

Case No. SCSL-2003-01-T

THE PROSECUTOR OF THE SPECIAL COURT

CHARLES GHANKAY TAYLOR

WEDNESDAY, 9 JANUARY 2008 9.00 A.M TRI AL

TRIAL CHAMBER II

Justice Julia Sebutinde, Presiding Justice Teresa Doherty Before the Judges:

Justice Richard Lussick

Justice Al Hadji Malick Sow, Alternate

For Chambers: Mr Simon Meisenberg

Ms Doreen Kiggundu

Ms Rosette Muzigo-Morrison For the Registry:

Ms Rachel Irura Mr Vincent Tishekwa

For the Prosecution:

Ms Brenda J Hollis Mr Mohamed A Bangura Mr Alain Werner Ms Maja Dimitrova

Tayl or:

For the accused Charles Ghankay Mr Courtenay Griffiths QC

Mr Terry Munyard Mr Andrew Cayley

For the Office of the Principal Mr Vincent Nmehielle

Defender:

Mr Silas Chekera

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Wednesday, 9 January 2008 2 [Open session] [The accused present] 3 [Upon commencing at 9.00 a.m.] 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning. I note that the 08:59:29 5 appearances are as they were before and that there are no 6 7 Yes, I do note that today the Principal Defender is in changes. court. 8 MR NMEHIELLE: Yes, your Honour, and as part of that I want to introduce Mr Silas Chekera, the new duty counsel in the Taylor 08:59:51 10 trial in the OPD. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you, he is most welcome. The case 13 comes up for continuation of the Prosecution case. 14 Good morning, Mr Witness. Your testimony continues today. 09:00:14 15 I just wish to remind you that you are still under oath and we were, I think, listening to the cross-examination of the witness 16 17 yesterday. 18 WITNESS: TF1-015 [Continued] 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR CAYLEY: 09:00:34 20 Good morning, witness. 21 Good morning. Α. 22 Witness, can you tell the judges what year, if you can 23 recall, the RUF finally left Kono District? 24 Α. They left Kono District for where? 09:01:09 25 Q. When did the RUF leave Kono District and the government take over that district again, so I am talking about towards the 27 end of the war? 28 That was - I was in Kono District. I saw and the UN entered there in 2000 for the disarmament. It was during that 29

- 1 time I realised they have left finally.
- 2 Q. That was the year 2000. You were in Kono in 1999 and the
- 3 year 2000, in the Kono District?
- 4 A. Yes, sir.
- 09:02:03 5 Q. Now, witness, you told us yesterday that as well as being a
 - 6 clergyman you are, in fact, a teacher, is that right?
 - 7 A. Even at present I am a teacher.
 - 8 Q. When you were captured by the RUF you told Captain Banya
 - 9 that your name was Isaac Teh, didn't you?
- 09:02:42 10 A. It was not Captain Banya I told my name is Isaac Teh.
 - 11 I said when they were going to shoot I told them I was a pastor.
 - 12 It was the time I told them I was Isaac Teh. That was not the
 - 13 time I told them. It was Rocky I told.
 - 14 Q. You told Rocky your name was Isaac Teh after you were first
- 09:03:13 15 captured?
 - 16 A. Yes, Rocky. I told Rocky that my name is Isaac Teh.
 - 17 Q. So you have two names, you have two first names. You are
 - 18 known as Alex Teh and Isaac Teh?
 - 19 A. I am called Isaac because I am a pastor. I met commanders
- 09:03:54 20 who were rebels so they too changed their names, so I am also the
 - 21 son of a covenant, so that is the reason why I didn't give them
 - 22 my real name.
 - 23 Q. And some of the rebels came to know you as Isaac Teh,
 - 24 didn't they?
- 09:04:14 25 A. It was the name I gave to them, Mr Lawyer.
 - 26 Q. Now, I am right in saying that during this period of time,
 - 27 during at least 1999, the RUF were running free schools for the
 - 28 poor in the Kono District, weren't they?
 - 29 A. They were running more than three schools in the Kono

- 1 District. You are saying three, but they were running more than
- 2 three schools.
- 3 Q. How many schools were they running in Kono District?
- 4 A. There were many because at least every town had one.
- 09:05:07 5 I cannot give you the grand total of all of them.
 - 6 Q. These RUF schools were free for the poor, weren't they?
 - 7 A. That was what I heard, that there is no salary for that.
 - 8 It was run free.
 - 9 Q. Now, during the period of 1999 a Reverend Isaac Teh is
- 09:05:38 10 listed as the supervisor of RUF schools in the Kono District.
 - 11 That is you, isn't it?
 - 12 A. I was not an even a supervisor. If you got an information
 - 13 about that I did not put that in my statement, so I don't know.
 - 14 What is in my statement is what I am saying.
- 09:06:07 15 Q. Were there two Reverend Isaac Tehs in the Kono District,
 - 16 two persons of your name?
 - 17 A. Mr Lawyer, if you go through my statement files what
 - 18 concerns a school I never put in my statement. Even when
 - 19 I testified the first time I never said that to an investigator,
- 09:06:39 20 so I don't know a thing about that. It is not in my file. I am
 - 21 begging you not to drag me away from what is not in my file, or
 - 22 my statement.
 - 23 Q. The Presiding Judge reminded you yesterday to keep calm and
 - 24 simply answer the questions I am asking you. Now, the question
- 09:07:00 25 I have asked you, and it is one I want answered, is: are there
 - two Reverend Isaac Tehs in the Kono District? Were there two
 - 27 persons of that name in 1999 in Kono District?
 - 28 A. I am the only person called Reverend Isaac Teh for that.
 - 29 In the rest of the Kono District I am the only reverend called

- 1 Teh.
- 2 Q. Thank you witness. You said in your evidence yesterday
- 3 that an individual, I believe it was Banya, told to you, during
- 4 the course of your captivity, his real name. Do you recall that
- 09:07:57 5 evi dence?
 - 6 A. Yes.
 - 7 Q. I am right in saying that he also said that he belonged to
 - 8 a tribe which came predominantly from Liberia, is that right?
 - 9 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, sir, I beg to interrupt. My
- 09:08:23 10 recollection does not indicate at all that the witness dealt with
 - 11 somebody called Banya who disclosed his real name to him.
 - 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: I seem to recall --
 - 13 MR CAYLEY: It was Rocky, your Honour.
 - 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, another Sierra Leonean actually,
- 09:08:44 15 I think.
 - 16 MR CAYLEY: I think he said he was from Liberia, but
 - 17 anyway.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: If you could redirect that guestion in
 - 19 the context of what truly happened yesterday.
- 09:08:54 20 MR CAYLEY: Yes, your Honour. A simple mistake on my part.
 - 21 Unfortunately the transcript is still in draft form.
 - 22 You said yesterday, I think, that Rocky was a man who in
 - 23 fact was called Emmanuel Williams. Do you recall that?
 - 24 A. Yes, CO Rocky told me he was Rocky and his real name he
- 09:09:22 25 is a Christian called Emmanuel Williams and it was he was from
 - 26 Liberia. He is from the Bassa tribe.
 - 27 Q. Now, witness, I am right in saying that the first time that
 - 28 you mentioned this is to Mr Bangura in the sessions that you
 - 29 spent with him this week prior to your evidence. This is the

- 1 first time that you mentioned this fact, isn't it, witness?
- 2 A. Mr Lawyer, I think Rocky as long as I, Reverend Teh, is
- 3 concerned, in my statement I am still standing by my oath. I am
- 4 telling you Rocky's name is not new to the Special Court of
- 09:10:26 5 Sierra Leone in my statement.
 - 6 Q. Let us take a look at your statement of 15 November 2002
 - 7 and if the witness could be given his first statement. Witness,
 - 8 just to be clear and so you don't again think that there is any
 - 9 jiggery pokery going on, Mr Bangura disclosed the fact that this
- 09:11:06 10 is a new piece of evidence to us in the notes that he took during
 - 11 the sessions that he spent with you. I would like you to answer
 - 12 the question I put to you. I welcome you to look at your first
 - 13 statement and tell me whether or not you disclose in that
 - 14 statement what Rocky's real name was because I cannot see it in
- 09:11:26 15 that statement.
 - 16 A. Mr Lawyer, I am saying Rocky is not new in my statement.
 - 17 Rocky's tribe, or his real name, is a continuation and a
 - 18 development. To be sincere enough, Rocky is not new to me and
 - 19 whosoever dealt with my case is not new to the person as long as
- 09:12:03 20 it is in my statement and my file.
 - 21 Q. Did you mention Rocky's real name in your first statement?
 - 22 Will you answer that question. In your statement of 15 November
 - 23 2002, when you refer to Rocky did you state that you knew his
 - 24 real name and that he was from Liberia?
- 09:12:20 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, listen carefully to the
 - 26 question asked to you. It refers only to the statement that is
 - 27 in front of you. If the real name of Rocky is mentioned in that
 - 28 statement, please say so and point to where it is. If not then
 - 29 please just answer the question directly put to you, as regards

- 1 this particular statement of 15 November. It is a simple
- 2 question and then we can move forward to other statements.
- 3 A. My Lord, Emmanuel Williams is in my statement --
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please indicate --
- 09:13:04 5 A. -- which is Rocky's name.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Please indicate somewhere in this
 - 7 statement where you mention the name Emmanuel Williams.
 - 8 A. Then I should go through the files. Please assist me.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Only through the statement of 15
- 09:13:33 10 November. That is what the lawyer is talking about, only that
 - 11 statement for now.
 - 12 MR CAYLEY: If it assists, your Honour, I think he can look
 - 13 at page 7 onwards because it is actually there that it starts,
 - 14 when he starts talking about Major Rocky.
- 09:13:56 15 MS IRURA: What are the last four digits?
 - 16 MR CAYLEY: The last four digits are 1724 when he says,
 - 17 "I knew he was a Liberian from his accent."
 - 18 MS IRURA: Please switch to document cam witness.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: Of course, counsel, if I may enquire, the
- 09:14:23 20 assumption is that this witness can read English. Is that the
 - 21 assumption?
 - 22 MR CAYLEY: I am told he can. I did make that enquiry,
 - 23 Madam President.
 - 24 PRESIDING JUDGE: Told by who?
- 09:14:33 25 MR CAYLEY: I asked the Prosecution.
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Bangura is that the case?
 - 27 MR BANGURA: Correct, your Honour.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can understand fluently the English
 - 29 I anguage?

- 1 MR BANGURA: I cannot say that, your Honour.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: Because we are referring to him a
- 3 statement that is written in English.
- 4 MR BANGURA: I know he can read, but with some difficulty.
- 09:14:50 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: He is your witness. I don't know
 - 6 anything about him. He is your witness who is being asked to
 - 7 look through a statement. I don't know if he actually wrote this
 - 8 statement himself.
 - 9 MR BANGURA: As far as I know he didn't write it himself.
- 09:15:04 10 PRESIDING JUDGE: A statement written in a language that is
 - 11 not his mother tongue.
 - 12 MR BANGURA: Your Honour, as far as I know he did not write
 - 13 the statement himself. He signed it.
 - 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can this witness read English fluently?
- 09:15:16 15 MR BANGURA: He can read English, but I cannot say that he
 - 16 can read it fluently.
 - 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, I will ask you. Can you read
 - 18 English be fluently?
 - 19 A. I am a country boy. I can hear English. That is the
- 09:15:29 20 reason why I said I will speak English. I can hear it and I can
 - 21 speak a bit of it.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Can you read English?
 - 23 A. Yes, I can read it, but I am not perfect because there are
 - 24 some words that I cannot easily understand. That is the reason
- 09:15:53 25 why I prefer it to be in my own language.
 - 26 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, the statement before you is
 - 27 written in English. Can you then point to the reference to the
 - 28 names Emmanuel Williams in this statement? Please go ahead. If
 - 29 you say you can, just go ahead and point to the names. We are

- 1 not asking you to read the statement, simply to indicate where
- 2 the names, or the reference to the names, Emmanuel Williams is in
- 3 that entire statement, if you can.
- 4 A. Okay. I did not see it in it. I did not see Emmanuel
- 09:17:31 5 Williams there.
 - 6 MR CAYLEY: Thank you, your Honour.
 - 7 So, witness, it is a fact that when you first gave this
 - 8 statement you did not mention the real name of Rocky, did you?
 - 9 A. Rocky is there. The word Rocky, the name Rocky --
- 09:18:02 10 Q. That is not the question I put to you. It is a fact you
 - 11 mentioned the word Rocky, but you would accept you did not
 - 12 mention the real name, Emmanuel Williams, of Rocky when you first
 - 13 made this statement, did you?
 - 14 A. But, Mr Lawyer, I told you even yesterday, I said it is a
- 09:18:24 15 continuation to my statement. What I had to do with
 - 16 Special Court in Sierra Leone I have done that, I have testified.
 - 17 If I am here again before this court I am supposed to make an
 - 18 addition. I have told you yesterday it is a continuation.
 - 19 Q. Witness, I will put the question to you one more time then
- 09:18:45 20 I am going to move on, but you would accept the fact that you did
 - 21 not mention Emmanuel Williams when you made this statement on 15
 - 22 November 2002?
 - 23 A. You see, in the year 2002 I mentioned Rocky. If I am
 - 24 testifying again where it concerns Rocky it has to be continuous.
- 09:19:17 25 I told you yesterday, even today, from where you are talking from
 - 26 perhaps some of that history may have come into me that I will
 - 27 want to mention. I know what I went through, Mr Lawyer. I know
 - 28 the problems and the troubles I went through. I hope if you were
 - 29 [overlapping speakers].

- 1 Q. Witness, we are going back to where we were yesterday. We
- 2 have a great deal of sympathy with your suffering, but I would
- 3 like you to directly respond to the questions I am putting to
- 4 you. We are going to be here a very long time indeed if you
- 09:19:52 5 don't do that.
 - 6 PRESIDING JUDGE: Counsel, I think we can move on. You
 - 7 have made your point, we can move on.
 - 8 MR CAYLEY: I would like to ask one more question on this,
 - 9 your Honour, and then I will move on as you request me to do.
- 09:20:04 10 The first time you mentioned the name Emmanuel Williams was
 - 11 to Mr Bangura, wasn't it, this week in The Hague? It is the
 - 12 first time you mentioned the name, isn't it?
 - 13 A. I told you that I met with lawyer Bangura, who is a
 - 14 prosecution lawyer, for a day and a half. From where I was in
- 09:20:31 15 Sierra Leone, when they told me to come here I decided --
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: I have to stop you there. Listen to the
 - 17 question carefully and please answer the question directly. The
 - 18 question is very simple. If the lawyer would ask it again.
 - 19 Listen carefully and answer only what you are asked.
- 09:20:54 20 MR CAYLEY: Witness, listen to me before you answer the
 - 21 question. The first time that you mentioned the name Emmanuel
 - 22 Williams was in your session with Mr Bangura in The Hague this
 - 23 week, or last week, so in 2007. That is the first time that you
 - 24 mentioned that name, isn't it?
- 09:21:20 25 A. That concerns Emmanuel Williams. I did not get you
 - 26 clearly. Please come again.
 - 27 Q. I will put the question to you one last time. The first
 - 28 time you mentioned the real name of Rocky, Emmanuel Williams, was
 - 29 in your proofing session in the time you spent with Mr Bangura,

- 1 wasn't it?
- 2 A. He spoke with me and, indeed, I gave him this Emmanuel
- 3 Williams, but in actual fact it was not in The Hague.
- 4 Q. Where was it? Where did you give him this piece of
- 09:22:04 5 information?
 - 6 A. It was in Sierra Leone.
 - 7 Q. Was that this year, 2008, or 2007?
 - 8 A. It was in 2007.
 - 9 Q. What month of 2007, if you recall?
- 09:22:40 10 A. Mr Lawyer, I cannot recall the date and the month.
 - 11 Q. Was that the statement that you made to the Office of the
 - 12 Prosecutor in May 2007?
 - 13 A. I can recall I gave this particular statement and it was
 - 14 filed, but I have just told you, Mr Lawyer, I cannot recall the
- 09:23:15 15 dates and the month. I have said this clearly.
 - 16 Q. Let us look at those two statements from 2007 and this,
 - 17 your Honours, is tab 5 and the last four digits are 2463. These
 - 18 are interview notes with a Mr Phillip Ross and trial lawyer
 - 19 Shyamala Alagendra. I don't think Mr Bangura was present for
- 09:23:57 20 this interview. Again and I think the relevant part of this
 - 21 statement, so that we can move quickly through this, would be in
 - 22 fact the last page where he talks about a number of individuals.
 - 23 That is 2465. Can you indicate there where you mention the name
 - 24 Emmanuel Williams, if at all? You did not mention the name
- 09:25:00 25 Emmanuel Williams, did you, witness, when you gave this
 - 26 particular statement on 21 May 2007?
 - 27 A. It was not Mr Lawyer, it was not only in 2007 on the
 - 28 21st, or what, but they used to call me down to Freetown and
 - 29 I gave them my information that is in my statement. So,

- 1 Mr Lawyer, the word Rocky to me is so important than Emmanuel
- 2 Williams. It is the same person, the very person that did the
- 3 act, so if you are dragging me to Rocky and to Emmanuel Williams
- 4 let me say I am doing this for it to be more impressive, but if
- 09:25:58 5 you are dragging me there and if it is not in this, my statement,
 - 6 and I am saying I mentioned it to Shyamala and Mr Bangura.
 - 7 I said, "Rocky's name is Emmanuel Williams", for example. I even
 - 8 mentioned I even said Morris Kallon is also called Bilai Karim,
 - 9 but, you see, I am saying the time I endured this suffering I was
- 09:26:32 10 traumatised, so if you are asking me to say all --
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: The questions asked you are quite simple.
 - 12 There is no need to go back into the suffering, et cetera,
 - 13 et cetera. The questions asked really are asked in good faith.
 - 14 It would help this court if you just answered directly.
- 09:26:59 15 MR CAYLEY: Sir, just to clarify with you, your evidence
 - now is that you did meet with Mr Bangura in 2007 and you gave him
 - 17 this piece of information: the name Emmanuel Williams. Is that
 - 18 what you are saying to the judges?
 - 19 A. Yes. The only information I gave as a continuation of my
- 09:27:26 20 statement, it was during that time I told them that Rocky is
 - 21 called Emmanuel Williams.
 - 22 Q. Just for information we have absolutely no disclosure from
 - 23 that period of an interview taking place with Mr Bangura. We
 - 24 have two statements from that time, one from May and one from
- 09:27:47 25 June of 2007, so I am going to move on because I can't actually
 - 26 deal with this matter because I don't have a statement.
 - 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: To be fair to the witness though, the
 - 28 documents that you are referring to of an interview that
 - 29 transpired on 21 May are actually interview notes. It is not a

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29

him.

2 taken down by the interviewer in his own words. 3 MR CAYLEY: It is true, your Honour, but I mean the problem 4 with taking that position, of course, is what is the worth of this information? The Prosecution have an obligation of 09:28:20 5 discovery, they have an obligation of disclosure. That is why 6 7 they disclosed these documents to us. We have to be able to rely 8 on them. Simply because it is given a title like "Witness Interview Notes" doesn't mean to say it is not a document we shouldn't rely on when cross-examining a witness. That is a real 09:28:38 10 problem. 11 12 PRESIDING JUDGE: I am not suggesting, sir, you do not 13 cross-examine. I am simply saying to be fair to the witness you cross-examine in context. These are interview notes. 14 They are 09:28:48 15 not his statement. They are interview notes and in cross-examining - you rightly can cross-examine on that topic, 16 17 but in the context of knowing that these are interview notes. Whoever interviewed this man, these were his notes --18 19 MR CAYLEY: I would hope --09:29:04 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: -- vis-a-vis a statement of the witness 21 that he makes. 22 MR CAYLEY: I would hope they were read back. 23 difficulty with taking that position, your Honour, is that there 24 is completely new information in here. If the witness spoke to 09:29:15 25 the OTP and gave new information, one would assume that they 26 actually read these notes back to him. 27 PRESIDING JUDGE: Why do you have to make that assumption? 28 You can ask him. The assumption is never evidence. You can ask

statement of the witness and my understanding is these are notes

As far as the judges are concerned, there is no indication

- 1 that his signature is not indicated here. If neither of the
- 2 parties asks that question then there is the doubt, the doubt
- 3 remains. We so far do not know if these notes were, in fact,
- 4 read back to him and I don't think you should make that
- 09:29:47 5 assumption either.
 - 6 MR CAYLEY: I will ask the question, your Honour.
 - Witness, could you answer the question that is being
 - 8 suggested by the Learned President of the Court. These notes of
 - 9 21 May 2007, can you just take a look at them. Do you see them
- 09:30:06 10 in front of you? Do you want to look at the front page?
 - 11 A. Yes, sir.
 - 12 Q. Do you recall speaking with the Office of the Prosecutor on
 - 13 21 May 2007?
 - 14 A. Yes, I saw that in my file. I could recall.
- 09:30:32 15 Q. Were these interview notes actually read back to you, or
 - 16 did you read them for yourself?
 - 17 A. Yes, Shyamala had to give it to me. It was given to me and
 - 18 I went through.
 - 19 Q. And you read and you checked the accuracy of those notes?
- 09:31:07 20 A. She gave it to me together with my whole statement I did at
 - 21 the Special Court. I looked at them. I saw typographical errors
 - 22 to which I called the attention of Shyamala and told her, "This
 - 23 was not like this, this is what you are supposed to use", in the
 - 24 first statement, which was in the same statement but the very
- 09:31:47 25 first one. I showed it to her.
 - 26 Q. In your session with Mr Bangura were you shown these
 - 27 interview notes again? While you were in The Hague were you
 - 28 shown these interview notes and were you able to read them?
 - 29 A. Well, that one she didn't give it to me, but she read it to

- 1 me.
- 2 Q. Let us move on and now I would like to address you on
- another issue and this concerns your evidence from yesterday.
- 4 I would like you to direct your mind to the second visit that you
- 09:32:44 5 made to Mosquito. Now, you stated yesterday in your evidence
 - 6 that Mosquito put a satellite phone to his ear, said, "Yes okay,
 - 7 sir, yes, sir", and then he announced that he had to go on a trip
 - 8 to Liberia. I put it to you that the first time you mentioned
 - 9 this aspect of the second visit was in your proofing session with
- 09:33:20 10 Mr Bangura. That is right, isn't it?
 - 11 A. Mr Lawyer, this particular word I said it in my statement.
 - 12 As long as it was a prosecution lawyer that was taking me on
 - board in the interview I don't know the court procedures.
 - 14 I don't know. Since I told him that this was what I saw, that is
- 09:33:54 15 all I would say. If you ask me of anything now, Mr Lawyer,
 - 16 beyond that I will not be able to answer because I don't know the
 - 17 court procedures. Special Court was the first.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, nobody is asking you court
 - 19 procedures. The question asked of you is very simple. Please
- 09:34:13 20 answer it directly and I will ask counsel to ask it again.
 - 21 Listen carefully and answer the question directly. Nobody is
 - 22 asking you court procedures.
 - 23 MR CAYLEY: Thank you Madam President.
 - 24 Witness, I will ask this question to you again. The first
- 09:34:33 25 time you mentioned seeing Mosquito with a satellite telephone in
 - this second visit that you refer to was in the proofing session
 - 27 with Mr Bangura in The Hague, wasn't it?
 - 28 A. Yes, I told Mr Bangura.
 - 29 Q. You did not mention it, did you, in any of your prior

- 1 statements, the appearance of this satellite telephone?
- 2 A. Concerning the satellite phone, the satellite phone, yes,
- 3 it was during the time that we met so that I could tell him that
- 4 that was so that I could tell him about the satellite phone.
- 09:35:24 5 Q. You had never mentioned the issue of the satellite
 - 6 telephone in any of your prior statements to the Office of the
 - 7 Prosecutor, had you?
 - 8 A. I mentioned the satellite phone. I mentioned it. If you
 - 9 read my first statement I mention something about the satellite
- 09:35:48 10 phone.
 - 11 Q. Let us have a look at your first statement. Now, the issue
 - of the visit to Mosquito is dealt with on page 1730. Those are
 - 13 the last four digits and I welcome you and encourage you to look
 - 14 through the rest of the statement, but if you can point out to me
- 09:36:35 15 on 1730 where you state that Mosquito was on a satellite
 - 16 telephone I would be grateful.
 - 17 A. If you look at this particular statement towards the end,
 - 18 that is it about it. This one at Burkina and then Mosquito, then
 - 19 it is telling you that, so that this is the end of it. Turn to
- 09:37:38 20 the very first page which concerns about Mosquito, or about my
 - 21 going to Burkina, which is Buedu. Turn to that.
 - 22 Q. Let me read that to you.
 - 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: What page is this?
 - 24 MR CAYLEY: 1730. Let me read it to the Court. It is very
- 09:38:24 **25** brief:
 - 26 "At Burkina I met Mosquito who asked me to join their
 - 27 movement or their force as a combatant, but I told him I was a
 - 28 pastor and a man of God and that I did not want to join as a
 - 29 fighter. He asked me to pray for them."

