barrels and goods. Solar. It's solar
 - 28 system. Because they wanted solar system and they wanted single
 - 29 barrels. When we were going to them, they said nobody should

- 1 carry AKs with them automatic weapons with them. So we used to
- 2 go with single barrels, we give it to them, and then they give us
- 3 they give us the ammunition. There were no laws against single
- 4 barrels at that time and they wanted them.
- 10:57:52 5 MR MUNYARD:
 - 6 Q. You've mentioned money on occasions being passed over in
 - 7 exchange for materials. Did you yourself ever go on any of these
 - 8 missions to purchase materials from ULIMO?
 - 9 A. Yes, Sam Bockarie and I went there once.
- 10:58:17 10 Q. And what did he use on that occasion to purchase materials?
 - 11 A. He told me that all the scrap single barrels that were in
 - 12 the ammo dump, I should repair them. So those were the single
 - 13 barrels that we went with to do the exchange at the time I went
 - 14 with him.
- 10:58:42 15 Q. Do you know if he took any money on that occasion in
 - 16 addition to the single barrels?
 - 17 A. Yes, he had money. He had dollars. US dollars. He had
 - 18 it.
 - 19 Q. What was the state of the materials that you got from
- 10:59:01 20 ULIMO? What condition were they in?
 - 21 A. All the material that we obtained from ULIMO, I repaired
 - 22 them. Most of the arms were rusted. The ammunition too were
 - 23 rusted. They were hidden under the ground. I will go and clean
 - 24 them up. I serviced them before we were able to use them. They
- 10:59:24 **25** were rusty.
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, the witness stated that they
 - would take the single barrels and in exchange get ammunition.
 - 28 That is what we have on the record. You are asking him about the
 - 29 condition of the arms.

- 1 MR MUNYARD: Yes.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: He didn't say anything about arms or what
- 3 type of arms.
- 4 MR MUNYARD: I was referring back to a much earlier
- 10:59:49 5 question that I asked and I'll clarify it, if I may.
 - 6 Q. Did you obtain ammunition only from ULIMO, or did you
 - 7 obtain weapons also?
 - 8 A. We used to get arms also. At any time we bought
 - 9 ammunition, we must have the arms.
- 11:00:11 10 Q. And the ammunition was for what kind of weapons?
 - 11 A. AK-47, G3, GMG, and RPG. Those were the ammunition that we
 - 12 needed at that time from ULIMO.
 - 13 MR MUNYARD: I'm going to go on to Guinea next, and I see
 - 14 the time, Madam President.
- 11:00:39 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: It is still not clear what kind of
 - 16 weapons they exchanged they bartered. The ammunition is clear,
 - 17 but the weapons we don't know. Perhaps you could look at that
 - 18 after the break.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD: We will.
- 11:00:56 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: We will now adjourn for a short break
 - 21 until 11.30.
 - 22 [Break taken at 11.00 a.m.]
 - 23 [Upon resuming at 11.30 a.m.]
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, please continue.
- 11:31:45 25 MR MUNYARD:
 - 26 Q. Mr Ngebeh, you have told us that you got weapons from
 - 27 ULIMO. What sort of weapons were they?
 - 28 A. Yes, my Lord. We used to get AK-47s, RPG mortars, GMG,
 - 29 LAR, BAR. Those were the weapons we used to get from the ULIMO.

- 1 Light automatic rifle ammunitions.
- 2 Q. Were all of these weapons in need of cleaning up, as you
- 3 have described, or were some of them already in a position where
- 4 they could be used?
- 11:32:50 5 A. Some were damaged. I had to repair them.
 - 6 Q. Some were damaged, so does it follow that some were in
 - 7 working order once you got them?
 - 8 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 9 Q. Now, that is arms and ammunition from ULIMO. You mentioned
- 11:33:16 10 Guinea earlier on before the break. What, if anything, did you
 - 11 get from the Guinea side?
 - 12 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 13 Q. What, if anything, did you get from the Guinea side?
 - 14 A. We only got ammunition from Guinea.
- 11:33:47 15 Q. And what kind of ammunition was it?
 - 16 A. AK-47 ammunition, G3 ammunition, RPG bomb and GMG rounds.
 - 17 Those were the ammunition we used to get from Guinea.
 - 18 Q. And how did you pay for that material from Guinea?
 - 19 A. We used to harvest cocoa and sell. Cocoa and coffee. We
- 11:34:33 20 used to take that to Guinea.
 - 21 Q. Did you actually go into Guinea to get these materials?
 - 22 A. No.
 - 23 Q. [Microphone not activated]?
 - 24 A. We used to stop at the riverside. There is a river between
- 11:34:53 25 us and Guinea in Kailahun. That was where we used to stop.
 - 26 Q. And who was it who was exchanging this ammunition for the
 - i tems that you passed over to them?
 - 28 A. Sam Bockarie organised a special group that was responsible
 - 29 for that.

- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE: I don't think that answers the question,
- 2 but then the way you put your question is also not very clear.
- 3 MR MUNYARD: I am trying not to lead.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: The question is from whom did they
- 11:35:40 5 purchase these things.
 - 6 MR MUNYARD:
 - 7 Q. The people who came from the Guinea side with this
 - 8 ammunition, who were they?
 - 9 A. They were Guinean soldiers.
- 11:35:55 10 Q. Thank you. You mentioned that Sam Bockarie organised a
 - 11 special group responsible for it. Did you ever go to the
 - 12 waterside to purchase materials from Guinean soldiers?
 - 13 A. I never went there to buy ammunition, but I used to go
 - 14 there to see I used to go with them but I did not go to buy all
- 11:36:24 15 by mysel f.
 - 16 Q. When you went with them, did you see the soldiers from
 - 17 Guinea who were bringing the materials for your people?
 - 18 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 19 Q. Were you present when the barter, the exchange, took place?
- 11:36:49 20 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 21 Q. Now, by this time, are we into 1997?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. Did you receive any instructions from Foday Sankoh about
 - 24 receiving weapons from any particular place?
- 11:37:31 25 A. What year?
 - 26 Q. In '97.
 - 27 A. No, sir.
 - 28 Q. Were you in Buedu throughout 1997 or did you go anywhere
 - 29 el se?

- 1 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat his
- 2 answer.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please repeat your answer.
- 4 THE WITNESS: I moved from Buedu in 1997.
- 11:38:02 5 MR MUNYARD:
 - 6 Q. Yes. Where to?
 - 7 A. I went to Giema.
 - 8 Q. And when did you go to Giema in 1997?
 - 9 A. Around February to March.
- 11:38:28 10 Q. And did you then stay in Giema or did you go back at all to
 - 11 Buedu?
 - 12 A. I used to go to Buedu and come back to Giema. That was
 - 13 what I used to do. When I spent some few days some few weeks
 - 14 in Giema I would return to Buedu.
- 11:38:54 15 Q. And where was Foday Sankoh all this time?
 - 16 A. By then we had heard that they had arrested Foday Sankoh in
 - 17 Ni geri a.
 - 18 Q. Was he able, despite being arrested, to communicate still
 - 19 with the RUF in Sierra Leone?
- 11:39:28 20 A. No.
 - 21 Q. At Buedu was there any airport or airstrip?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. Do you know when that airstrip was constructed?
 - 24 A. It was from '95 to '96.
- 11:40:13 25 Q. And do you know why it was constructed?
 - 26 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 27 Q. Yes. Would you like to tell us why it was constructed?
 - 28 A. Yes, my Lord. Sam Bockarie it was who said we should
 - 29 construct the airfield. He said he had had a contract from

- 1 outside for arms and ammunition. He said he had had a contract
- 2 to receive arms and ammunition.
- 3 Q. Receive arms and ammunition from where?
- 4 A. From Libya.
- 11:41:01 5 Q. And did he tell you who had arranged for this shipment to
 - 6 come from Libya?
 - 7 A. I never repeat that question. The interpreter, repeat
 - 8 that question.
 - 9 MR MUNYARD: If the interpreter wants me to repeat it
- 11:41:26 10 again, I am happy to do so.
 - 11 THE INTERPRETER: No, I'm okay.
 - 12 THE WITNESS: No.
 - 13 MR MUNYARD:
 - 14 Q. So you didn't know from Sam Bockarie who had arranged for
- 11:41:34 15 the shipment from Libya?
 - 16 A. No, sir.
 - 17 Q. But he told you that you should he told who that they
 - 18 should construct the airport there?
 - 19 A. We ourselves constructed it. I myself worked there. I
- 11:41:54 20 myself worked on that airfield.
 - 21 Q. When was that that you worked on it?
 - 22 A. When I left Zogoda after I had recovered. December.
 - 23 Q. We know that you recovered you were three weeks in
 - 24 treatment --
- 11:42:15 25 A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. -- to the end of December 1996. How long did you work on
 - 27 the airstrip?
 - 28 A. Yes. Well, in '97 when I was in Buedu with Sam Bockarie, I
 - 29 used to go there. '97.

- 1 Q. In '97.
- 2 A. Before I could go to Giema, around January, February. It
- 3 was that exercise that I was on, January, February.
- 4 Q. Thank you. And do you know if any materials ever did
- 11:42:52 5 arrive from Libya at the airstrip in Buedu?
 - 6 A. Never.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: What does that mean?
 - 8 MR MUNYARD: Well, I asked a question, "Do you know if any
 - 9 materials ever did arrive from Libya at the airstrip in Buedu?"
- 11:43:20 10 "Never", I take it to mean no, none ever did arrive.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Why don't you clarify what that answer
 - means, please.
 - 13 MR MUNYARD: Well, Madam President, if you want me to I
 - 14 will.
 - 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: I do.
 - 16 MR MUNYARD:
 - 17 Q. When you say "never" --
 - 18 A. From --
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: One person speaks at a time. Mr Munyard,
- 11:43:38 20 please clarify.
 - 21 MR MUNYARD:
 - 22 Q. Did any materials come from Libya to that airstrip in Buedu
 - that you were working on the construction of in January 1997; yes
 - 24 or no?
- 11:43:58 25 A. No, sir. No.
 - 26 Q. You then went to Giema --
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. -- as you have told us.
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Were the RUF involved in any fighting during this early
- 2 part of 1997?
- 3 A. We were on a defensive.
- 4 Q. Yes, but were you being attacked and did you have to defend
- 11:44:34 5 yourselves at any time in the early part of 1997?
 - 6 A. You are correct, sir.
 - 7 Q. And who was attacking the RUF then?
 - 8 A. It was the Kamajors.
 - 9 Q. Were you ever being attacked by the Sierra Leone Army,
- 11:44:55 10 soldiers from that force during early 1997?
 - 11 A. No.
 - 12 Q. Where were you on 25 May 1997, Mr Ngebeh?
 - 13 A. I was in Giema.
 - 14 Q. What was happening to you in Giema on that day?
- 11:45:27 15 A. On that day, the Kamajors had just attacked us from Giema.
 - 16 They attacked us on the 22nd, on the 24th, on the 25th. That
 - 17 particular day we repelled the attack. We were fighting with the
 - 18 Kamaj ors.
 - 19 Q. And did you hear any news on that particular day?
- 11:45:55 20 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 21 Q. What did you hear?
 - 22 A. They said Pa Kabbah had been overthrown.
 - 23 Q. Overthrown by who?
 - 24 A. By the soldiers.
- 11:46:12 25 Q. Did they say why Pa Kabbah had been overthrown by the
 - 26 sol di ers?
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. What was the reason that you heard?
 - 29 A. They said Pa Kabbah had disbanded the military in Sierra

- 1 Leone. That was why they had overthrown him.
- 2 Q. Was that on 25 May that you heard that, or a later date?
- 3 A. That same day we heard it over the SLBS radio. They
- 4 broadcast it.
- 11:46:56 5 Q. What happened the next day?
 - 6 A. We heard Foday Sankoh. He recorded his voice and that was
 - 7 played over the SLBS.
 - 8 Q. The Sierra Leone Broadcasting Service?
 - 9 A. You are right, sir. Yes.
- 11:47:18 10 Q. What was it that Foday Sankoh was saying when you heard his
 - 11 voice on the SLBS?
 - 12 A. He said the war was over in Sierra Leone. He said he was
 - 13 instructing Sam Bockarie so that all RUF could come out of the
 - 14 bush and join the AFRC in Freetown for everlasting peace. That
- 11:47:46 15 was the statement made by Pa Sankoh over the radio. Yes.
 - 16 Q. What was the reaction on hearing Pa Sankoh saying that?
 - 17 A. Oh, we were happy because we had been almost exhausted by
 - 18 the Kamajors. We had given up. We were very happy. Everybody
 - 19 was happy. They were dancing and singing, saying that the war
- 11:48:21 20 was over in Sierra Leone.
 - 21 Q. Did you stay in Giema?
 - 22 A. No.
 - 23 Q. Where did you go?
 - 24 A. From there, Sam Bockarie organised officers to go. I was
- 11:48:41 25 in that convoy. We left Giema and went to Pendembu. When we
 - 26 arrived at Pendembu, people welcomed us, the civilians. They
 - 27 were very happy. From Pendembu, we went to Daru barracks.
 - 28 Q. [Microphone not activated] Daru barracks?
 - 29 A. There was a heavy jubilation. Everyone was happy. Those

- 1 who had lost their families for so many years, found their
- 2 brothers and sisters. There was jubilation in the Daru barracks,
- 3 all over the town. Some people wanted to see who the Sam
- 4 Bockarie was. They never knew him. They were only hearing his
- 11:49:34 5 name over the BBC. Everybody was eager to know who this Sam
 - 6 Bockarie was. Yes, my Lord.
 - 7 Q. Where did you go after Daru?
 - 8 A. We went to Kenema.
 - 9 Q. How was the reaction there?
- 11:49:53 10 A. The same jubilation was there. Everybody was happy to see
 - 11 Sam Bockarie to see the RUF.
 - 12 Q. And from Kenema, where did you go?
 - 13 A. We went to Bo.
 - 14 Q. What happened when you got to Bo?
- 11:50:15 15 A. There was that same jubilation. Everybody was out on the
 - 16 streets in order to see who the Sam Bockarie was, what the RUF
 - 17 was. There was jubilation all over the town.
 - 18 Q. Was Sam Bockarie with you?
 - 19 A. He was my commander.
- 11:50:38 20 Q. Yes. Was he with you when you went on this journey that
 - 21 took to you Pendembu, Daru, Kenema and then Bo?
 - 22 A. Yes.
 - 23 Q. Thank you. What was the RUF's attitude to the Kamajors at
 - 24 this time?
- 11:51:07 25 A. It was not positive. Revenge started. There was vengeance
 - in 1997 because Zogoda had fallen into the hands of the Kamajors,
 - 27 so many brothers had died. When we came into the town and heard
 - 28 that news, revenge started.
 - 29 Q. In which town?

- 1 A. Sam Bockarie started the journey from Kenema. He started
- 2 reacting.
- 3 Q. What do you mean by "He started reacting"?
- 4 A. He was not happy. He started giving commands that he was
- 11:51:55 5 not supposed to give. Like, in Tongo he took Kamajors out of
 - 6 Tongo and he set up Operation Pay Yourself. That particular
 - 7 command was not good for Sam Bockarie as a leader.
 - 8 Q. When do you say he set up Operation Pay Yourself?
 - 9 A. After we had gone to Freetown, Johnny Paul Koroma handed
- 11:52:28 10 over. He has explained about the government to him, and he found
 - out that he cannot stay in Freetown. He decided to come to
 - 12 Kenema in order to get are rid of Kamajors in Tongo. While this
 - 13 was going on, Kamajors were still --
 - 14 Q. Now, Mr Ngebeh, you have gone slightly ahead. We will come
- 11:52:52 15 to Operation Pay Yourself in due course, but at the moment we had
 - only reached Bo. You are saying that Sam Bockarie was with you.
 - 17 A. Yes.
 - 18 Q. Who was the leader on the ground of the RUF by now?
 - 19 A. It was still Sam Bockarie. They had appointed Sam Bockarie
- 11:53:16 20 from 1 January '97. When we knew that CO Mohamed was no more
 - 21 alive, they appointed him as leader of the RUF. January.
 - 22 Q. What was your view of Sam Bockarie's Leadership of the RUF?
 - 23 A. It was one of the worst regimes so far. It was no good.
 - 24 Q. How long did you stay in Bo on this journey that you were
- 11:53:59 25 on shortly after Foday Sankoh had said you should join the coup?
 - 26 A. We passed the night in Bo once, and the following day we
 - 27 left to go to Freetown.
 - 28 Q. And when you got to Freetown, what happened?
 - 29 A. Well, he met with Johnny Paul Koroma, Gborie, and all the