- 1 You do not mention a satellite telephone, do you, in this
- 2 first statement?
- 3 A. Mr Lawyer, I said it. If it is not in my statement I stand
- 4 by my oath. I will not deny this statement, but to be sincere
- 09:39:03 5 with God I said it in my statement. The time when I was being
 - 6 interviewed I said it.
 - 7 Q. So your position is the investigator did not copy down
 - 8 correctly what you stated to him in November 2002?
 - 9 A. I would not say he did not say so because I have signed it.
- 09:39:29 10 I have signed it, I have signed the document. I would not say he
 - did not do the correct thing, but really he left out certain
 - 12 errors which could be typographical errors. There are certain
 - 13 errors, but really I said it, I said something about the phone.
 - 14 And even if I was in picture I mentioned like this week because
- 09:39:55 15 that was what he said, yes.
 - 16 Q. You signed the statement, didn't you, witness?
 - 17 A. Yes, sir, I said it. I said it that I signed it.
 - 18 Q. And you in fact confirm that you have read the statement,
 - or the statement was read back to you in the English language?
- 09:40:18 20 A. Yes.
 - 21 Q. And you had the opportunity to make additions to the
 - 22 statement, didn't you, or to correct matters in the statement?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. And you didn't correct the statement at the time, in
- 09:40:37 25 November 2002, and have incorporated into it the fact that
 - 26 Mosquito was using a satellite telephone, did you?
 - 27 A. I didn't know that those are the things that will happen,
 - 28 but I can remember remind you, Mr Lawyer, the time when they
 - 29 were asking me about Mosquito, where he was around the hills of

- 1 Freetown, I know that he was using the phone, but all this
- 2 I would not be able to point it out straight, or now, but as you
- 3 talk about the satellite phone I had to mention it that the time
- 4 the BBC was interviewing Mosquito where he was, he said that he
- 09:41:28 5 was in the hills of Freetown, so that shows that in fact he was
 - 6 using the satellite phone.
 - 7 Q. All right, witness, we will move on from that issue. If
 - 8 the witness, please, could be shown the final document which is a
 - 9 witness expense policy form. Witness, I don't believe that you
- 09:41:55 10 will have been shown this by the OTP, so again please take an
 - opportunity to read it through if you can. I have a couple of
 - 12 questions for you. This is a document concerning the money that
 - 13 you have received from the Office of the Prosecutor and the
 - 14 subject matter of the memorandum is, "Witness Expense Policy:
- 09:42:20 15 expenses incurred by TF1-015."
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: What tab would that be?
 - 17 MR CAYLEY: It is the last tab, tab 8, your Honour.
 - Now, you will see there in paragraph 2, witness, that you
 - 19 received 38,000 Leones for medical treatment and 580,000 Leones
- 09:42:59 20 for transportation. Those transportation costs were to take you
 - 21 from Kono District to Freetown and from Freetown back to Kono
 - 22 District, correct?
 - 23 A. They gave me transport. I was given the transport.
 - 24 Q. The other issue here, other expenses, 638,000 Leones, what
- 09:43:26 25 is that for?
 - 26 A. Mr Lawyer, this is not my question because I was not in the
 - 27 particular office. I don't know anything about that and, in
 - 28 fact, I will tell you that this inter-office memorandum which you
 - 29 are talking to me about it is only now I have seen. This is the

- 1 first time for me to see it in this. I did not discuss anything
- 2 about it. I know that they paid me my passage to and fro. Each
- 3 time I came they would give me food. I got welfare. When I was
- 4 sick they would take me to the hospital, but I don't know how
- 09:44:06 5 much it cost. I don't know when I went to the hospital, so
 - 6 therefore this question I don't know it.
 - 7 Q. You say you were given transport from Kono District to
 - 8 Freetown. Did officials of the Court come and collect you and
 - 9 take you to Freetown, or did you make your own way there and they
- 09:44:32 10 refunded the expenses to you?
 - 11 A. The area where I am I was to get to Koidu Town is 59
 - 12 miles. They would give me the passage because I had a motorcycle
 - 13 from Koidu. They had other businesses, I was not the only one
 - 14 involved, so they would send me ahead and give me passage to go
- 09:45:05 15 ahead. I would go directly to the office. That is all I know.
 - 16 Q. So to be correct, you would rent a motorcycle and the Court
 - 17 would refund the cost of that motorcycle rental to you?
 - 18 A. They would give me the cost of the passage from my village
 - 19 to the Koidu Town then I would pay. I have no money. They would
- 09:45:39 20 give me the money and I would pay for the Honda and come to
 - 21 Koidu. From Koidu maybe they will put me on a bus, they
 - 22 themselves will put me on the bus to go to Freetown. Sometimes
 - 23 they will give me transport fare and pay so I can board the bus
 - to Freetown.
- 09:45:57 25 Q. Other than payment of your transport expenses and your
 - 26 medical expenses, about which I don't wish to ask you any further
 - 27 questions, what other expenses were paid to you, if you recall?
 - 28 For what purpose were other expenses paid to you, other than the
 - 29 medical and transportation costs?

- 1 A. Mr Lawyer, I have told you that this particular
- 2 inter-office memorandum it is the first time to see it and
- 3 I don't work there. What I require is the medical, they would
- 4 take me there. Transport, they would give it to me. Until you
- 09:46:53 5 remind me, if it is yes, I will tell you yes, but if it is no,
 - 6 then I will tell you no, but I have no understanding about it.
 - 7 Q. You mentioned a moment ago that you were paid money for the
 - 8 welfare of your family, is that correct?
 - 9 A. I was not given any money to take care of my family. They
- 09:47:18 10 gave me money to relocate.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: Just a moment. Mr Bangura, you are on
 - 12 your feet.
 - 13 MR BANGURA: Yes, your Honour, I have waited patiently to
 - 14 see the direction my Learned friend was going. Your Honours,
- 09:47:29 15 I just wish to point out that the document on which counsel is
 - 16 cross-examining the witness is a document inter-office memorandum
 - 17 which comes from Naeem Ahmed, Deputy Chief of WVS. We understand
 - 18 the organs of the Court and WVS is a unit which is set up to take
 - 19 care of the welfare of witnesses, which includes their expenses
- 09:47:56 20 in court, in attending on the Court when they are called upon and
 - 21 we understand this unit to be responsible for serving not only
 - 22 prosecution witnesses but defence witnesses as well. I just wish
 - 23 to draw my learned friend's attention to the fact that these are
 - 24 not payments which were made by the Prosecution, but by WVS.
- 09:48:17 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: I don't think that the lawyer suggested
 - that they were made by the Prosecution at all. He has been
 - 27 referring to the Court, weren't you, sir?
 - 28 MR BANGURA: Certainly not but that is when why I said
 - 29 I waited patiently to see which direction he was going but I need

- 1 to draw his attention to this part.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think the point is well taken, but
- 3 I think the questions the Defence lawyer is asking are pertinent
- 4 and they only require a direct and truthful answer from the
- 09:48:46 5 witness.
 - 6 MR CAYLEY: Thank you, Madam President. I am going to
 - 7 actually move on to what I believe are the expenses which were
 - 8 directly paid by the Prosecution. This memorandum has never been
 - 9 fully explained to us. My understanding was that it was
- 09:49:01 10 disclosure to us of general payments made for the expenses of the
 - 11 witness, but there is another document which is at tab 7 which
 - 12 I believe, and again Mr Bangura can correct me which are
 - 13 payments that were expressly made by the Office of the Prosecutor
 - 14 to the witness.
- 09:49:25 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Do you wish to refer this document to the
 - 16 witness?
 - 17 MR CAYLEY: In a moment, your Honour. I just wanted to
 - 18 tell the Court where I was going.
 - 19 One last time, witness, again and to be clear, in respect
- 09:49:36 20 of this payment of 638,000 leones from the Court, your evidence
 - is you do not know anything about that sum of money, or why it
 - 22 was paid to you, if indeed it was paid at all?
 - 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: To be fair to the witness, before he
 - 24 answers, this document does not show that the sum of 638,000 was
- 09:50:06 25 actually paid to the witness. It says "Other expenses".
 - 26 MR CAYLEY: It says, your Honour, to date he has been paid
 - 27 a total of 2,000 leones.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: 2 million.
 - 29 MR CAYLEY: Sorry, 2 million leones as witness attendance

- 1 allowance.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE: That one has been specified and you
- 3 haven't asked him anything about that, but the figure in question
- 4 is "leones 638" which is entitled "other expenses". It doesn't
- 09:50:32 5 mean he received it. It could have been spent on him, but by way
 - 6 of accountability it is indicated that --
 - 7 MR CAYLEY: I will ask the larger sum, your Honour, thank
 - 8 you.
 - 9 The sum of 2 million leones that is referred to in this
- 09:50:46 10 document, do you recall receiving that amount? This is the
 - 11 witness attendance allowance.
 - 12 A. I don't know because I was sick. My head was swollen and
 - 13 I used to go to hospital. One of my teeth was disturbing me, so
 - 14 I went to extract it, so I don't know that was the area where
- 09:51:21 15 they spent the money. To say I was given 2 million leones and
 - say, "Here is it", is not something that happened between us.
 - 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: Again, to be fair to the witness this
 - 18 statement says a total of 2 million leones which means this was
 - 19 not dispersed in a lump sum. It could have been given to him in
- 09:51:39 20 smaller amounts. He may have added it up to 2 million, or he may
 - 21 have not. Maybe you should ask the question in a fair manner:
 - 22 did he receive a total altogether, or various sums that totalled
 - 23 2 million?
 - 24 MR CAYLEY: Witness, do you recall receiving small sums of
- 09:51:58 25 money from the Court as witness attendance allowance?
 - 26 A. Yes, sir.
 - 27 Q. Do you recall how much each of those payments were?
 - 28 A. When I am in Freetown, if I am brought down to Freetown
 - 29 every week I will receive 120,000 leones. If I was in Freetown

- 1 for two weeks that was what I received, as long as I was in
- 2 Freetown with the Court.
- 3 Q. On how many occasions, just to the best of your
- 4 recollection, did you receive that payment of 120,000 leones?
- 09:52:51 5 A. Mr Lawyer, I was not able to tell the number. I did not
 - 6 really take note of it to be sincere. I did not really take a
 - 7 note of it.
 - 8 Q. Did you receive those payments more than five times, less
 - 9 than ten times, the sum of 120,000 leones?
- 09:53:19 10 A. Mr Lawyer, I stand by my oath. I will not delay you.
 - 11 I did not count, or collect. I don't know. They will call me
 - 12 and give it to me. I will not call I will not check it up and
 - each time they call me I will do what I have to do with it.
 - 14 I did not count it.
- 09:53:39 15 Q. Let us move to tab 7, please, your Honours, and I think
 - 16 this will be easier. This, I believe, is payments made to the
 - 17 witness by the Office of the Prosecutor. Here I think, Madam
 - 18 President, it is actually clearer: the actual sums, the smaller
 - 19 parts actually received by him.
- 09:54:05 20 Can you just look at that document, witness, and if you go
 - 21 to number 2 it states there that the amount of 15,000 leones were
 - 22 funds required to facilitate your presence at the Special Court
 - 23 for the reconfirmation process as well as funding lost wages. On
 - that date you received the sum of 15,000 leones for
- 09:54:41 25 transportation and lost wages. That is right, isn't it?
 - 26 A. Yes, Mr Lawyer. Each time they went for me, for my passage
 - 27 they will give it to me.
 - 28 Q. And if we go to number 3 we see you received 35,000 leones
 - 29 on 20 September 2004 for transport, meals and communication.

- 1 A. Mr Lawyer, all this could be true, but I am not in the
- 2 office and even the times, I did not recall all the times. I did
- 3 not put them on record.
- 4 Q. Let us go to number 7. That is over the page, please
- 09:55:33 5 Rachel, thank you. These two payments on 10 May and 11 May are
 - 6 just prior to that additional statement you made on 12 May 2007.
 - 7 Do you recall receiving 50,000 leones from the Office of the
 - 8 Prosecutor for family welfare? That does say it was a payment
 - 9 made to you.
- 09:55:58 10 A. Yes, they met me in my village and then I asked, "I will
 - 11 not go because my family I have nothing to leave them", and
 - 12 Akomeh gave me 50,000 leones which I signed for myself,
 - 13 Mr Lawyer.
 - 14 Q. Then I think the next day you were given 35,000 leones
- 09:56:22 15 transport and meals for your trip to Freetown, is that right?
 - 16 A. What was given to me? I cannot see it.
 - 17 Q. If you go to paragraph 8, sir, and you look there you will
 - 18 see the sum of 35,000 leones?
 - 19 A. Yes, sir, they gave me that money in the morning and both
- 09:56:46 20 of us went to the bus station and then he gave me the money. The
 - 21 5,000 leones was for my meals in the week and the 35,000 leones
 - 22 was the transport fare to Freetown and, indeed, I signed there
 - 23 al so.
 - Q. I think you said 5,000 leones. Maybe it was an
- 09:57:05 25 interpretation mistake. In fact it was 50,000 leones under 7.
 - 26 If we can go over the page to paragraph 9, Tuesday 19 June
 - 27 2007, if you can look at that entry, "Family welfare provided as
 - 28 witness required to attend investigations, prosecution meetings."
 - 29 You were then paid the sum of 100,000 leones. Do you recall

- 1 receiving that money?
- 2 A. I received it from Akomeh.
- 3 Q. What was the purpose of that meeting on 19 June, 20 June
- 4 with the Office of the Prosecutor?
- 09:58:09 5 A. I was invited. They told me about the Special Court in The
 - 6 Hague here. Mr Lawyer, you see most of these things I cannot
 - 7 recall properly because it is not in a record with me. I don't
 - 8 want to tell a lie before this Court. I stand by my oath.
 - 9 I would not remember, I will not recall all the things that were
- 09:58:36 10 involved, I mean, all the things that I was called for.
 - 11 Q. At the time on 19 June, and again I am not in any way
 - 12 trying to mislead you, do you recall actually being in the Court
 - on 19 June 2007, or was it a bit prior to that date?
 - 14 A. Mr Lawyer, I have told you that I did not record these
- 09:59:15 15 things, so you are still inviting me along that line. I did not
 - 16 record these things. I could not understand for now. The only
 - 17 thing, I was called and I responded to the call but I did not
 - 18 count how many times before I was there, or after, or before.
 - 19 This is not in my record, Mr Lawyer.
- 09:59:34 20 Q. At the time you were made this payment of 100,000 leones,
 - 21 so this specific payment you do recall, you made a statement to
 - 22 the OTP, correct?
 - 23 A. Mr Lawyer, I mean I was invited to be interviewed. They
 - 24 called me to be interviewed, but except you make it clear.
- 10:00:04 25 Q. Let us look at the balance of the payments 10, 11 and 12.
 - 26 Two further payments made on 19 June of 40,000 and 35,000. Do
 - 27 you see that under 10 and 11? These were payments made to you
 - 28 directly, do you recall? This is numbers 10 and 11 to be clear.
 - 29 A. 10 and 11, yes, I have said that as far as the money is

- 1 concerned the man who was sent to hand this money to me would
- 2 give it to me. He would give it to me, Akomeh. He would pass on
- 3 the money to me.
- 4 Q. Then the final payment in 12, Friday 6 July, you received a
- 10:01:03 5 further payment of 20,000 leones for lost wages. Do you recall
 - 6 receiving that amount?
 - 7 A. Well, you see, I was given money which was 20,000 leones,
 - 8 but the names they did not make it clear like what I am seeing
 - 9 here now, lost wages, it was not clearly mentioned to me, but the
- 10:01:47 10 money was given to me, but I don't know, I don't know what the
 - 11 money is given for, that, "This is the reason why you were given
 - 12 this money", or this money was going for this, this money was
 - 13 going for this. I don't know, but the money really was given to
 - 14 me. I signed for it.
- 10:02:05 15 Q. So at the time that officials from the Office of the
 - 16 Prosecutor gave you this money they didn't actually tell you why
 - 17 they were giving it to you, they didn't specify the purpose for
 - 18 which they were giving you the money. Is that what you are
 - 19 sayi ng?
- 10:02:22 20 A. The transportation fare they would give it to me. My
 - 21 welfare, my family welfare when I was not there, they would tell
 - 22 me. The lunch, they would tell me about it. I don't know if any
 - 23 of that they would give me money, but there were times maybe it
 - 24 was a kind of gesture, but maybe because they came to see me, or
- 10:02:49 25 because they wasted my time.
 - 26 Q. So you are saying to the judges that there were occasions
 - when money was given to you as a gesture?
 - 28 A. Mr Lawyer, understand me, they would be giving money and
 - 29 what was meant for the transport fare would be spelt out. What

- 1 was meant for my family welfare when I was not there, they will
- 2 say to me, "This is for your family welfare." On the way, my
- 3 | Lunch on the way they would tell me. Rather than that they would
- 4 give me money, I don't know what for. I received money. Listen,
- 10:03:36 5 so I don't know it was because of kind gestures, or because maybe
 - of the time, my time they wasted, or for what.
 - 7 MR CAYLEY: Thank you, witness. I don't have any further
 - 8 questions for this witness, your Honour.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you, sir. Any re-examination?
- 10:03:58 10 MR BANGURA: Yes, your Honour, just on a short point. If
 - 11 you could direct the witness to I'm going by the documents
 - 12 provided by counsel on the other side. Tab 5, first to the
 - 13 page with the numbers, last four digits 2463.
 - 14 RE-EXAMINATION BY MR BANGURA:
- 10:04:48 15 Q. Mr Witness, in answering questions posed to you by
 - 16 Mr Cayley you did say that in your first statement that you made
 - 17 to the Prosecution you mentioned that in fact you had asked to be
 - 18 made a field marshall, you had asked Mosquito to make you a field
 - 19 marshall and that point was in dispute. Is that not so?
- 10:05:28 20 A. My Lord, I said so in the presence of the Court. I asked
 - 21 him, "Before you could make me a major, make me a field marshall
 - 22 because I am a man of God." What he told me he is yet not a one
 - 23 star general, his boss is yet not a five star general, how can he
 - make me a field marshall? He told these people to release me.
- 10:06:06 25 Q. Thank you, Mr Witness. On 21 May 2007 when you met with
 - the Prosecution you had the opportunity of correcting previous
 - 27 statements that you had made to the Prosecution. Is that not so?
 - 28 A. Yes, the things were taken to me. I read it and I was
 - 29 asked if there is anything I want to change.

- 1 Q. Look at the page of the document which is before you now.
- 2 The first line there after the names of the lawyer and the the
- 3 lawyer who was present it says can you read that for the
- 4 Court or are you able to read that? "The witness." Just that
- 10:07:05 5 line, that sentence?
 - 6 A. "The witness supplied me with the following corrections
 - 7 that he made in his original statement".
 - 8 Q. Mr Witness, amongst the corrections that you made can we
 - 9 move on to the page ending with the digits 2464. Amongst the
- 10:07:41 10 corrections that you made was this fact that you had asked to be
 - 11 made a field marshall. Is that not so?
 - 12 A. Yes, sir.
 - 13 Q. And if you look at the second bullet point on that
 - 14 page does that reflect exactly what you had said to the
- 10:08:13 15 Prosecutor as a way of correction of your first statement?
 - 16 A. I did not get you clearly, sir.
 - 17 Q. I will read this for you. You say that these are the
 - 18 notes of the Prosecutor who took your statement, the lawyer who
 - 19 took your statement, this is Shyamala Alagendra, and she says
- 10:08:45 20 here, "In his original statement he advised that when he agreed
 - 21 to join Sam Bockarie and the RUF only he advised that" I will
 - 22 go over that again, sorry. "That in his original statement he
 - 23 advised that when he agreed to join Sam Bockarie and the RUF only
 - 24 if Bockarie made him a field marshall, Sam Bockarie's reply was
- 10:09:17 25 that he himself was not even a one star general and his boss
 - 26 Charles Ghankay Taylor who was in Liberia was only a five star
 - general, so it was not possible for the witness to be a field
 - 28 marshall."
 - 29 You made these corrections to --

- 1 A. Shyamal a.
- 2 Q. Shyamala. In respect of the first statement that you had
- 3 made?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 10:09:51 5 Q. Thank you.
 - 6 A. Yes, I made this correction.
 - 7 MR BANGURA: Thank you, Mr Witness. No further questions,
 - 8 your Honour.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Teh, I want to thank you for your
- 10:10:07 10 testimony. This is now the end of it. You are free to leave the
 - 11 Court. Thank you.
 - 12 THE WITNESS: Thank you ma'am.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: I think the Prosecution should now call
 - 14 their next witness. There is a bit of time before the break.
- 10:11:03 15 Yes, Madam Prosecutor.
 - 16 MS HOLLIS: Your Honour, the Prosecution now calls TF1-406.
 - 17 This is a witness who will testify in open court using Liberian
 - 18 English.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: Also this is a witness who has waived his
- 10:11:58 20 protective measures?
 - 21 MS HOLLIS: That is correct, your Honour.
 - 22 WI TNESS: TF1-406 [Sworn]
 - 23 EXAMINATION-IN-CHIEF BY MS HOLLIS:
 - 24 Q. Good morning, Mr Witness.
- 10:15:51 25 A. Good morning.
 - 26 Q. Sir, I will remind you that as you testify your testimony
 - 27 is being translated, so if you would please speak slowly so that
 - 28 the translation can keep up with what you are saying. Would you
 - 29 please state your name for the Court?

- 1 A. My name is Varmuyan Sherif.
- 2 Q. Can you spell your first name, please?
- 3 A. V-A-R-M-U-Y-A-N.
- 4 Q. Can you spell your last name?
- 10:16:33 5 A. S-H-E-R-I-F.
 - 6 Q. What is your date of birth?
 - 7 A. I was born in June 7.
 - 8 Q. What year?
 - 9 A. 1968.
- 10:16:53 10 Q. And where were you born?
 - 11 A. I was born in central Liberia, Gbarnga, in a hospital close
 - 12 to Gbarnga called Fibi.
 - 13 Q. Your father was born where?
 - 14 A. My father was born in Voinjama.
- 10:17:15 15 Q. In what country is Voinjama located?
 - 16 A. Liberia, Lofa County.
 - 17 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, Voinjama is V-O-I-N-J-A-M-A.
 - 18 Q. What was your father's ethnicity or tribe?
 - 19 A. Mandi ngo.
- 10:17:50 20 Q. Where was your mother born?
 - 21 A. My mother was born in Sierra Leone.
 - 22 Q. What was her ethnicity or tribe?
 - 23 A. Mende.
 - 24 Q. What is your ethnicity or tribe?
- 10:18:12 **25** A. Mandingo.
 - 26 Q. Would you please tell us what education you have received?
 - 27 A. I am a high school student stopped at 12th grade.
 - 28 Q. In 1990 where were you residing?
 - 29 A. I was in Kakata.