- 1 members who had overthrown Pa Kabbah. He met with them. From
- there he presented us to Johnny Paul Koroma and said, "These are
- 3 our own people wham I have brought to town, my officers." He
- 4 showed us to JP.
- 11:54:55 5 Q. Who is "he" there? Who presented you to Johnny Paul?
 - 6 A. Sam Bockarie.
 - 7 Q. Who is JP, Mr Ngebeh?
 - 8 A. JP Kromah.
 - 9 Q. And JP stands for what?
- 11:56:04 10 A. I don't know that now. I just used to hear JP Kromah,
 - 11 leader of the AFRC. I do not know what JP stands for.
 - 12 Q. A minute ago you referred to Johnny Paul Koroma. Is that
 - 13 the same person or a different person?
 - 14 A. The same person.
- 11:56:30 15 Q. At this stage had you been you and the RUF, had you been
 - 16 paid any kind of wage or salary in 1997 before the coup?
 - 17 A. Before the coup we were not paid, but after the coup, we
 - 18 used to receive allowances.
 - 19 Q. And who did you get the allowances from?
- 11:57:01 20 A. From Johnny Paul Koroma.
 - 21 Q. Did your particular role change or not after the RUF had
 - joined the AFRC?
 - 23 A. No. I was still the armourer commander.
 - 24 Q. You stay in Freetown or did you go somewhere else?
- 11:57:38 25 A. We moved from Freetown.
 - 26 Q. To where?
 - 27 A. Back to Kenema.
 - 28 Q. Why did you go back to Kenema?
 - 29 A. They said the Kamajors had blocked the road from Bo to

- 1 Kenema, so they called Sam Bockarie to go and re-open the road.
- 2 So I travelled with him.
- 3 Q. And how long after the coup was that that you and Sam
- 4 Bockarie went back to Kenema?
- 11:58:26 5 A. When we got to Freetown, we did not even spend Let me say
 - 6 we did not even spend three weeks in Freetown when we got the
 - 7 news.
 - 8 Q. And did you move as soon as you got the news?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 11:58:49 10 Q. And were you able to clear the highway?
 - 11 A. Yes.
 - 12 Q. Where was that?
 - 13 A. From Kenema to Bo.
 - 14 Q. Did you go to any particular part of Kenema, Kenema
- - 16 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 17 Q. Where was that?
 - 18 A. Tongo.
 - 19 Q. What was happening at Tongo?
- 11:59:27 20 A. They said Kamajors were based in Tongo and they were
 - 21 harassing families of soldiers, so we should go there and get rid
 - of them in 1997. That was what took us to Tongo.
 - 23 Q. Was there mining going on in Tongo at that time?
 - 24 A. By then, when the Kamajors were there, I can't say much
- 12:00:05 25 about that.
 - 26 Q. Well, what did you and your fighters do in relation to the
 - 27 Kamajors, in Tongo I'm talking about?
 - 28 A. We dislodged them from there.
 - 29 Q. After you had dislodged them from there, were people mining

- 1 in Tongo?
- 2 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 3 Q. Are you able to help us with when this was?
- 4 A. That was around June, around June, around May from
- 12:01:02 5 May from May to June. From May to June, anyway. Around that.
 - 6 Q. Well, you told us where you were on 25 May when you heard
 - 7 news of the coup and from there you moved over a short period of
 - 8 time to Freetown.
 - 9 A. Okay. No, no. May 25, June in Kenema June to July. It
- 12:01:35 10 was in the rainy season that we entered Tongo. It was in the
 - 11 rainy season. I do not know the time now, but it was raining at
 - 12 that time.
 - 13 Q. I didn't actually ask you when you say you cleared the
 - 14 Kamajors, in the course of clearing the Kamajors did you capture
- 12:01:56 15 anything from them?
 - 16 A. There were some SSDs, some single barrels and some SSD
 - 17 personnel. The SSDs who were there surrendered to us including
 - 18 all their weapons. They were with us.
 - 19 Q. And the SSDs are who?
- 12:02:19 20 A. They are the Sierra Leone police.
 - 21 Q. So what weapons did you get from them when they surrendered
 - 22 to you?
 - 23 A. They had LAR and RPG. Just that.
 - 24 Q. Did you get anything other than those weapons when you
- 12:02:51 25 cleared the Kamajors away?
 - 26 A. Except those are the materials, even the men and their
 - 27 weapons. We did not disarm them. They surrendered to us. The
 - 28 single barrels we got the single barrels from the Kamajors but
 - 29 the single barrels did not material they were not important to

- 1 us, sorry.
- 2 Q. Did you get anything other than materials? Anything else?
- 3 A. Yes, foodstuff. We had foodstuff. There was enough
- 4 foodstuff in Tongo. Clothes, everything. Everything that people
- 12:03:38 5 can use.
 - 6 Q. [Microphone not activated] to Kenema District and Tongo at
 - 7 that time?
 - 8 A. By fighting. From Mano Junction.
 - 9 Q. By what means did you move, is what I meant? Were you on
- 12:04:05 10 foot, were you in vehicles, or any other method of travel?
 - 11 A. We used vehicles. We used vehicles and we were well
 - 12 equipped. We had weapons, arms and ammunitions. We had our AA,
 - our twin barrel and grenade launchers. We are were well
 - 14 equipped. We travelled in vehicles.
- 12:04:35 15 Q. Were these your own vehicles or anybody else's vehicles?
 - 16 A. The vehicles that had been issued to Johnny Paul Koroma, he
 - 17 gave him five vehicles.
 - 18 Q. Did you ever get any vehicles from any other source?
 - 19 A. Yes. Some men were looting vehicles. Apart from those
- 12:05:12 20 Johnny Paul Koroma had given, people used many used to loot
 - 21 vehi cl es.
 - 22 Q. Loot vehicles from who?
 - 23 A. From government personnel, civilians, anywhere.
 - 24 Q. Did you ever get any vehicles from any of the people that
- 12:05:35 25 you were fighting against?
 - 26 A. The Kamajors?
 - 27 Q. Kamajors or anybody else.
 - 28 A. Yes. Yes. We had two busses. These two busses were
 - 29 government busses, but they were with the Kamajors. We were able

- 1 to take those vehicles from them, between Kenema and Bo, Blama.
- 2 Government busses.
- 3 Q. What was the reaction of the local people when you cleared
- 4 the Kamajors from the highway?
- 12:06:20 5 A. Well, the look on people, they were happy, but on the other
 - 6 hand, they were not happy because they knew that when the
 - 7 Kamajors blocked the highway it was not for civilians, but for
 - 8 us, for the AFRC, for any RUF personnel. It was for us. They
 - 9 used to go through. Or anybody who had anything to do with the
- 12:06:45 10 AFRC would not be allowed to go through. But the ordinary
 - 11 civilians had access to go through the highway. Their reaction,
 - 12 they pretended to us to be happy, but they were not happy because
 - 13 they were in favour of the Kamajors.
 - 14 Q. [Microphone not activated] they, when you say they --
- 12:07:05 15 A. The civilians. The civil populace. They were in favour.
 - 16 The civilians.
 - 17 Q. [Microphone not activated] where did you first stay when
 - 18 you were in Kenema District?
 - 19 A. In Kenema we were first based in Kenema Town.
- 12:07:26 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, you asked me to remind you
 - 21 when you are jumping ahead of yourself and I am trying.
 - MR MUNYARD:
 - 23 Q. The you first stayed in Kenema Town and where did you go
 - 24 after Kenema Town?
- 12:07:46 **25** A. To Tongo.
 - 26 Q. Why were you going to Tongo?
 - 27 A. To dislodge the Kamajors from there.
 - 28 Q. And did you dislodge them?
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And how long did that take?
- 2 A. Just a day's patrol. From Kenema we entered straight into
- 3 Tongo that same day.
- 4 Q. What did the Kamajors do when you entered Tongo?
- 12:08:32 5 A. They left the town and went into the bush. Some stayed
 - 6 behind and disguised themselves as ordinary civilians.
 - 7 Q. Was there any other group in the town that was opposed to
 - 8 you?
 - 9 A. The SS even the SSDs who surrendered to us were not in
- 12:09:03 10 favour of us.
 - 11 Q. And then how long did you stay in Tongo?
 - 12 A. We were in Tongo until AFRC left power.
 - 13 Q. When you first entered Tongo, what was Sam Bockarie's
 - 14 reaction?
- 12:09:30 15 A. Sam Bockarie's reaction was not good. He said after we had
 - 16 taken over Tongo for 72 hours there should be Operation Pay
 - 17 Yourself. He said within 72 hours whatever a soldier had was for
 - 18 him. That was the command he passed in Tongo.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: "He" means who?
- 12:10:00 20 THE WITNESS: Sam Bockarie, Mosquito.
 - 21 MR MUNYARD:
 - 22 Q. He gave an order --
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. -- that for 72 hours --
- 12:10:24 **25** A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. -- that this Operation Pay Yourself would be in effect,
 - 27 yes?
 - 28 A. Yes.
 - 29 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Hollis.