- 1 Q. Where is Kakata, in what country?
- 2 A. Kakata is in Liberia, Margibi County.
- 3 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, Kakata is K-A-K-A-T-A.
- 4 Q. What were you doing in Kakata in 1990?
- 10:19:03 5 A. I was attending school, St Christopher in the junior high.
 - 6 Q. What grade were you in at that time?
 - 7 A. In the 12th grade.
 - 8 Q. Did you finish your school year in Kakata?
 - 9 A. No.
- 10:19:20 10 Q. And why did you not finish your school year in Kakata?
 - 11 A. Because the war was coming. We all ran away from Kakata.
 - 12 Q. Who was fighting in Kakata or approaching Kakata when you
 - 13 ran away?
 - 14 A. The NPFL was coming and we ran away from Kakata and went to
- 10:19:51 15 Monrovia.
 - 16 Q. How long did you stay in Monrovia?
 - 17 A. For a week.
 - 18 Q. Where did you go from there?
 - 19 A. I travelled to Voinjama.
- 10:20:08 20 Q. Why did you travel to Voinjama?
 - 21 A. Whilst we were in Monrovia we heard the war entered Kakata.
 - 22 I couldn't stay in Monrovia so I left and went to Voinjama.
 - 23 Q. Why did you go to Voinjama specifically?
 - 24 A. Because of the fear of the war not to meet me in the
- 10:20:32 **25** capital city.
 - 26 Q. Where was your father's family home?
 - 27 A. My father's family home was in Chocolate City in Monrovia.
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Excuse me, could I ask the interpreter to
 - 29 please speak clearly so that we can understand. Do not also

- 1 speak in Liberian English, if you can please. For instance
- 2 I didn't catch that last word. Something city. Mr Interpreter,
- 3 what was the word?
- 4 THE WITNESS: Chocolate City. Around Gardnersville where
- 10:21:20 5 my family was staying in Monrovia is a quarter in Gardnersville
 - 6 that is called Chocolate City and that is in Monrovia.
 - 7 MS HOLLIS: If I could at this time have the map at tab 26
 - 8 marked for identification and your Honours have been provided, as
 - 9 has the Defence, with a large copy of this that makes it easier
- 10:21:48 10 to see.
 - 11 PRESIDING JUDGE: What is the MFI number, please?
 - 12 MS IRURA: The MFI is marked for identification 1, your
 - 13 Honour.
 - 14 MS HOLLIS: Your Honour, I don't think that can be.
- 10:22:16 15 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, it can be because the other MFIs
 - 16 have expired. All the other MFIs expired. Unless the Defence
 - 17 have any objection? No objection. So we will mark this
 - 18 document, a map, entitled "RUF main supply routes" as MFI-1.
 - 19 MS HOLLIS: Could I ask that that be shown to the witness,
- 10:22:39 20 please. You should have the large copy of that map. Yes, thank
 - 21 you. Could you actually first show it to the witness, provide it
 - 22 to him, please?
 - 23 Q. Mr Witness, do you recognise that document?
 - 24 A. Yes
- 10:23:01 25 Q. And what is shown on that document?
 - 26 A. That is my signature.
 - 27 Q. The markings on that document, did you provide the
 - information for those markings?
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. What do those markings depict?
- 2 A. Those are the various routes from the capital city Monrovia
- 3 going towards Lofa Leading towards the Sierra Leone border.
- 4 Q. Now if that can be placed on the screen and, Mr Witness, if
- 10:23:39 5 you could move a bit closer to the screen and be provided with
 - 6 something to point to the map. Is there a pen or something the
 - 7 witness can be provided? You have mentioned several cities in
 - 8 Monrovia and to assist the Court I would ask at this time that
 - 9 you point to these various cities. First of all you said that
- 10:24:15 10 you were born near Gbarnga. Your Honours, that is G-B-A-R-N-G-A.
 - 11 Where is that located? Would you point to that please?
 - 12 A. Here [indicated].
 - 13 Q. And you said that you attended school in Kakata. Would you
 - 14 please point to Kakata on the map? You have to move the map up
- 10:24:41 15 please?
 - 16 A. Here is Kakata [indicated].
 - 17 Q. Something is blocking that. Can you move the map up so
 - 18 Kakata appears on the screen. Would you please point to Kakata?
 - 19 A. Kakata [indicated].
- 10:25:16 20 Q. And you said after you left Monrovia you went to Voinjama.
 - 21 Would you point out where Voinjama is on that map?
 - 22 A. Here is Voinjama [indicated].
 - 23 Q. Mr Witness, how long did you stay in Voinjama?
 - 24 A. I was there for a month.
- 10:25:51 25 Q. From Voinjama where did you go?
 - 26 A. I went to Sierra Leone.
 - 27 Q. Why did you leave Voinjama to go to Sierra Leone?
 - 28 A. The war extended when Zorzor was attacked and the war was
 - 29 coming closer to Voinjama and then I left Voinjama and went to

- 1 Sierra Leone. The place was called very close to Bomaru area.
- 2 The place was called Bullo. That was my mother land.
- 3 Q. Mr Witness, when you say the war was coming to Voinjama,
- 4 what forces were approaching Voinjama?
- 10:26:39 5 A. It was NPFL.
 - 6 Q. You said the village you went to was close to Bomaru.
 - 7 Could you point to that on the map?
 - 8 A. This is Bomaru [indicated].
 - 9 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, as you see that is B-O-M-A-R-U.
- 10:27:11 10 Q. Bomaru is in Sierra Leone?
 - 11 A. Yes.
 - 12 Q. You said you went to an area close to Bomaru. Why did you
 - 13 go to this particular area?
 - 14 A. That area is my mother's home called Baiwala, very close to
- 10:27:31 15 Bomaru so that is the place I went to my mother.
 - 16 Q. And how long did you remain in Bomaru or in the area near
 - 17 Bomaru?
 - 18 A. I was there for almost six months doing farming for my
 - 19 mother. When we when we saw people there running, coming
- 10:27:55 20 again, that the war was coming into Sierra Leone. Then I said
 - 21 I cannot stay there because I'm a foreigner I can't stay here, so
 - 22 I had to move to Kenema at the refugee camp very close to Kenema
 - 23 called RGR.
 - 24 Q. If I can ask you to stop there for a moment please. While
- 10:28:16 25 you were in your mother's village what did you do?
 - 26 A. I was doing farming work for my mother.
 - 27 Q. While you were there in that village what language did you
 - 28 speak?
 - 29 A. Mende.

- 1 Q. You said that you felt you had to leave your mother's
- 2 village because the war or the fighting was coming close. When
- 3 you say that, what forces were coming close to your mother's
- 4 village?
- 10:28:47 5 A. We heard it was the NPFL crossing to Sierra Leone.
 - 6 Q. You said you went to a refugee camp that was near Kenema
 - 7 and again to assist the Court if I could have the map at tab 27
 - 8 marked for identification please.
 - 9 PRESIDING JUDGE: That would be marked MFI-2.
- 10:29:19 10 MS HOLLIS: And if that map could be shown to the witness.
 - 11 Q. Mr Witness, if you would take a moment and look at that map
 - 12 to orientate yourself. As your Honours and the Defence will see,
 - 13 this is a map that shows Liberia, portions of Sierra Leone,
 - 14 Guinea and Cote d'Ivoire. Could that map be placed on the
- 10:29:57 15 projector, please? Mr Witness, would you please show us on that
 - 16 map where Kenema is located?
 - 17 A. This is Kenema [indicated].
 - 18 Q. How long did you remain in the refugee camp near Kenema?
 - 19 A. I was there when the war entered into Sierra Leone.
- 10:30:33 20 Q. What do you mean when you say the war entered into Sierra
 - 21 Leone?
 - 22 A. At the border area Koindu was attacked and the war people
 - 23 were running away, coming into Kenema area. They could see that
 - the refugees were moving up and down, other refugees had been
- 10:30:59 25 arrested, saying they were Liberians bringing the war in Sierra
 - 26 Leone. So they found that the rebellion against NPFL by Sierra
 - 27 Leone government, I heard about that, that they should call LUDF.
 - 28 Q. Now when you said the war was coming to Sierra Leone and
 - 29 Koindu was attacked do you know what groups were attacking Sierra

- 1 Leone?
- 2 A. The information we used to get at the time was the
- 3 Liberian, the Foday Sankoh people it was Foday Sankoh they were
- 4 talking on the air was bringing war into Sierra Leone.
- 10:31:56 5 Q. You mentioned LUDF. What was that group?
 - 6 A. That group was formed among the refugees supported by the
 - 7 Si erra Leone government to fight against the Foday Sankoh group
 - 8 and the NPFL who were bringing war into Sierra Leone. Liberians
 - 9 United For Defence Force.
- 10:32:27 10 Q. When you say it was a group that was formed by refugees,
 - 11 refugees from where, from what country?
 - 12 A. The refugees were supported by the Sierra Leone government
 - 13 because the ambassador of Liberia from the old regime was still
 - 14 operating, he was still working in Freetown and that was how it
- 10:32:55 15 happened, in 1990 up until 1991 the former ambassador for Liberia
 - 16 he funded it and they funded the Liberian group to fight against
 - 17 the Foday Sankoh group and the NPFL who were bringing the war
 - 18 into Sierra Leone.
 - 19 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Hollis, I have my eye on the clock.
- 10:33:18 20 I am just wondering what would be an appropriate time to break?
 - 21 MS HOLLIS: This would be a convenient time, your Honour.
 - 22 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. Mr Witness, we are going to have a
 - 23 brief break because we have been sitting since 9. I would urge
 - 24 you not to discuss your testimony with anyone. The Court will
- 10:33:33 25 resume at 11 o'clock.
 - 26 [Break taken at 10.33 a.m.]
 - 27 [Upon resuming at 11.00 a.m.]
 - 28 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good morning once again. Ms Hollis,
 - 29 please continue.

- 1 MS HOLLIS: Thank you, Madam President.
- 2 Q. Mr Witness, before we continue, this of course is occurring
- 3 through translation and we will take your information step by
- 4 step. So if I could ask you please to listen very carefully to
- 10:59:54 5 the question being asked. Mr Witness, before the break you were
 - 6 telling the Court about the LUDF. Did you become a member of the
 - 7 LUDF?
 - 8 A. Yes.
 - 9 Q. And for how long were you a member of the LUDF?
- 11:00:24 10 A. Well, when the LUDF was existing it was about six months, I
 - 11 recall.
 - 12 Q. And at the end of that six months did the LUDF become what
 - 13 was called ULIMO?
 - 14 A. Yes, after the six months the name was changed to ULIMO.
- 11:00:54 15 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, that is U-L-I-M-O.
 - 16 THE WITNESS: ULIMO.
 - 17 PRESIDING JUDGE: It would assist if some of these acronyms
 - 18 could be elaborated upon.
 - 19 MS HOLLIS: Yes, your Honour.
- 11:01:17 20 Q. Now, Mr Witness, at this time can you tell the Court what
 - 21 the letters ULIMO meant, what did they stand for?
 - 22 A. Let me start with LUDF, Liberians United For Defence Force.
 - 23 That is LUDF. ULIMO is United Liberation Movement For Democracy
 - in Liberia.
- 11:01:44 25 Q. Thank you for that. Now did you continue as a member of
 - 26 ULI MO?
 - 27 A. Yes.
 - 28 Q. And what was your position in ULIMO?
 - 29 A. My position was battalion commander.

- 1 Q. And how long did you remain a member of ULIMO?
- 2 A. I was a member of ULIMO up to 97, up to the elections.
- 3 Q. The other individuals in ULIMO, if you know, what were
- 4 their ethnicities or tribes?
- 11:02:36 5 A. It was comprising of the entire tribe, but it was dominated
 - 6 by two tribes, the Khran and the Mandingo.
 - 7 Q. And these were tribes found in what country?
 - 8 A. Liberia.
 - 9 Q. How long did you remain a member of ULIMO in Sierra Leone?
- 11:03:04 10 A. I was a member of ULIMO when the name was changed. At the
 - 11 time we were at the border fighting against the NPFL. We crossed
 - 12 to Sierra Leone into Liberia, I mean, and we continued the war.
 - 13 Q. Do you recall what year it was that you crossed into
 - 14 Li beri a?
- 11:03:29 15 A. That was in 1992.
 - 16 Q. While you were fighting in Sierra Leone you said that you
 - 17 were fighting against the NPFL?
 - 18 A. And RUF.
 - 19 Q. Thank you. How do you know that these were the groups you
- 11:03:49 20 were fighting against?
 - 21 A. When we were fighting we captured people and also when we
 - 22 get to a village we interview civilians, we would see the
 - 23 writings on the houses "RUF" or "NPFL". So that's how I managed
 - 24 to know, people that we interview.
- 11:04:17 25 Q. You said that one of your sources was that you captured
 - 26 people. Could you tell us, please, if you know, the ages of the
 - 27 people that you captured?
 - 28 A. All ages. People 25 years, 15 years, 12 years, both male
 - 29 and female. Both male and female.

- 1 Q. And these people that you captured, were they from the RUF?
- 2 A. All from both Sierra Leonean and Liberian, both RUF and
- 3 NPFL.
- 4 Q. Now when you were in Sierra Leone and ULIMO what area of
- 11:05:06 5 Sierra Leone were you fighting in?
 - 6 A. I fought from first started from close to Kenema, Kolahun
 - 7 to get to Zimmi, from Zimmi we have a two battalion, one is
 - 8 Alligator, one is Zebra. The Alligator cross from Mano River
 - 9 Kongo and I was heading the Zebra battalion from Bo, from Bo
- 11:05:38 10 Waterside to Bombomtala Salamu to Teani.
 - 11 Q. If I could stop you there a moment and if the MFI-2 could
 - 12 be put back on the screen so that we can see some of these areas.
 - 13 Now you said you moved to Zimmi. Could you show us where Zimmi
 - 14 is? And you said you were fighting, I believe you said, in the
- 11:06:27 15 Kenema area. Could you show us that area that you were fighting
 - 16 in?
 - 17 A. I said close to from Kenema area. It was around Golahun
 - 18 Tunkia area, but Zimmi is towards the Bo Waterside going towards
 - 19 Mano River Kongo and then we crossed over to Cape Mount where our
- 11:06:57 20 front line was linking Cape Mount and Liberia.
 - 21 Q. And once you crossed over to Cape Mount where was your
 - 22 headquarters, where were you based in Liberia?
 - 23 A. I was at Klay.
 - 24 Q. Now when you were at Klay what was your position?
- 11:07:31 25 A. When we opened Po River I became the acting field commander
 - 26 for ULIMO.
 - 27 Q. And you say Po River, where is Po River Located?
 - 28 A. Po River is not written here, but it is the beginning of
 - the city Monrovia.

- 1 Q. And then you say that at that time you became field
- 2 commander. What were your duties at that time as field commander
- 3 for ULIMO?
- 4 A. I was supervising all the front lines, coordinating all the
- 11:08:18 5 various battalion commanders.
 - 6 Q. And who were you fighting against at this time in Liberia?
 - 7 A. Fighting against the NPFL.
 - 8 Q. Now when you entered Liberia in 1992, if you know who was
 - 9 in control of Lofa County?
- 11:08:49 10 A. NPFL was in Lofa and RUF was.
 - 11 Q. Now for the assistance of the Court could you point on the
 - 12 map to where Lofa County is in Liberia?
 - 13 A. Lofa [indicated].
 - 14 Q. Thank you. Now at any time did ULIMO attack Lofa County?
- 11:09:24 15 A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. And who did you fight against in Lofa County?
 - 17 A. NPFL and RUF.
 - 18 Q. And how do you know that these people were NPFL and RUF?
 - 19 A. I was a supervisor and I used to visit the area and all the
- 11:09:52 20 front lines. We mobilise a group in Lofa to pass through Bopolu,
 - 21 I think. This is Bopolu [indicated]. From Bopolu to the forest
 - 22 and then to Zorzor area. You can find Zorzor here [indicated].
 - 23 We spread between there.
 - 24 Q. Mr Witness, let me ask you again when you began the attack
- 11:10:29 25 on Lofa County who were you fighting against?
 - 26 A. We were fighting against NPFL and RUF.
 - 27 Q. And how did you know that it was NPFL and RUF that you were
 - 28 fighting against?
 - 29 A. When we got to Zorzor area we captured a lot of people and

- 1 also the civilians who were there gave us the information that
- 2 the NPFL were controlling the area, but also that the RUF were in
- 3 there because they used that particular route to go to Sierra
- 4 Leone. So there were both NPFL and RUF attacking us.
- 11:11:18 5 Q. And again now you have said that one of your sources of
 - 6 information was from captured people. What were the ages of
 - 7 these people?
 - 8 A. They had people under age, 12, 14, 18, 25, up to 30 years
 - 9 who were captured, both male and female.
- 11:11:48 10 Q. And these captured people, if you know, what was their
 - 11 status? Were they civilians or fighters?
 - 12 A. People that were captured were fighters, but in areas there
 - were a lot of civilians. We also captured fighters.
 - 14 Q. Now these fighters that you captured that were 12, 14 years
- 11:12:16 15 of age, when you captured them did they have weapons?
 - 16 A. Yes.
 - 17 Q. When did you initiate your attack against Lofa County?
 - 18 A. 92 and into 93, throughout the years we were fighting in
 - 19 Lofa. We advanced from Zorzor to Voinjama and from Voinjama to
- 11:12:48 20 Kolahun and from Kolahun to Foya.
 - 21 Q. Let me stop you there for a moment and your Honours it is
 - 22 Zorzor, Z-0-R-Z-0-R and I will not pronounce it correctly but
 - 23 Kolahun is spelt K-O-L-A-H-U-N and Foya is F-O-Y-A.
 - Now you have indicated that you were fighting against the
- 11:13:18 25 NPFL and the RUF. Were there any other forces in Lofa County
 - that you were fighting against?
 - 27 A. Yes, later, 1993, the Lofa Defence Force was founded in
 - 28 Gbarnga and they started attacking our position.
 - 29 Q. And how did you know about the creation of the Lofa Defence

- 1 Force?
- 2 A. The Leader of the Lofa Defence Force, Francois Massaquoi,
- 3 he spoke on the air and he said that they were coming to remove
- 4 ULIMO from Lofa County to liberate their territory. And also
- 11:14:09 5 whilst we were fighting against them we also got some civilians
 - 6 who gave us the information that this group is the same NPFL who
 - 7 have changed their name to Lofa Defence Force because they there
 - 8 is a peace process going on, they do not want to use the name of
 - 9 NPFL, therefore they decided to change their name to the Lofa
- 11:14:31 10 Defence Force. That was how we got to know the name.
 - 11 Q. Now while you were fighting in Lofa County did you know the
 - 12 names of any of the NPFL commanders in Lofa County?
 - 13 A. Those who were fighting against us? Is that what you mean?
 - 14 Q. Yes, Mr Witness.
- 11:14:53 15 A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. And who were some of these commanders if you can remember
 - 17 their names?
 - 18 A. Christopher Varmoh, that was the Liberia Mosquito. You had
 - 19 Fasu, you have Magwon, you have Jag, that was George Dwana. He
- 11:15:24 20 was called Jack the Rebel. Those were some of the commanders
 - 21 that were fighting against us.
 - 22 Q. Now you indicated that --
 - PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Hollis. We need some spellings here,
 - 24 please before, you run off very far.
- 11:15:42 25 MS HOLLIS: That's what I'm coming to, your Honour.
 - Q. You indicated that one of the commander's names was Fasu.
 - 27 Is that spelled F-A-S-S-U?
 - 28 A. F-A-S-U.
 - 29 Q. And then you mentioned someone whose name was Magwon; is

- 1 that correct?
- 2 A. Magwon, yes.
- 3 Q. Can you tell us how to spell that?
- 4 A. I can't spell Magwon out of my head now. I cannot spell
- 11:16:08 5 it.
 - 6 MS HOLLIS: Your Honour, I think it would be M-A-G-W-O-N.
 - 7 PRESIDING JUDGE: As a way forward, counsel, we would
 - 8 appreciate the spellings one by one as they come in rather then
 - 9 after it's compounded and then we're totally lost.
- 11:16:34 10 MS HOLLIS: Yes, your Honour. He also mentioned, your
 - 11 Honour, Christopher Varmoh. Christopher would be the normal
 - 12 spelling and Varmoh is V-A-R-M-O-H.
 - 13 Q. Now can you tell us, please, what was the result of the
 - 14 fighting in Lofa County?
- 11:16:54 15 A. The result at the end, the ULIMO had total control of Lofa
 - 16 County.
 - 17 Q. And at what point in time did ULIMO have total control of
 - 18 Lofa County?
 - 19 A. The end of 1993 ULIMO had 93 and the beginning of 1994
- 11:17:22 20 ULIMO had total control of Lofa County.
 - 21 Q. And during the time that you had total control of Lofa
 - 22 County did fighting continue in the county?
 - 23 A. We were still resisting, you know, because we break between
 - the RUF and the NPFL and the RUF in Sierra Leone were getting
- 11:17:51 25 their supply through Gbarnga so and the remnants of the NPFL that
 - 26 was in Kolahun and Foya areas all crossed to Sierra Leone so they
 - 27 merged with the RUF and we were still being attacked from the
 - 28 Sierra Leone border. Commander headed by General Fayah.
 - 29 Q. Now if can you just pause for a moment. You said they were

- 1 headed by General Fayah. Do you know how to spell Fayah?
- 2 A. F-A-Y-A-H.
- 3 Q. And how did you know the name of this General Fayah?
- 4 A. General Fayah fought until he lost all that he had with him
- 11:18:46 5 and then later he crossed over to Guinea. From Guinea he went to
 - 6 Monrovia. During that time the NPFL and the ULIMO merged and
 - 7 that was in 1996. All of the commanders starting knowing each
 - 8 other and we were now we became friends. We all merged in 1996
 - 9 when war totally broke out in Monrovia. The NPFL and the ULIMO
- 11:19:18 10 merged and then we become one unit. Then we started knowing each
 - 11 other and who was in a specific position and who was fighting at
 - 12 a particular point against the other and who was fighting the
 - other at a particular point.
 - 14 Q. Thank you, Mr Witness. Now what was your position during
- 11:19:38 15 the time that ULIMO held control over Lofa County?
 - 16 A. General supervisor.
 - 17 Q. And in that capacity were you involved in attacks on any
 - 18 other areas in Liberia?
 - 19 A. Yes. We fought with the Lofa Defence Force were
- 11:20:03 20 continuing attacking us. We decided to fight against them and we
 - 21 we fight until we get to Gbarnga.
 - 22 Q. Now again to assist the Court if you could please be
 - 23 provided with MFI-1 and if that could be placed on the screen.
 - 24 Could you show us, please, where Gbarnga is again?
- 11:21:13 25 A. Here is Gbarnga [indicated].
 - 26 Q. What was the result of the attack against Gbarnga?
 - 27 A. We captured Gbarnga. We were there for several times when
 - we had instruction when Alhadji Koroma said that a peace talk
 - 29 was going on and that at that time now we had to retreat from

- 1 there and that if we didn't retreat from there there would be no
- 2 peace because the leader of the NPFL is saying that you cannot
- 3 have a war on your back and then you say you want to have peace.
- 4 That was in fact the reason why we retreated from there.
- 11:21:53 5 Q. Let me stop you there for a moment. Now you mentioned a
 - 6 person you said you had an instruction from, Alhadji Koroma.
 - 7 That would be, your Honours, A-L-H-A-D-J-I K-O-R-O-M-A. Who was
 - 8 Alhadji Koroma?
 - 9 A. Alhadji Koroma was the leader of ULIMO-K because in 1994,
- 11:22:23 10 at the end of 94 going towards 95, we had a split. There was two
 - 11 types of ULIMO. We had ULIMO-k headed by Roosevelt Johnson and
 - 12 ULIMO-K headed by Alhadji Koroma.
 - 13 Q. And you said this split occurred at the end of 1994 going
 - 14 towards 1995?
- 11:22:48 15 A. Yes.
 - 16 Q. And to which group did you align yourself?
 - 17 A. ULI MO-K.
 - 18 Q. Now when you attacked Gbarnga what types of weapons were
 - 19 used against you?
- 11:23:10 20 A. Mortar was there and then we experienced land mines. Land
 - 21 mines were there. We didn't know since we had started the war
 - 22 we didn't see any land mines but then we experienced it when our
 - 23 vehicle was leaving Gbarnga to go to Zorzor area and then there
 - 24 was a blast under the vehicle and then 15 people died. You could
- 11:23:37 25 only identify a particular human being in three parts because
 - they were identified part by part. And also we saw a four barrel
 - 27 there. Those were anti-terrorist weapons.
 - 28 Q. When you say a four barrel, can you give a more detailed
 - 29 description of this weapon. What did it look like?

- 1 A. The weapon had four barrels. When you trigger it the
- 2 bullets will go out of four barrels and then that is normally the
- 3 weapon that they use to bring down a plane.
- 4 Q. Mr Witness, how long did you hold control of Gbarnga.
- 11:24:42 5 A. We were there for one month when we received instruction
 - 6 from Alhadji Koroma that we should retreat.
 - 7 Q. And during the one month you were in control of Gbarnga
 - 8 where were you yourself based?
 - 9 A. In the central town of Gbarnga. That was the headquarters
- 11:25:02 10 of the NPFL. That was where we were.
 - 11 Q. And while you were based there at the headquarters of the
 - 12 NPFL did you see any kind of television satellite equipment?
 - 13 A. That was the a black satellite, the dish was black
 - 14 outside, but it was traced to the Middle East. That was the only
- 11:25:34 15 thing I saw there.
 - 16 Q. And where did you see this black satellite?
 - 17 A. At the headquarters. That was the residence for the leader
 - 18 of the NPFL. That is in fact the reason why I call it the
 - 19 headquarters.
- 11:25:56 20 Q. And, if you know, who at that time was the leader of the
 - 21 NPFL?
 - 22 A. Mr Taylor, the former president.
 - 23 Q. Now you mentioned earlier that when you were coming into
 - 24 Gbarnga fighting for control of Gbarnga that you had land mines
- 11:26:19 25 used against you. As a result of having these land mines used
 - 26 against you what consequences did that have for ULIMO activities?
 - 27 A. It gave us a lot of ideas about the war, but sometimes the
 - 28 war goes against you, but that did not force us to retreat. The
 - 29 retreat was only done because of an instruction we had from our

- 1 leader.
- 2 Q. Now you said that you had an instruction from your leader
- 3 to retreat and to what location did you retreat?
- 4 A. We retreated to Saint Paul Bridge. That was the boundary
- 11:27:19 5 between the NPFL and the ULIMO until the final peace was signed.
 - 6 Q. And in what year was the final peace signed?
 - 7 A. The peace they were signing peace and sometimes they
 - 8 break it. So I can only say that the final peace that brought us
 - to election was the final one, because almost all the peace that
- 11:27:49 10 we signed, they would break it on the way. So I can say that was
 - 11 the final peace because it brought us to the election. Another
 - 12 fighting broke out in Monrovia in 1996 when the war started.
 - 13 Q. If you could stop there for a moment. You're talking about
 - 14 the final peace that brought you to election. What year was that
- 11:28:17 15 final peace entered into?
 - 16 A. 1996, Abuj a Peace Accord.
 - 17 Q. Now during the time that you were in ULIMO fighting in
 - 18 Liberia against the NPFL and in some instances the RUF and LDF,
 - 19 what if anything did you learn about the treatment of civilians
- 11:28:51 20 by these groups?
 - 21 A. Well, the treatment of the civilians, we didn't get any
 - 22 good news about that because most of the places that we captured,
 - 23 we realised that people were tied. Sometimes you ask why they
 - 24 are executing people, they tell you that we heard that they are
- 11:29:20 25 supporters of NPFL. And that was ULIMO at the time. And some
 - other time, people who were taken from there, if you complain you
 - 27 will be executed. And some other people, people's children who
 - were under the age, 13, 14 years old girls were used at their
 - 29 wives. If the parent complains that person will die.