- 1 MS HOLLIS: I do have an objection to that 2 characterisation. As I read the response of the witness, it is ambivalent, but it should be the witness who explains. Because 3 4 as I look at page 76 in my LiveNote, the question about "When you first entered Tongo, what was Sam Bockarie's reaction?" and then 12:10:52 5 the answer was, "Not good. He said after we had taken over Tongo 6 7 for 72 hours there should be Operation Pay Yourself." Then he goes on to stay, "He said within 72 hours whatever a soldier had 8 was for him. That was the command he passed in Tongo." So I object to Defence counsel's characterisation, because it is only 12:11:21 10 one of possible explanations for that answer. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated]. There are 13 several ambiguities in the witness's answer that he gave. 14 Now, you can clarify from the witness without 12:11:51 15 characterising the evidence yourself. MR MUNYARD: I think what my learned friend is complaining 16 17 about, in effect, is that I am leading. PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes. 18 19 MR MUNYARD: And you know I have been at pains so far not 12:12:02 20 to lead. I agree that the answers are not altogether clear, and so I will therefore try to clarify them. I will take the witness 21 22 back through that evidence and see how we can clarify what he 23 In fact, I will start again on that, because it's 24 probably the simplest way of seeking clarification. 12:12:30 25 Mr Ngebeh, you said that Sam Bockarie's reaction was not a
 - 29 entered Tongo on this occasion?

Yes. Yes.

good reaction when you first entered Tongo.

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27

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Α.

What did Sam Bockarie say to the RUF when they first

- 1 A. The first day that we attacked Tongo we captured Tongo, and
- 2 he said he has given us 72 hours for Operation Pay Yourself.
- 3 That was the day we entered Tongo. It was on that day that he
- 4 gave the command. In 72 hours, whatever a soldier got was his.
- 12:13:11 5 After 72 hours, if you are caught looting you will be executed.
 - 6 That was the order he gave.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: First ambiguity: Whatever a soldier got
 - 8 was whose?
 - 9 MR MUNYARD: Yes, I'm dealing with that now, yes, if I may:
- 12:13:29 10 Q. It was on that day I am quoting to you what you have just
 - 11 said. "It was on that day that he gave the command. In 72
 - 12 hours, whatever a soldier got was his." Who do you mean by "his"
 - when you say, "In 72 hours whatever a soldier got was his"?
 - 14 A. The AFRC and the RUF. Whatever you looted within 72 hours
- 12:14:06 15 was yours. He meant the AFRC and the RUF.
 - 16 Q. Whatever you looted within 72 hours was yours. Who was he
 - 17 talking to when he said it was "yours"?
 - 18 A. Sam Bockarie was saying this directly to the AFRC and the
 - 19 RUF.
- 12:14:29 20 Q. To the fighters?
 - 21 A. Yes. Yes.
 - 22 Q. And so what were the fighter allowed to do during the first
 - 23 72 hours?
 - 24 A. Repeat that statement.
- 12:14:53 25 Q. What were the fighters allowed to do during the first 72
 - 26 hours?
 - 27 A. He said Operation Pay Yourself. Operation Pay Yourself.
 - 28 Q. We know what the name of the operation was because you have
 - 29 told us already. What did it mean that the fighters from the

- 1 AFRC and the RUF could do during that first 72 hours?
- 2 A. What Sam Bockarie meant when he gave that command was that
- 3 he knew that after 72 hours, whoever was found looting would be
- 4 executed, but within 72 hours he would not take any report.
- 12:15:43 5 Whatever you got was yours. But after that, nobody should loot
 - 6 any more.
 - 7 Q. [Microphone not activated] only talking about the first 72
 - 8 hours. "Within" and I am now quoting you: "Within 72 hours
 - 9 whatever you got was yours"; is that correct?
- 12:16:04 10 A. Yes.
 - 11 Q. So if a member of the AFRC or a member of the RUF looted
 - 12 goods from somebody during the first 72 hours, was that person
 - 13 entitled to keep them under this order of Sam Bockarie's?
 - 14 A. The question is too long. Please divide it.
- 12:16:32 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, don't you think the witness
 - 16 has explained clearly what he meant?
 - 17 MR MUNYARD: I do, frankly --
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Then what are you now doing?
 - 19 MR MUNYARD: I am trying to head off any potential for any
- 12:16:44 20 further misunderstanding. But if we are all clear, then I am
 - 21 very happy to move on.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think that you sometimes complicate a
 - 23 very simple piece of testimony by asking long, convoluted
 - 24 questions that obviously the witness is not understanding.
- 12:17:03 25 MR MUNYARD: Your Honour, with respect, I thought the
 - 26 answers were clear quite a long time ago, but the Bench did not
 - 27 and that's why I've been pursuing it. I am going to leave it now
 - and move on. I hope we can now move on to the next stage:
 - 29 Q. You said you stayed in Tongo until the AFRC were

- 1 overthrown. Was mining going on in Tongo whilst you were there?
- 2 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 3 Q. Who was doing the mining?
- 4 A. Everybody was mining for diamonds; the AFRC, the RUF, even
- 12:18:40 5 the civilians whom we met there. Everybody was engaged in
 - 6 mining.
 - 7 Q. Were you engaged in mining?
 - 8 A. Yes, I myself was mining. I had men who were mining for
 - 9 me.
- 12:19:02 10 Q. I'm sorry, I should have asked you one question one final
 - 11 question on the first 72 hours. Did you yourself do any looting
 - 12 during that 72 hours?
 - 13 A. No.
 - 14 Q. What did you think of Sam Bockarie's instruction that
- 12:19:27 15 people could loot for 72 hours?
 - 16 A. As a leader, he was not supposed to say that. That was a
 - 17 bad command.
 - 18 Q. Now, you have told us that you had people mining for you.
 - 19 Did you go to the mining areas yourself during the period of time
- 12:19:55 20 that you were in Tongo?
 - 21 A. I used to go there, yes.
 - 22 Q. Did you ever see anybody being forced to mine in the Tongo
 - 23 area?
 - 24 A. Yes, they used to force civilians to mine.
- 12:20:13 25 Q. And how did they force them to mine?
 - 26 A. They used to take them as manpower. When you come, you
 - 27 will carry gravel and they were carrying the sand at the time.
 - 28 When you carry ten bags, sometimes they will allow you to take
 - 29 one bag for yourself. At the time that I was in Tongo, that is

- 1 how I saw them using civilians to mine for diamonds. The gravel
- 2 that was in Tongo, that was what we used to take to wash and to
- 3 get diamonds from.
- 4 Q. Yes. What I asked you was how did they force civilians to
- 12:20:56 5 mine? What did they do to make the civilians do the mining
 - 6 against their will?
 - 7 A. When you tell somebody to go and work for and that person
 - 8 is not happy, he's not that fast. Even if that person does
 - 9 that --
- 12:21:22 10 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly repeat this
 - 11 area slowly.
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, Mr Witness, you have to repeat your
 - 13 answer. You were going very fast and the interpreter didn't get
 - 14 you. Explain again what you mean again by mining against their
- 12:21:35 **15** will.
 - 16 THE WITNESS: They would take them from their houses and
 - 17 they will bring them to the field. They will carry the gravel
 - 18 against their will, but there was no way out. They had to do it
 - 19 because it was a military government.
- 12:21:52 **20** MR MUNYARD:
 - 21 Q. Pause there, please. Who is "they" who would take them
 - 22 from their houses and bring them to the field?
 - 23 A. The AFRC and the RUF. They were the ones who did this
 - 24 thing.
- 12:22:08 25 Q. And how did they make sure that the civilians would come
 - 26 with them and do the mining?
 - 27 A. It was the soldiers who would go to look out for the
 - 28 civilians. The soldiers, the AFRC and the RUF, they would go in
 - 29 search of the civilians. They would go to look out for manpower.

- 1 That is how they used to get them.
- 2 Q. And how would they make sure that the civilians did what
- 3 they wanted?
- 4 A. They monitored them.
- 12:22:52 5 Q. What if a civilian said, "I don't want to come and mine for
 - 6 you"? What would the soldiers then do?
 - 7 A. If you are unlucky, they would kill you. If you are lucky,
 - 8 they would beat you up. That's the advice. They would take you
 - 9 by force. That was the options that they gave.
- 12:23:20 10 Q. Now, you have told us that you were still the armourer
 - 11 commander. Were you still receiving arms there from any
 - 12 particular source?
 - 13 A. When we came to town, all the ammunition that the AFRC had,
 - 14 they handed over to Sam Bockarie. That was the ammunition we
- 12:23:48 15 were using. We used to get supplies from Freetown, from Johnny
 - 16 Paul Koroma. We had no other source to get ammunition. The one
 - 17 that was with the Sierra Leone Army, that is what we were using
 - 18 at that time.
 - 19 Q. Was there any fighting going on during this period of time
- 12:24:06 20 between the junta forces, the combined forces of AFRC and RUF,
 - and any other fighters?
 - 22 A. It was only the AFRC and the RUF that were together. After
 - 23 we had taken Tongo, there was no fighting in Tongo. I moved to
 - 24 Freetown. Sam Bockarie went to Kenema, and that was where he was
- 12:24:34 **25** staying.
 - 26 Q. Why did you move to Freetown?
 - 27 A. That was where my family was. My wife and child were in
 - 28 Freetown.
 - 29 Q. How long did you stay in Freetown?

- 1 A. Well, that was where I took assignment in Waterloo,
- 2 Hastings. I was sleeping in Waterloo, but I was in Hastings.
- 3 That was where I took up assignment. I used to go Freetown and
- 4 coming back, but I was permanently staying in Waterloo.
- 12:25:13 5 Q. Any particular place in Waterloo?
 - 6 A. Lumpa.
 - 7 Q. And what was it that you were doing when you were based
 - 8 there?
 - 9 A. That was where I was passing the night and in the morning I
- 12:25:34 10 will go back to Hastings. I will be for the entire day in
 - 11 Hastings and in the evening I will come and sleep with my family
 - 12 in Waterloo.
 - 13 Q. [Microphone not activated] work were you doing in Hastings?
 - 14 A. I was still the armourer.
- 12:25:50 15 Q. Yes, but what did that involve you doing on a day-to-day
 - 16 basi s?
 - 17 A. Well, that was my assignment area. That was where I was
 - 18 meant to stay. Because we had soldiers there, the AFRC and the
 - 19 RUF. I had an assignment there. The ECOMOG were in Jui. I used
- 12:26:18 20 to go there to inspect the weapons every morning.
 - 21 Q. You used to go where to inspect weapons?
 - 22 A. Hastings. Hastings.
 - 23 Q. Did you go anywhere else to inspect?
 - 24 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness be asked
- 12:26:36 25 to wait for the interpretation first before he continues.
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, it seems you are not waiting
 - 27 for the interpretation. When you do that you then speak over
 - 28 each other and what you are saying cannot be recorded. Can you
 - 29 please wait for the interpreter before you answer. I think it's

- 1 best, Mr Munyard, if you repeat that last question:
- 2 MR MUNYARD: Yes, before I do, Jui is J-U-I:
- 3 Q. Did you go anywhere other than Hastings to inspect weapons
- 4 when you were based in the Hastings area?
- 12:27:23 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. Where?
 - 7 A. Benguema.
 - 8 Q. Were you inspecting weapons only or were you doing anything
 - 9 to the weapons at Benguema?
- 12:27:40 10 A. In Benguema I went there to repair.
 - 11 Q. Did you go to any other places apart from Benguema to
 - 12 inspect weapons when you were based back down there?
 - 13 A. I used to do the inspection of weapons in Hastings. In
 - 14 Benguema I went there to repair weapons. I used to go to
- 12:28:11 15 Cockerill, Juba, because RUF was everywhere. But my own
 - 16 assignment area was Hastings. That was where I was based.
 - 17 Q. [Microphone not activated] did you go to Cockerill?
 - 18 A. In Cockerill, that was where our office was. We had an
 - 19 office in Cockerill.
- 12:28:39 20 Q. Did you inspect any weapons in Cockerill?
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - 22 Q. Any particular kind of weapons?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. What were they?
- 12:28:58 25 A. There was one weapon that the NPRC ordered for. It was an
 - 26 electronic weapon. It uses current. But this weapon had been
 - 27 kept for a long time. When I came, they showed it to me and
 - asked me if I knew about it and I said let them bring it out to
 - 29 me for me to observe it. They brought that weapon. They brought

- 1 it outside in Cockerill. Then I tested it. Then I told them
- 2 that the magnator [phon] is finished. I told them that it uses a
- 3 yearly magnator. The year that they manufactured it up to that
- 4 time has expired. It won't work any longer.
- 12:29:49 5 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, he used the last word, it
 - 6 is something I didn't get that clearly.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you repeat what you said
 - 8 at the end.
 - 9 THE WITNESS: It's a missile. It's a missile. Magnator
- 12:30:03 10 missile. Magnator weapon.
 - 11 MR MUNYARD: I think we will have to live with magnator
 - weapon at the moment spelled phonetically:
 - 13 Q. Can you tell us do you know where this weapon come from,
 - 14 what country?
- 12:30:20 15 A. From how I saw it, it looked like a Russian weapon because
 - 16 it had a Russian language written on it.
 - 17 Q. Now, back to Hastings, please. Was there any sort of
 - 18 airfield at Hastings or near Hastings?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 12:30:44 20 Q. And who controlled that was it an airport or airfield,
 - 21 and who controlled it?
 - 22 A. The airfield?
 - 23 Q. And who controlled it?
 - 24 A. The AFRC and the RUF.
- 12:31:09 25 Q. And who used that airfield?
 - 26 A. The only group that used it at that time was ECOMOG.
 - 27 Q. You said it was controlled by the AFRC and RUF. Were you
 - involved in fighting ECOMOG at this time?
 - 29 A. At the initial stages, when we had entered in Hastings, we

- 1 were not fighting against them anyway, at the initial stages. We
- 2 were friendly.
- 3 Q. And did you ever have any dealings with any kind of
- 4 aircraft at that airfield?
- 12:32:13 5 A. We hadn't any aircraft.
 - 6 Q. Did you yourself ever go to that airfield in connection
 - 7 with any kind of aircraft?
 - 8 A. Yes. I went there once when the Nigerian when one of
 - 9 their helicopters landed. Our men arrested it. It had arms,
- 12:32:42 10 ammunition and manpower. All of them were arrested. At that
 - 11 time I went there. I was there when the helicopter was arrested.
 - 12 Q. Did you see what was on board that helicopter?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Would you like to tell us what that was?
- 12:33:04 15 A. There was ammunition in it, food, whatever these Nigerians
 - 16 who were staying at Jui needed was in there. So many weapons and
 - 17 manpower. They were all arrested.
 - 18 Q. What happened to the Nigerians themselves?
 - 19 A. Well, they called Johnny Paul Koroma, they told JP that
- 12:33:42 20 those men who had come, they were reinforcements, they had
 - 21 brought food, but they had been arrested at Hastings. So JP gave
 - 22 a command that all of them should be released together with their
 - 23 weapons. Then we released them. That was why Sam Bockarie Left
 - 24 the town, alleging that Johnny Paul has sold them out. How could
- 12:34:05 25 these men have brought all of these weapons and they be released.
 - 26 He said Freetown was not safe any longer. That day he had just
 - 27 come from Kenema. Then he returned.
 - 28 Q. You say Sam Bockarie Left the town. Which town?
 - 29 A. He had come from Kenema to Freetown and they met this

- 1 problem because they monitored our station when we said we had
- 2 captured Nigerians. When he came, he said they shouldn't release
- 3 those men. JP said we should release them because we were
- 4 fighting for peace.
- 12:34:45 5 Q. Mr Ngebeh, you have told us that already. You have said
 - 6 that Sam Bockarie Left the town. Which town did Sam Bockarie
 - 7 Leave?
 - 8 A. He had left Kenema and came to Freetown when he heard that
 - 9 we had arrested the Nigerians at Hastings.
- 12:35:09 10 Q. Very well.
 - 11 THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord.
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, Mr Ngebeh?
 - 13 THE WITNESS: I am tired.
 - 14 MR MUNYARD: Can I just point out to the witness there is
- 12:35:34 15 not very much longer to go, Madam President. And he won't have
 - 16 any sense, I imagine, of where we are in terms of the court day
 - 17 because he has got no sight of the clock, but there is less than
 - 18 half an hour. In fact there is about 25 minutes to go.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: There is an hour to go.
- 12:35:53 20 MR MUNYARD: There's an hour. I'm sorry, yes. These court
 - 21 times have confused me completely. Well, I will leave it to you.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, would a ten-minute break do
 - 23 good for you? Because we still have one hour left to go to the
 - 24 end of today's proceedings. We are not sitting in the afternoon.
- 12:36:34 25 It's just one hour left to go, but we could have a ten-minute
 - 26 break. Would that be sufficient for you?
 - 27 THE WITNESS: Yes, my Lord.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: It's now 12.35. We will reconvene at 10
 - 29 to 1.