- 1 If you have food they tell you that you civilian, you don't
- 2 have blood in your body, you cannot be having food and the
- 3 soldier who is carrying gun does not have food and then your food
- 4 will be taken away from you. So sometimes you have to leave your
- 11:30:02 5 food in the bush and if you have your food you bring it to the
 - 6 town, it will be taken away from you. Those were the
 - 7 informations that we heard from them.
 - 8 Q. Now, Mr Witness, at the time of this final peace agreement
 - 9 that led to the elections what was your position in ULIMO?
- 11:30:25 10 A. In 1995 I had the appointment at the Executive Mansion as
 - 11 the assistant --
 - 12 THE INTERPRETER: Your Honours, could the witness come
 - 13 back, please. That area is not clear to the interpreter.
 - 14 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, can you start with the answer
- 11:30:44 15 again, start from the beginning so that the interpreter can
 - 16 interpret you properly.
 - 17 MS HOLLIS:
 - 18 Q. And, Mr Witness, if you would please speak slowly so that
 - 19 we can understand all of your words?
- 11:30:57 20 A. In 1995 I was appointed as the assistant director for
 - 21 operations, SSS, Executive Mansion Monrovia.
 - 22 Q. And you say that you were appointed to this position?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. Who appointed you to this position?
- 11:31:21 25 A. There was a peace agreement that they decided to have the
 - 26 representatives of all the main three key warring faction, the
 - 27 NPC headed by George Boleh, ULIMO headed by Alhadji Koroma, you
 - 28 had NPFL headed by former President Taylor. So they decided to
 - 29 have a government of inclusion in 1995 when Sankawulo was the

- 1 council's chairman, Sankawulo, and all the security operator I
- 2 cannot spell Sankawulo. All the security operator was
- 3 distributed amongst the various warring factions.
- 4 Q. I will stop you there for a moment, please. Your Honours,
- 11:32:22 5 it is S-A-N-K-A-W-U-L-O. The other name that he mentioned was
 - 6 George Boleh, B-O-L-E-H.
 - 7 Sir, you mentioned that ULIMO-K or ULIMO headed by Alhadji
 - 8 Koroma was represented there. You had testified earlier that
 - 9 ULIMO had split into ULIMO-K and ULIMO-J. Was ULIMO-J
- 11:32:59 10 represented in this government as well?
 - 11 A. Yes. They gave them the ministerial position, Minister of
 - 12 State, Presidential Affairs.
 - 13 Q. And could you tell us, please, who was the commander of
 - 14 ULIMO J?
- 11:33:21 15 A. Roosevel t Johnson.
 - 16 Q. And if I could, please, talking about ULIMO-K and ULIMO-J,
 - 17 what were the ethnicities or tribes of ULIMO-K?
 - 18 A. ULIMO-K had all tribes, but predominantly it was Mandingo.
 - 19 ULIMO-J also had all tribes, but predominantly they were Krahn.
- 11:33:54 20 Q. Now in your newly appointed position what were your duties?
 - 21 A. Assistant director for operations. At that time it was a
 - 22 factional government. You were only there to seek the interest
 - 23 of your faction at that time, because whenever there would be a
 - 24 group of men who were supposed to come to security section every
- 11:34:25 25 faction would have to provide 50 people and the other faction
 - 26 will provide 50 persons and that was how it happened and then
 - 27 they will have to meet the director, they discuss about it and
 - then they get the training and then they start the service.
 - 29 When a faction leader was coming to the Executive Mansion

- 1 you would be there to supervise it because the other people were
- 2 there also and nobody wanted confusion at that time again. And
- 3 in case of any problem you, the one who was representing your
- 4 people, will be there at the security meeting at that time.
- 11:35:01 5 So at that time I was working in the capacity of SSS in my
 - 6 faction leader's interest. My leader would call me and tell me
 - 7 that this is the way I want you to operate, or that is the way I
 - 8 want you to operate and you would take that message to your
 - 9 director and I would say my boss want me to operate this kind of
- 11:35:24 10 way.
 - 11 Q. You said that you were working in the capacity of the SSS.
 - 12 What do you mean by the SSS?
 - 13 A. Special Security Service.
 - 14 Q. Now can you tell us for how long you worked in the SSS as a
- 11:35:48 15 member of this transitional government?
 - 16 A. I was in the SSS up to the election that bring Mr Taylor in
 - 17 as President of the Republic of Liberia and also he called me and
 - 18 reappointed me in the same position.
 - 19 Q. Now on 2 August of 1997 Charles Taylor became President of
- 11:36:24 20 Liberia. You say that he called you and asked you or reappointed
 - 21 you in the same position. How did that happen?
 - 22 A. He sent the director to call me to his residence. His
 - 23 residence at that time was the house is very close to the
 - 24 German embassy. I don't know whether it is the same embassy or
- 11:36:56 25 not, but the house was very close to the German embassy at the
 - time and he wanted me to remain in my same position that I would
 - 27 be able to help some of my fighters in the government because he
 - wanted a government of inclusion and I accepted the position.
 - 29 Q. And when you were refer to being able to help some of your

- 1 fighters who are you talking about, what fighters?
- 2 A. The ULIMO-K fighters.
- 3 Q. Did he explain to you why he wanted you to remain in this
- 4 position in addition to being able to help your fighters?
- 11:37:44 5 A. That is the reason I just explained. The reason that they
 - 6 explained to me, if I'm in the government I will help my people,
 - 7 most especially the ULIMO-K people, some of the people who wanted
 - 8 to join the security, I would be there to assist them.
 - 9 Q. Thank you. How long, and let's clarify this again, you now
- 11:38:13 10 have what position, what is the name of your position?
 - 11 A. Assistant director for operations.
 - 12 Q. In what organisation?
 - 13 A. SSS. Special Security Service.
 - 14 Q. And how long did you continue in that position?
- 11:38:36 15 A. I was there from up to 1999, 2000.
 - 16 Q. And in 2000 what job did you have?
 - 17 A. I was transferred from the SSS to immigration as the deputy
 - 18 chief of security. From the deputy chief of security position to
 - 19 the chief of security position, from the chief of security
- 11:39:13 20 position to assistant commissioner for operation, from assistant
 - 21 commissioner for operation to deputy commissioner.
 - 22 Q. And, Mr Witness, how long did you continue to work in
 - 23 immigration in these various jobs?
 - 24 A. I was in immigration up to 2003.
- 11:39:39 25 Q. During this time period, 2000 to 2003, while you were in
 - immigration were you given any other positions?
 - 27 A. Yes, I was. Mr Taylor also appointed me as deputy chief of
 - 28 security, army division. That was his militia group when he was
 - 29 ---

- 1 Q. So you were the deputy chief of security for the army
- 2 di vi si on?
- 3 A. Deputy chief of staff. Deputy chief of staff for the army
- 4 di vi si on.
- 11:40:25 5 Q. And during what years did you hold this position?
 - 6 A. I had the position from 2001 to 2002, the end of 2002.
 - 7 Q. Now I'd like to go back to your job as assistant deputy of
 - 8 operations for the --
 - 9 A. Assistant. Assistant, yeah. Assistant director, yeah.
- 11:41:06 10 Q. So this job that you held from about the time President
 - 11 Taylor became the President until, you said, the end of 1999 or
 - 12 2000, I would like to ask you some questions about your
 - 13 activities during that period of time. Now first of all as the
 - 14 assistant director of operations for the SSS what were your
- 11:41:33 15 duties?
 - 16 A. I was responsible for the security of the President, his
 - 17 family, the immediate family, his properties, the movement of the
 - 18 President, et cetera.
 - 19 Q. Now during this time where were you based?
- 11:41:56 20 A. Based in Monrovia, Executive Mansion was my office.
 - 21 Q. Now you have mentioned earlier in your testimony the
 - 22 Executive Mansion. Is this the same Executive Mansion you're
 - 23 talking about, the Executive Mansion located in Monrovia?
 - 24 A. Yes
- 11:42:18 25 Q. And as the assistant director of operations what would you
 - wear when you were working?
 - 27 A. Blue and navy blue.
 - 28 Q. What was that?
 - 29 A. That was a uni form.

- 1 Q. The uniform of what?
- 2 A. The uniform for the Special Security Service.
- 3 Q. Now as the assistant director of operations for the SSS who
- 4 was your immediate boss?
- 11:42:54 5 A. Joseph Montgomery. Joseph deputy director for operation.
 - 6 Q. And how long did you work for Joseph Montgomery?
 - 7 A. I worked with Joseph Montgomery when I was in the SSS and
 - 8 he also was transferred to immigration.
 - 9 Q. Now during the time you worked with Joseph Montgomery in
- 11:43:23 10 the SSS how often would you have contact with him?
 - 11 A. He is my immediate boss. I have contact with him every
 - 12 day. Every day we discuss, we meet.
 - 13 Q. And who was Joseph Montgomery's boss in the SSS?
 - 14 A. Joseph Montgomery was the deputy director of operations.
- 11:43:51 15 Q. And who was Joseph Montgomery's boss in the SSS?
 - 16 A. Benjamin Yeaten, director of SSS.
 - 17 Q. And if you know how long did Benjamin Yeaten remain the
 - 18 director of SSS?
 - 19 A. Benjamin Yeaten was the director of SSS up to 2003.
- 11:44:23 20 Q. Your Honours, Yeaten is spelled Y-E-A-T-E-N. Benjamin is
 - 21 the regular spelling. And how often would you have contact with
 - 22 Benjamin Yeaten?
 - 23 A. I had contact with Benjamin Yeaten up to the time he was in
 - 24 SSS throughout up to 2003.
- 11:44:53 25 Q. And during that time would you have contact with him on a
 - 26 daily basis, a weekly basis?
 - 27 A. Daily. Daily basis.
 - 28 Q. Now you have described your duties for us, and based on
 - 29 those duties what contact, if any, would you have on a regular

- 1 basis with Charles Taylor?
- 2 A. Every day I had to appear. On the job I was in charge of
- 3 his motorcade. So the motorcade was under my command. Any time
- 4 the President is leaving from his residence to his office I would
- 11:45:36 5 be there, I supervise and we would go together and we would also
 - 6 come together. That was my job every day, except if he was sick
 - 7 or maybe he wanted to travel to somewhere else. But that was my
 - 8 everyday job.
 - 9 Q. Now you said that Charles Taylor asked you or reappointed
- 11:45:59 10 you to the position of assistant director of operations. If you
 - 11 know, who appointed Joseph Montgomery to his position?
 - 12 A. It was he himself, Mr Taylor, who appointed Joseph
 - 13 Montgomery in charge of operations.
 - 14 Q. And if you know, who appointed Benjamin Yeaten as the
- 11:46:22 15 director of the SSS?
 - 16 A. That was he himself, Mr Taylor, Mr President who appointed
 - 17 Benjamin Yeaten as SSS.
 - 18 Q. Now who was below you in the operation structure of the
 - 19 SSS?
- 11:46:44 20 A. It was CPS, chief of protective service. He was Osibio
 - 21 Dembi.
 - 22 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, I will take a stab at that.

 - 24 Q. And what units were below the chief of protective service?
- 11:47:17 25 A. Senior inspector for motorcade for the advance.
 - 26 Q. Now as the assistant director of operations for the SSS did
 - 27 you have an office staff?
 - 28 A. I have office staff. My secretary. I had my driver. I
 - 29 had my orderly, those were commonly called bodyguard.

- 1 Q. Now could you tell us the names of any of your orderlies
- 2 during the time you were assistant director of operations?
- 3 A. Si di ki Kanneh.
- 4 Q. If I can stop you there, please. S-I-D-I-K-I K-A-N-N-E-H.
- 11:48:29 5 Do you recall the names of any other of your orderlies?
 - 6 A. Major Garfee Fofana.
 - 7 Q. Could you tell us that name again, Garfee or Garfield?
 - 8 A. Garfee, Fofana, F-O-F-A-N-A.
 - 9 0. That is F-0-F-A-N-A?
- 11:49:05 10 A. F-O-F-A-N-A.
 - 11 Q. And do you recall the names of any other of your orderlies?
 - 12 A. Seko Sherif. S-E-K-O.
 - 13 Q. And the last name is spelt as yours, S-H-E-R-I-F?
 - 14 A. S-H-E-R-I-F.
- 11:49:35 15 Q. Now if you know did Joseph Montgomery also have orderlies?
 - 16 A. Yes, he had orderlies also.
 - 17 Q. And what were the duties of his orderlies?
 - 18 A. The orderlies were there to take instruction from wherever
 - 19 you were moving to somewhere else, they were with you. That was
- 11:50:05 20 the work of the orderlies.
 - 21 Q. Now you indicated earlier that your orderlies also worked
 - 22 as bodyguards. To your knowledge did Joseph's Montgomery's
 - orderlies also work as bodyguards?
 - 24 A. When I mean orderly, we commonly called them bodyguard,
- 11:50:31 25 that's just the same thing. Orderlies mean bodyguard. How can a
 - 26 bodyguard have a bodyguard? Joseph Montgomery had his orderlies
 - 27 and they were the bodyguards. A bodyguard cannot have a
 - 28 bodyguard. The group that I am talking about like Sidiki Kanneh,
 - 29 Garfee Fofana, Seko Sherif, those were my bodyguards. So in the

- 1 Executive Mansion in the office we don't call them bodyguard, we
- 2 just call them orderlies.
- 3 Q. Thank you, Mr Witness. Now we talked about Benjamin
- 4 Yeaten. Did he also have orderlies?
- 11:51:10 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. And did they also perform this bodyguard function?
 - 7 A. Yes
 - 8 Q. Do you recall the names of any of the orderlies for
 - 9 Benjamin Yeaten?
- 11:51:28 10 A. Yes, Zigzag Mazhar.
 - 11 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, that would be Z-I-G-Z-A-G
 - M-A-Z-H-A-R
 - 13 Q. In addition to Zigzag Mazhar, who else?
 - 14 A. Jungle. That's the only name I know for him, Jungle.
- 11:51:55 15 Q. Can you recall the names of anyone else?
 - 16 A. Sampson.
 - 17 Q. Do you know Sampson's full name?
 - 18 A. I have forgotten that.
 - 19 Q. Now to your knowledge what happened with the former NPFL
- 11:52:17 20 commanders after the accused became President?
 - 21 A. They were all transferred to the government in various
 - 22 positions.
 - 23 Q. And when you say various positions, what types of positions
 - 24 are you talking about?
- 11:52:41 25 A. These are some of the position we are talking about:
 - 26 Joseph Montgomery's were NPFL fighter, and now he was deputy, SS
 - 27 director position. Benjamin Yeaten was also working for Taylor,
 - 28 also holding the SSS director position. So he had all of his -
 - 29 the group fighting in the NPFL, they all had position in

- 1 government.
- 2 Q. Now as part of your duties as the assistant director of
- 3 operations for the SSS did you also travel abroad with
- 4 Charles Taylor?
- 11:53:26 5 A. Yes, three times. I had the opportunity to travel to
 - 6 Tai wan.
 - 7 Q. And in what year did that trip occur if you recall?
 - 8 A. 19 end of 97 the end of 97 to 98.
 - 9 Q. And on your return from this trip did you have occasion to
- 11:53:57 10 speak with Charles Taylor?
 - 11 A. Yes. When we came back I thought about myself to give him
 - 12 some information. When the disarmament was going on all the
 - 13 warring faction had arms, because the reason was the faction did
 - 14 not trust one another. The other faction was thinking after
- 11:54:29 15 disarming in case anything happens they will be the loser. So
 - 16 nobody disarmed 100 per cent.
 - 17 And knowing myself to be one of the most senior commander
 - 18 of ULIMO-K and are now working with Mr Taylor in the government,
 - 19 most especially being his bodyguard to him, if I did not give
- 11:54:56 20 such information and that expose, no confidence will be in me. I
 - 21 thought of that in the plane. So I went to him and sat with him.
 - 22 I said when we go to Liberia I want to go to Lofa to look, maybe
 - 23 some people had guns somewhere that was not disarmed, so if I get
 - 24 it I will bring it over. And he said he supported the idea and
- 11:55:30 25 he said it was a good idea.
 - When we get to Monrovia I was given a Land Rover jeep and I
 - 27 went to Lofa. I put people together, discussing amongst them and
 - 28 the people started showing where the guns were hidden and I
 - 29 started getting them and I brought everything to Monrovia to his

- 1 residence. When he came out and saw them he was happy. He told
- 2 me to turn them over to the deputy ADC, that was Musa.
- 3 Q. If I can stop you there, please. You said that you were
- 4 given a Land Rover and you went to Lofa. Are you talking about
- 11:56:17 5 Lofa County, Liberia?
 - 6 A. Lofa County.
 - 7 Q. Now when you went to Lofa County what was your assignment?
 - 8 A. I was given a temporary assignment in Lofa.
 - 9 Q. And that assignment was to do what exactly?
- 11:56:45 10 A. The thing that I discussed with him was that I wanted to go
 - 11 to Lofa to check for arms and ammunitions that may be from our
 - 12 ULIMO-K people who never disarmed during the disarmament period.
 - 13 The reason is I knew very well that arms were hidden there. So I
 - 14 was given a temporary assignment for the conduct of that duty.
- 11:57:13 15 Q. And now you testified about going to Lofa County and
 - 16 speaking with people and finding arms. Now where in Lofa County
 - 17 did you find those arms?
 - 18 A. That was Voinjama district.
 - 19 Q. And how did you know that arms were there in Voinjama
- 11:57:39 20 district?
 - 21 A. I was the a former ULIMO fighter and I was one of the
 - 22 most senior commander and that was a general agreement amongst
 - 23 all of us, the generals, that before the disarmament whatever we
 - do we should try to camouflage some of the arms and ammunition
- 11:58:10 25 that in case the peace process broke up we shouldn't be empty
 - 26 handed. The only thing, I never knew where they went to
 - 27 camouflage it because at that time I already had position in
 - 28 Monrovia as assistant director of operations. That was the
 - 29 reason why I told the former President that I wanted to go and

- 1 look. I never wanted to say to him that, oh, I know the place
- 2 and if I went there I could not find them, it was going to be a
- 3 problem for me. So when I went there I tried to talk to the
- 4 former fighters who had information about him. I put them
- 11:58:48 5 together, we discussed about it, and that before they finally
 - 6 showed me where the guns and the ammunition were hidden.
 - 7 Q. If I could stop you there, please. Thank you. Now when
 - 8 you went to this area where the guns were hidden what quantity of
 - 9 guns did you find there?
- 11:59:15 10 A. Together there were four loads of pick-up, but I didn't
 - 11 bring all in one go.
 - 12 Q. Now what exactly did you find there?
 - 13 A. I found AK-47, the ammunitions, the RPG, that's the name
 - that we have for an RPG, the bomb, mortar, 60.
- 11:59:50 15 Q. What do you mean by 60?
 - 16 A. Those are the names that we have for the guns from the
 - 17 American system.
 - 18 Q. And you said that you found bombs. These bombs were for
 - 19 what weapon?
- 12:00:14 20 A. Grenade was bomb.
 - 21 Q. What was the condition of these weapons and the ammunition
 - when you found them in Voinjama district?
 - 23 A. The condition was in better condition because they had been
 - 24 greased and placed in a big hole and put into a plastic. Even
- 12:00:49 25 though mud was on it when it got wet, they only need clean up.
 - 26 But they were all in functioning condition.
 - 27 Q. I believe you said that you ended up with four loads of
 - 28 arms and ammunition but you only took one. Was that on this trip
 - 29 back to Charles Taylor that you took one load?

- 1 A. I carried one and I went back also. When I was going that
- 2 time now Joseph Montgomery --
- 3 Q. If I can interrupt you, please, I'd like to talk about this
- 4 first trip and then we'll move to the second trip. Now on this
- 12:01:34 5 first trip you said you took them back. Who did you take them
 - 6 back to?
 - 7 A. I brought them to Mr Taylor at his residence. He came
 - 8 outside, he saw them, he was happy with me. He also gave me he
 - 9 gave instruction to the deputy ADC, he was the Gambian Musa.
- 12:01:57 10 Q. So the deputy ADC that you are speaking of was Gambian
 - 11 Musa?
 - 12 A. Yeah, Gambian, yeah, yeah, Musa.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Is that Gambian as in the country or that
 - 14 was his name?
- 12:02:18 15 MS HOLLI S:
 - 16 Q. Let me ask you why do you call him Gambian Musa?
 - 17 A. He was of Gambian nationality, the West African country
 - 18 referred to as Gambia.
 - 19 Q. Thank you. Now you indicated that you took a second trip
- 12:02:40 20 to Lofa County and what happened as a result of that trip?
 - 21 A. This time when I was going on the second trip Joseph
 - 22 Montgomery gave one of his senior bodyguards to go along with me.
 - 23 So during my second trip these things we brought were taken to
 - 24 Joseph Montgomery's home, residence, and that he had the
- 12:03:12 25 instruction that was everything was to be cleaned up and handed
 - 26 over to the Liberian security.
 - 27 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, I believe the name that was given
 - 28 was Leo Mento.
 - 29 THE WITNESS: Leo Mento, yes, that is name. Yes, that's

- 1 the name.
- 2 MS HOLLIS:
- 3 Q. And that would be spelled L-E-0 M-E-N-T-0?
- 4 A. The L-E-O is different from the Mento. Leo is the name.
- 12:03:45 5 The last name is the Mento, so you can't put all together.
 - 6 Q. M-E-N --
 - 7 A. L-E-0, Leo.
 - 8 Q. And the last name is M-E-N-T-0?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 12:03:55 10 Q. Now do you know what happened or what was done with these
 - 11 arms and ammunition that were turned over to Joseph Montgomery?
 - 12 A. The arm were being issued to the police and other security
 - 13 operator.
 - 14 Q. Now in total how many trips did you yourself make to Lofa
- 12:04:20 15 to bring arms and ammunition back to Monrovia?
 - 16 A. I think I have four trips. I think the third trip I
 - 17 brought eight to Joseph Montgomery again and while we were in
 - 18 that process I had another assignment, I had another assignment,
 - 19 I didn't bring all together.
- 12:05:00 20 Q. So if I can stop you there and we will speak about this
 - 21 other assignment in a moment. Now during this time that you
 - 22 yourself were moving back and forth from Monrovia to Lofa County
 - 23 bringing the arms and ammunition back to Monrovia did you have
 - 24 occasion to travel outside Liberia with Charles Taylor?
- 12:05:24 25 A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. And where did you go?
 - 27 A. I went to Guinea, Conakry at a Mano River meeting.
 - 28 Q. And who was present at that meeting?
 - 29 A. At that meeting was between Mr Taylor, President of

- 1 Liberia, Lansana Conteh, President of Guinea, and Ahmad Tejan
- 2 Kabbah, at that time he was residing in Conakry, he has been
- 3 driven off from Freetown.
- 4 Q. If I could stop you there. Your Honours, Conakry, is
- 12:06:08 5 C-O-N-A-K-R-Y. Lansana Conteh is L-A-N-S-A-N-A C-O-N-T-E-H.
 - 6 Ahmad Tejan Kabbah, A-H-M-A-D T-E-J-A-N K-A-B-B-A-H. To your
 - 7 knowl edge who was Kabbah, Ahmad Tej an Kabbah?
 - 8 A. President of Sierra Leone.
 - 9 Q. And you said at that time he was residing in Conakry, he
- 12:07:02 10 had been driven off from Freetown; is that what you said?
 - 11 A. Yes, yes.
 - 12 Q. Now were you present at any meetings or parts of meetings
 - in Conakry, Guinea?
 - 14 A. At the beginning of the discussion we were there when they
- 12:07:27 15 spoke about non-aggression to fellow countries, when Ahmad Tejan
 - 16 Kabbah was complaining about he has war against him and the
 - 17 Liberia hands were in it and former President Taylor replied, "I
 - 18 did not know anything about no idea about that war." He also -
 - 19 the Liberians have been getting information about people have
- 12:07:53 20 been taking training Macenta area to attack the Liberia and
 - 21 President Conteh said nobody will use Guinea to attack Liberia.
 - 22 Q. Now if I could stop you there for a moment, please. You
 - 23 talking about a Macenta, M-A-C-E-N-T-A. In what country is
 - 24 Macenta Located?
- 12:08:19 25 A. In Guinea at the border with Lofa County, very close to
 - Voi nj ama.
 - 27 Q. Now you indicated that Charles Taylor said he had no idea
 - 28 about that war in Sierra Leone. Do you recall any other comments
 - 29 he made about the conflict in Sierra Leone?