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2 [Upon resuming at 12.50 p.m.] PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, please continue. 3 4 MR MUNYARD: Thank you, your Honour: Mr Ngebeh, are you rested sufficiently for us to carry on 12:51:50 5 0. for a little while? It won't be very much longer before we 6 7 finish for the day. Yes, my Lord. 8 Α. 0. Thank you. You were telling us that Sam Bockarie left the He came from Kenema to Freetown. The Nigerians and all 12:52:11 10 town. that they had with them were allowed to go by Johnny Paul. What 11 12 was Sam Bockarie's reaction? What did he think of Johnny Paul's 13 decision to let the Nigerians go? 14 He was not happy. He said for that reason he has sold our lives. AFRC has sold out the lives of the RUF. That was the 12:52:41 15 statement made by Sam Bockarie. 16 17 Q. Was there any time during the period of the junta when the 18 AFRC and the RUF fell out with one another? 19 Yes. They had a clash in Freetown. Α. 12:53:20 20 Are you able to tell us anything about that clash? 21 Α. Yes, my Lord. 22 0. What was that clash? 23 They went to loot at one embassy, the AFRC and the RUF. Α. And what was the nature of the clash between the RUF and 24 Q. 12:53:53 25 the AFRC? 26 Well, after that looting JP ordered that all those who were 27 involved in that looting should be put in a cell, including Issa 28 He was among the group. This did not go down well with 29 Sam Bockarie. He said if any RUF personnel had done something

[Break taken at 12.35 p.m.]

- 1 bad, before acting on anything he should be told. From there --
- 2 Q. Sorry, who should be told?
- 3 A. Sam Bockarie. From there, he went to the cell and released
- 4 Issa Sesay and left Gibril Massaquoi in there. That was the
- 12:55:03 5 first clash that we got with the AFRC when we were in Freetown.
 - 6 Thank you.
 - 7 Q. Were there any other clashes, either in Freetown or in any
 - 8 other part of the country, between the two groups AFRC and RUF?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 12:55:22 10 Q. Can you give us any other examples?
 - 11 A. Yes. In Kono.
 - 12 Q. Tell us what happened in Kono.
 - 13 A. Between Superman and Honourable Adams.
 - 14 Q. [Microphone not activated] clash?
- 12:55:54 15 A. Honourable Adams was not respecting the RUF authorities.
 - 16 He said he was an Honourable. He used to disgrace and molest RUF
 - 17 officers. This did not go down well with Superman.
 - 18 Q. Which group did Honourable Adams belong to?
 - 19 A. He was with the soldiers, the Sierra Leone Army.
- 12:56:28 20 Q. What did he do when you say he used to disgrace and molest
 - 21 RUF officers? What did he do to those RUF officers?
 - 22 A. If he found you for instance, there was a place in Koidu
 - 23 where all the authorities used to sleep, the AFRC and RUF. When
 - 24 you came, they took a compound in Koidu Town. Honourable Adams
- 12:57:09 25 met an RUF officer in that house. He asked him out, saying he
 - 26 was not fit to sleep in that place. That did not go down well
 - 27 with Superman. He said, "Why should he be molested?"
 - 28 Q. Can you give us any other examples in any part of the
 - 29 country of discord between the AFRC and the RUF?

- A. What I have told you about Kono and Freetown, that was what
- 2 I witnessed and saw. There were other clashes, but that was what
- 3 I saw.
- 4 Q. You have told us about mining in Tongo, and you said the
- 12:58:03 5 RUF and the AFRC were mining in Tongo. Were they cooperating
 - 6 well in Tongo, or was there any discord between the two groups in
 - 7 Tongo?
 - 8 A. Initially when we entered into Tongo there was cordial
 - 9 relationship between the AFRC and the RUF. There was not
- 12:58:29 10 cordiality initially when we entered Tongo.
 - 11 Q. What about later on?
 - 12 A. Later, after I had left, I heard that there was a problem
 - 13 between them. They said there was a problem between the AFRC and
 - 14 the RUF in Tongo, but at that time I had left. I was not there
- 12:58:48 15 any longer, but we used to hear the information.
 - 16 Q. Did the AFRC recognised the ranks of yourselves in the RUF?
 - 17 A. They said it was a bush rank. They did not respect it.
 - 18 Q. And how did the RUF fighters feel about that?
 - 19 A. That was what created the problem between us and them. We
- 12:59:25 20 were not happy. We said they were provoking us.
 - 21 Q. Did the RUF have the same access to arms and ammunition as
 - 22 the AFRC during the period of the junta?
 - 23 A. No. It was the AFRC that was in control of everything.
 - 24 They just used to give us, but we did not have access to them
- 12:59:59 **25** like they had it.
 - 26 Q. Now, we have been talking about discord between the two
 - 27 parties to the junta. Was there any discord between the junta
 - and other forces in the country?
 - 29 A. Even the soldiers were split. They too were split, the

- 1 national army. There were some who were loyal to Pa Kabbah, and
- 2 there were others who were loyal to Johnny Paul Koroma. There
- 3 was that division.
- 4 Q. You told us about how you cooperated with ECOMOG initially
- 13:00:42 5 at Hastings when you were based there. Did that cooperation
 - 6 continue throughout the whole time of the junta, or did that
 - 7 break down at any time?
 - 8 A. There was a problem later.
 - 9 Q. And what happened when there was a problem later?
- 13:01:07 10 A. When the RUF was travelling and if you were in a civilian
 - 11 vehicle, they would put you down and search you. If you had a
 - weapon, they would take it away from you. They would disarm you.
 - 13 That was what they used to do to us. Even if you were travelling
 - 14 alone, they would arrest you and put you in a cell. That was the
- 13:01:33 15 problem that arose between us and the ECOMOG in Jui. It came to
 - 16 a time that we had to walking around with an escort before going
 - 17 through Jui. That was the problem, my Lord.
 - 18 Q. Where were you when the junta was overthrown?
 - 19 A. I was in Hastings.
- 13:02:00 20 Q. And what happened to you then on the day of the or the
 - 21 beginning of the overthrow?
 - 22 A. Well, I was in Hastings and I retreated to Waterloo. That
 - 23 morning I was go to go to Freetown, but through God's grace I
 - 24 couldn't. If I had gone, all of us would have stayed in
- 13:02:27 25 Freetown. I was unable to go, so I stayed in Hastings. When
 - they opened up the road, I retreated to Waterloo. Yes, my Lord.
 - 27 Q. Did you take anything with you on that retreat?
 - 28 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 29 Q. What did you take?

- 1 A. I had a vehicle and my ammunition and weapons that I was
- 2 using and those that I had in store. I put them in the vehicle
- 3 and I brought them to Waterloo.
- 4 Q. Did you stay at Waterloo, or did you go to somewhere else?
- 13:03:12 5 A. I left there, sir.
 - 6 Q. And you went where?
 - 7 A. Masi aka.
 - 8 Q. Who were you with on this part of the journey?
 - 9 A. I was with Issa Sesay, Superman, Brigadier Mani. All the
- 13:03:41 10 top AFRC authorities that we were in Freetown with, we were all
 - 11 in Masiaka. But I was not with any permanent officer at that
 - 12 time. I was all by myself because we were retreating at the
 - 13 time.
 - 14 Q. Can you give us the names of any of the other top AFRC
- 13:04:01 15 authorities who were there with you?
 - 16 A. Yes. SAJ Musa, Brigadier Mani, Johnny Paul Koroma, Issa
 - 17 Sesay, and others.
 - 18 Q. Was the group that you were with at that stage, was it an
 - 19 equal number of RUF and AFRC, or was one group larger than the
- 13:04:54 20 other?
 - 21 A. The AFRC were more than us because most of our manpower
 - 22 were in Bo and Kenema, but when we were in Freetown we were not
 - 23 many. Their number was greater than us, the AFRC.
 - 24 Q. And what happened when you got to Masiaka?
- 13:05:17 25 A. The ECOMOG jet started raiding us in Masiaka together with
 - the helicopter gunship. That was what troubled me and I decided
 - 27 that that place was not safe for me, so I left together with my
 - 28 family.
 - 29 Q. And where did you go to then?

- 1 A. I went to Makeni.
- 2 Q. Did you stay in Makeni?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. When you first went to Makeni, what part of Makeni did you
- 13:05:57 5 go to?
 - 6 A. I stayed at Teko Road. From there I came to Kabala
 - 7 Highway, the road leading to Kabala. That was where I finally
 - 8 stayed before pulling out of Makeni.
 - 9 Q. A spelling for Teko, what I have is T-E-K-O. Is there any
- 13:06:34 10 particular place in Teko or on Teko Road that you went to?
 - 11 A. Teko Road is a road leading to the barracks in Makeni.
 - 12 Q. Did you go to the barracks?
 - 13 A. Yes. All of us who had come from Freetown, everybody used
 - 14 to go there with to go there for weapons, arms and ammunition
- 13:07:05 15 because there were a lot of ammunition there.
 - 16 Q. And so did you get arms and ammunition when you went there
 - 17 on that occasion?
 - 18 A. Yes.
 - 19 Q. Just you or others getting arms and ammunition?
- 13:07:28 20 A. All of the AFRC members, all of us, the officers who had
 - 21 retreated from Freetown, everybody went there to get arms and
 - 22 ammunition because we were loath to leave them there for them not
 - 23 to be taken by the ECOMOG, so we went there and took a lot of
 - 24 them.
- 13:07:48 25 Q. To where did you go after Teko barracks?
 - 26 A. Kabala.
 - 27 Q. Did you stay in Kabala?
 - 28 A. No, I left Kabala.
 - 29 Q. And where did you go? Where did you next stay after you

- 1 had left Teko barracks in Makeni?
- 2 A. That's Kabala.
- 3 Q. All right. How long did you stay in Kabala?
- 4 A. Just few weeks few days. It was not even up to a week.
- 13:08:39 5 Q. Were you under attack in Kabala or not?
 - 6 A. When I was there I was not attacked. I just went away with
 - 7 my children. But they attacked Kabala later on, but I was not
 - 8 attacked there.
 - 9 Q. So where did you go after those few days or few weeks in
- 13:09:07 10 Kabal a?
 - 11 A. I went to Mansofinia.
 - 12 Q. Is that somewhere where you stayed?
 - 13 A. I just stayed there for some time. I left there.
 - MR MUNYARD: Mansofinia, Madam President, we know has been
- 13:09:38 15 spelt --
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: I don't think that's what the witness
 - 17 said. Mr Witness, what is the name that you said?
 - 18 THE WITNESS: Mansofi ni a.
 - 19 MR MUNYARD: Yes, it was:
- 13:09:55 20 Q. When you say you stayed there for some time, can you help
 - 21 us for how long? Are we talking days or weeks there?
 - 22 A. It was weeks.
 - 23 Q. And in what district is Mansofinia?
 - 24 A. It was under Kabala district.
- 13:10:21 25 Q. And after you left there, where did you go to?
 - 26 A. Kurubonla.
 - 27 Q. During this time, when you are moving from place to place,
 - are you being attacked or not?
 - 29 A. No.

- 1 Q. So why were you moving from one place to another?
- 2 A. I was trying to go to Kono where most of my brothers were.
- 3 Q. Did you eventually get to Kono?
- 4 A. Yes, my Lord.
- 13:11:15 5 Q. Are you able to recall now when that was?
 - 6 A. I think it was somewhere in 1998. It was in 1998 because
 - 7 we have completed '97. We are now in '98.
 - 8 Q. Can you help us with when in 1998 you got to Kono after you
 - 9 had retreated from Hastings?
- 13:11:52 10 A. I can't tell you the date.
 - 11 Q. Was it the dry season, the rainy season, or was it after
 - 12 the rainy season?
 - 13 A. It was in the it was during the dry season.
 - 14 Q. So you finally get to Kono. And what happens when you get
- 13:12:13 15 there?
 - 16 A. Well, I met Superman in Kono. They said they met Kamajors
 - 17 in Kono and they attacked them and dislodged them from Kono.
 - 18 There were a lot of RUF personnel in Kono when I went there.
 - 19 Q. Were there any AFRC personnel there when you went there?
- 13:12:42 20 A. Yes. They too were there.
 - 21 Q. Now, you have told us Superman said that they had dislodged
 - 22 the Kamajors. Did that mean that Kono was safe for you or not?
 - 23 A. Well, when I knew that the men were there, Kono was safe
 - for me because Superman had dislodged them from there. There
- 13:13:12 25 were no enemies there. Kono was safe then.
 - 26 Q. Were you attacked at all while you were in Kono?
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. By whom?
 - 29 A. ECOMOG jets.

- 1 Q. And what did the ECOMOG jets do?
- 2 A. It was dropping cluster bombs.
- 3 Q. Where were they dropping cluster bombs?
- 4 A. Those areas where AFRC Lodged, the houses where AFRC people
- 13:13:55 5 lodged. That was where the bombs were dropped.
 - 6 Q. Is this in a town, a village or what?
 - 7 A. In the main Koidu Town, the town itself. That was where
 - 8 the bombs were dropped. That is Koidu.
 - 9 Q. And were these bombs only landing on AFRC lodging houses or
- 13:14:19 10 were they landing on other places as well?
 - 11 A. They were landing at different locations. Some places
 - where civilians were, it landed there. And some where AFRC were.
 - 13 They were launching at every place in Kono.
 - 14 Q. And so what did you all decide to do as a result of being
- 13:14:45 15 bombed by the Alpha Jets?
 - 16 A. I decided to take all my family from around me to the bush.
 - 17 Q. And where did you go? To what part?
 - 18 A. I sent them to the Guinea Highway.
 - 19 Q. Did you go with them?
- 13:15:15 20 A. I just left them there and came back to Koidu because of
 - 21 the jets raid.
 - 22 Q. Did you continue to stay in Koidu or did you move to some
 - 23 other place?
 - 24 A. We left Koidu --
- 13:15:42 25 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can he kindly be requested
 - to remove his arm from under his chin. He is not very clear.
 - 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated] if you take
 - 28 your arm away, you can speak more clearly. Repeat your answer,
 - 29 please. We are almost there. Only 15 minutes left. Please

- 1 repeat your answer. The question was did you continue to stay in
- 2 Koidu or did you move to some other place?
- THE WITNESS: I left Koidu Town. When ECOMOG and the SLAs,
- 4 who were now part of Pa Kabbah's government, combined to attack
- 13:16:29 5 us in Kono, that was why I left there.
 - 6 MR MUNYARD:
 - 7 Q. Where did you go to when you left there?
 - 8 A. Where I had left my wife, that is the Guinea Highway. That
 - 9 was where we retreated.
- 13:16:47 10 Q. Was it just you and your family there or were there other
 - 11 people from the RUF or AFRC in that area?
 - 12 A. Everybody retreated to that area, the AFRC and the RUF.
 - 13 Even the civilians who were part of the AFRC, that was where all
 - 14 of us retreated.
- 13:17:12 15 Q. Did you have any arms and ammunition with you when you
 - 16 retreated to that place?
 - 17 A. Yes.
 - 18 Q. Where had you got that material from, those arms and
 - 19 ammuni ti on?
- 13:17:34 20 A. The ammunition that we had retreated with from Freetown,
 - 21 from Teko barracks as well. That was the ammunition that was
 - 22 with us.
 - 23 Q. Had you used any of that on the way, on the journey?
 - 24 A. From Koidu to Guinea Highway, there was no enemy around
- 13:17:58 25 that area. It was only Kono that we based. That was a safe area
 - 26 for us. We did not fight against anybody.
 - 27 Q. And so what did you do with the materials that you had
 - 28 brought with you to this place on the Guinea Highway?
 - 29 A. We stayed there and reorganised ourselves. At first we