- 1 A. He said whatever he would do, that nobody will use Liberia
- 2 to attack Sierra Leone. That's the only comment that I can
- 3 remember. But later when Conteh came out everybody there was a
- 4 closed door meeting between Ahmad Tejan Kabbah and Mr Taylor who
- 12:09:06 5 came for that meeting.
 - 6 Q. Now, Mr Witness, in 1990 ECOMOG forces entered Liberia.
 - 7 After Charles Taylor was President to your knowledge were there
 - 8 ECOMOG forces remaining in Liberia?
 - 9 A. You mean 1990?
- 12:09:32 10 Q. No, I mean 1997/1998?
 - 11 A. ECOMOG was there when ECOMOG was fighting against the AFRC
 - 12 in Freetown and we Mr Taylor called us and gave us give me an
 - instruction that a delegation from Freetown, from AFRC, are
 - 14 coming to the headquarters and that we should go and receive them
- 12:10:13 15 at James Spring airfield in Monrovia.
 - 16 Q. And did you follow that instruction?
 - 17 A. Yes. We went there and we were intercepted by ECOMOG.
 - 18 ECOMOG surrounded the whole area. And then later I called the
 - 19 director and then he gave his instruction that he should just
- 12:10:42 20 give me five minutes and then later he called us and then he
 - 21 asked us to move away from there.
 - 22 Q. Now do you recall the month and year that this occurred?
 - 23 A. That happened in 19 the end of 98 to between the end of
 - 24 98 to the start of the year 99. I think at the end of 98 going
- 12:11:22 25 to 99. It has taken a very long time now, it is about 10, 15
 - 26 years, so I think some certain things move off my head.
 - 27 Q. Now, Mr Witness, you said that you were instructed to go to
 - 28 this airport and to receive them. What were you to do with them
 - 29 after you received them?

- 1 A. To take them to his office.
- 2 Q. Now what happened after this incident?
- 3 A. When ECOMOG interfered we were receiving instruction from
- 4 the SSS director that we should leave the place and then after
- 12:12:09 5 two days he called me again into his office to give me another
 - 6 instruction.
 - 7 Q. Now if I could stop you there, please. You said he called
 - 8 you into his office. Who called you into his office?
 - 9 A. Mr Taylor called me at his in his fourth floor office at
- 12:12:32 10 the Executive Mansion in the presence of Musa Cisse, Joe Tuah,
 - 11 Benjamin Yeaten, Joseph Montgomery, Momoh Jibba, when he gave me
 - 12 the instruction that, "Sherif, will you be able to go to the
 - 13 territory of the RUF and get Sam Bockarie there for me?"
 - 14 Q. Mr Witness, can I stop you there for a moment so I can
- 12:13:06 15 spell some names. Musa Cisse is M-U-S-A C-I-S-S-E. Joe Tuah is
 - 16 J-O-E T-U-A-H. Momoh is M-O-M-O-H, Jibba is J-I-B-B-A. Now
 - 17 before you go on let me ask you some questions about these
 - 18 people. Who was Musa Cisse?
 - 19 A. Musa was the chief of protocol at the Executive Mansion.
- 12:13:45 20 Q. And how did you know him?
 - 21 A. I got to know him when NPFL and ULIMO merged in 1996 in
 - 22 Monrovia. So each family of one man would begin to meet the
 - 23 family of the other man and each fighting man will meet the other
 - 24 man. Musa told me that I am his son, any problem I had I should
- 12:14:13 25 Let him know and then he will handle it for me personally.
 - 26 Q. Now you said that Musa Cisse was the chief of protocol at
 - 27 the Executive Mansion. Do you know what his duties were?
 - 28 A. His duty was, the one to my knowledge, whenever anything
 - 29 that had to do with the French countries, because he was a French

- 1 speaker, most of the time the former President sent him to
- 2 Burkina Faso, Cote D'Ivoire and some other French countries.
- 3 Q. Now you also mentioned Joe Tuah. Who was he?
- 4 A. First Joe Tuah Joe Tuah's first employment was assistant
- 12:15:09 5 director for intelligence, but later he was replaced with Robert
 - 6 Biah. At that time now Joe Tuah was working alongside with Musa
 - 7 Cisse, with Musa Cisse.
 - 8 Q. Now you said he was you said Robert Biah. Do you know
 - 9 how to spell his name, his last name Biah?
- 12:15:40 10 A. No.
 - 11 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, I believe it is B-I-A-H.
 - 12 Q. Now you said that Joe Tuah at first was the assistant
 - 13 director for intelligence. In what organisation?
 - 14 A. SSS, Special Security Services, Executive Mansion.
- 12:15:59 15 Q. And you said that later he was working alongside Musa
 - 16 Cisse. What was he doing working alongside Musa Cisse?
 - 17 A. When anything was there that was relating to arms issue Joe
 - 18 Tuah handled it together with Musa Cisse. But Musa Cisse
 - 19 personally told me that, "Look, all the guns that you people
- 12:16:29 20 carry, I know how to go and bring them. Most of the time I alone
 - 21 would go to Burkina Faso and some other countries and get the
 - 22 arms and ammunition for you, but I don't know how to use them.
 - 23 So Joe Tuah is working along with me."
 - 24 And Joe Tuah also, when the militia was always organised to
- 12:16:53 25 be sent to Lofa, that is the time Joe Tuah had the function. But
 - 26 at the time he was now replaced he never had much function. When
 - 27 militia was organised to go to Lofa Joe Tuah was always there to
 - 28 supervise the front line taking ammunition from Monrovia, taking
 - 29 it to Lofa.

- 1 Q. If I could stop you there. You talk about the militia
- 2 organised to be sent to Lofa. During what period of time was the
- 3 militia organised to be sent to Lofa?
- 4 A. When LURD started invading Liberia.
- 12:17:39 5 Q. And do you recall what year that was?
 - 6 A. That is the same the ending of 1998 to 1999.
 - 7 Q. Now if I could stop you there and we will revisit that
 - 8 later. You also mentioned a person by the name of Momoh Jibba.
 - 9 Who was that?
- 12:18:02 10 A. Momoh Jibba was the senior aide-de-camp in the Republic of
 - 11 Li beri a.
 - 12 Q. And do you know what his nationality was?
 - 13 A. Mende.
 - 14 Q. What country was he from?
- 12:18:25 15 A. Momoh Jibba is a Sierra Leonean but claiming to be a
 - 16 Li beri an.
 - 17 Q. Now you indicated that these individuals and others were at
 - 18 this meeting that you had with Charles Taylor when he told you to
 - 19 go to get Sam Bockarie. Now did he explain why he wanted you to
- 12:18:48 20 go to get Sam Bockarie?
 - 21 A. He didn't explain in detail, but I knew that there was some
 - 22 commotion going on when the member of the AFRC government officer
 - 23 was intercepted at the James Spring field airport. After two
 - 24 days when he made an announcement that ECOMOG should now leave,
- 12:19:18 25 we are government of our own, we want ECOMOG to leave. So that
 - 26 problem started coming in and on the third day when they called
 - 27 me at his office to get Sam Bockarie over to him.
 - 28 Q. Now at this time did Charles Taylor tell you why he wanted
 - 29 you to bring Sam Bockarie to him?

- 1 A. No. He did not explain anything.
- 2 Q. Now at the time you were given this assignment did you know
- 3 who Sam Bockarie was?
- 4 A. No. What I use to hear his name because we were fighting
- 12:20:02 5 war against one another between Foya and the Sierra Leone border,
 - 6 but they also were fighting us at the border, so we used to hear
 - 7 Mosquito Sam Bockarie, but I did not know him in particular.
 - 8 Q. So Sam Bockarie and Mosquito are referring to the same
 - 9 person?
- 12:20:26 10 A. Yes, it is the same person. The war name is Mosquito. His
 - 11 actual name is Sam Bockarie.
 - 12 Q. Now you said that you did not know him personally. At the
 - 13 time you were given this assignment did you know what position he
 - 14 hel d?
- 12:20:47 15 A. What we used to hear was that Foday Sankoh had been
 - 16 arrested in Nigeria and now Sam Bockarie was the Leader of RUF.
 - 17 That was the information I have.
 - 18 Q. Now what was your response when Charles Taylor asked you to
 - 19 go on this assignment?
- 12:21:09 20 A. I accepted and I went to him.
 - 21 Q. Now when you went to Sam Bockarie, you said you did not
 - 22 know him personally, were you given any type of letter of
 - 23 introduction or other document to take with you?
 - 24 A. No, I was not given no document.
- 12:21:33 25 Q. Do you know why you were not given such a document?
 - 26 A. If document had been given to me, if ECOMOG intercept that
 - 27 it is going to be a problem so for that reason best knowing o
 - 28 myself, but he did not explain that to me why he did not give me
 - 29 document. And also I did not request for document. I knew that

- 1 I could do it.
- 2 Q. Now when you went on this assignment how were you dressed?
- 3 A. I was in the SSS uniform.
- 4 Q. And that is the blue and navy blue you described earlier?
- 12:22:16 5 A. Yes.
 - 6 Q. How soon after this meeting did you leave for Sierra Leone?
 - 7 A. I left the same day. I travelled to Kakata, travelled to
 - 8 Gbatala, travelled to Gbarnga. I went to Saint Paul Bridge.
 - 9 From there I went to Zorzor. From Zorzor I travelled to
- 12:22:51 10 Voinjama. From Voinjama I travelled to Kolahun, and I branched
 - 11 from Kolahun to Vahun.
 - 12 MS HOLLIS: If we perhaps could have MFI-1 provided to the
 - 13 witness again so that he could show us this route that he has
 - 14 just described.
- 12:23:22 15 A. Here is Monrovia. Careysburg, Kakata, Salala, Gbatala,
 - 16 Gbarnga, Zorzor and Voinjama, Kolahun. From Kolahun here I
 - 17 branched to Vahun. From Vahun I cross to Sierra Leone to Bomaru
 - 18 [indicated].
 - 19 Q. If I could ask you when you crossed the border between
- 12:24:12 20 Liberia and Sierra Leone did you have any difficulties crossing
 - 21 the border?
 - 22 A. I did not have much difficulty because at the time me and
 - 23 the rest of my bodyquard were in uniform. So it was a little
 - looking fearful to the people at the border, so they did not ask
- 12:24:33 25 us much question until when we get to Pendembu. This is Pendembu
 - 26 [indicated]. When we get to Pendembu we were questioned there
 - 27 what was our mission about.
 - 28 Q. You said that you when you got to Pendembu you were
 - 29 questioned. Who questioned you?

- 1 A. The commander, RUF commander that was stationed in there.
- 2 Q. And do you recall his name?
- 3 A. No
- 4 Q. At that time did you know his nationality?
- 12:25:15 5 A. I heard a Sierra Leonean accent and I know him to be a
 - 6 Si erra Leonean.
 - 7 Q. Now you said that you were asked about your mission. What
 - 8 did you say when you were asked about your mission?
 - 9 A. I told him that I had a mission to see Sam Bockarie. I
- 12:25:38 10 came from Monrovia. I work with the Executive Mansion SSS. So
 - 11 they didn't ask much question to ask me, they just told me they
 - 12 said, "Okay, just pass to go Kailahun. You can follow him."
 - 13 Q. Now what happened then after you left Pendembu?
 - 14 A. I travelled to Kailahun. When I get to the central town,
- 12:26:15 15 on my right side I saw a group of armed men. We decided to stop
 - and I sent one of my bodyguards to get someone there who we can
 - 17 ask to locate Sam Bockarie to us.
 - 18 Q. Now if I could ask you, sir, when you say you travelled to
 - 19 Kailahun, if you could be shown MFI-2 and if you could show us
- 12:26:43 20 where Kailahun is?
 - 21 A. This is Kailahun [indicated].
 - 22 Q. Now you say when you arrived there that you saw a group of
 - 23 armed men and you stopped and sent one of your bodyguards to get
 - 24 someone so you could locate Sam Bockarie. What happened then?
- 12:27:40 25 A. We were lucky. The person that we called to talk to was
 - one of the bodyguards of Sam Bockarie. He told us that this is
 - 27 the Sam Bockarie. Because all of us could see the group. And
 - 28 this is Sam Bockarie talking to the Kamajors, putting them
 - 29 outside. So you can wait for him. When he completes then we can

- 1 inform him about you guys. Then I told him that we are just from
- 2 Monrovia, we came particularly to see him. And then he said we
- 3 should wait a little bit. People were inside and he put them
- 4 out. While we were looking at the area he executed some of them,
- 12:28:24 5 he said because they were Kamajors.
 - 6 Q. Now if I could stop you there --
 - 7 A. Up to five of them.
 - 8 Q. If I could stop you there, please. You said that the
 - 9 person that you called to talk to was Sam Bockarie's bodyguard
- 12:28:39 10 and did you say that he then pointed Sam Bockarie out to you?
 - 11 A. Yes, he pointed at Sam Bockarie where Sam Bockarie was
 - 12 talking and he told us, "That is the Sam Bockarie but you can
 - wait a little bit, when he finishes then I will inform him about
 - 14 you guys."
- 12:28:59 15 Q. Now you said that people were inside and he put them out
 - 16 while we were looking at the area, he executed some of them. Now
 - 17 who is the he you are referring to?
 - 18 A. He was referring at that time to the Kamajors.
 - 19 Q. No, Mr Witness, when you said he in your testimony, who
- 12:29:22 20 were you referring to, what person?
 - 21 A. When Sam Bockarie was executing the people, is that what
 - 22 you mean?
 - 23 Q. Yes, you've clarified that, thank you. Now you say that he
 - 24 executed certain people. How do you know that he executed them?
- 12:29:50 25 Let me rephrase. What do you mean when you say he executed them?
 - 26 A. I mean he executed the people. Sam Bockarie executed the
 - 27 people. Whilst we were looking at the areas he was executing the
 - people and he said, "These people are Kamajors and we are going
 - 29 to finish with them" and then he gave instruction there that by

- 1 the time "I am moving now. Before I come back, the remaining
- 2 people, I want all of them dead."
- 3 Q. Now in what way did he execute them? What did he use to
- 4 execute them?
- 12:30:29 5 A. He shot at them with a gun.
 - 6 Q. Now you indicated he gave an instruction that he was moving
 - 7 and before he came back the remaining people, he wanted all of
 - 8 them dead. What happened after that?
 - 9 A. I didn't know what happened after that, because I didn't
- 12:30:54 10 use that road. I didn't come through that route to know what
 - 11 happened. Because after he had executed the people and gave his
 - 12 instruction he just got up into his vehicle and then he moved off
 - 13 and then I saw his bodyguards telling the guys that telling us
 - 14 that we should follow them and then my bodyguards who were
- 12:31:16 15 remaining there, they were afraid a little. But this kind of man
 - 16 that we have come to see, you see the kind of thing that he's
 - 17 doing in our presence. Then I said to them, I said maybe he want
 - 18 to prove to us that actually he's a strong man on the ground here
 - 19 and that anything he does to anybody was final and then we also
- 12:31:35 20 followed him. We travelled to --
 - 21 Q. If I could stop you there. When Sam Bockarie drove away
 - 22 how many people were with him?
 - 23 A. He had more than three cars full of men, armed men. He had
 - 24 more than three cars in his convoy.
- 12:32:02 25 Q. And you said that you followed him. Where did you go from
 - 26 Kai I ahun?
 - 27 A. From Kailahun we travelled to Buedu.
 - 28 MS HOLLIS: And, your Honours, that is spelt B-U-E-D-U. If
 - 29 the witness could be shown MFI-1.

- 1 Q. Could you show us where Buedu is, please?
- 2 A. This is Buedu here [indicated].
- 3 Q. Thank you, Mr Witness. What happened when you arrived in
- 4 Buedu?
- 12:33:16 5 A. When we get at Buedu, entering we met a check point and
 - 6 they told us they ask us what was our mission and we said we
 - 7 met Sam Bockarie at Kailahun and his bodyguards told us to follow
 - 8 him and they said, "No, we did not receive any instruction so you
 - 9 have to wait here and we will go and inform him" and we waited.
- 12:33:50 10 In fact, they disarmed us because we had our arms with us. They
 - 11 disarmed us. When they got to him --
 - 12 Q. I'm sorry for interrupting, but if we could take it a piece
 - 13 at a time. So you said that you encountered a check point. Now
 - 14 at the check point did you tell them who you were and where you
- 12:34:16 15 were from?
 - 16 A. Yes, I explained that to them, that I was coming from
 - 17 Liberia and that I was working with the Executive Mansion as an
 - 18 SSS officer and I only came to see Sam Bockarie. I didn't
 - 19 explain any further details to them. But then they told me that
- 12:34:38 20 there wasn't any instruction given to them for that, so we have
 - 21 to wait until they inform him. Then they had to take all of our
 - 22 arms away from us. Then when they came back they said, "We are
 - 23 sorry, Sam Bockarie is annoyed with me that you guys are the
 - 24 President bodyguards, why should I take your weapons from you."
- 12:35:01 25 Then he said, "I should return your weapons to you before I reach
 - 26 him." Then they returned all our weapons to us and then that
 - 27 indication showed us that we would be welcome in Buedu. So we
 - 28 travelled and entered the town. We went to his residence.
 - 29 Q. And what happened and when you say his residence, whose

- 1 residence are you talking about?
- 2 A. Sam Bockarie's house.
- 3 Q. And what happened when you arrived at Sam Bockarie's house?
- 4 A. When I got there he sent for me to enter, to meet him in
- 12:35:40 5 his room. He asked me about what my mission was and I told him
 - 6 that I was sent by Mr Taylor, the President of the Republic of
 - 7 Liberia at that time, that I should take you along with me to go
 - 8 and see him, and he said he asked me for my name and I told him
 - 9 my name is Varmuyan Sherif. He said, "Are you not from ULIMO?"
- 12:36:12 10 I said yes. He said, "Oh, I don't trust you. I don't trust
 - 11 you." He said, "Why didn't Mr Taylor not send some other person
 - 12 like Joseph Montgomery or any other NPFL men, except you ULIMO
 - men who have been fighting against me."
 - Then I explained some reasons to him. I told him the
- 12:36:30 15 reason is in Lofa County area, now it's controlled by ULIMO-K and
 - 16 now the fighters there did not disarm properly, some of them had
 - 17 weapons. If Mr Taylor used any of the NPFL guys to come for you
 - 18 maybe they would have ambushed that person, you can't tell. But
 - 19 knowing me to be one of the most senior commanders in the ULIMO-K
- 12:36:55 20 I can pass through them and I can take anybody through them
 - 21 anywhere and there wouldn't be any problem. Maybe, I said to
 - 22 him, that will be the reason why Mr Taylor sent me to collect
 - 23 you. The reason that I could explain to him in order that I
 - 24 convince him for me to accept for him to go with me is what I
- 12:37:21 25 told him, but it was not that Mr Taylor gave me that reason. Now
 - 26 he said, "I do not trust you because you are an ULIMO-K man."
 - 27 Q. Let me stop you there. He said he did not trust you. You
 - 28 explained to him why you came. What happened after that?
 - 29 A. That is the reason I was explaining. So when I told him

- 1 that the reason was he knew me to ULIMO senior officer, I can
- 2 pass through with you through, but if it had been any NPFL man
- 3 coming for you he would have encountered problem at Lofa.
- 4 Q. Now let me ask you to listen carefully to my question.
- 12:37:58 5 After you gave him that explanation what happened?
 - 6 A. He said he was going to call to Monrovia to find out. So
 - 7 the next day we should sleep until the next day while I
 - 8 explained to him, he didn't trust nothing that I explained to
 - 9 him. So we had to sleep. So he would call tomorrow to the
- 12:38:25 10 Executive Mansion to find out. So I began getting worried, how
 - 11 he going to get in contact with Monrovia, and Monrovia, I don't
 - 12 know RUF had any communication with the Executive Mansion. From
 - 13 the time I had been there up to election of Mr Taylor coming
 - 14 there I did not know that link. So we were worried throughout
- 12:38:47 15 the night until the following day.
 - 16 Q. Now where did you spend that night or did you sleep that
 - 17 ni ght?
 - 18 A. He gave me room right through his door room in the same
 - 19 house. That was where I slept.
- 12:39:05 20 Q. And what happened the following day?
 - 21 A. The next day he said we should walk to go to the radio
 - 22 room, the radio room where they had their communication area.
 - 23 And we walked just about 20 yards from the house. We walked up
 - there and he told the radio operator to contact Monrovia, the
- 12:39:33 25 Executive Mansion. So I was still worried because this thing was
 - 26 discussed among a few people in the Executive Mansion, I don't
 - 27 know who was going to contact or who they were going to get in
 - 28 touch with or maybe the person they contact, the person may not
 - 29 be aware of our mission and that would have been a problem for

- 1 me. So the radio operators, the radio they were dealing with was
- 2 some radio that had --
- THE INTERPRETER: Your Honour, can the witness please
- 4 repeat himself.
- 12:40:06 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, please go over your testimony
 - 6 a little bit slower because the interpreter has to interpret it
 - 7 for us. Please just back up a bit. Just repeat your testimony a
 - 8 little bit slower, please.
 - 9 MS HOLLIS:
- 12:40:22 10 Q. And, Mr Witness, if you would please just say a few
 - 11 sentences and then wait so that the interpretation can catch up
 - 12 with you. So would you please repeat what you had just said
 - 13 about what happened the next morning when you went to the radio
 - 14 area and the radio operators were told to communicate with
- 12:40:50 15 Monrovi a?
 - 16 A. Yeah. He told the radio operator to call Monrovia
 - 17 Executive Mansion. I was worried. The reason being that I never
 - 18 knew that the RUF had any connection with the Executive Mansion
 - 19 since I had been in the Executive Mansion since 1995 up to the
- 12:41:21 20 election that brought Mr Taylor to the Executive Mansion. The
 - 21 Executive Mansion had no direct link with the RUF at all or any
 - 22 contact with the RUF radio operators. And this information given
 - 23 to me for me to come there was given to me in the midst of few
 - 24 security officers. But my worry now was who were they going to
- 12:41:44 25 contact, or maybe the person that he was trying to contact never
 - 26 knew about my mission.
 - 27 Q. And when you say he gave the radio operator the
 - instruction, who are you talking about? Who gave the radio
 - 29 operator the instruction?

- 1 A. Sam Bockarie gave the radio operator the instruction to
- 2 contact the Executive Mansion of Liberia, Monrovia.
- 3 Q. Now let me ask you: Did you provide them with any
- 4 information as to how to contact the Executive Mansion in
- 12:42:21 5 Monrovi a?
 - 6 A. No. That was the reason why I was worried.
 - 7 Q. That day when the instruction was given to contact the
 - 8 Executive Mansion did you provide them any information as to how
 - 9 they could do that?
- 12:42:39 10 A. No. I didn't give any information on that.
 - 11 Q. So what happened after the instruction was given?
 - 12 A. The radio operator contacted the Executive Mansion, but
 - 13 where we usually communicate on our central communication in the
 - 14 Executive Mansion was not the area that was contacted. Somebody
- 12:43:09 15 else at that time answered them on the fifth floor of the
 - 16 Executive Mansion and that was one of the radio operators that
 - 17 came with the NPFL that answered and that was at 405. That was
 - 18 the code I knew for that. 405 answered the radio.
 - 19 Q. Now let me ask you how do you know that 405 answered the
- 12:43:32 20 radio?
 - 21 A. I knew 405 to be one of our radio operators in the
 - 22 Executive Mansion that came with Mr Taylor from the NPFL camp and
 - 23 also I recognised his voice when the radio operator contacted him
 - and then he said, "Please wait for me a little bit" and he said,
- 12:44:00 25 "I am going to contact Joseph Montgomery."
 - 26 Q. And what happened then?
 - 27 A. When I heard the name of Joseph Montgomery I was my heart
 - 28 cooled down a bit because Joseph Montgomery was aware of my
 - 29 travel into Sierra Leone to get Sam Bockarie. So Joseph

- 1 Montgomery came on the radio room and now Sam Bockarie and Joseph
- 2 Montgomery started communication. When he asked Joseph
- 3 Montgomery, "Are you aware of Sherif coming over to me here and
- 4 taking me over back to Mr Taylor" and he said, "Yes, that man
- 12:44:48 5 Sherif is my deputy, my immediate deputy, whatever instruction he
 - 6 say to you, whatever message he brought for you is an instruction
 - 7 from Mr Taylor, so please follow it up."
 - 8 Q. Now let me ask you, you said that the radio operator said
 - 9 that he would get Joseph Montgomery. How do you know that the
- 12:45:15 10 person who then came on to the radio was Joseph Montgomery?
 - 11 A. Joseph Montgomery came in the radio and said, "This is 52"
 - and that is our secure codes and I know that he is 52, I am 56,
 - 13 and I recognised his voice. If somebody if somebody who had
 - 14 been together before almost three years before the election of
- 12:45:43 15 Taylor, from 95 Joseph Montgomery was during the faction
 - 16 representative, faction time, Joseph Montgomery was the deputy
 - 17 director for administration, SSS, representing NPFL when I was
 - 18 assistant director for operation. So I recognised his voice. We
 - 19 worked together 95, 96 up to 97, up to that time, so I know his
- 12:46:10 20 voice, somebody that we worked together throughout, so I
 - 21 recogni sed his voice.
 - 22 Q. Thank you, Mr Witness. Now you indicated that the
 - 23 communication to the Executive Mansion went to the fifth floor of
 - 24 the Executive Mansion. Now how did you know that?
- 12:46:29 25 A. That is why when I came back before I went at the fifth
 - 26 floor to find out that a radio at the fifth floor. So when I
 - 27 came back before I got to know the entire detail that there was a
 - 28 radio, they had brought it from Gbarnga and they stored it at the
 - 29 fifth floor and that's where they do their communication is

- 1 different from the Executive Mansion radio. I did not know about
- 2 it when I was in the Executive Mansion until when I got back from
- 3 the trip and I visited the area then I got to know about it.
- 4 Q. And at that time did you learn why they had a separate
- 12:47:09 5 communications area on the fifth floor?
 - 6 A. After when I came from Sierra Leone, that's what you mean?
 - 7 Q. Yes.
 - 8 A. Yes, I got to know about the communication that they had
 - 9 there.
- 12:47:28 10 Q. But my question, sir, is did you learn why they had this
 - 11 separate communication centre on the fifth floor?
 - 12 A. Yes, I know, but I had nothing to do with it because my
 - 13 senior bosses were involved in having a separate communication up
 - 14 there, so I had no objection or to ask why they had it up there
- 12:47:55 **15 for**.
 - 16 Q. And when you say your senior boss who are you talking
 - 17 about?
 - 18 A. I am talking about Joseph Montgomery and Benjamin Yeaten.
 - 19 Q. And did you learn what this separate communications centre
- 12:48:11 20 was used for, what times of communications?
 - 21 A. They had a two Yaesu radio there. They had two radios
 - 22 there at the fifth floor at the Executive Mansion. That is a
 - 23 long range radio from country to country.
 - 24 Q. And do you know how to say Yaesu?
- 12:48:45 **25** A. No.
 - 26 MS HOLLIS: Your Honour, I believe that it may be
 - 27 Y-E-A-S-U.
 - 28 Q. Now you also said that you knew it was Joseph Montgomery
 - 29 because he used a code 52 and that was his code?

- 1 A. Yes, that was Joseph Montgomery's code, 52.
- 2 Q. And you indicated your code was what?
- 3 A. 56.
- 4 Q. Were these codes within the SSS?
- 12:49:25 5 A. Up to now it is still existing.
 - 6 Q. Were these codes within the SSS organisation?
 - 7 A. This was the code for the SSS up to the peace time now.
 - 8 The director was 50. The deputy director for administration was
 - 9 51. The deputy director for operation was 52. The deputy
- 12:49:54 10 director for training is 53. The deputy director for
 - 11 intelligence is 54. The assistant director for administration is
 - 12 55. The assistant director for operation is 56. The assistant
 - 13 director for intelligence is 58. Then you have the assistant
 - 14 director for training, 57.
- 12:50:25 15 Q. Thank you, sir, and again I will ask you to speak slowly so
 - 16 that we can follow the translation. Now after this communication
 - 17 with Joseph Montgomery at the Executive Mansion what happened
 - 18 then?
 - 19 A. Now Sam Bockarie told me he said, "Okay, I'm satisfied
- 12:50:48 20 now. You can now go to the house and prepare yourself for us to
 - 21 | Leave." And then if he ask me he asked me what route I used
 - 22 when I was coming to Buedu and I explained to him that I used
 - 23 from Vahun I crossed to Bomaru, from Bomaru to Bawala, from
 - 24 Bawala to Pendembu, from Pendembu to Kenema. No, no, no, from
- 12:51:17 25 Pendembu to Kailahun. To Kailahun, I'm sorry. From Kailahun to
 - 26 Buedu. He said, "No, I am not going to use that route because I
 - 27 still have some fear in me that there is a problem in front of
 - 28 me. So we will use another route. So we will use the route from
 - 29 here to Koindu."

- 1 Q. Mr Witness, I will have you in a moment explain the route
- 2 that you followed back. At the present time, your Honours, the
- 3 new location that was mentioned is Bawala. I believe that is
- 4 spelled B-A-W-A-L-A.
- 12:52:00 5 Now after you had this discussion and Sam Bockarie
 - 6 determined the route you would use, what happened then?
 - 7 A. We left. After two hours we travelled to Koindu.
 - 8 Q. Now let me stop you there. You left. How many people were
 - 9 travelling with Sam Bockarie?
- 12:52:21 10 A. He said he never had trust, especially in the Lofa route,
 - 11 so he had to travel with all his bodyguards and all of his
 - 12 escorts. So he had three vehicles behind him that he was
 - 13 travelling with. So I had to accept it because I was trying to
 - 14 get him over. So I said to him, "No problem, you can carry
- 12:52:45 15 whatever you want to carry."
 - 16 Q. Now these bodyguards that he was travelling with, were they
 - 17 armed?
 - 18 A. They all had weapons. They all had weapons. One of the
 - 19 cars had the anti-terrorist weapon inside, the weapon that they
- 12:53:10 20 normally mount into a pick-up, into a pick-up van. We went to
 - 21 Koindu and from Koindu we went to Mendekoma.
 - 22 Q. If I can stop you there, please, and if I could ask that
 - 23 MFI-1 be made available on the screen. Could you first show us
 - 24 Koi ndu?
- 12:53:46 25 A. This is Koindu [indicated].
 - 26 Q. And Mendekoma that you mentioned your Honours, I believe
 - 27 that is spelt M-E-N-D-E-K-O-R-M-A. I may have misspelled that,
 - it may be K-O-M-A, Mendekoma.
 - 29 Now you said that he had three vehicles behind him in this

- 1 convoy. Did you notice anything unusual about those vehicles?
- 2 A. Those vehicles were looted vehicles because I could see the
- 3 erased areas. It appeared as if they were NGO vehicles. And you
- 4 can see that they never had keys in fact to start them. They
- 12:54:50 5 would only put the ignition wires together for the cars to start.
 - 6 And I realised that in fact on the side of the vehicles there
 - 7 were erased they were erased writings. It looked like they
 - 8 belonged to NGOs.
 - 9 Q. Now what happened when you arrived in Koindu?
- 12:55:11 10 A. He decided that one of the vehicles should go back. That
 - 11 was the vehicle that they had the mounted weapon inside. Then
 - 12 told him, "What I want you to do for me now is that everybody
 - 13 should put their arms in the vehicle and then put the tarpaulin
 - 14 over it and then sit on top of it. That is because ECOMOG
- 12:55:40 15 deployments are in Monrovia and now we don't have any guns in the
 - 16 country and then if they see you having arms travelling in a
 - 17 vehicle like that it will raise a concern to them" and then he
 - 18 accepted it. And then we decided to put all of the weapons -
 - 19 some of them behind the vehicle seats and then some of them into
- 12:56:01 20 the truck and then we put the tarpaulin over them and then one of
 - 21 the vehicles went back and then we now left with three vehicles
 - because myself, I travelled with one vehicle.
 - 23 Q. Mr Witness, if I could perhaps stop you there. Madam
 - 24 President, this may be an appropriate time to break.
- 12:56:21 25 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes indeed, with about three minutes to
 - go I think this is an appropriate time to break for lunch.
 - 27 Mr Witness, we are going to break for one and a half hours
 - 28 for Lunch. I would request you not to discuss your testimony
 - 29 with anybody until you have actually finished testifying in

- 1 court. So court will adjourn until 2.30 this afternoon. Thank
- 2 you.
- 3 [Lunch break taken at 12.57 p.m.]
- 4 [Upon resuming at 2.30 p.m.]
- 14:25:37 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Good afternoon. Mr Witness, I remind you
 - 6 are still under oath. Mr Witness? Is the interpreter there.
 - 7 INTERPRETER: Your Honour, the witness's mike is not on.
 - 8 PRESIDING JUDGE: Court Management, could you please switch
 - 9 on the witness's microphone:
- 14:30:43 10 Q. Mr Witness, did you hear what I just said? I said you are
 - 11 still under oath.
 - 12 A. Yes, yes.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Thank you.
 - 14 MS HOLLIS: Thank you, Madam President. Before we proceed,
- 14:31:03 15 I would simply like to note that for some reason our LiveNote is
 - 16 showing a prior transcript of a it appears to be of a prior
 - 17 witness, but now apparently we are on track again:
 - 18 Q. So, Mr Witness, before we had our break you were telling us
 - 19 about returning from Buedu to Liberia and you testified that you
- 14:31:27 20 had reached Koindu. Now, perhaps at this time MFI-1 could be
 - 21 placed again on the projector. Now, Mr Witness, would you please
 - tell us where did you go from Koindu?
 - 23 A. From Koindu to here, Foya. Foya.
 - 24 Q. And where did you go from Foya?
- 14:32:26 25 A. From Foya to Kolahun and from Kolahun to Voinjama. We had
 - 26 a break.
 - 27 Q. Now in Voinjama where you had the break, what happened
 - while you were in Voinjama?
 - 29 A. Sam Bockarie said he wanted to have a bath, he wanted to

- 1 cut his hair, so I took him to our house at the Mandingo Quarter
- 2 in Voinjama City.
- 3 Q. Now, you say you took him to "our house". What do you mean
- 4 when you say "our house"?
- 14:33:13 5 A. Voinjama is my home, where I originated from. That is the
 - 6 reason why I said "at our house". We have a house there that is
 - 7 called Sherrif Quarter.
 - 8 Q. What happened once you arrived to that house?
 - 9 A. He said he wanted to take his bath and to get a haircut, so
- 14:33:39 10 he had a haircut and in the process when he said he wanted to go
 - and have a bath he took off his jacket to enter the bathroom.
 - 12 Three of us were together: he, myself and one of my senior
 - 13 officers. They call him Master General. Inside the jacket
 - 14 pocket your Honours, could the witness come back to that area,
- 14:34:14 15 please? He is not too clear on that.
 - 16 PRESI DI NG JUDGE:
 - 17 Q. Mr Witness, could you just repeat what you have said
 - 18 slowly. The interpreter did not get you. What happened at the
 - 19 bathroom? Repeat that, please.
- 14:34:28 20 A. At the back of the house he took his jacket off to hang it.
 - 21 Whilst in the process of taking his jacket off, I saw a
 - 22 mayonnaise bottle that he took out of his jacket and we realised
 - there were diamonds in it, in his pocket. One of my senior
 - officers who saw these diamonds said, "Oh, we can get rid of this
- 14:35:04 25 man and take these diamonds and then we will cross over to a
 - 26 different country and then go away". Then I said to him, "No, if
 - 27 you do that we will be putting ourselves into problem and we have
 - our families in Monrovia and so that is not necessary".
 - 29 Then later, the assistant director for intelligence

- 1 travelled through helicopter. He came to see me. He said the
- 2 President sent him, President Mr Taylor now, to make sure that
- 3 the person that I am bringing to Monrovia whether he is the true
- 4 Sam Bockarie. He had a picture with him, and that was I think
- 14:35:59 5 Sam Bockarie's picture that he was carrying, and when he was just
 - 6 coming from the bathroom we were now getting ready to go to
 - 7 Monrovia. He looked at him and he said, "Yes, thank you very
 - 8 much. You make me feel good".
 - 9 Then later in an hour's time we left Voinjama. We
- 14:36:20 10 travelled to Zorzor and from Zorzor we travelled to Salayea.
 - 11 From Salayea we travelled to Belefanai. From Belefanai we
 - 12 travelled to Wiesua. That is the village very close to Gbange.
 - 13 That is the very last village to Gbange.
 - 14 Q. Now, Mr Witness, could I stop you for a moment. You talked
- 14:36:51 15 about an assistant director of intelligence. Do you remember the
 - 16 name of that person?
 - 17 A. Robert Bieh. Robert Bieh, 58. That is own code at that
 - 18 time.
 - 19 Q. Now, when I interrupted you you said you had reached a
- 14:37:13 20 village close to Gbange. What was the name of that village?
 - 21 A. Wai sue.
 - 22 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, I believe that is spelt
 - 23 W-a-i-s-u-e:
 - 24 Q. Now what happened when you arrived in Waisue?
- 14:37:39 25 A. I met my boss man coming in. That is Benjamin Yeaten. He
 - 26 was travelling with Musa Sesay in another jeep coming from
 - 27 Monrovia. They stopped us. They said to me, thank "Thank you
 - 28 very much. We will now take Sam Bockarie to go alone and you can
 - 29 take the rest of Sam Bockarie's men and you go straight to your

- 1 house".
- 2 Q. Now, let me ask you this. When he told you, "Thank you
- 3 very much", and that they would now take Sam Bockarie alone, did
- 4 they tell you why they were going to do that?
- 14:38:22 5 A. Yes, the reason they told me that they said ECOMOG had a
 - 6 check point at 15 gate to Mabarkley and also Careysburg. So
 - 7 these places ECOMOG still had check points there and say they are
 - 8 now going to use another route. They are going to bypass this 15
 - gate and get to Robert field and they will use Robert field road
- 14:38:53 10 to go to Monrovia. So, that is the reason.
 - 11 Q. Now, what happened after this meeting then?
 - 12 A. They took Sam Bockarie, they travelled that route and I
 - 13 took the rest of Sam Bockarie's men with me straight to my house
 - 14 in Monrovia.
- 14:39:16 15 Q. What happened after you arrived back at your house in
 - 16 Monrovi a?
 - 17 A. The next day Sam Bockarie came with one of the escort jeep.
 - 18 Mr Taylor's escort jeep came to the house to speak to his men.
 - 19 He also asked for his long range ranger, because when we were
- 14:39:43 20 travelling they carry along with them. He started communicating
 - 21 with Kono and Tongo.
 - 22 Q. Now, how did you know that he was communicating with Kono
 - 23 and Tongo?
 - 24 A. They were communicating in Mende and I could hear Mende and
- 14:40:02 25 Sam Bockarie was speaking Mende.
 - 26 Q. And why did you believe they were speaking with Kono and
 - 27 Tongo?
 - 28 A. He called the name of the place and he was telling them
 - 29 that, "Both Kono and Tongo, you guys who are there, you should be

- 1 alert because the SLU soldiers were coming from Freetown. You
- 2 should receive them and give them good treatment", and that, "I
- 3 got information also that JPK --", that is Johnny Paul Koroma,
- 4 "-- is missing in action and that he is heading for either Kono
- 14:40:43 5 or Tongo area and that everybody should be alert to receive him".
 - 6 Those were the information that he was giving them over the radio
 - 7 that I had.
 - 8 MS HOLLIS: Your Honours, Johnny is J-o-h-n-n-y, Paul is
 - 9 P-a-u-l and Koroma is K-o-r-o-m-a:
- 14:41:05 10 Q. Did you know who Johnny Paul Koroma was?
 - 11 A. Well, Johnny Paul Koroma was the leader of AFRC that took
 - 12 over from Ahmad Tejan Kabbah.
 - 13 Q. Now, what happened after these radio communications at your
 - 14 house?
- 14:41:29 15 A. Sam Bockarie Left. The next day Mr Taylor sent my deputy
 - to call me, Osibio Dembi, his own code was 59, to White Flower.
 - 17 When I went there he was very happy with me. He had some money
 - 18 also and he gave me some money. He asked me whether I knew where
 - 19 the place where Benjamin and Sesay took Sam Bockarie from in my
- 14:42:13 20 vehicle and I told him.
 - 21 Q. Now, Mr Witness, could I ask you to pause for a moment and
 - 22 Let me ask some questions about what you have just said. You
 - 23 said that you went to White Flower. What was White Flower?
 - 24 A. That is the residence of Mr Taylor. They call it White
- 14:42:34 25 Flower.
 - 26 Q. And at White Flower who did you see?
 - 27 A. Musa Sesay was there and also my deputy who went and called
 - 28 me. He was also present. When Mr Taylor gave me money and he
 - 29 was happy with me, he said to me, "Do you know the place where

- 1 Benjamin Yeaten and Musa Sesay took Sam Bockarie from you from
- 2 your vehicle?", and I said, "Yes, Waisue". He said, "Just drive
- 3 back there. If you don't see them, just wait a little bit and
- 4 they will meet you".
- 14:43:18 5 Q. Now when you say "He said, 'Just drive back there'", who
 - 6 are you talking about? Who told you that?
 - 7 A. Former President Taylor.
 - 8 Q. What happened after that?
 - 9 A. I went back to the house, took the rest of the men
- 14:43:38 10 including Sam Bockarie's men and his vehicle. We drove back to
 - 11 the same location. That is Waisue. When we got there nobody was
 - there, but within the next ten minutes we saw them coming.
 - 13 When Sam Bockarie got down from Benjamin Yeaten's vehicle,
 - 14 he transferred in his own vehicle, both of us were riding
- 14:44:02 15 together. I was driving in Sam Bockarie's vehicle. When he was
 - so happy with me he told me, "Thanks very much, because you have
 - 17 been the very first person to make things possible for me to see
 - 18 Mr Taylor". He said, "I knew Mr Taylor during the time when RUF
 - 19 was getting ready for the mission. At that time I was just a
- 14:44:31 20 little boy and Foday Sankoh was the leader at that time, but all
 - of the time we had just been communicating through radio. For me
 - 22 to sit down with Mr Taylor face-to-face and talk and to see him
 - and sit and talk, you have been the cause that has happened for
 - 24 me and I will never forget about you. You will always be my
- 14:44:54 25 friend and any time I come down Monrovia I will reach to you. I
 - 26 have money. He gave me money. I have satellite. He gave me
 - 27 satellite phone. Any time I want to communicate with him I can
 - 28 communicate with him. In any part of the world I want to
 - 29 communicate I will communicate with that person".

- 1 Q. Now, let me stop you for a moment. You said that Sam
- 2 Bockarie told you that "he" gave Sam Bockarie money and "he" gave
- 3 Sam Bockarie a satellite phone. Did he tell you who he was
- 4 referring to when he said "he"?
- 14:45:29 5 A. He was referring to former President Taylor.
 - 6 Q. And did Sam Bockarie tell you anything else which had
 - 7 occurred during his visit?
 - 8 A. No. He only showed me the money that he was having and he
 - 9 showed me the satellite phone and he said now he is a happy man
- 14:45:52 10 and now he is going back and he knows he will have to achieve his
 - 11 mission and that he was now heading for his mission. Those were
 - 12 the things he told me.
 - 13 Q. Did he tell you what his mission was?
 - 14 A. No.
- 14:46:10 15 Q. Now, you said that he said he had received money and he
 - showed you money. Could you tell how much money?
 - 17 A. I can't tell how much money he was having, but he showed me
 - 18 the money and he showed me the satellite phone.
 - 19 Q. And when he showed you the money, could you tell what
- 14:46:38 20 currency the money was?
 - 21 A. USD.
 - 22 Q. Does that mean US dollars?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. Now, you said that before you took this trip and you were
- 14:46:51 25 with Charles Taylor he gave you money. What was the currency of
 - the money he gave you?
 - 27 A. USD. US dollars.
 - 28 Q. Now, what happened then? After you had this discussion
 - 29 with Sam Bockarie and you are travelling together in this

- 1 vehicle, where did you go?
- 2 A. I drove back to Voinjama, from Voinjama to Kolahun, from
- 3 Kolahun to Foya and I went to the Mendekoma border. That was
- 4 where I stopped and I came back.
- 14:47:37 5 Q. You came back to Monrovia?
 - 6 A. Yes.
 - 7 Q. Now, let me go back just a moment and let me ask you. You
 - 8 said that you were called by President Taylor and he told you to
 - 9 go to the spot where you had taken Sam Bockarie, this Waisue.
- 14:47:58 10 Now at that time when you met with him, did you tell him about
 - 11 the killings you had seen in Kolahun?
 - 12 A. No, no, I can't involve myself on that. All my trips going
 - in and coming out indicates to me that I knew very well that the
 - 14 missions Sam Bockarie was carrying on were being supported by
- 14:48:32 15 Mr Taylor. So, I wouldn't have decided to report Sam Bockarie to
 - 16 say, "Oh, these are the things he has been doing". Oh, no, I did
 - 17 not at all involve myself in that. I only did what I was
 - 18 instructed to do.
 - 19 Q. And now you said that you came back to Monrovia after
- 14:48:53 20 taking Sam Bockarie to the Sierra Leone border. Did you have
 - 21 another meeting with Charles Taylor after you came back from that
 - 22 mission?
 - 23 A. Yes.
 - 24 Q. When?
- 14:49:08 25 A. He called me back and instructed me that whatever arms and
 - 26 ammunition that I am bringing to Monrovia I shouldn't bring them
 - 27 to Monrovia again. I should take them and turn everything over
 - 28 to Sam Bockarie that I had. At that time I had only the last
 - 29 consignment, that is the last load, one load of pickup, the last

- 1 consignment that I had in hand.
- 2 Q. Now when he told you that you should take arms and
- 3 ammunition to Sam Bockarie, what if anything else did he tell you
- 4 or instruct you to do during that conversation?
- 14:49:56 5 A. He also said I should not speak to the former fighters that
 - 6 are in Lofa. Everybody should be free. I should go and open
 - 7 corridor and nobody should arm any RUF man whenever they do come
 - 8 to Liberia, or any of the former fighters who go to Sierra Leone
 - 9 to be armed. All the area should be free. Those who have their
- 14:50:27 10 arms they can take their arms if they want to go across Sierra
 - 11 Leone to buy and they were giving some money to Sam Bockarie and
 - 12 Sam Bockarie will be buying arms and ammunition on their own.
 - 13 Sometimes some of the arms were brought to Monrovia, not
 - 14 everything. They may be having some arms there and Sam Bockarie
- 14:50:49 15 will send whoever he wants to send, whoever had the arms and
 - 16 ammunition, to travel through Lofa area to buy and the territory
 - 17 should be free to every and also --
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Interpreter, please make an effort to
 - 19 be understood. There are some words you say that we simply don't
- 14:51:13 20 understand, Mr Interpreter. You must interpret clearly in
 - 21 English so that we understand.
 - MS HOLLIS:
 - 23 Q. So, Mr Witness, Charles Taylor told you he wanted you to
 - take action to have an open border so that people in Lofa County
- 14:51:38 25 would feel free to provide arms and ammunition to the RUF?
 - 26 A. Yes.
 - 27 Q. So, what did you do after that meeting?
 - 28 A. When I went back to Lofa, that was in Voinjama and Kolahun
 - 29 Foya, I met all the former fighters there and I let them all

- 1 understand that if any of them had arms and ammunition they want
- 2 to go and do business in the RUF territories you are free, and
- 3 also the RUF should have free movement to Foya, to Kolahun, to
- 4 Voinjama, wherever they want to go. So, nowhere should be seen
- 14:52:29 5 to be seen as your own territory either on the Sierra Leone side,
 - 6 or the Liberian side. Everybody was now a free man. RUF had
 - 7 their rights in here and also you have your own right into RUF
 - 8 terri tory.
 - 9 Q. Now, earlier you had mentioned that you had a fourth load
- 14:52:49 10 of arms and ammunition which you had collected in Lofa County.
 - 11 What did you do with that fourth load of arms and ammunition?
 - 12 A. The last one I was instructed to take to Sam Bockarie. The
 - 13 first one, the second one, the third one were brought to
 - 14 Monrovia. The last one was taken to Sam Bockarie. And when I
- 14:53:20 15 was going to Sam Bockarie I was supposed to meet him in Buedu,
 - 16 but I was so lucky that I met him at Foya and so I told him that
 - 17 we should move together to the border so that I can turn the
 - 18 ammunition over to him.
 - 19 Q. Now you said that you met him in Foya, and perhaps we could
- 14:53:42 20 use MFI-1 again so that you could point out what you are talking
 - 21 about when you say Foya. So you are pointing to what is
 - 22 designated Foya City, is that correct?
 - 23 A. Yes, Foya City.
 - 24 Q. And did you travel to the border with him?
- 14:54:20 25 A. Yes.
 - 26 Q. What happened at the border?
 - 27 A. The arms and ammunition that I was having at that time I
 - 28 turned them over to him and then we had some snapshots,
 - 29 photographs, also.