- 1 were in the defensive, we did not attack initially at the Guinea
- 2 Highway. We organised the AFRC and the RUF as to how to operate
- 3 as brothers, that we should forget about all the grudges that had
- 4 existed in Freetown, so we were in the defensive. Yes, my Lord.
- 13:18:44 5 Q. What did you do with the arms and ammunition that you'd all
 - 6 brought?
 - 7 A. We brought the ammunition. Those which we were to use were
 - 8 in our possession and those which we were not to use, we created
 - 9 an ammo dump at the Guinea highway; the one-barreled, the
- 13:19:05 10 armoured car, there is a weapon that looks like an armoured car.
 - 11 It's a shaker. It uses missiles. We brought it. The twin,
 - 12 barrels, we dismantled some and packed them. It was only one
 - 13 that we planted to protect us. So we created an ammo dump and
 - 14 dumped them there at the Guinea highway. Thank you.
- 13:19:33 15 Q. What was the shaker missile used for?
 - 16 A. We kept it initially because it was an electronic weapon.
 - 17 It's a conventional weapon. It was owned by the Nigerians. We
 - 18 kept it. We hid it somewhere in the bush. We used leaves to
 - 19 cover it up.
- 13:20:00 20 Q. Were you ever able to use that particular weapon?
 - 21 A. Yes. It was that weapon that we used to re-attack Kono.
 - 22 Q. And when did you re-attack Kono?
 - 23 A. That was in December 1998.
 - 24 Q. What time of year do you say it was when you got to this
- 13:20:34 25 camp on the Guinea highway where you established your ammunition
 - 26 dump and so on?
 - 27 A. Well, just think about it. We retreated in the dry season
 - 28 until we got to Kono to the Guinea highway. It was almost in the
 - 29 dry season. You just imagine now from that time that we got

- 1 there, from the dry season. We were there for some time before
- 2 we re-attacked Kono. We were there for some time. Thank you.
- 3 Q. We were there for some time. Can you give us a rough idea
- 4 of how long that "some time" is?
- 13:21:22 5 A. Well, I can say we spent nearly five months nearly five
 - 6 months before we re-attacked Kono.
 - 7 Q. Where was Sam Bockarie at this time?
 - 8 A. He was in Buedu.
 - 9 Q. Did you get any instructions from Sam Bockarie while you
- 13:21:52 10 were at this camp?
 - 11 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 12 Q. Tell us what the instructions were that you got from him.
 - 13 A. He was talking with Superman. He talked with Superman,
 - 14 Issa, Rambo, and he told our brothers that everything should be
- 13:22:21 15 ended; that is, the grudges that were between the AFRC and the
 - 16 RUF, he said now we should turn to a new page of the war. From
 - 17 there he called Superman, that they should meet him in Buedu.
 - 18 They went and they came back. After that, some groups left us to
 - 19 go to Kurubonla to join SAJ Musa's group. They said those people
- 13:22:51 20 should not be there alone. Wherever the AFRC was, the RUF should
 - 21 be there. If you were --
 - 22 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, can be kindly repeat
 - 23 slowly.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please pause, Mr Witness. Repeat your
- 13:23:06 25 answer. The interpreter didn't get it you. Repeat it, please.
 - 26 THE WITNESS: Sam Bockarie said wherever an RUF person was
 - 27 as commander, the deputy should be an AFRC. Wherever an AFRC
 - 28 person was a commander, his deputy should be an RUF. He said we
 - 29 should work as brothers. All the problems which we had in

- 1 Freetown should be forgotten. We should open a new phase because
- 2 this was a new jungle. That was the kind of instruction we got
- 3 from Sam Bockarie at the Guinea highway. He said we should be
- 4 united.
- 13:23:44 5 MR MUNYARD:
 - 6 Q. Were you united?
 - 7 A. No
 - 8 Q. Tell us first of all about the group who you say went to
 - 9 Kurubonla. Who were they?
- 13:24:04 10 A. This group that went to Kurubonla, it was Superman and some
 - 11 AFRC and RUF, but Superman was the commander. They went to
 - 12 Kurubonla.
 - 13 Q. And were the AFRC and RUF in that group in equal numbers,
 - 14 or was one group bigger than the other?
- 13:24:37 15 A. The AFRC were in the majority to the RUF.
 - 16 Q. At that time was Superman willing to take orders from Sam
 - 17 Bockari e?
 - 18 A. No.
 - 19 Q. You have said that Sam Bockarie said that where there was
- 13:25:00 20 an RUF commander the deputy should be an AFRC, and the other way
 - 21 around. How did the AFRC react to being told that they should be
 - 22 deputies to RUF commanders?
 - 23 A. Well, this was why the AFRC left and went to Kurubonla to
 - 24 join SAJ Musa. They said they should not be controlled like
- 13:25:31 25 that. Only a few of them left with us stayed with us, but all
 - 26 the authorities went to Kurubonla. They were not happy about
 - 27 that that instruction.
 - 28 Q. And which group did Superman belong to?
 - 29 A. Superman was RUF. But because Sam Bockarie was against him

- 1 and that they did not like him, when he came he joined the
- 2 soldiers and the soldiers liked him. He spent all his time with
- 3 the AFRC, but he was an RUF.
- 4 Q. Did you yourself go to Kurubonla?
- 13:26:16 5 A. No.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, has the witness told us who
 - 7 SAJ Musa was in this whole scenario?
 - 8 MR MUNYARD: I'm not sure. I will find out:
 - 9 Q. Mr Ngebeh, you heard Madam President's question. Would you
- 13:26:39 10 tell the Court who SAJ Musa was?
 - 11 A. Well, after the coup, this man left and joined the AFRC.
 - 12 When we pulled out from Kurubonla, he was in control. He was the
 - one who was in control of the all the AFRCs in Kurubonla, but
 - in the government I did not know the appointment that was given
- 13:27:09 15 to him.
 - 16 Q. [Microphone not activated] please. You said after the coup
 - 17 this man left and joined the AFRC. Who is "this man", first of
 - 18 all?
 - 19 A. SAJ Musa.
- 13:27:22 20 Q. What was it that he left?
 - 21 A. I did not know why he left to join the AFRC. I did not
 - 22 know his plan. I just heard that SAJ Musa had come to join the
 - 23 AFRC.
 - 24 Q. When you say "after the coup", what time are you talking
- 13:27:46 **25** about?
 - 26 A. After the AFRC had overthrown Pa Kabbah, he then came.
 - 27 Q. And I think you are saying you are not sure where he came
 - 28 from, but do you know whether or not he had any military
 - 29 training?

- 1 A. When?
- 2 Q. By the time he joined the AFRC, had SAJ Musa, to your
- 3 knowledge, been trained as a soldier?
- 4 A. Yes. He was a former soldier. He was a former NPRC
- 13:28:31 5 member. He was a former soldier. He was an authority in the
 - 6 NPRC. He was a captain.
 - 7 Q. And the NPRC you told us were the people who overthrew -
 - 8 well, the people who came to the military who came to power in
 - 9 the earlier in the 1990s. You told us about that yesterday.
- 13:28:59 10 Do you know what his position was in the NPRC?
 - 11 A. He was a Supreme Council member.
 - 12 Q. Right.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: In the NPRC or the AFRC?
 - 14 MR MUNYARD: NPRC.
- 13:29:21 15 THE WI TNESS: NPRC.
 - 16 MR MUNYARD:
 - 17 Q. [Microphone not activated] the leader of the NPRC?
 - 18 A. Captain Strasser.
 - 19 Q. So he is somebody who had previously been on the Supreme
- 13:29:36 20 Council of the military rulers, the NPRC. After the AFRC coup,
 - 21 he comes and joins the AFRC?
 - 22 A. Yes, my Lord.
 - 23 Q. After the junta is thrown out from Freetown, who was the
 - 24 most senior member of the AFRC when you were all retreating from
- 13:30:05 **25** Freetown?
 - 26 A. Yes. We had Brigadier Mani and SAJ Musa himself, but it
 - 27 was SAJ Musa was in control of all the AFRC soldiers. Pa Mani
 - 28 was there too, but since he was an old man, he was just an
 - 29 ordinary adviser to SAJ Musa. It was SAJ Musa who was in control

	1	of the AFRC when we retreated.
	2	PRESIDING JUDGE: [Microphone not activated].
	3	THE WITNESS: Pa Brigadier Mani. We used to call him Pa,
	4	Brigadier Mani. He was an adviser, at the time that we
13:31:05	5	retreated, to SAJ.
	6	PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Munyard, we have come to the end of
	7	the tape and the time.
	8	MR MUNYARD: So I see.
	9	PRESIDING JUDGE: And the witness will be happy to know
13:31:15	10	that we are going to adjourn for the day. Just to remind you,
	11	Mr Witness, that you are not to discuss your evidence because you
	12	are not yet finished.
	13	The proceedings are adjourned to tomorrow at 9 o'clock.
	14	[Whereupon the hearing adjourned at 1.30 p.m.
13:31:43	15	to be reconvened on Wednesday, 24 March 2010 at
	16	9.00 a.m.]
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