- 1 Q. Now at this time if I could be assisted, please. At tab
- 2 29, photo 0 and photo P at tab 29, if they could be marked for
- 3 identification and if they could be marked with a number and then
- 4 A and B?
- 14:55:05 5 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Hollis, please repeat the numbers of
 - 6 the photographs.
 - 7 MS HOLLIS: Yes, tab 29, photograph 0 and photograph P as
 - 8 in Papa. Do you have those photographs? If they could be marked
 - 9 for identification and if I could ask that the photograph which
- 14:55:36 10 ends with the numbers 667 be marked as A, that is photo O, and
 - 11 the photograph that ends with 668, which is photo P, could be
 - 12 marked as B.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Why do you want to mark them again as A
 - and B, or do you want to mark them with an MFI-number?
- 14:56:16 15 MS HOLLIS: MFI one number, but then I don't want them as
 - 16 two separate exhibits, if your Honour pleases. They would be MFI
 - 17 number --
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Okay. So, this would be MFI-3?
 - 19 MS IRURA: MFI-3, your Honour.
- 14:56:27 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: So, the first photograph which is marked
 - 21 as 0 will be MFI-3A and the second photograph would be MFI-3B.
 - 22 MS HOLLIS: Thank you, your Honour. If those could be
 - 23 shown to the witness, please. Your Honour, the witness is being
 - 24 given an original copy of each of these photographs and is he
- 14:57:07 25 being shown 0:
 - 26 Q. Could you tell us what that photograph is?
 - 27 A. [Microphone not activated] Yes, this was the photo taken
 - 28 at the border. Yes, this was the photograph we had at the
 - 29 border. Yes, this was the thing in which the ammunition was.

- 1 This is me, myself. Please could the witness speak into the
- 2 mike, please? Your Honours, could the witness speak in the mike?
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, please repeat explaining the
- 4 personalities in the photograph with the microphone on. Start
- 14:58:02 5 again.
 - 6 THE WITNESS: This is myself, this is the driver assigned
 - 7 to me from NPFL, this is the bodyguard for Montgomery and these
 - 8 are my other two bodyguards. So, everybody is represented right
 - 9 here.
- 14:58:28 10 MS HOLLIS:
 - 11 Q. And you said that is what is shown in this pickup truck are
 - 12 arms and ammunition?
 - 13 A. Yes.
 - 14 Q. Where was this picture taken?
- 14:58:42 15 A. At Mendekoma.
 - 16 Q. And Mendekoma is close to what city in Sierra Leone?
 - 17 A. Koindu. Sierra Leone and Liberian border.
 - 18 Q. And this photograph was taken when you were at the border
 - 19 with Sam Bockarie?
- 14:59:10 20 A. Yes.
 - 21 Q. Now if you could look at MFI-3B, which is photo P.
 - 22 A. Yes.
 - 23 Q. And can you tell us what this picture shows?
 - 24 A. The picture this is myself in a special operation in the
- 14:59:57 25 uniform that was provided to us by Mr Taylor. Whenever we had an
 - operation like this, we wore this uniform. This is me here
 - 27 myself, this is my body guard, Sidiki, and this is one of the
 - 28 officer, Master General. This picture was taken in Foya. When I
 - 29 was going to the border, I had to change the uniform. In case

- 1 the civilians around see the uniform, you can see the badges here
- 2 that identify it as executive management. So, I had to change
- 3 into another clothing so on my way back to Monrovia I had my
- 4 uniform on again.
- 15:00:46 5 Q. And what colour is this uniform that is shown in this
 - 6 picture?
 - 7 A. This is black. This is for special operation.
 - 8 Q. Thank you. Now after you took the weapons and ammunition
 - 9 to the border, what did you do?
- 15:01:18 10 A. I turned the ammunition over to Sam Bockarie.
 - 11 Q. Now, how what quantity of arms and ammunition did you
 - 12 provide him on this trip?
 - 13 A. The vehicle was full. I can't tell you the exact quantity,
 - 14 but in the pickup van it was full. The truck of it was full.
- 15:01:49 15 There were AK-47 rounds, RPG and some other guns.
 - 16 Q. And in addition to the guns, did you provide him with
 - 17 anything else?
 - 18 A. No.
 - 19 Q. Now after you said that on your way back to Monrovia you
- 15:02:09 20 had your uniform on again, after you arrived back in Monrovia
 - 21 what happened?
 - 22 A. The next day he called me back to go to White Flower and
 - 23 that I should now try and look for one of the most senior
 - 24 officers of ULIMO that is the former ULIMO-K who will now
- 15:02:41 25 work alongside with Sam Bockarie. And wherever the equipment was
 - 26 going, taking them from Lofa area, going to the territory of the
 - 27 RUF, when they see one of the ULIMO-K senior officers working
 - 28 alongside with Sam Bockarie they will be free. They will feel
 - 29 free with them.

- 1 Q. Now, you said that "he" called you back to White Flower.
- 2 Who called you back to White Flower?
- 3 A. Mr Taylor called me back to White Flower and he gave me
- 4 another instruction that I should now look for one of the most
- 15:03:23 5 senior officers of the former ULIMO-K who will work alongside
 - 6 with Sam Bockarie in Sierra Leone.
 - 7 Q. Now, Mr Witness, you indicated that you were to do this
 - 8 because when they see one of the senior officers working
 - 9 alongside with Sam Bockarie "they" will be free. Who are you
- 15:03:55 10 talking about when you say "they"?
 - 11 A. I am referring to the former militia, the former fighters
 - 12 of ULIMO-K, who will now feel free because the instruction was
 - 13 already there that they should all feel free to go to RUF
 - 14 territories because RUF too was looking for reinforcements and so
- 15:04:22 15 they were recruiting. So, if they had one of the most senior
 - 16 officers of the ULIMO-K, the junior officers hear that one of
 - 17 their senior officers is working with Sam Bockarie, they will
 - 18 feel free. Many of them will feel free to go there.
 - 19 Q. Now, what did you do after this meeting with Charles
- 15:04:43 **20** Taylor?
 - 21 A. From there I contacted Abu Keita.
 - 22 Q. And who was Abu Keita? Your Honours excuse me, I am
 - 23 sorry, Mr Witness it is A-b-u, Abu, Keita, K-e-i-t-a. I am
 - 24 sorry, Mr Witness. So, you said that you contacted Abu Keita?
- 15:05:13 25 A. Yes, I contacted Abu Keita and Abu Keita was deputy chief
 - of staff of ULIMO-K. His rank was Major General. He was one of
 - 27 the most senior officers that I would have thought of at that
 - 28 time in the ULIMO-K. And he told me that he is unhappy about -
 - 29 he is suspicious about it, because these are people they have

- 1 been fighting against. He doesn't know whether his life would be
- 2 secure or not.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE: Mr Witness, you allow the interpreter to
- 4 finish interpreting for us before you add on your other
- 15:05:59 5 statements.
 - 6 MS HOLLIS:
 - 7 Q. So, you indicated that Abu Keita said he is suspicious
 - 8 about it because these people have been fighting against him and
 - 9 he doesn't know whether his life would be secure or not. Who was
- 15:06:16 10 he talking about, these people who had been fighting against him?
 - 11 A. He was talking to RUF people. He was referring to the RUF
 - 12 people, because at that time now we wanted him to go and work
 - 13 alongside with Sam Bockarie and he has been fighting against Sam
 - 14 Bockarie for a very long time. So, he needed to readjust his
- 15:06:44 15 mind whether he would feel it necessary to do so or not.
 - 16 Q. And what happened after this conversation?
 - 17 A. Whilst we are on that, another fighting broke out in
 - 18 September when Mr Taylor's government that is Roosevelt Johnson
 - 19 again. Roosevelt Johnson went for medical checkup out of the
- 15:07:18 20 country. When he came back, we never knew where he passed
 - 21 through. No security could identify the border through which he
 - 22 passed, so Mr Taylor became very much concerned and so he invited
 - 23 Roosevelt Johnson at the Executive Mansion and Roosevelt Johnson
 - 24 said he was not coming anywhere. And the securities the police
- 15:07:45 25 was instructed to arrest Roosevelt Johnson, and we never knew
 - 26 because Roosevelt Johnson too had bodyguards a small armed
 - 27 group at his residence. So, firing broke out at Camp Johnson
 - 28 Road. Roosevelt Johnson resisted arrest.
 - 29 Q. If I could stop you there for a moment, please. You said

- 1 Camp Johnson Road?
- 2 A. Yes, Camp Johnson Road.
- 3 Q. Located where?
- 4 A. The road from the Executive Mansion straight to Camp
- 15:08:26 5 Johnson Road. The road from the Executive Mansion, that road
 - 6 that leads straight to central town, that is the one called Camp
 - 7 Johnson Road.
 - 8 Q. So, this is in Monrovia?
 - 9 A. Yes, yes
- 15:08:38 10 Q. So, it was after this incident that you again spoke with
 - 11 Abu Keita?
 - 12 A. Yes, Abu Keita accepted the offer. He said then when I
 - 13 contacted Musa Sesay, Musa Sesay said I should take Abu Keita to
 - 14 Benjamin Yeaton's house.
- 15:09:04 15 Q. Did he tell you why you should take Musa Sesay to Benjamin
 - 16 Yeaton's house?
 - 17 A. Abu Keita to Benjamin Yeaten's house. Yes, I took Abu
 - 18 Keita to Benjamin Yeaten's house. The reason was Sam Bockarie is
 - 19 there now waiting for Abu Keita. That was the reason why he
- 15:09:23 20 asked me, "Now Sam Bockarie is waiting for Abu Keita, you can
 - take Abu Keita to Benjamin Yeaten's house".
 - 22 Q. And where was Benjamin's Yeaten's house located?
 - 23 A. At the back of Mr Taylor's house. The next house just at
 - the back, that was Benjamin's Yeaten's house.
- 15:09:52 25 Q. And when you say "Mr Taylor's house", what do you call that
 - 26 house?
 - 27 A. We call there White Flower.
 - 28 Q. Now, did you take him to this meeting?
 - 29 A. Yes, I took Abu Keita there and also they were in a meeting

- 1 when I saw Joe Tuah, Dopoe Merkazon, Benjamin Yeaten, Sekou --
- 2 Q. Now, if we could stop you there for just a moment. You
- 3 said a person by the name of Dopoe. Will you tell us the name
- 4 agai n?
- 15:10:49 5 A. Dopoe Merkazon. Dopoe Merkazon.
 - 6 MS HOLLIS: And that, your Honours, would be spelled
 - 7 D-o-p-o-e M-e-n-k-a-r-z-o-n:
 - 8 Q. And who was Duopo Menkarzon?
 - 9 A. He was one of the special forces of Mr Taylor. He was a
- 15:11:20 10 Four Star General.
 - 11 Q. And you also mentioned someone by the name of Sekou. Can
 - 12 you spell that for us?
 - 13 A. Yes, S-e-k-o-u. Sekou was I don't know his last name,
 - 14 but he was invited and he was supposed to be used as the rebel
- 15:11:42 15 leader for Guinea and he was also in that meeting.
 - 16 Q. And you indicated that you were taking him to Benjamin
 - 17 Yeaten's house because Sam Bockarie was there waiting for him?
 - 18 A. Yes, Sam Bockarie also had a meeting and they were
 - 19 discussing how to carry out the various attacks and Sekou was
- 15:12:11 20 there. He also would be there. In case there was anything
 - 21 coming up for Guinea he was going to be the rebel leader, and
 - 22 also RUF was instructed by Benjamin Yeaten to open an attack from
 - 23 Sierra Leone territory to Guinea. That was also discussed there.
 - 24 And also he, Abu Keita, I took him over. I was there now for
- 15:12:38 25 just five minutes because the meeting was not for me. I just
 - 26 tried to make sure that Abu Keita was in good hands before I took
 - 27 off.
 - 28 Q. Now, you said that the RUF was instructed by Benjamin
 - 29 Yeaten to open an attack from Sierra Leone territory to Guinea.

- 1 When you say that the RUF was instructed, who do you mean? Who
- 2 was giving that instruction?
- 3 A. I said Benjamin Yeaten gave an instruction, because he was
- 4 the overseer for those responsibilities. He instructed Sam
- 15:13:14 5 Bockarie to organise a troop to attack Guinea from Sierra Leone
 - 6 si de.
 - 7 Q. Now, you indicated that you were only at that meeting for a
 - 8 short period of time. Did you have any further contact with Abu
 - 9 Keita after that meeting?
- 15:13:37 10 A. After that, I never had any contact with him. The only
 - 11 time I later had contact with him was when the RUF was invited -
 - 12 when LURD attacked Lofa County, RUF was invited to assist Foya,
 - 13 Kolahun and Voinjama. So when Abu Keita was one of the senior
 - 14 commanders of RUF, and when he came he sent me a message through
- 15:14:07 15 a letter that they were the ones that Sam Bockarie prepared to
 - 16 come over and assist the Liberian government.
 - 17 Q. Now at this time if I could be assisted with a document at
 - 18 Tab 21, which is entitled "Operation Order", and if that could be
 - 19 marked for identification. I believe is that MFI-4?
- 15:15:06 20 MS IRURA: That is correct.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, the document is marked for
 - 22 identification MFI-4.
 - 23 MS HOLLIS: And could the witness be shown the document and
 - 24 allowed to look at it and then could you put that document on the
- 15:15:23 **25** screen, please:
 - 26 Q. Now, sir, I would first like to direct your attention to
 - 27 paragraph 1 paragraph 1 of that document and you see a name
 - 28 that appears there? There appears to be a "B/Gen. Mark Gwon.",
 - 29 G-w-o-n. Do you know who that person is, or was?

- 1 A. Yes, Mark Gwon was one of the junior commandos NPFL.
- 2 Q. And did Mark Gwon have any role in fighting against the
- 3 LURD?
- 4 A. Yes, Mark Gwon was the deputy chief of staff for the marine
- 15:16:27 5 di vi si on.
 - 6 Q. Now if you would, sir, go to paragraph 4, and it talks
 - 7 about "forces name SCORPION UNIT is here commanded by Maj. Gen.
 - 8 Kieta". Do you know who that is?
 - 9 A. That is the name of Abu Keita's troops the name,
- 15:16:56 10 Scorpion. Abu Keita was Major General.
 - 11 Q. Now if we could look again at paragraph 1, the "B/Gen.", do
 - 12 you know what rank that is?
 - 13 A. Paragraph 1?
 - 14 Q. It says it appears to be, "B/Gen. Mark Gwon."?
- 15:17:19 15 A. That was the Brigadier General Mark Gwon. Brigadier
 - 16 General.
 - 17 Q. Now if you would look at the bottom of this Operation
 - 18 Order, two names appear there and there appear to be two
 - 19 signatures. Do you recognise either of those signatures?
- 15:17:36 20 A. Yes, the last one is Benjamin Yeaten's signature. That was
 - 21 my director of SSS.
 - 22 Q. Would you please point on the document to the signature you
 - 23 are referring to?
 - 24 A. This is Benjamin Yeaten's signature.
- 15:18:02 25 Q. Thank you. Now I would like at this time to refer you back
 - to the trip you have talked about where you took arms and
 - 27 ammunition to Sam Bockarie, took it to the Sierra Leone border
 - 28 and gave it to him. Now after you came back from that trip, were
 - 29 you still on temporary assignment to Lofa County?

- 1 A. Yes, I was on temporary assignment. I was not active on
- 2 duty. So what I did is I sent one of my bodyguards, Sidiki
- 3 Kanneh, to Buedu, and also myself I made one trip to Foya when I
- 4 met with Zig Zag Mahzar. And because Benjamin Yeaten himself was
- 15:18:57 5 coming to Foya frequently, so I met with --
 - 6 Q. If we could just stop there for a moment so that we can
 - 7 clarify some things. You said you sent one of your bodyguards,
 - 8 Si di ki?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 15:19:16 10 Q. And is that Sidiki Kanneh?
 - 11 A. Si di ki Kannek, yes.
 - 12 Q. You said you sent him to Buedu. Why did you send him to
 - 13 Buedu?
 - 14 A. For information, because the former ULIMO-K officers who
- 15:19:29 15 are now voluntarily joining the RUF I wanted to know also whether
 - 16 they were in good care. And Abu Keita was also on that side and
 - 17 I wanted to know I wanted to get some information on what is
 - 18 happening; whether the people that were going into RUF territory
 - 19 are in good condition, or are they treating them bad.
- 15:19:54 20 Q. Now, how long did he stay in Buedu?
 - 21 A. One month.
 - 22 Q. And when he came back, did he provide you with a report?
 - 23 A. Yes, he gave me a report that whilst he was there a
 - truckload of arms and ammunition were taken to Sam Bockarie.
- 15:20:18 25 Q. Did he tell you where that truckload of arms and ammunition
 - 26 came from?
 - 27 A. It came from Liberia. It came from Liberia, yes.
 - 28 Q. And did he report anything else about his trip to Buedu?
 - 29 A. He said there was a lot of looting, looted materials like

- 1 generators, people's properties looted from Sierra Leone, from
- 2 Freetown and also people who were running away from the war their
- 3 properties were taken away from them, some looted vehicles.
- 4 Those are the information he gave to me.
- 15:21:05 5 Q. Now, Mr Witness, you also mentioned that you yourself
 - 6 travelled to Foya. Can you tell us when you went to Foya, why
 - 7 did you go to Foya?
 - 8 A. I went to Foya to assess what was going on, because I was
 - 9 now on the monitoring movement because the last assignment that
- 15:21:32 10 was given to me was to make sure whether the RUF was moving
 - 11 freely and also the former fighters of ULIMO-K who would want to
 - 12 go to Sierra Leone were moving freely.
 - 13 Whilst I was doing that observation, when I got to Foya I
 - 14 saw Benjamin Yeaten and Sam Bockarie together in Foya. On my way
- 15:22:02 15 back, I met with Zig Zag Mahzar. I met with Zig Zag Mahzar, who
 - 16 told me, "I have some logistics in the vehicle. I am taking them
 - 17 to Sam Bockarie", and these logistics I mean arms and ammunition
 - 18 in the vehicle. He also showed me money, that he had money. He
 - 19 has been instructed to take it to Sam Bockarie from Mr Taylor.
- 15:22:30 20 Q. Now could I ask you arms and ammunition in the vehicle, did
 - 21 you see these arms and ammunition?
 - 22 A. Yes, I saw it.
 - 23 Q. Could you tell us the quantity of arms and ammunition in
 - 24 that vehicle?
- 15:22:53 25 A. Yes, it was a Land Cruiser jeep Loaded. Yes, it was an
 - open back pickup. It was full. I can't tell you the quantity,
 - 27 but it was full.
 - 28 Q. Now, you have talked about this monitoring function and
 - 29 that your bodyguard worked for you in Lofa County and you have

- 1 mentioned seeing Zig Zag Mahzar in Lofa County dealing with arms
- 2 and ammunition. To your knowledge, do you recall the names of
- any other people who were involved in providing arms and
- 4 ammunition to the RUF?
- 15:23:38 5 A. What I saw, I didn't see arms and ammunition with them, but
 - 6 then I saw something else on that road. I met with Jungle, who
 - 7 was also one of the bodyguards to Benjamin Yeaten, but the person
 - 8 that I actually saw who told me that he had arms and ammunition
 - 9 for Sam Bockarie was Zig Zag Mahzar. Beside him, no other
- 15:24:04 10 person.
 - 11 Q. Now, you mentioned that during this time Benjamin Yeaten
 - 12 was also spending time in Foya. Why was that?
 - 13 A. Since that time, Benjamin Yeaten up to 2003 his assignment
 - 14 was based in Foya: Foya, Kolahun and Voinjama.
- 15:24:32 15 Q. Now can you tell us, please, when your temporary
 - 16 assignment involving Lofa County, when did that temporary
 - 17 assignment end?
 - 18 A. It ended in 1999.
 - 19 Q. Now, if you can remember, on about 6 January 1999 there was
- 15:24:59 20 an attack on Freetown. Did your monitoring mission end before or
 - 21 after that attack?
 - 22 A. When Freetown was attacked, we heard about it that Freetown
 - 23 has been attacked and that was when Sam Bockarie was talking over
 - 24 the radio.
- 15:25:29 25 Q. Now, if I could stop you for just a moment and then we will
 - 26 speak about that. Your monitoring mission, to your recollection
 - 27 did your monitoring mission end before that attack, after that
 - 28 attack, or during that attack?
 - 29 A. The mission ended before the attack.

- 1 Q. Now, you said that you heard about this attack on Freetown
- 2 and that that was when Sam Bockarie was talking over the radio.
- 3 Would you tell us what you mean by that?
- 4 A. Yes, when we heard him talking about the BBC, when he was
- 15:26:11 5 saying that he will not retreat except his father tells him to
 - 6 retreat, and the journalists were asking him, "Who is your father
 - 7 that you are referring to?", and he said, "Charles Taylor". And
 - 8 when that happened I think amongst the bodyguards of Mr Taylor,
 - 9 who we are all together, we are all annoyed about that news, why
- 15:26:35 10 he had to publicly involve the man's name, because he said nobody
 - 11 would tell him to retreat except Taylor tells him to retreat.
 - 12 And that happened and it was Sam Bockarie who said that over the
 - 13 BBC.
 - 14 Q. Now speaking of Sam Bockarie, you talked about a trip where
- 15:26:54 15 you brought him to see Charles Taylor. Now from that time, that
 - 16 trip to see Charles Taylor, and the attack on Freetown in January
 - 17 1999, between those two time periods did you see Sam Bockarie
 - 18 again in Monrovia?
 - 19 A. Yes.
- 15:27:18 20 Q. How often did you see him?
 - 21 A. I saw him over two times. I met him at Martina Johnson's
 - 22 house and I also met him at Robert international airport.
 - 23 Q. Okay, now let us take those one at a time. First of all
 - you said you saw him at Martina, M-a-r-t-i-n-a, Johnson's house.
- 15:27:46 25 Who is Martina Johnson?
 - 26 A. Martina Johnson was one of the junior commandos of NPFL.
 - 27 He was a terrorist artillery chief of staff.
 - 28 Q. He was the artillery chief of staff in the NPFL?
 - 29 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Now at this time when you saw Sam Bockarie at Martina
- 2 Johnson's house, what was her position at that time if you know?
- 3 A. Martina Johnson was a security director at Robert
- 4 international airport.
- 15:28:28 5 Q. And when you say "security director", what do you mean?
 - 6 What were her duties?
 - 7 A. Security duties for those who where coming in, or certain
 - 8 people who were banned from travelling into that country or out
 - 9 of the country, she was in charge of that kind of security. But
- 15:28:52 10 I don't know whether they created any order, but all I know was
 - 11 that she was the security director at the Robert international
 - 12 ai rport.
 - 13 Q. You said Robert, R-o-b-e-r-t, international airport. Where
 - 14 was that located?
- 15:29:16 15 A. Margibi. That is the only international airport owned by
 - 16 the Liberian government.
 - 17 Q. And if you know, how close is that airport to the city of
 - 18 Monrovi a?
 - 19 A. It is far from the city. It is far from the city. It is
- 15:29:37 20 in Margibi County, but that is the international airport for
 - 21 Li beri a.
 - 22 Q. And when you say Margibi County, is that M-a-r-g-i-b-i?
 - 23 A. Yes, yes.
 - 24 Q. Now on this occasion when you saw Sam Bockarie at Martina
- 15:29:57 25 Johnson's house, what happened when you met with him there at her
 - 26 house?
 - 27 A. We didn't actually talk much. I only went to speak to him
 - 28 and that was all. The next time I saw him that was at Robert
 - 29 international airport.

- 1 Q. Now, let us talk about that. How did it happen that you
- 2 saw him at Robert international airport?
- 3 A. We were instructed by Mr Taylor that that there are arms
- 4 and ammunitions coming. Paul Molrbah was with us and he was the
- 15:30:45 5 police director and he was responsible to go and receive these
 - 6 arms and ammunitions. So, we all travelled together to the
 - 7 airport when I saw --
 - 8 Q. If I could stop you there for just a moment. So, Paul
 - 9 Molrbah, is that what you said? Molrbah?
- 15:31:02 10 A. Paul Molrbah.
 - 11 Q. Do you know how to spell his last name?
 - 12 A. M-o-I-r-b-a-h.
 - 13 Q. So, you travelled to the airport?
 - 14 A. Yes.
- 15:31:22 15 Q. You travelled together to the airport?
 - 16 A. Yes.
 - 17 Q. And when you got to the airport, what happened?
 - 18 A. I saw Joe Tuah, Musa Sesay and Sam Bockarie. Martina
 - 19 Johnson had a restaurant at the back of the airport, so they were
- 15:31:42 20 all seated there together discussing what the quantities were
 - 21 that they will receive each and I heard it myself. When Paul
 - 22 Molrbah said, "Look, I have just received this thing. I have to
 - take it first to White Flower before anybody gets any supply.
 - 24 Nobody is going to get any supply right from here". So that
- 15:32:11 25 happened at Robert international airport, and these ammunitions
 - 26 were received and they were taken to White Flower and the
 - ammunition was distributed to the various front lines.
 - 28 Q. Now, let me ask you. You said that the ammunition was
 - 29 going to be taken to White Flower. Now, were you involved in

- 1 taking the ammunition to White Flower?
- 2 A. No, we just drove behind the police director because he
- 3 said that he was not going to give anything to anybody and nobody
- 4 was going to be involved in it unless when they reached to the
- 15:32:53 5 owner, who was Mr Taylor, he would in turn distribute arms and
 - 6 ammunition to who he wants to give them to.
 - 7 Q. Now, did you at that time were you able to have any idea
 - 8 of what quantity of arms and ammunition were brought into Roberts
 - 9 international airfield at that time?
- 15:33:16 10 A. No.
 - 11 Q. Now, you said that they were taken to White Flower. Do you
 - 12 know what happened to them once they arrived at White Flower?
 - 13 A. The ammunition reached at White Flower. It was after
 - 14 everyone Paul Molrbah always received ammunition. Sometimes
- 15:33:39 15 Musa Sesay say to me that he personally also went to Burkina Faso
 - 16 and got arms and ammunition and bring them to White Flower.
 - 17 Q. Now, do you know who if anyone at White Flower was in
 - 18 charge of taking care of these arms and ammunition?
 - 19 A. It was Mr Taylor who had total control over that White
- 15:34:11 20 Flower and he had his attendants who worked with him. Sometimes
 - 21 he will tell them to give this amount to such a person and that
 - 22 would be the only time when they will open the warehouse and give
 - 23 the stated amount to that person. That area was controlled by
 - 24 himself.
- 15:34:29 25 Q. And do you recall the names of any of these attendants who
 - 26 worked with him?
 - 27 A. This has taken a very long time. I cannot recall their
 - 28 names, but I know all of them in person.
 - 29 Q. Now this meeting that you had with Sam Bockarie at Robert

- 1 international airport, did that occur before or after the meeting
- 2 at Martina Johnson's house?
- 3 A. After the meeting at Martina Johnson's house, the second
- 4 time I saw him was at the Robert international airport.
- 15:35:13 5 Q. And do you recall when you saw him at Robert international
 - 6 airport, was this before or after you heard him on the radio?
 - 7 A. I met him before. I met him before the Freetown attack
 - 8 took place.
 - 9 Q. And just if I could clarify one detail on the you said
- 15:35:42 10 you heard him on the radio. What radio did you hear him on?
 - 11 A. BBC radio.
 - 12 Q. Now, in 1999 was there fighting in Liberia?
 - 13 A. Yes, the LURD attacked Liberia from Guinea side to Sierra
 - 14 Leone into Liberia and that was at the pivotal area. They call
- 15:36:30 15 it a journey area. That is right from Guekuedou you cross
 - 16 slightly into Koindu and then you take the bush path and then you
 - 17 will be able to get to Mendekoma in Sierra Leone. And anybody
 - 18 who saw you from that location will appear as if you were coming
 - 19 from the Sierra Leonean side, but in actual fact you came from
- 15:36:52 20 the Guinean side.
 - 21 Q. Before we go on, perhaps MFI-1 could be shown to the
 - 22 witness again and you could point out this area you are talking
 - 23 about where the attack came from and I think you mentioned Koindu
 - 24 and Guekuedou. Now I don't believe Guekuedou is on that map, so
- 15:37:20 25 if you could show us the approximate area that Gueckedou would be
 - 26 | Located?
 - 27 A. Around here. Here. When you come from Guinea from this
 - 28 location, from this location you just cross the border. There is
 - 29 a river between Guinea and Sierra Leone. They call the place

- 1 Nongoa. Nongoa River. When you cross the river you can be on
- the side of Sierra Leone and then you will jump back into the
- 3 bush and then get in-between Liberia and Sierra Leone, and
- 4 anybody who saw you from this angle will feel that you are coming
- 15:38:06 5 from Sierra Leone. This was because they never had wanted people
 - 6 to actually understand that they were coming from the Guinean
 - 7 side. So, that was how they use the route they used to attack
 - 8 Foya and then from Foya they attacked Kolahun. That was the
 - 9 first attack.
- 15:38:26 10 Q. Could I stop you there. Your Honours, Gueckedou is spelt I
 - 11 believe G-u-e-c-k-e-d-o-u. It is a French name and so I think
 - the "e"s are "e"s with a hash over them. Gueckedou. Now in
 - 13 addition to this attack on through the Koindu area into Liberia,
 - were there other attacks into Liberia in 1999?
- 15:39:02 15 A. The second attack also they were expected through the
 - 16 border from Mendekoma. This time they jumped between Foya and
 - 17 Kolahun. They jumped between Foya and Kolahun and they left -
 - 18 bypassed Foya, left it behind and then they attacked Kolahun and
 - 19 moved towards Voinjama. The third one also they came through --
- 15:39:35 20 Q. If you can point on the projector so the Judges can see
 - 21 where you are pointing? So, the second attack you said was from
 - 22 where?
 - 23 A. The second attack they came from that same Gueckedou, but
 - 24 this time they jumped between Foya and Kolahun. This is the Foya
- 15:39:53 25 City and this is Kolahun, in-between here. They bypass Foya and
 - 26 left Foya behind, they bypass Kolahun and then they move to
 - Voi nj ama.
 - 28 Q. Mr Witness, when you say "Kolahun" are you speaking of the
 - 29 city spelled K-o-l-a-h-u-n?

- 1 A. K-o-I -a-h-u-n.
- 2 Q. Now, that was the second attack and you were beginning to
- 3 discuss a third attack. Where did the third attack come from?
- 4 A. Am I going back to the first attack?
- 15:40:32 5 Q. The third attack?
 - 6 A. The third attack, okay. The third attack they came from
 - 7 Macenta, but Macenta is not located here. That is from Guinea.
 - 8 They came to attack Voinjama. At tha time, when they attacked,
 - 9 they never went back again until in 2003.
- 15:40:50 10 Q. Now, there were these three attacks in Liberia?
 - 11 A. Yes.
 - 12 Q. And what was the Liberian government's response to these
 - 13 attacks?
 - 14 A. The former President Taylor decided to mobilise the same
- 15:41:19 15 militia group, the varied divisions. We have marine division, we
 - 16 had artillery division, we have strike force, we have the army
 - 17 division, we have wild geese, we had the anti-terrorist unit and
 - 18 also RUF was invited to assist.
 - 19 Q. Let me ask you, do you recall in 1999 travelling outside
- 15:42:00 20 Liberia with Charles Taylor?
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - 22 Q. And do you recall when this trip occurred? Was it before
 - 23 these attacks, during these attacks, or do you remember?
 - 24 A. I recall in 1999 I travelled with Mr Taylor to Togo Lome in
- 15:42:28 25 an ECOWAS meeting.
 - 26 Q. Do you recall what time of the year that was?
 - 27 A. 1999, that was in the middle of the year. The middle of
 - 28 1999.
 - 29 Q. And you said you travelled to an ECOWAS meeting, is that

- 1 correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. That is E-C-O-W-A-S?
- 4 A. ECOWAS.
- 15:42:56 5 Q. Now, did you attend any portion of that ECOWAS meeting?
 - 6 A. Yes, that was the entire 15 members of the ECOWAS States
 - 7 were there when I heard Ahmad Tejan Kabbah was speaking and he
 - 8 accused that the AFRC and the RUF are amputating people's -
 - 9 innocent people's limbs. He showed a small girl. He raised a
- 15:43:30 10 small girl up and showed her to the public. She was about two to
 - 11 four years old and he showed her to the public that her arms were
 - 12 amputated.
 - 13 Q. So she, the little girl, was at this meeting with President
 - 14 Kabbah?
- 15:43:55 15 A. Yes, President Kabbah took the little girl to the meeting.
 - 16 He travelled with the little girl to the meeting. He raised the
 - 17 little girl up and showed her to the crowd and everybody saw her.
 - 18 MS HOLLIS: And with the assistance of the Court, if we
 - 19 could mark for identification at tab 24 the photo that ends with
- 15:44:20 20 1134.
 - 21 PRESIDING JUDGE: That photo will be MFI-5.
 - 22 MS IRURA: That is correct, your Honour.
 - 23 MS HOLLIS: And if that could be shown to the witness,
 - 24 pl ease.
- 15:44:38 25 THE WITNESS: Memuna [phon]. Yes, Memuna.
 - 26 MS HOLLIS: That is the photograph with the number 1134 and
 - if that could be shown to the witness:
 - 28 Q. Do you recognise the person in this photo?
 - 29 A. Yes, this is Memuna with Kabbah, who show her up to the

- 1 public. This is her.
- 2 Q. And there appears to be a signature on this photograph.
- 3 Whose signature is that?
- 4 A. This is my signature.
- 15:45:29 5 Q. Now, you have talked to us about fighting in Liberia in
 - 6 1999 and the government responding with the militias and asking
 - 7 the RUF to take part in the fighting as well. Now, earlier you
 - 8 testified that you were with the Special Security Service until
 - 9 approximately the end of 1999 and that your next job was the
- 15:46:04 10 immigration department and also you were the deputy chief of
 - 11 staff for the army division.
 - Now I would like to ask you some questions about your job,
 - 13 the army division and these other militias, but first of all tell
 - 14 us again the time period during which you were the deputy chief
- 15:46:25 15 of staff for the army division?
 - 16 A. From 2001 to the end of 2002 I was deputy chief of staff
 - 17 army division.
 - 18 Q. At the end of 2002, what position did you receive?
 - 19 A. I was also acting as chief of staff when my boss was
- 15:47:05 20 wounded at the end of at the end he died and I became the chief
 - 21 of staff.
 - 22 Q. Now, earlier in your testimony today you said you were the
 - 23 deputy chief of staff of the army division beginning in 2000 and
 - 24 now you are saying you were the deputy chief of staff beginning
- 15:47:28 25 in 2001. So would you tell the judges, please, what year did you
 - begin to operate as the deputy chief of staff of the army
 - 27 di vi si on?
 - 28 A. From 2001 to the end of 2002.
 - 29 Q. Now, what was the role or mandate of the army division

- during the time you were the deputy chief of staff and acting
- 2 chi ef of staff?
- 3 A. The chief of staff was responsible for army division
- 4 recruitment to fight at the battle front. Those were our
- 15:48:16 5 responsibilities, to protect life and property.
 - 6 Q. Perhaps the witness could be shown MFI-2, which is the map
 - 7 of Liberia that shows the counties, and could you tell us what
 - 8 counties the army division operated in in 2001 and 2002?
 - 9 A. Tubmanburg, Grand Cape Mount, Gbarpolu and part of Margibi.
- 15:49:14 10 That is around Kakata.
 - 11 Q. You pointed to Bopolu. Is that in Gbarpolu County?
 - 12 A. Yes, Gbarpolu. G-b-a-r-p-o-l-u-. Gbarpolu.
 - 13 Q. And when you were associated with the army division, where
 - 14 were you based?
- 15:49:43 15 A. My base was Tubmanburg.
 - 16 Q. [Microphone not activated] Is Tubmanburg known by any other
 - 17 names?
 - 18 A. Bomi. The city named Bomi. Bomi Hills.
 - 19 Q. Now, you said you were deputy chief of staff and then
- 15:50:07 20 acting chief of staff. Who was the chief of staff of the army
 - 21 division when you became the deputy?
 - 22 A. Red Devil.
 - 23 O. Red Devil?
 - 24 A. Yes.
- 15:50:21 25 Q. So, R-e-d D-e-v-i-I?
 - 26 A. Uh-huh.
 - 27 Q. Now, you also mentioned some other units and you referred
 - 28 to them as militias. Can you tell me what do you mean when you
 - 29 use the word "militia"?

- 1 A. Militia is civilian being turned into armed men. It is
- 2 just like one having one or two days' training. In the real army
- 3 before you become an armed man you have to take training for six
- 4 months, but in the militia the rebel group, calling the rebel
- 15:51:08 5 group, they take training for one day or two days and they gave
 - 6 you a gun. They just show you how to fire it, how to
 - 7 [indiscernible] and in one hour or two hours' time you become
 - 8 trained. They give you arms.
 - 9 Q. These militias you said the rebel group, calling the rebel
- 15:51:26 10 group, do you know who the members of these militias were?
 - 11 A. The militias all the division chief of staff were
 - 12 responsible to recruit their own militia. All the division chief
 - of staffs they only supply you, they appoint you, but there is no
 - 14 manpower. Anywhere that they say, "This is the manpower that you
- 15:51:57 15 should control. The power is given to you. You are responsible
 - now to recruit your own group. Some people underage, the women
 - 17 twelve years, 15 years, 16 years, all, including adult, all
 - 18 involved, but whoever you can be able to convince them to take
 - 19 them into the bush to fight war".
- 15:52:21 20 Q. Now, you mentioned navy. What was navy?
 - 21 A. The navy was responsible for the Liberian economic gate.
 - 22 That is the free port. The commander for the navy was the
 - 23 security director at the free port. He was also the commander in
 - 24 Foya. Also as security director he acted as OTC.
- 15:53:01 25 Q. Now, let me stop you for a moment. And who was this
 - 26 person?
 - 27 A. Rol and Duoh.
 - 28 Q. And you say free port at the free port. Where is the
 - 29 free port located?

- 1 A. The Liberian free port is located in Monrovia.
- 2 Q. And Roland Duoh, do you know what job he held in the past?
- 3 A. He was one of the junior commandos for NPFL. The job that
- 4 he had in the government was the security director at free port,
- 15:53:40 5 and he was also the security director at the OTC and he was chief
 - of security Hotel Africa and he was also the navy chief of staff.
 - 7 Q. Now, you say that he was a junior commander. Is that what
 - 8 you said?
 - 9 A. Yes.
- 15:54:01 10 Q. What is that?
 - 11 A. Junior commando are the people who the NPFL, when they were
 - 12 coming, they were the people who were trained on the Liberian
 - 13 soil. When the NPFL got into Liberia the people who were trained
 - on the ground in Liberia, but the special forces were the people
- 15:54:24 15 who had their training from Libya. Those were the people who
 - 16 were called the special forces, but for those who were trained in
 - 17 Liberia they were called junior commandos.
 - 18 PRESIDING JUDGE: Madam Prosecutor, that would appear to be
 - 19 commandos, rather than commanders.
- 15:54:41 20 MS HOLLIS: Yes, your Honour. I was going to clear that
 - 21 up, your Honour:
 - 22 Q. Mr Witness, did you say that these people were junior
 - 23 commandos, d-o-s? C-o-m-m-a-n-d-o-s? Is that the word you used?
 - 24 A. C-o-m-m-a-n-d-o. Commando.
- 15:55:04 25 Q. Thank you for that clarification. Now, perhaps it would
 - 26 assist the Court if we could leave that MFI-2 on the projector so
 - 27 that the witness may refer to it as he is discussing different
 - 28 areas. Now, I believe you said that the navy and this is navy
 - 29 what? What is the full name of navy?

- 1 A. Navy division.
- 2 Q. Now, you said that the navy division also operated in Lofa.
- 3 Is that correct?
- 4 A. Yes, they operated their base was in Foya.
- 15:55:59 5 Q. And if we could show the witness MFI-1, please, and if we
 - 6 could leave both of those with the witness.
 - 7 A. I have not seen Foya here.
 - 8 Q. Let me show you another map, Mr Witness. Could you show us
 - 9 Foya?
- 15:56:34 10 A. This is Foya. This is Foya City.
 - 11 Q. Now, you said that Roland Duoh was the commander of navy
 - division and they seem to have operated in different areas.
 - 13 Where was Roland Duoh headquartered, he himself?
 - 14 A. His headquarters was in Foya. At the same time he operated
- 15:57:01 15 in Buchanan. He also operated in Monrovia at the same time.

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- 17 Q. And when you say "Buchanan", where is Buchanan Located?
- 18 A. That is the second capital city of Liberia.
- 19 Q. And if we could refer to MFI-2, I think you can put it over
- 15:57:27 20 that one actually, and could you show us where Buchanan is
 - 21 Located?
 - 22 A. This is Buchanan. Grand Bassa.
 - 23 Q. Now, you also mentioned a marine and what is the full name
 - 24 of marine?
- 15:57:57 25 A. I think we all know what they call marine division. Maybe
 - 26 I may not spell it correctly.
 - 27 Q. Now let me ask you again to point, sir. Let me ask you,
 - 28 first of all, who was the commander of the marine division?
 - 29 A. Fassu.

- 1 Q. And that is F-a-s-u?
- 2 A. F-a-s-s-u.
- 3 Q. And is Fassu a first name, or a last name, or do you know?
- 4 A. Fassu is the first name and that is the name I know.
- - 6 and 2002?
 - 7 A. Voi nj ama.
 - 8 Q. And what was the particular role, or mandate, of the marine
 - 9 di vi si on?
- 15:59:01 10 A. Marine division was have their mandate to operate inside
 - 11 and outside, that is attacking Guinea, and also they can defend
 - 12 themselves in Voinjama. The marine was also involved in an
 - 13 attack in the Macenta area after when the LURD started attacking
 - 14 from Foya, kolahun, so the marines also had instruction to
- 15:59:31 15 continue attacking Guinea.
 - 16 Q. You have mentioned Macenta. Looking at this map, could you
 - 17 point out to the Judges where Macenta is located?
 - 18 A. Macenta.
 - 19 Q. You also mentioned Gueckedou. Could you point that out on
- 15:59:47 20 the map for the Judges?
 - 21 A. This is Gueckedou.
 - 22 Q. Now, you also mentioned an artillery. Is that also a
 - 23 di vi si on?
 - 24 A. Artillery is a division based in Gbange.
- 16:00:09 25 Q. And who was the commander of the artillery division in 2001
 - 26 and 2002?
 - 27 A. Tamba.
 - 28 Q. And I think you mentioned a Wild Geese. What was that?
 - 29 A. Wild Geese was a terrorist unit. A standby unit like

- 1 anti-terrorist.
- 2 Q. And did you know who the commander was of the Wild Geese
- 3 unit?
- 4 A. I forgot the commander's name. I can't remember it now.
- 16:00:45 5 Q. Do you know where the Wild Geese unit was headquartered?
 - 6 A. Gbange. In Gbange.
 - 7 Q. You have also mentioned an anti-terrorist unit. What was
 - 8 that?
 - 9 A. Those are special trained from anti-terrorist was trained
- 16:01:12 10 in Gbatala.
 - 11 Q. And is that anti-terrorist unit known by another name?
 - 12 A. ATU.
 - 13 Q. If you know, who was the commander of the anti-terrorist
 - 14 uni t?
- 16:01:30 15 A. Chucky Taylor.
 - 16 Q. Who is Chucky Taylor?
 - 17 A. The first son of Mr Taylor.
 - 18 Q. And do you know when the anti-terrorist unit was created?
 - 19 A. That was from the beginning of 2000. The beginning of 2000
- 16:01:56 20 to 2003.
 - 21 Q. And do you know who created the anti-terrorist unit?
 - 22 A. Chucky Taylor.
 - 23 Q. What was the mission of the anti-terrorist unit?
 - 24 A. Their mission was to secure the President movement. They
- 16:02:19 25 were responsible for VIPs strictly, and those people were being
 - 26 paid from the pocket of the government and the government was
 - 27 never aware of these people and so Mr Taylor was paying them from
 - 28 his own pocket.
 - 29 Q. Now, earlier in your testimony you talked about the Special

- 1 Security Services and you talked about the Special Security
- 2 Services also being involved in this security role. What was the
- 3 relationship, if you know, between the anti-terrorist unit and
- 4 the Special Security Service?
- 16:03:03 5 A. The anti-terrorist was the Cobra Unit from Mr Taylor. They
 - 6 were especially people who were mercenaries. We had the RUF
 - 7 unit, we had Burkinabes base, we had Gambians and we had
 - 8 Ivorians. When the NPFL came to power there was not any space
 - 9 for all of the mercenaries to be put into positions, or
- 16:03:35 10 immigration, or other places. So they had some SSU, Special
 - 11 Security division SSU, yes and then we had the
 - 12 anti-terrorist. Those units you finally realise that most of the
 - 13 mercenaries were amongst them, because they were directly
 - 14 operating under the executive. They cannot go anywhere except by
- 16:04:07 15 Mr Taylor's instruction, or Benjamin Yeaten's instruction, or by
 - 16 Chucky Taylor's instruction.
 - 17 Q. Now, let me stop you there for a moment. Now, you said
 - 18 that there is a bit of a difference here on the LiveNote. Did
 - 19 you say these people were mercenaries?
- 16:04:27 20 A. I said most of the members of that unit were mercenaries,
 - 21 because you could find I vorians amongst them, Sierra Leonenas
 - 22 amongst them, Burkinabes, Gambians and so those people were
 - 23 amongst that group, many of them.
 - 24 Q. And when you say mercenaries, what do you mean?
- 16:04:57 25 A. Foreign troops. Foreign troops. Under our constitution
 - 26 you cannot recruit another citizen from a different country into
 - our SSS.
 - 28 Q. Now, into your SSA(sic)? I don't understand. Would you
 - 29 repeat that, please. You cannot recruit them into what?

- 1 A. SSS. You cannot recruit them into our SSS. You cannot
- 2 take a foreign citizen, or a foreign mercenary, and enlist them
- 3 into the Liberian army or the police. The immigration and police
- 4 and the army were meant for citizens. This unit I am referring
- 16:05:49 5 to, the SSU and the anti-terrorist, they were not members of that
 - 6 Act that created the army of Liberia. By that I mean these
 - 7 people were paid out of Mr Taylor's pocket directly, so it was a
 - 8 new creation that he made that he himself was paying the people.
 - 9 Q. And if I could ask you to pause there, please. You said
- 16:06:18 10 that in this group there were Gambians and you said there were
 - 11 Burkinabe. What do you mean by Burkinabe. Burkina Faso
 - 12 citizens. What I mean is Burkina Faso citizens was among the
 - 13 group.
 - 14 Q. You also said Ivorians. What do you mean?
- 16:06:42 15 A. Ivorians. Ivorian citizens were also among that group. We
 - 16 had more than 350 RUF soldiers Sam Bockarie brought over to
 - 17 enlist them into the anti-terrorist group. There were over 350.
 - 18 Q. Now, let us stop there for a moment. You say that Sam
 - 19 Bockarie brought more than 350 RUF soldiers and they went into
- 16:07:13 20 the anti-terrorist unit. How did that happen, if you know? How
 - 21 did it happen that Sam Bockarie brought these 350 RUF soldiers?
 - 22 A. There was a problem within the rank and file of the RUF
 - 23 between Sam Bockarie and Issa Sesay.
 - 24 Q. And who is Issa Sesay?
- 16:07:40 25 A. Issa Sesay was the commander after Sam Bockarie. When the
 - 26 problem erupted in the RUF area Mr Taylor invited them to discuss
 - amicably between them in Monrovia, and they were given a place
 - and his house was well-furnished and located close to the
 - 29 Nigerian embassy. That was particularly for RUF members. And

- 1 they came along and Foday Sankoh also came along, and that
- 2 dispute was discussed and it was finalised that Sam Bockarie was
- 3 now changed and the commandership was taken from Sam Bockarie and
- 4 Issa Sesay became the new commander.
- 16:08:40 5 Q. Can I stop you there for a moment. Your Honours, Issa
 - 6 Sesay is I-s-s-a S-e-s-a-y, and it occurs to me I have not
 - 7 spelled Bockarie for you. It is Sam, S-a-m,
 - 8 B-o-c-k-e-r-i-e(sic). Now, you say that this dispute was
 - 9 discussed I am sorry, your Honours, I always get this wrong.
- 16:09:10 10 B-o-c-k-a-r-i-e.
 - 11 THE WITNESS: My head is seriously aching me now. My head
 - 12 is aching.
 - 13 PRESIDING JUDGE: Would you like a drink of water?
 - 14 THE WITNESS: For the day, I can say I am tired. My head
- 16:09:28 15 is seriously aching.
 - 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: Ms Hollis, what do we do?
 - 17 MS HOLLIS: Your Honour, if you are amenable to it I would
 - 18 suggest that we stop at this point and allow the witness to take
 - 19 care of his headache.
- 16:09:44 20 PRESIDING JUDGE: And you mean, therefore, that we adjourn
 - 21 for the day?
 - 22 MS HOLLIS: Yes, your Honour.
 - 23 PRESIDING JUDGE: Yes, very well. Okay, Mr Witness, thank
 - 24 you for this day. Again, we will let you rest. Just to remind
- 16:09:58 25 you not to discuss your testimony. You will continue tomorrow.
 - 26 Court adjourns to tomorrow at nine o'clock. Thank you.
 - 27 [Whereupon the hearing adjourned at 4.10 p.m.
 - to be reconvened on Thursday, 10 January 2008
 - 29 at 9.00 a.m.]

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